

Bounds on Dark Matter Lifetime from the Cosmic Dawn

based on: 1803.11169 with A. Podo



how stable is the Dark Matter?

 $\tau_{\rm DM} > {\rm age~of~the~Universe} \sim 10^{17} \, {\rm s}$

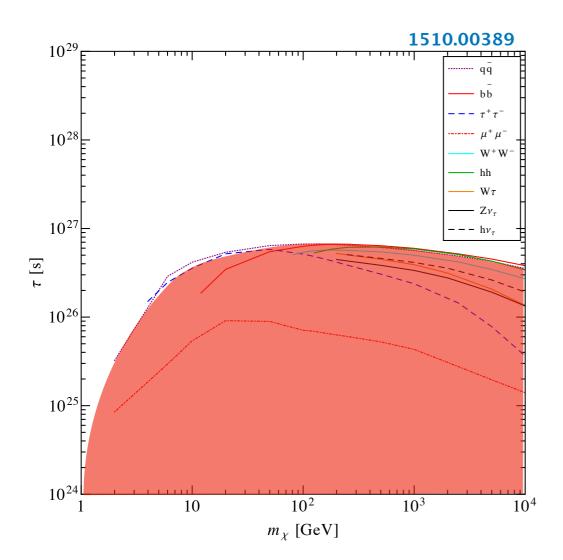
can we say more ?

how stable is the Dark Matter?

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can we say more ?

Indirect detection



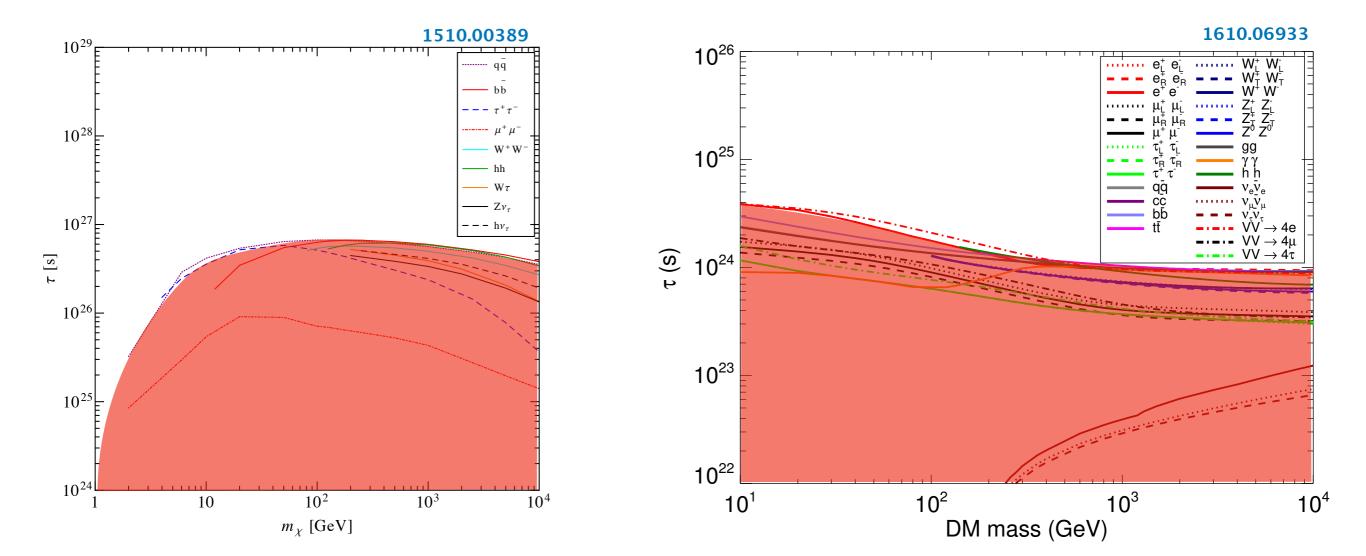
how stable is the Dark Matter?

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can we say more ?

