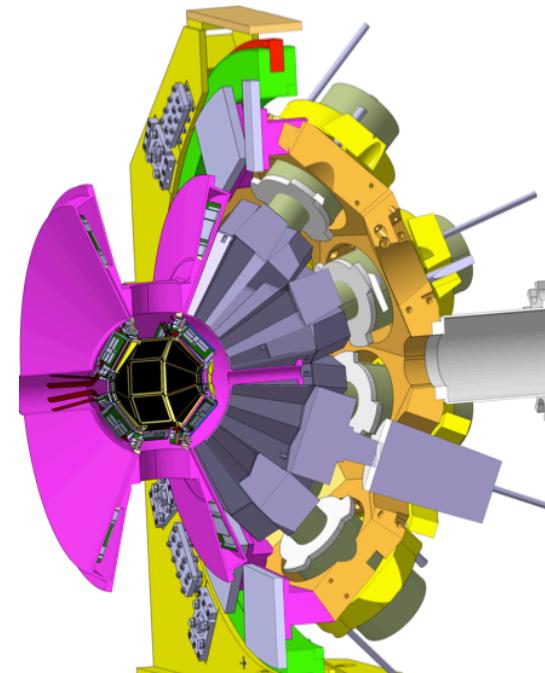
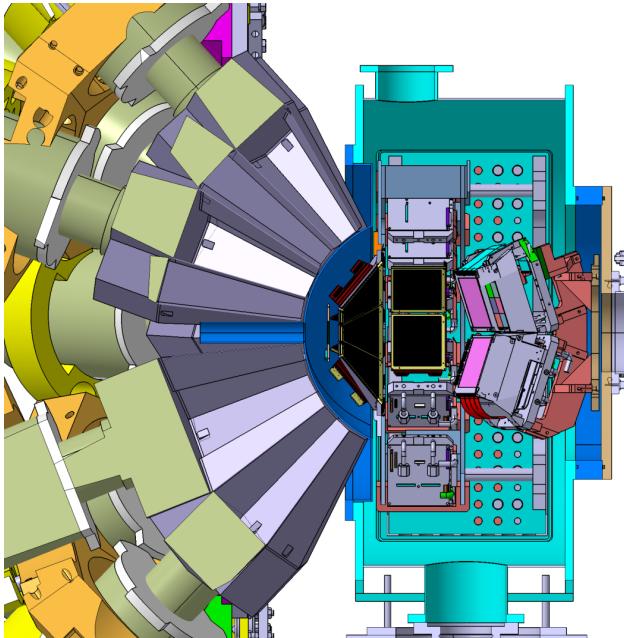


Silicon-technology for charged particle detection : new developments and perspectives

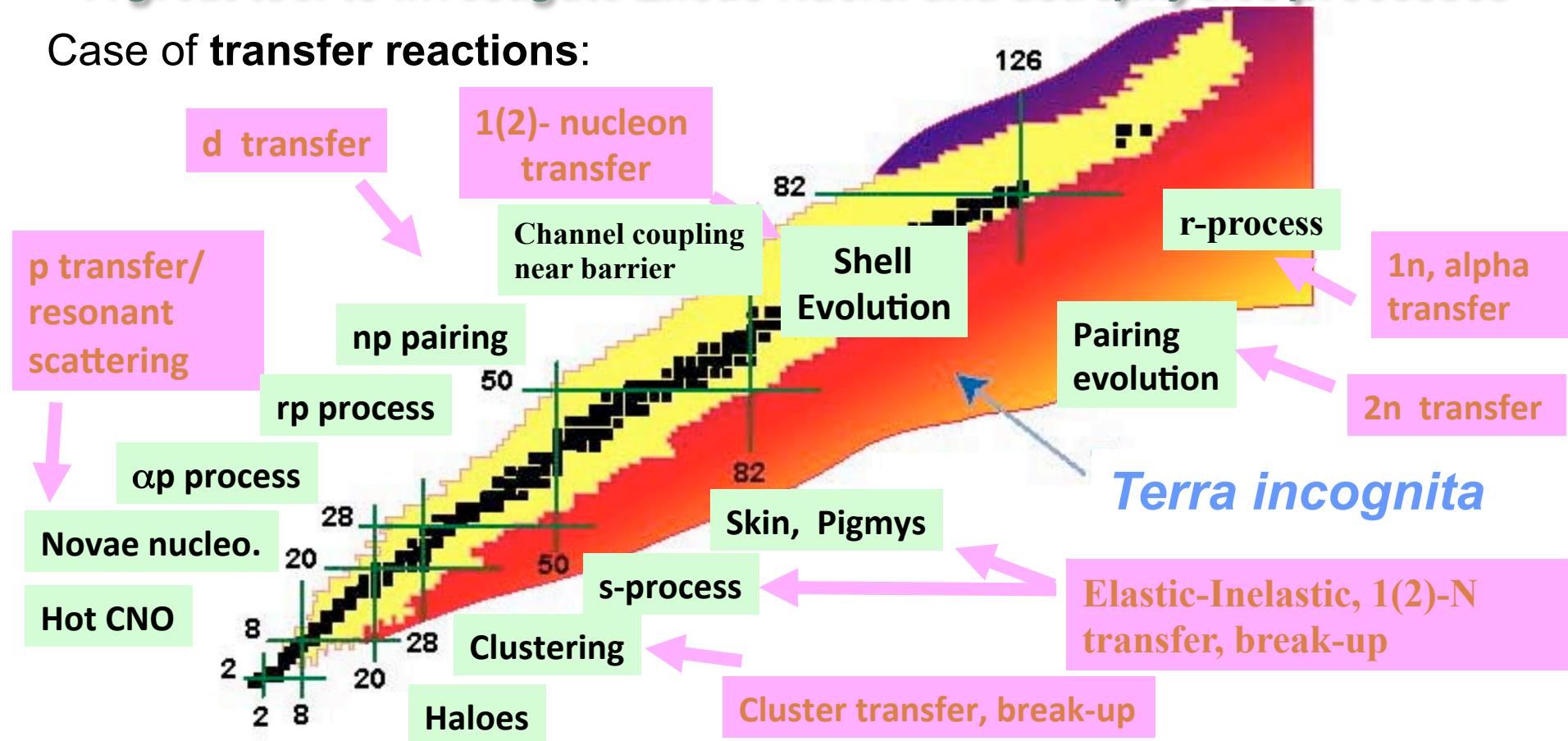
M. Assié, IPN Orsay



Direct reactions

A great tool to investigate Exotic Nuclei and astrophysics processes

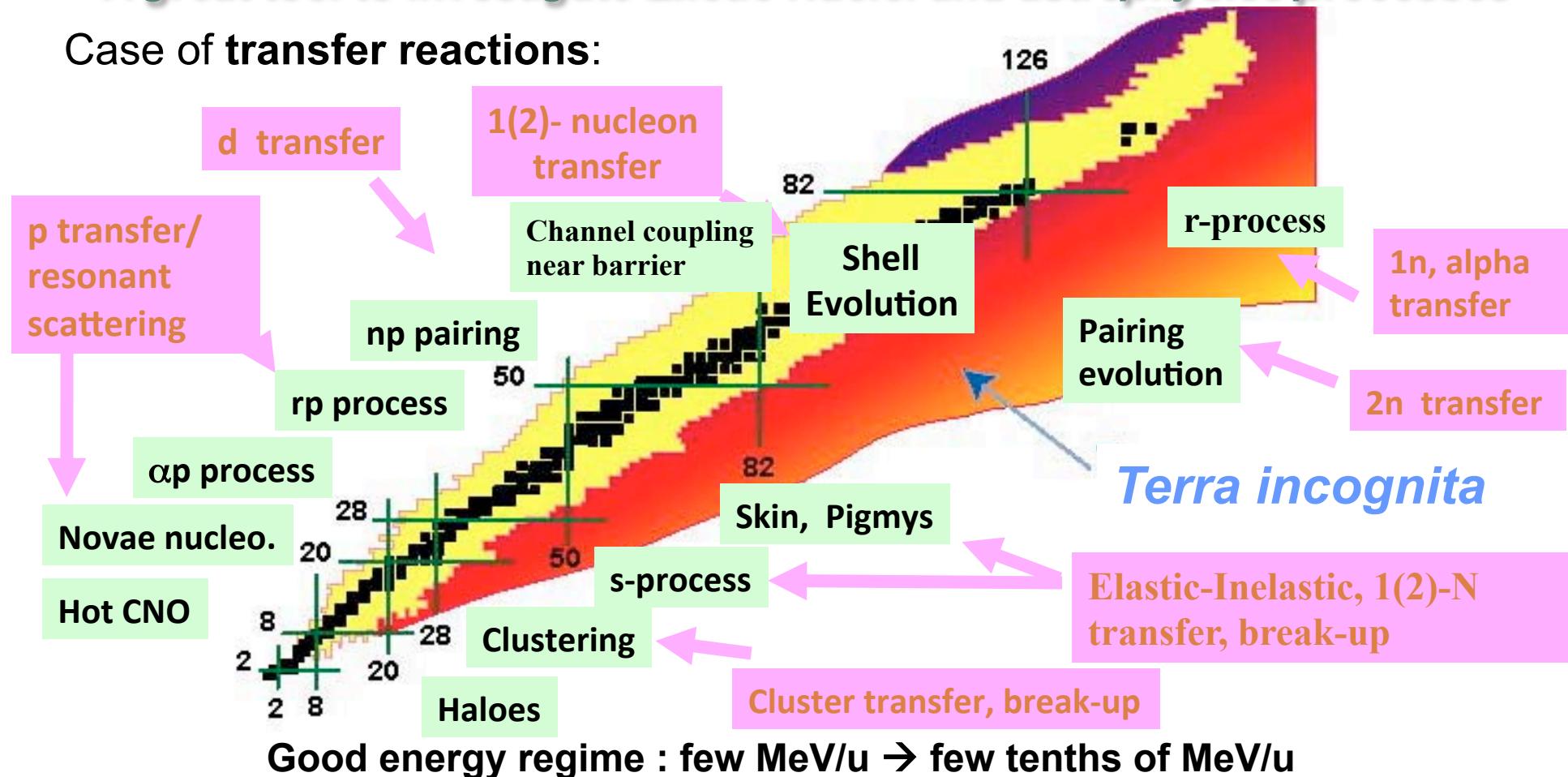
Case of transfer reactions:



Direct reactions

A great tool to investigate Exotic Nuclei and astrophysics processes

Case of transfer reactions:

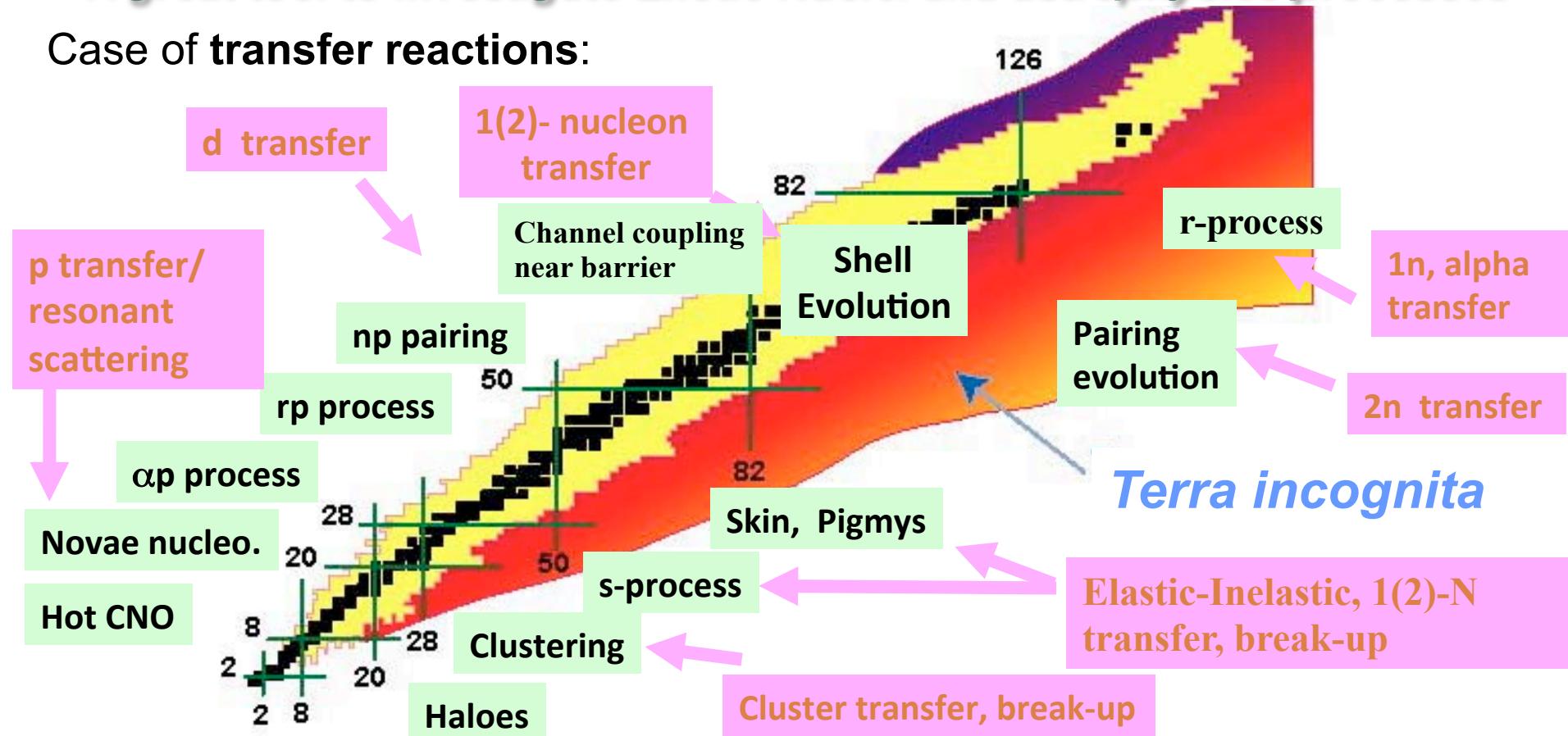


Methodology : Radioactive Ion Beam \longrightarrow Light target (H,He...)
 Detect the recoil particle with high accuracy
Silicon technology

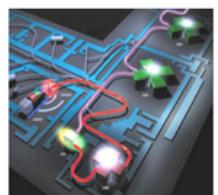
Direct reactions

A great tool to investigate Exotic Nuclei and astrophysics processes

Case of transfer reactions:



Good energy regime : few MeV/u → few tenths of MeV/u



Silicon-based detectors : two strategies

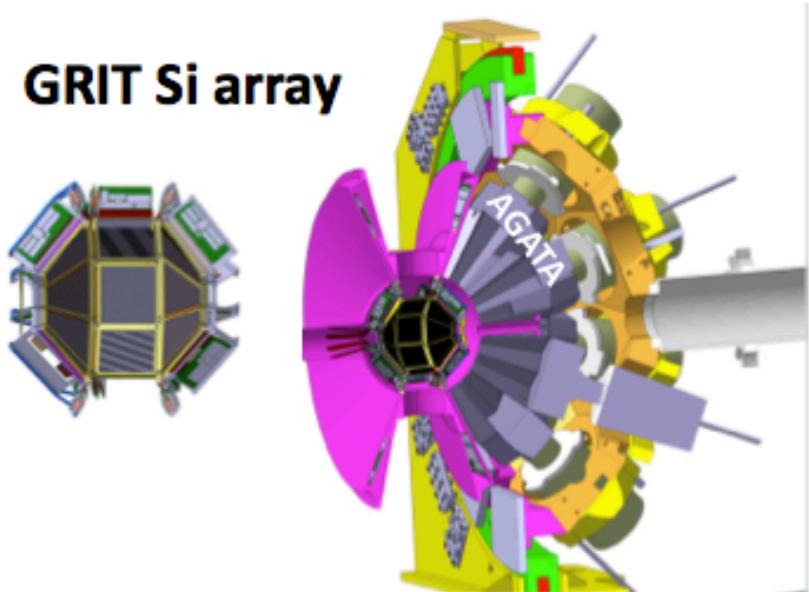
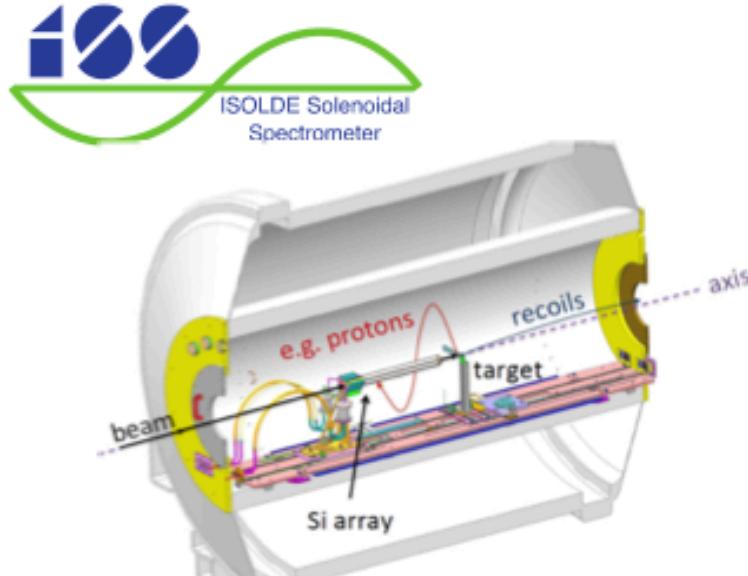
Difficulties with current detectors (T-REX, MUST2, Tiara...):

- particle identification at low energy (like $t/{}^3He$, ${}^6Li/{}^6He$) based on ToF
- excitation energy resolution (dominated by target effects)
- coupling with gamma arrays

Silicon-based detectors : two strategies

Difficulties with current detectors (T-REX, MUST2, Tiara...):

- particle identification at low energy (like $t/{}^3He$, ${}^6Li/{}^6He$) based on ToF
- excitation energy resolution (dominated by target effects)
- coupling with gamma arrays



- avoid kinematics compression to improve energy resolution
- Coupling with gamma : difficult
- solid/gas targets