Indirect detection

CMB power spectrum



the 21-cm line revolution has begun

LETTER

doi:10.1038/nature25792

An absorption profile centred at 78 megahertz in the sky-averaged spectrum

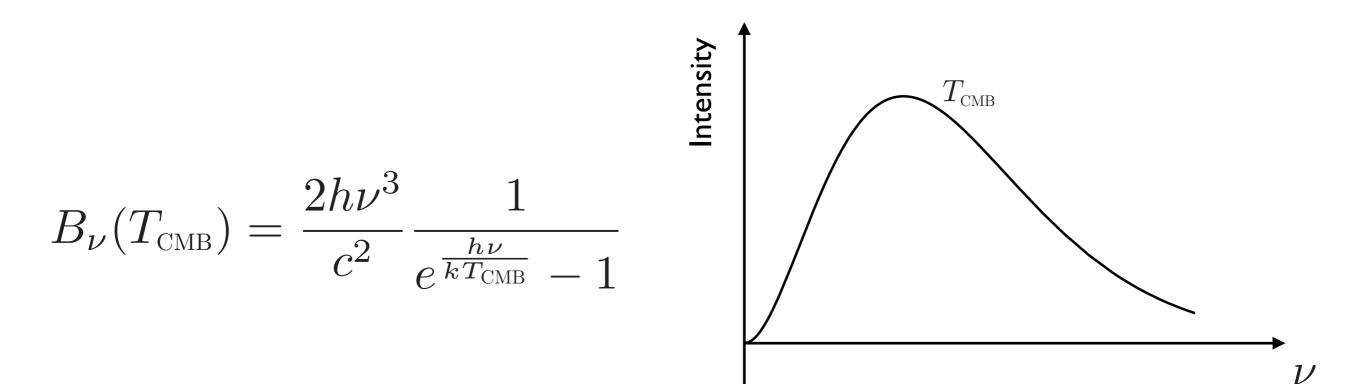
Judd D. Bowman¹, Alan E. E. Rogers², Raul A. Monsalve^{1,3,4}, Thomas J. Mozdzen¹ & Nivedita Mahesh¹

What is the 21 cm line

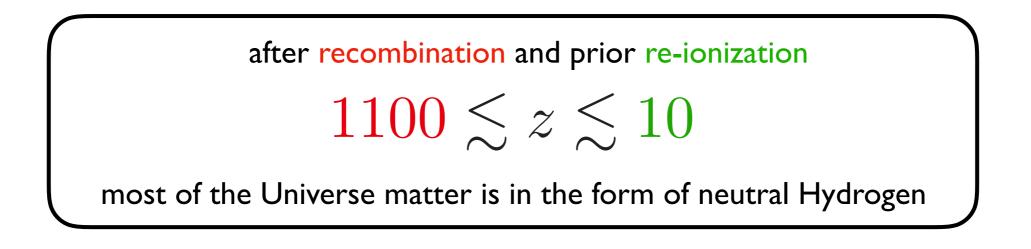


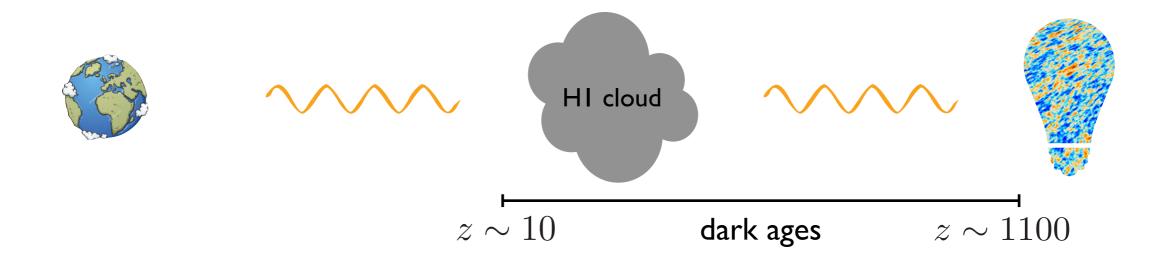
black body radiation emitted near the epoch of electron-proton recombination, i.e. $z \sim 1100$, with a brightness temperature

$$T_{\rm CMB} = 2.73(1+z)\,{\rm K}$$



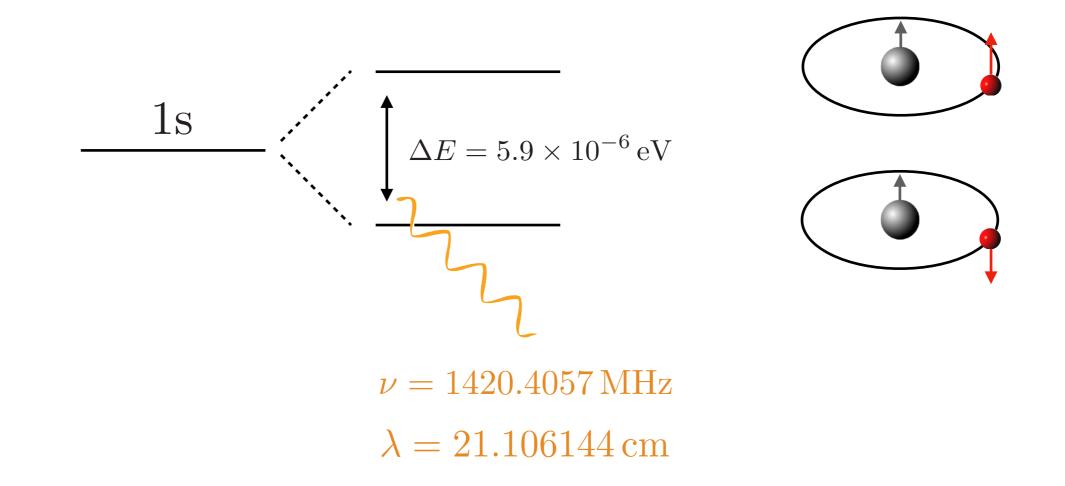
the CMB journey in the dark ages

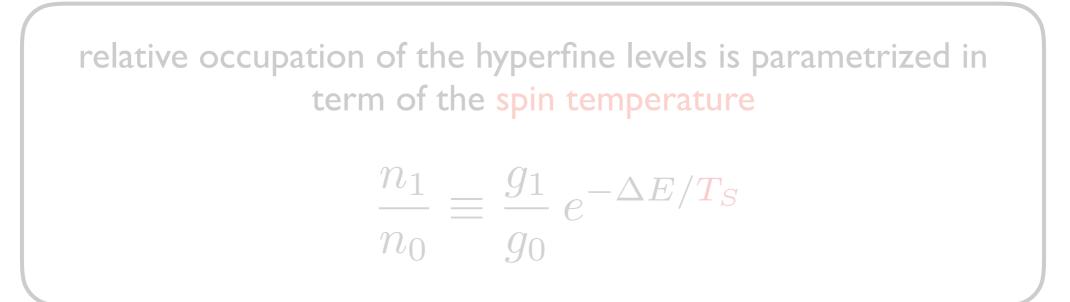




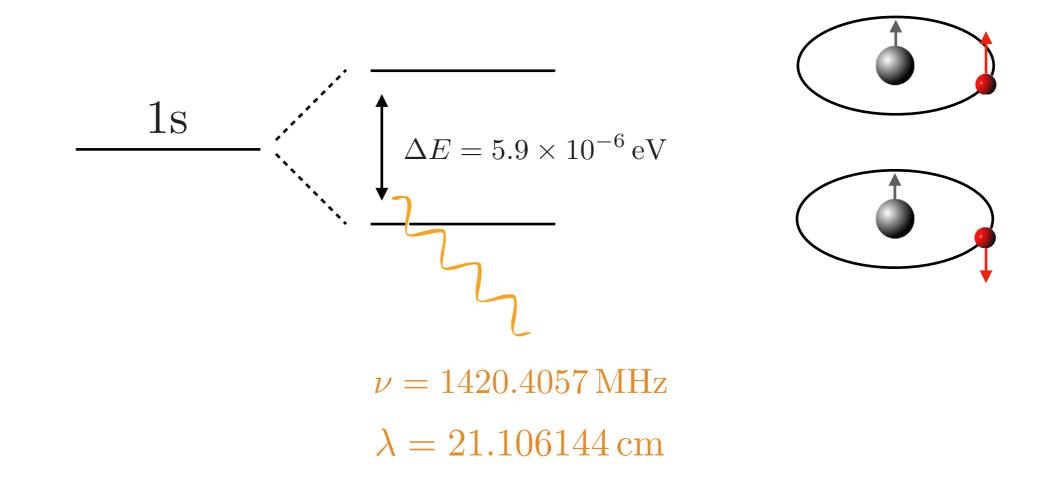
how propagation through the dark ages affects the CMB blackbody spectra?