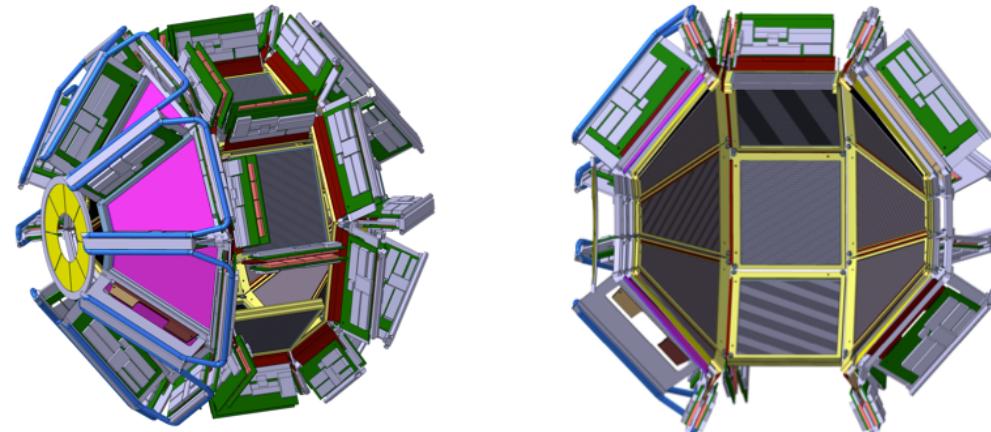
- Identification by PSA technique
- high granularity -->nb channels
- coupled state-of-the-art gamma array
- any type of target (cryogenic,...)
- nTD type DSSSD

GRIT : Granularity Resolution Identification Transparency

4 π Si array fully integrable in PARIS/AGATA/EXOGAM2/Miniball

Collaboration : INFN Padova - IPN Orsay – Surrey – LPC Caen – BARC Mumbai

Direct reactions measurement and particle- γ coincidence



- . Energy resolution (gamma) and good efficiency
- . Good **granularity** (pitch <1mm)
- . radius = 23cm (defined by gamma array)
- . PSD to identify low energy particles (1st layer)
- . Integrated electronics (iPACI, PLAS) designed by IPN & INFN
- . Integration of **special targets** (**cryogenic ,Chymène...**)
- . Versatile & transportable detector

Layers of Silicon

- 500 um DSSD pitch < 1mm
- 1(or 2) x [1.5 mm DSSD pitch~1mm]

2 main shapes : square & trapezoid, large area

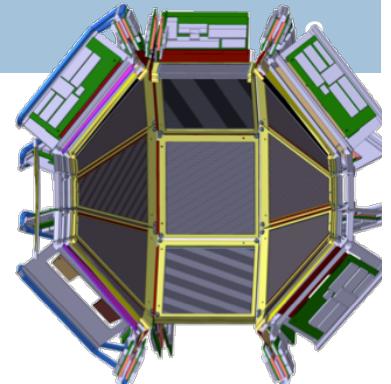
Physics cases

13 Loli for Spiral2

- . Shell evolution
- . Pairing
- . Clusters
- . Near Barrier reactions
- . Astrophysics

+ 1 Loli ISOLDE

Silicon detectors for GRIT



New geometries - New packaging (thin frames, kaptons 90 deg.)

New technology : nTD, 4 deg. cut, reverse mounted

Thin and thick DSSD 6 inch

Trapezoidal DSSSD

Received from Micron Semiconductors:

- **2nd prototype** (re-designed) IPN
- **4 pre-series** IPN –Surrey-Santiago
received feb. 2017 and **validated** (alpha source).

Squared DSSSD

Received from Micron Semiconductors:

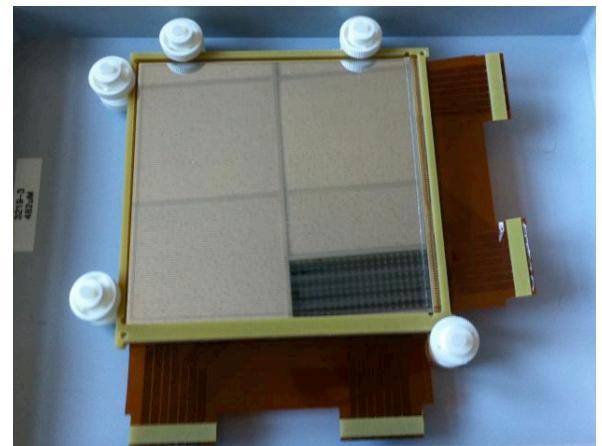
- **2 prototypes 500um** INFN
- **1 prototype 1.5mm** INFN

received feb. 2017

validated with alpha source

Test bench @ IPNO :

- analog (MUFEE) : 128X+128Y
- numerical (iPACI): 9X+9Y

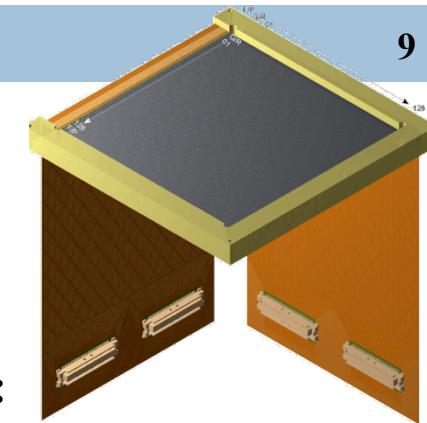
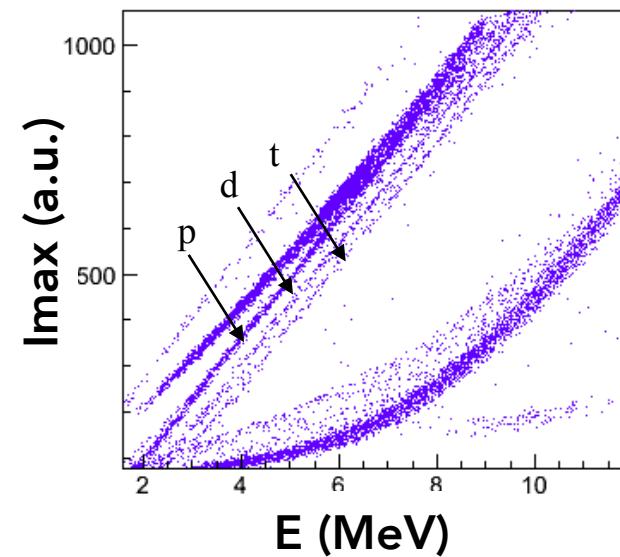
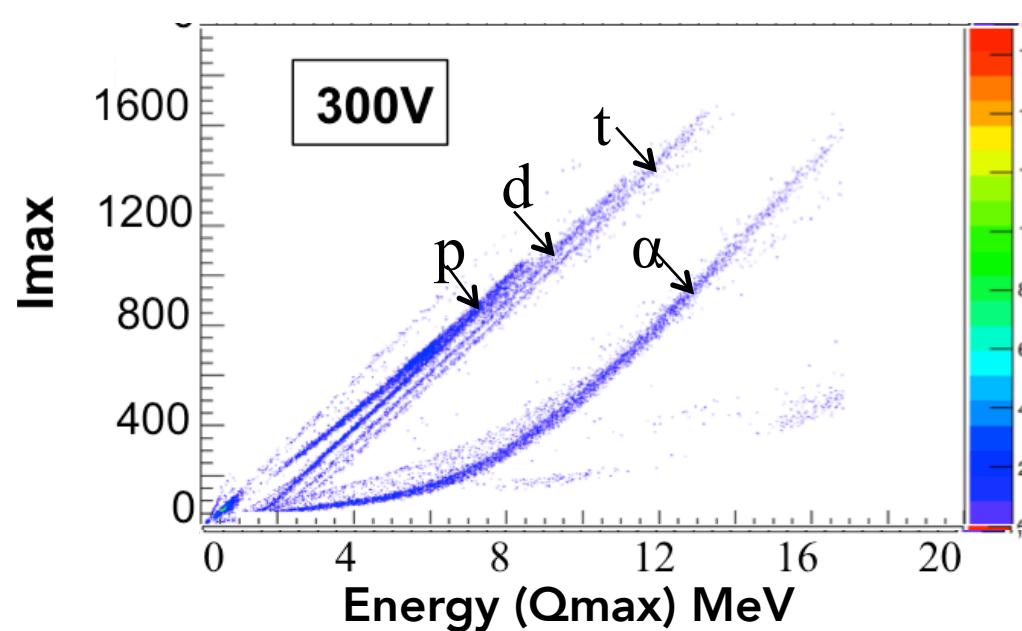
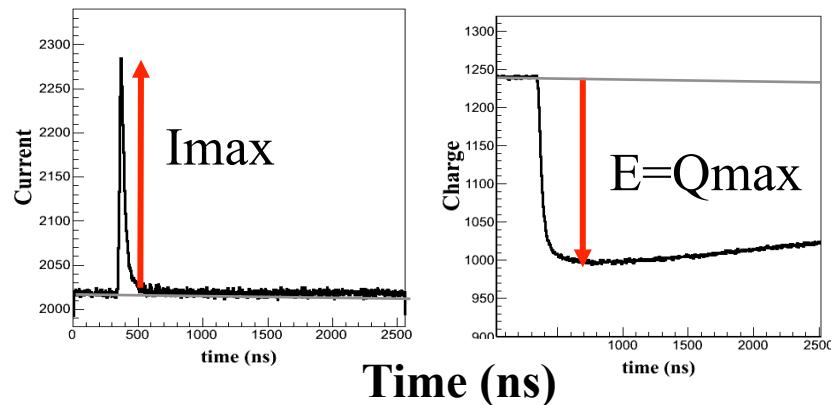