Hydrogen hyperfine levels



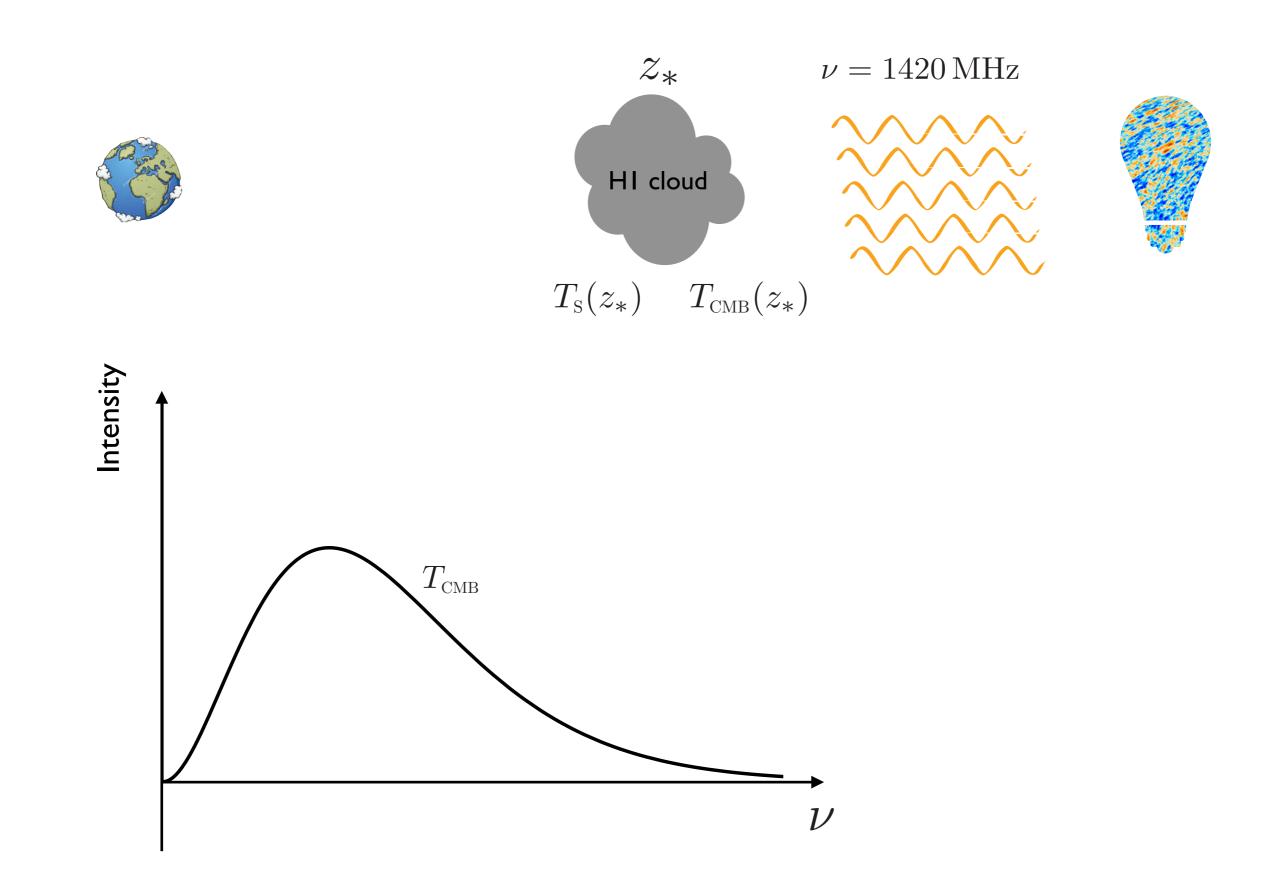


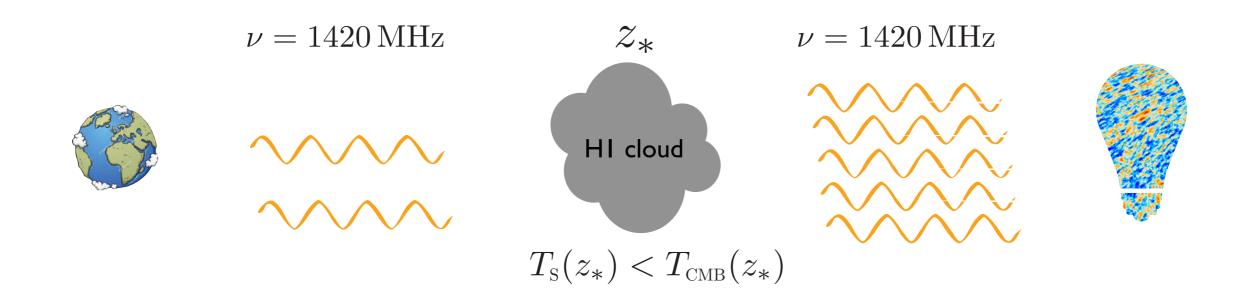
Hydrogen hyperfine levels