In-beam test @ ALTO end 2017

PSD for the trapezoid detectors

Pulse Shape Analysis for Z=1 particles : Current amplitude

→ Measurement of ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{12}\text{C}$ at ALTO

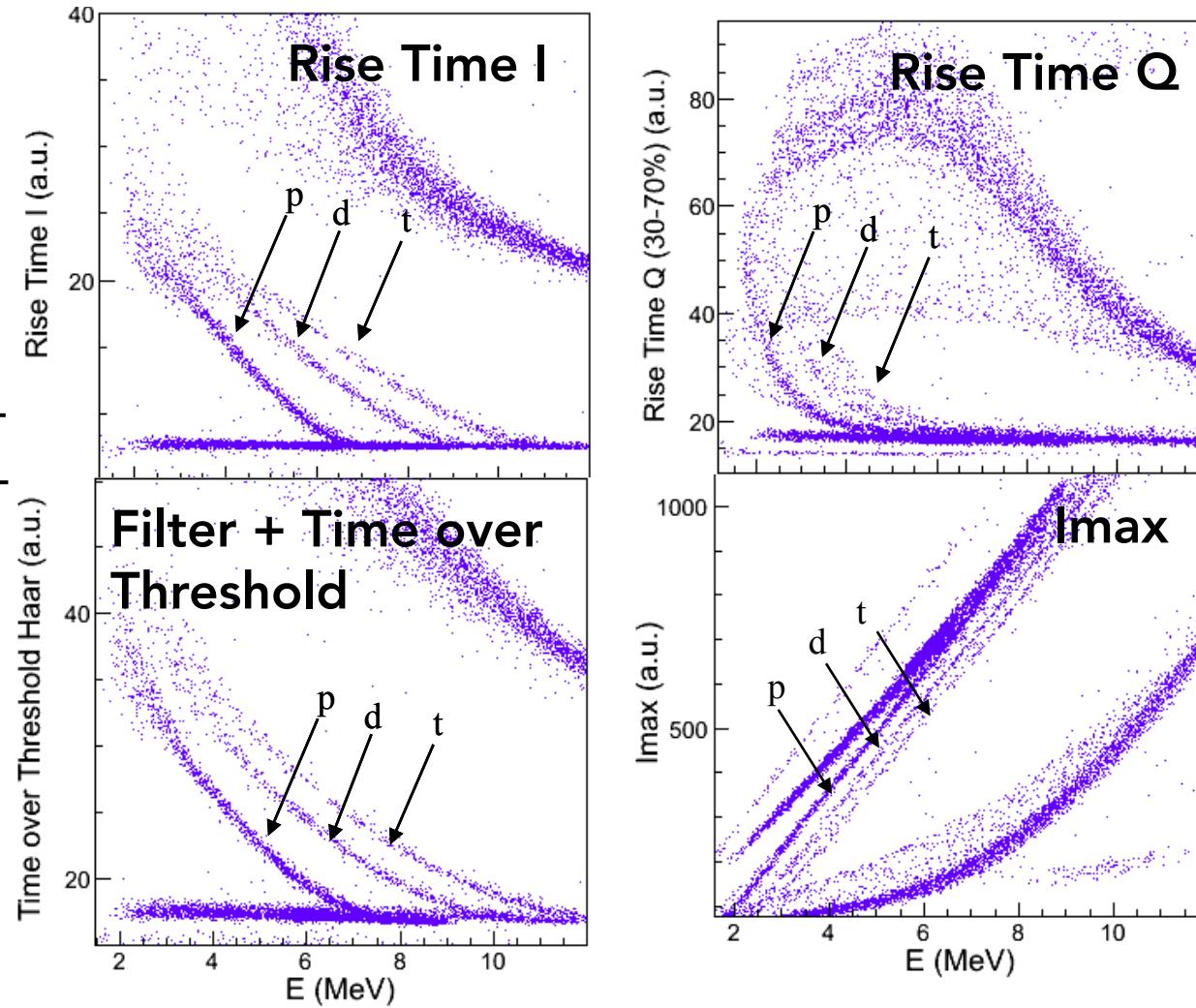


Experimental set-up :

- Square nTD DSSSD (BB13) 500um, pitch=475um
- PACI (discrete) preamplifier (I&Q)
- MATACQ digitizers (1GHz, 2048 samples)

Pulse Shape Analysis for Z=1 particles : Other observables

FoM	p/d	d/t
I _{max}	3.2(2)	2.2(2)
Tot Haar	3.5(2)	2.2(2)
RT Q	1.5(2)	0.9(2)
RT I	3.0(2)	1.9(1)

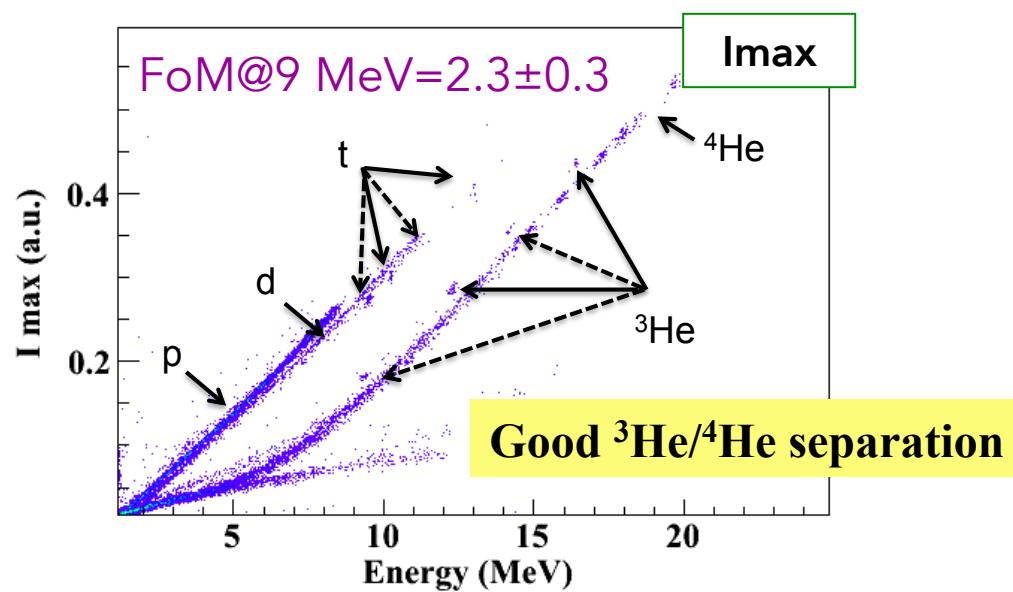
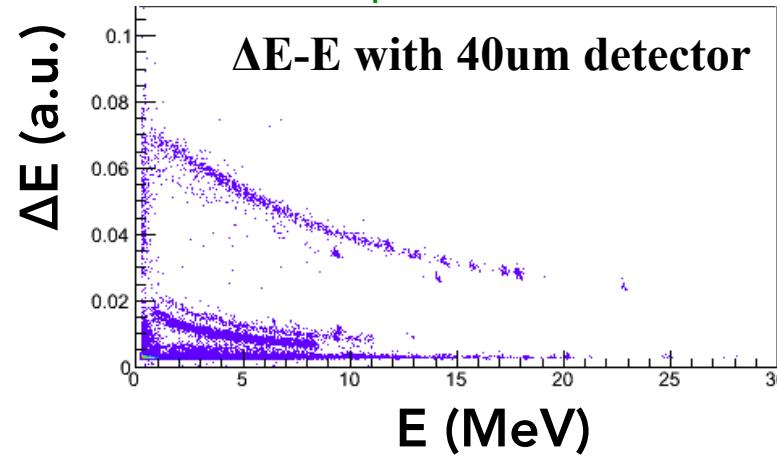


- Best observable without filter : amplitude of current signal
- Need for I,Q,T for each channel

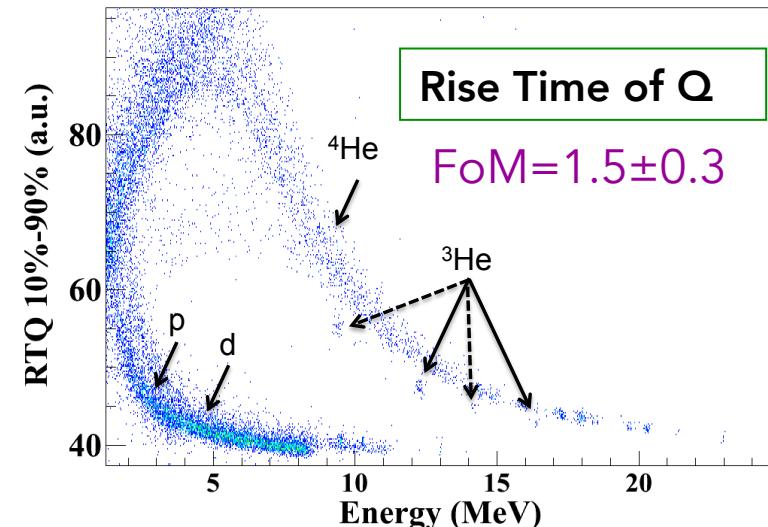
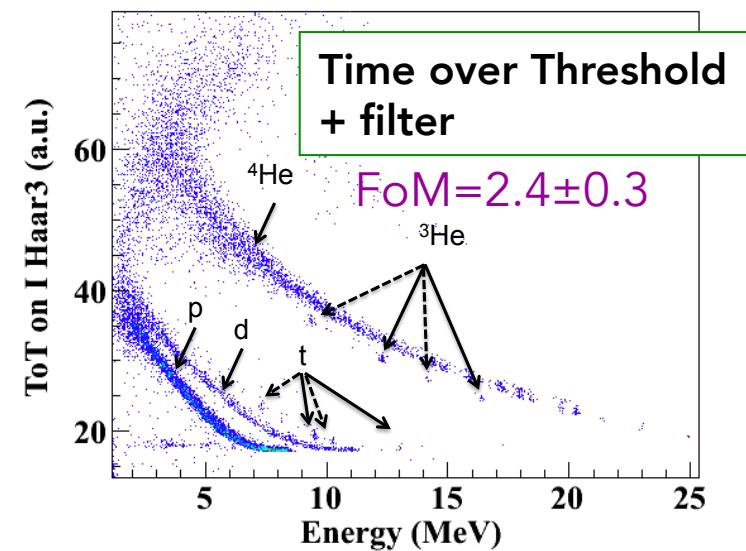
PSA for Z=2 particles : Several observables

- Experiment @ ALTO to study Z=2 particles : ($d, {}^3\text{He}$) on mylar

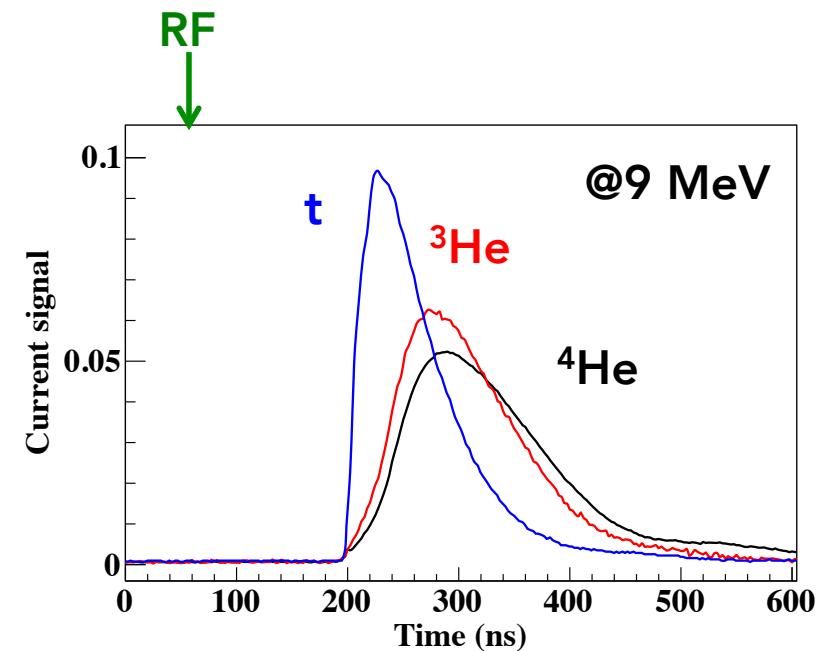
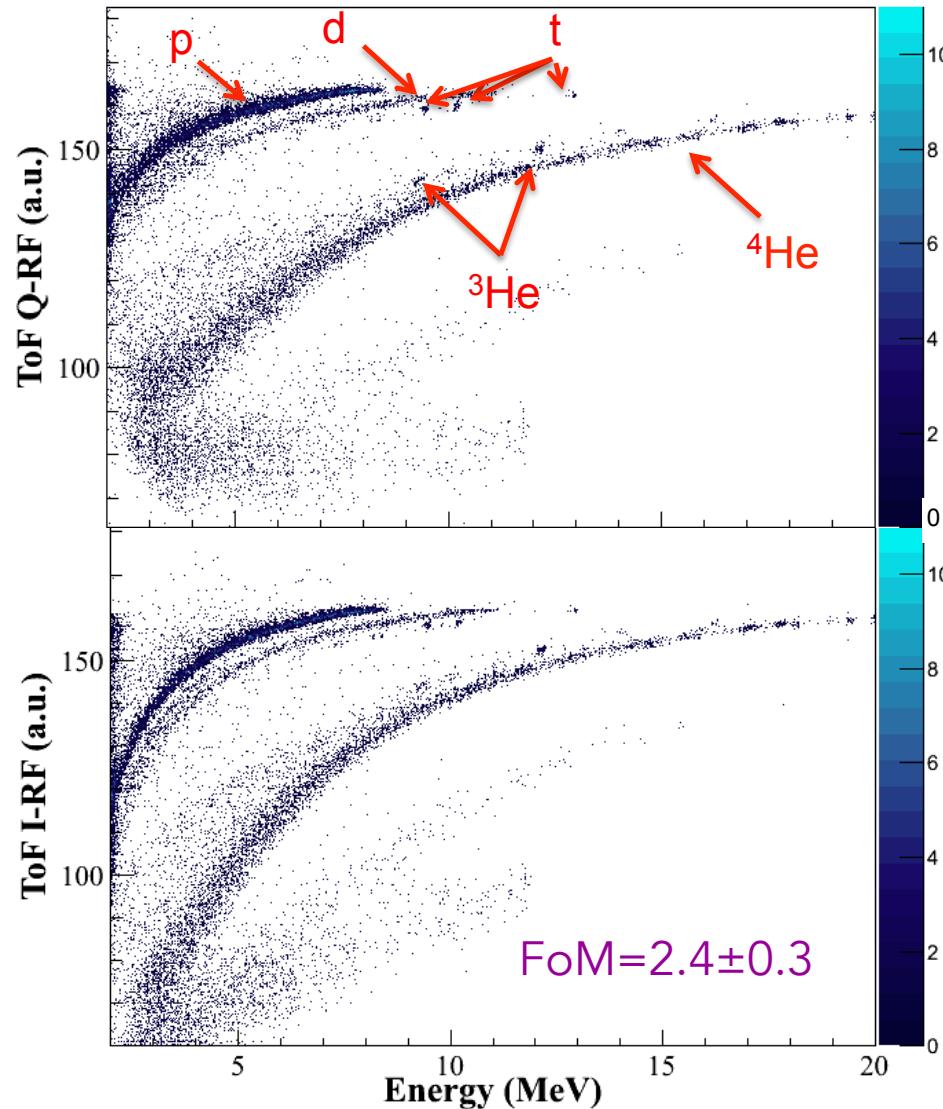
→ ΔE -E technique vs PSA (I_{max})



→ Other observables



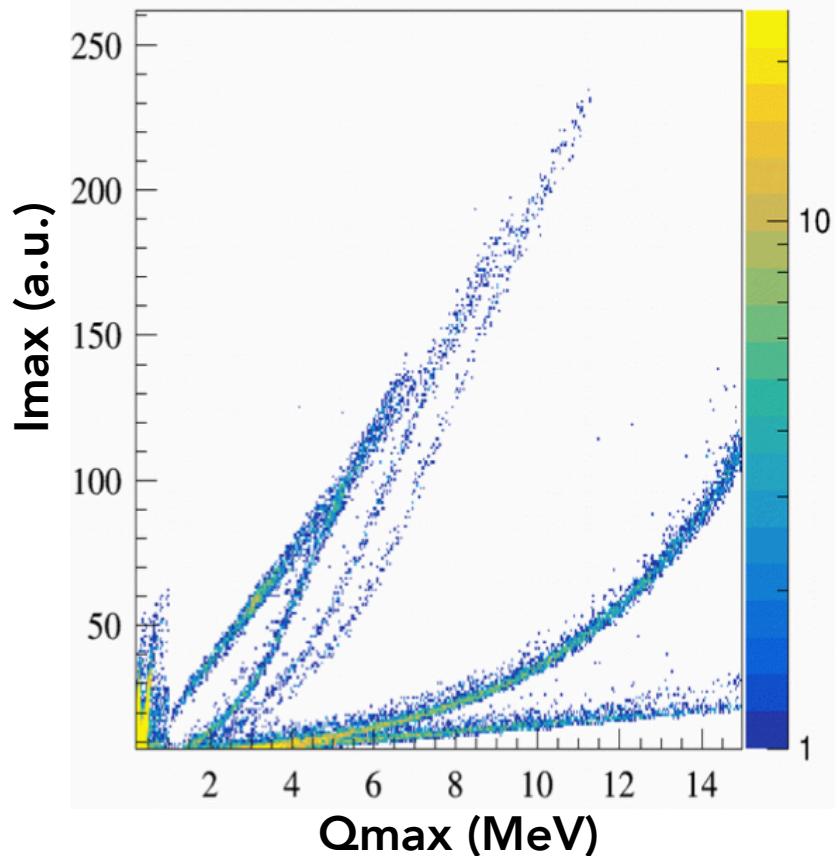
PSA for Z=2 particles : digital Time of flight