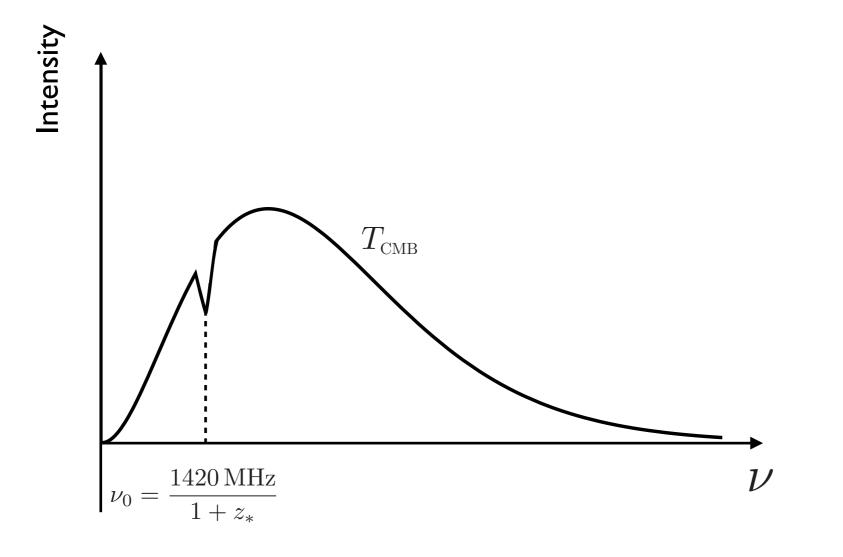


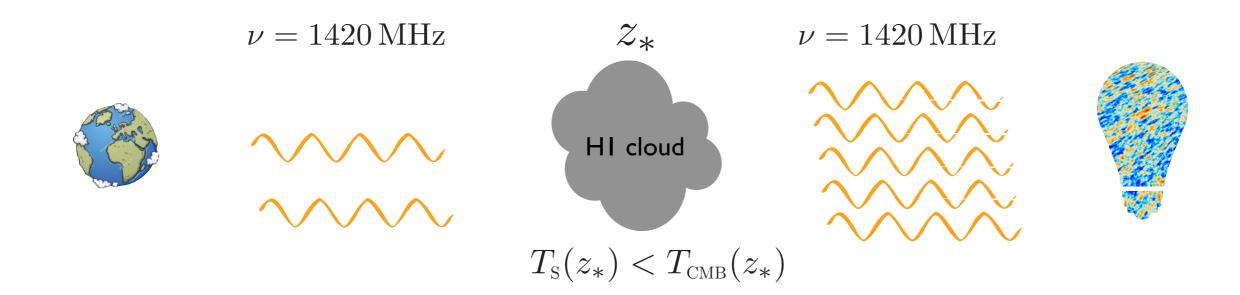
relative occupation of the hyperfine levels is parametrized in term of the spin temperature