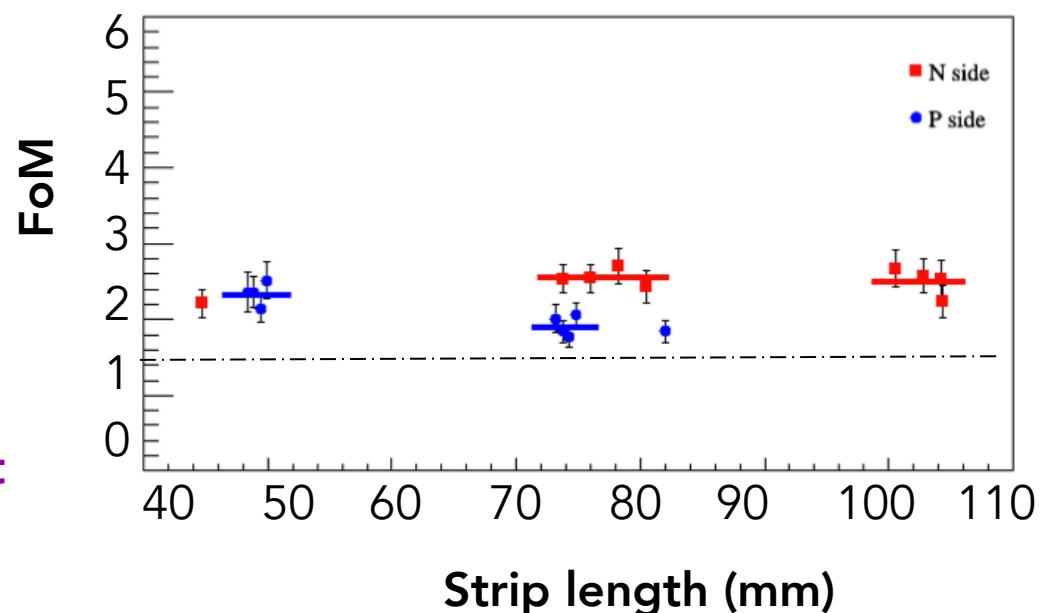
Very good separation of t , ^3He , ^4He by digital ToF technique

PSA with trapezoid detectors from GRIT

→ Measurement of ${}^7\text{Li} + {}^{12}\text{C}$ at ALTO



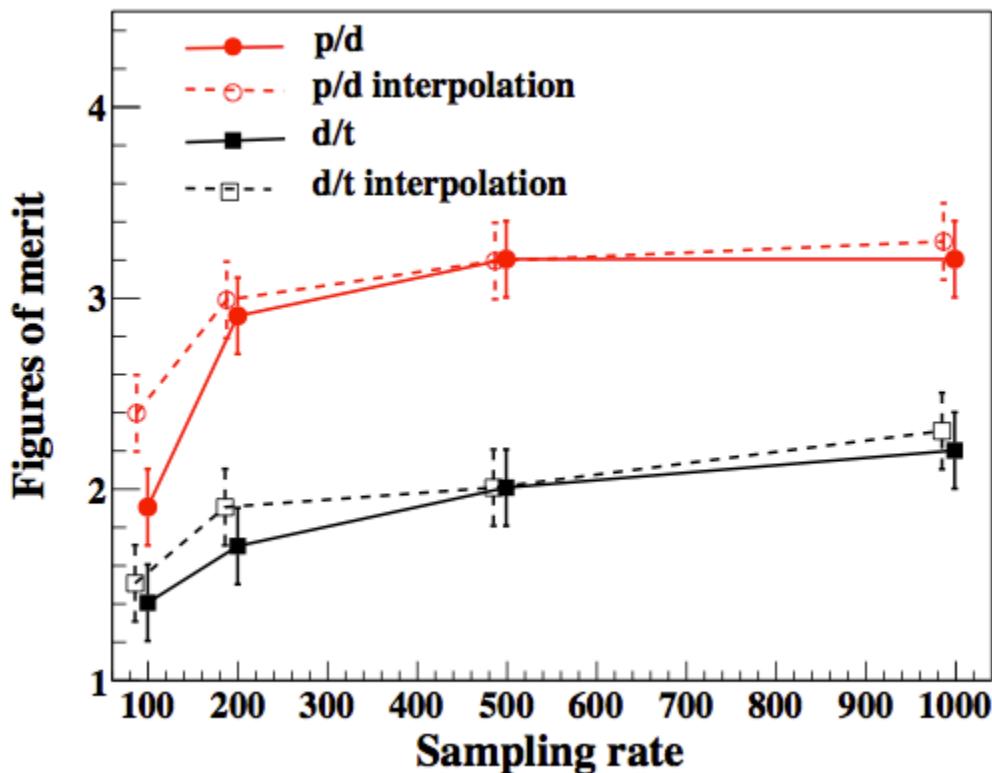
For p/d @ 3.5 MeV



→ The length of the strip does not affect PSD of light particles

Electronics specifications : Sampling rate

- Effect of bias : best compromise is 300V (depletion)
- Other observables and Filters (Haar wavelets) : I_{max} or Haar+ ToT
- Effect of sampling frequency : loss of discrimination below 250MHz



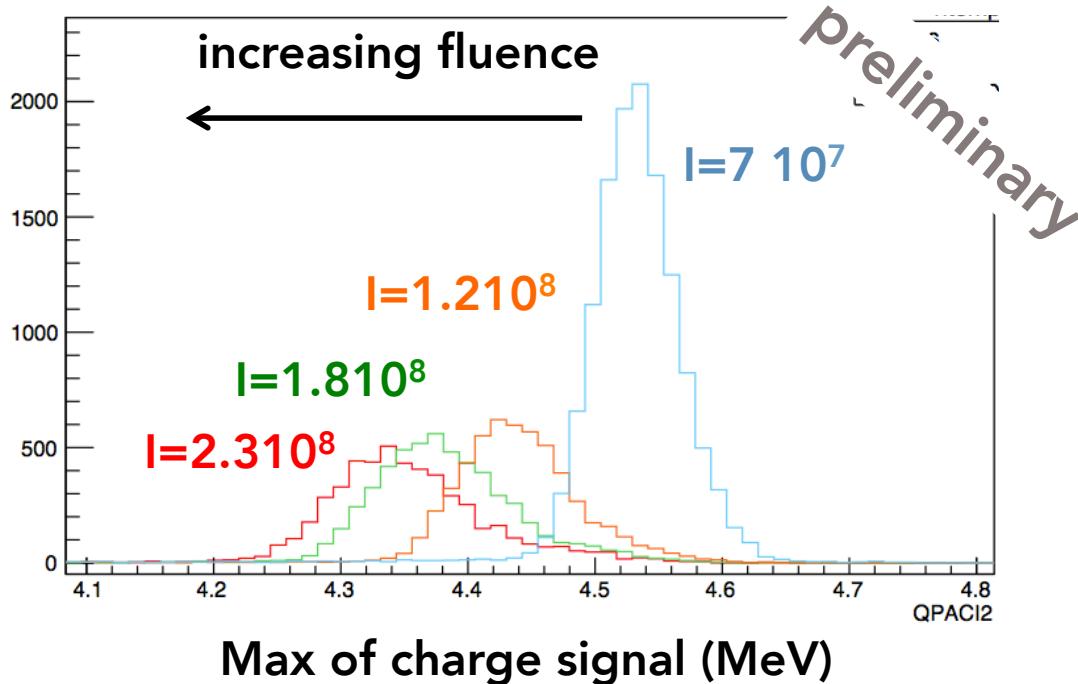
For Z=1, p, d, t :

- Discrimination down to 2.5 MeV for 300V
- Amplitude of current signal sufficient @ 300V
- ➔ Analog electronics ? Peak finder ?

➔ The sampling rate should be higher than 200MHz

Radiation damage with light particles

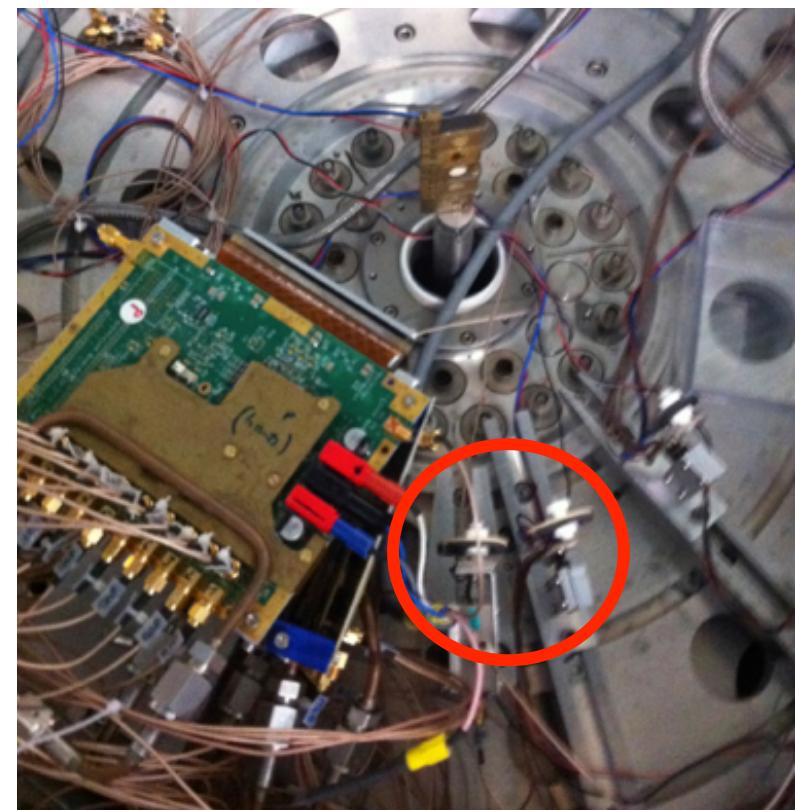
→ Experiment @ ALTO to study radiation damage with light particles



Maximum of charge signal decreases and resolution worsen

Set-up :

- 4 MeV proton beam+ Au
 - 1cm^2 nTD pad Silicon detector
- same wafer as trapez.