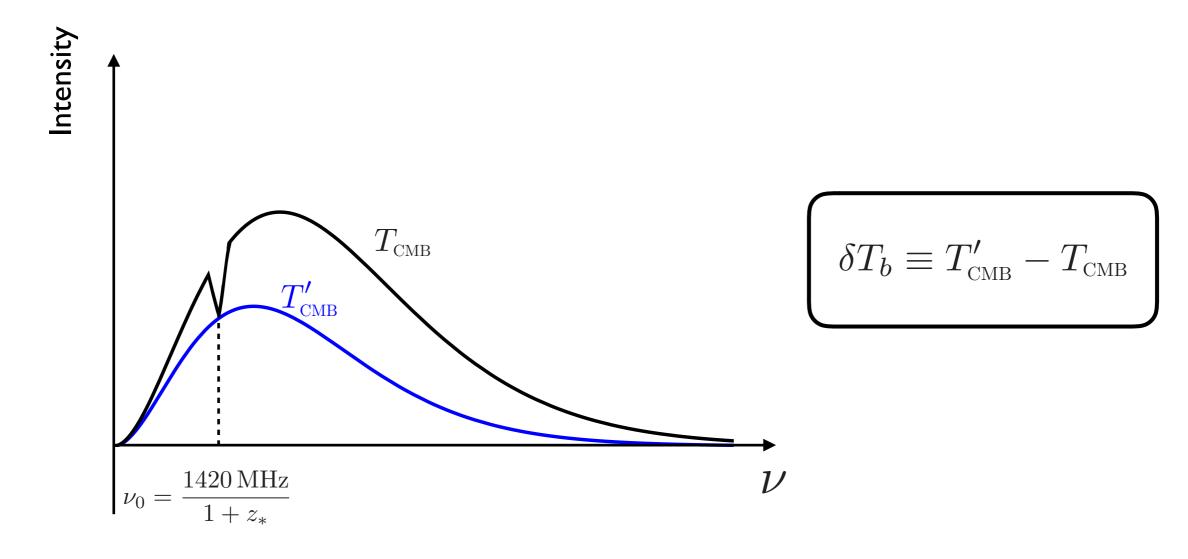
$$\frac{n_1}{n_0} \equiv \frac{g_1}{g_0} e^{-\Delta E/T_s}$$