GRIT electronics

Preamplifiers

iPACI (IPNO): integrated version of PACI

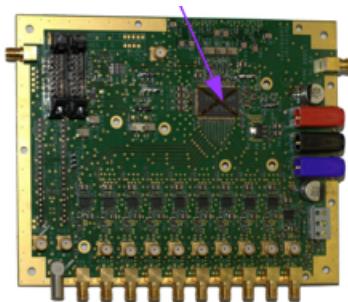
- version 1 : june 2015

fully tested with prototype

E Range : 50 MeV

Current : +/- 1.5 V

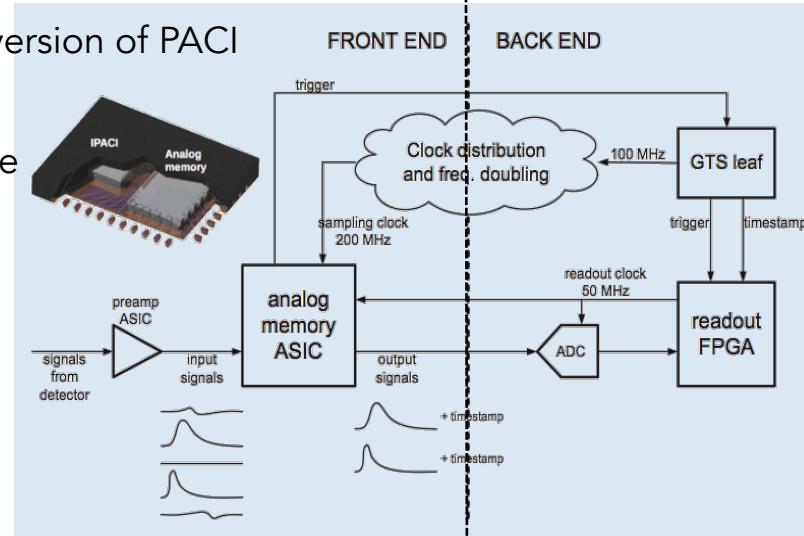
Noise : 7 keV (FWHM)



- version 2 (fast & slow shaper, TAC) autumn 2018

ToT Milano (INFN)

- version 1 : 2015, fully tested, never tested with high energy particles.



Sampling

PLAS (R. Aliaga, Valencia)

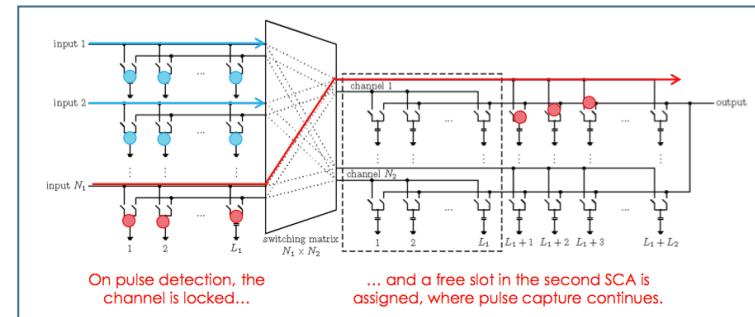
ASIC analog memory based on switched capacitors

- version 1 received sept. 2016

- version 2: submitted may 2018

FASTER v3 (D. Etasse, LPC Caen)

--> adaptation for our needs



R. Aliaga, NIMA 800 (2015) 34

Tests 2019 : coupling iPACI or ToT +PLAS+ FASTER

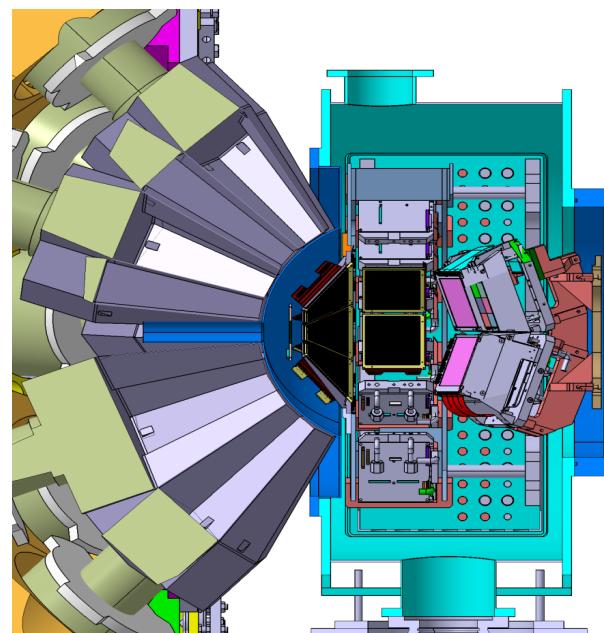
Timelines & facilities for GRIT

2019

2020-2021

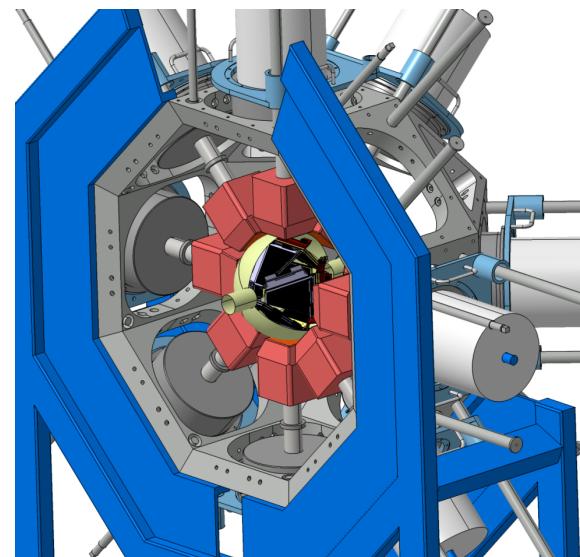
2021-2022

MUGAST-AGATA-VAMOS@ GANIL



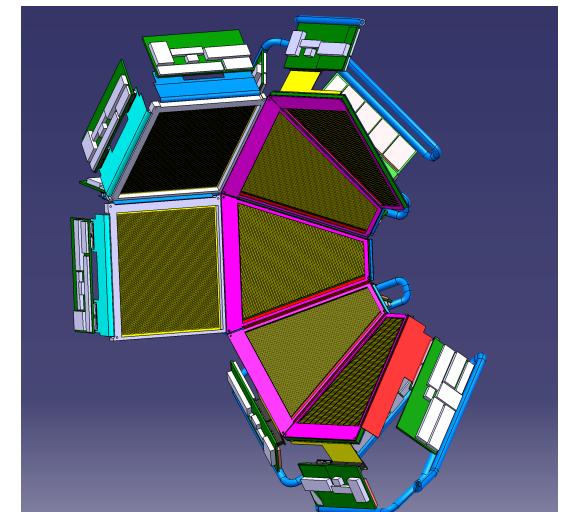
New Spiral1 beam
VAMOS-AGATA $\varepsilon \sim 13\%$
12 DSSD, single-layer
specific targets
Pld : ToF

MUGAST-EXOGAM@GANIL



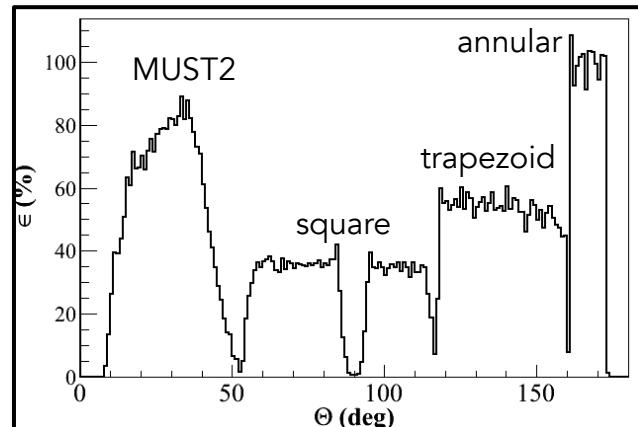
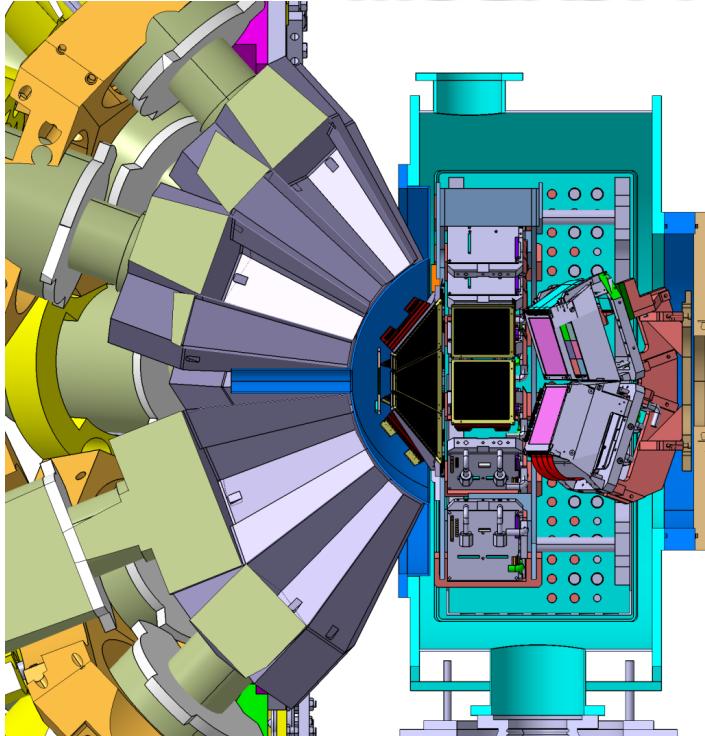
4-5 telescopes (2 layers)
spherical config.
Close config.(85 mm)

GRIT demonstrator@ISOLDE



Lol GRIT @ ISOLDE
7 detectors
Pld : PSA (GRIT electronics)

MUGAST : a first step towards GRIT



Campaign beginning of 2019

- ▶ New Spiral 1 beams (low energy)
- ▶ AGATA
 - . very high energy resolution
 - . good efficiency : 13% at 1.3MeV in 2019 @ 18cm
(depending on number of clusters)
- ▶ MUGAST
 - . one-layer of Silicon backward & 90 deg.
→ well-suited for stripping measurements
 - . specific target (cryogenic)
- ▶ VAMOS : large acceptance spectrometer at 0 degree

Physics cases :

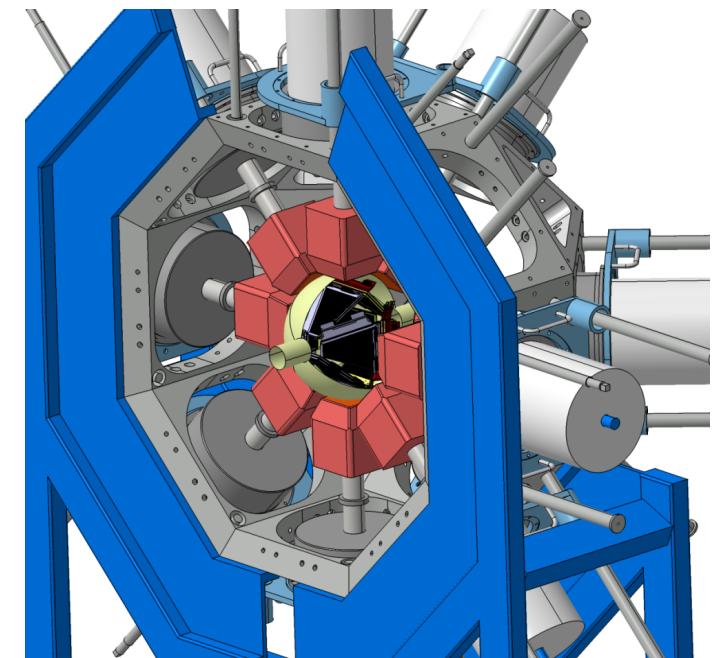
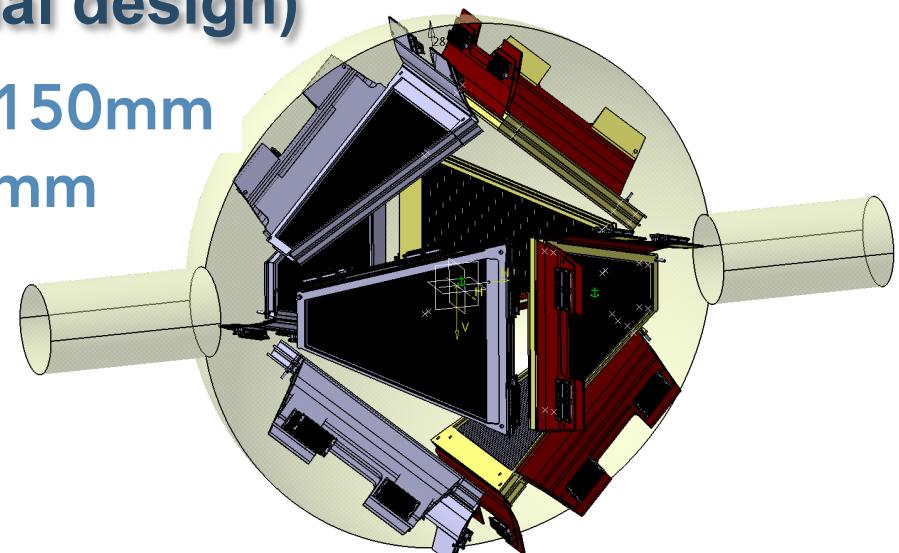
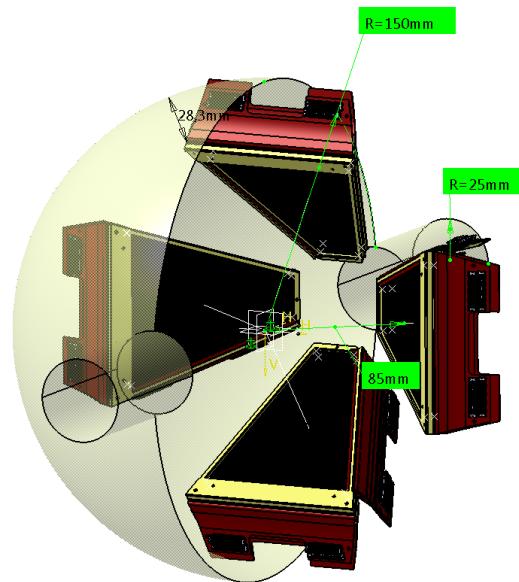
Accepted : Nuclear astrophysics : $^{15}\text{O}(^6\text{Li},\text{d})$
 Unbound states : $^{14}\text{O}(\text{p},\text{p}'')$ resonant elastic scatt.

Submitted : Shell evolution, island of inversion, shape coexistence, pairing

GRIT Demonstrator with EXOGAM (Conceptual design)

Chamber radius: 150mm

$D_{\text{target}} = 85\text{mm}$



- Conceptual design based on the use of 2x4 Trapezoids (2 layers : 0.5+1.5mm)
- FEE to be deported upstream and downstream the chamber

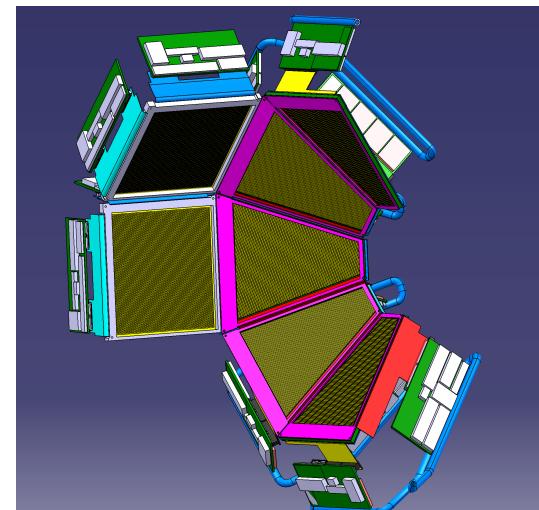
Design: E.Rindel, IPNO & LPC Caen

GRIT Demonstrator with Miniball @ ISOLDE

- **Lol for GRIT @ ISOLDE** (W. Catford)

Complementary reactions to be measured :

- Lol to measure $^{44}\text{Ti}(^6\text{Li},\text{d})$ and (^6Li , alpha) to study pairing and quartetting in nuclei
- Beams of interest Cr, Ge, Zn... complementary to Spiral1 new beams



+ Miniball

• Particle Identification :

Beam time structure --> no ToF can be used
only PSA technique ! --> new GRIT electronics

Conclusions / Summary

- **GRIT : development phase**
 - detectors prototypes + pre-series OK
 - design of numerical electronics : iPACI + PLAS + FASTER
 - mechanics to be adapted as function of electronics consumption

--> First experiment with demonstrator foreseen end 2021 at ISOLDE
- **MUGAST : running soon !**
 - detectors prototypes + pre-series of GRIT
 - MUST2 electronics
 - AGATA-MUGAST-VAMOS campaign in april 2019
 - possibility to run with EXOGAM on LISE
 - moveable detector (experience with MUST2)