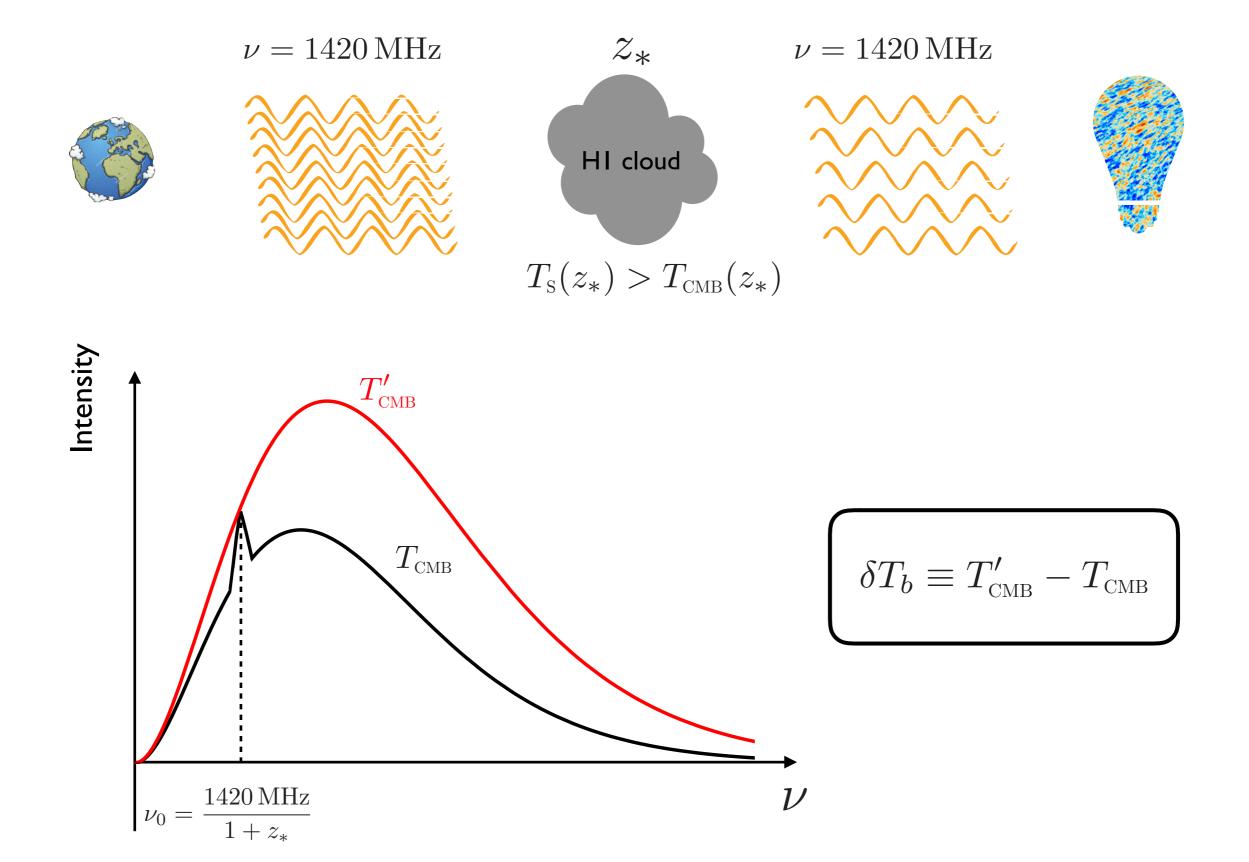


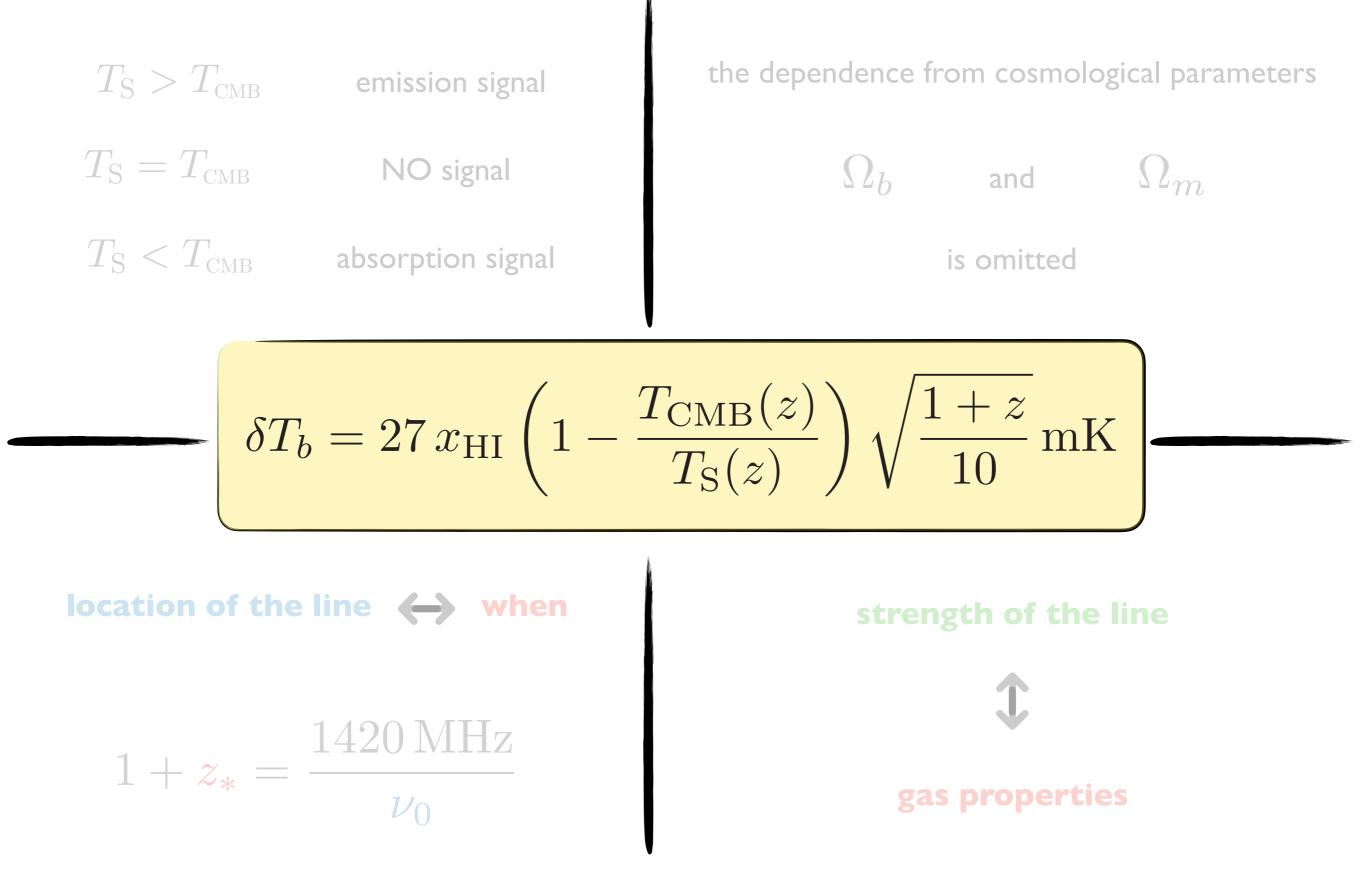


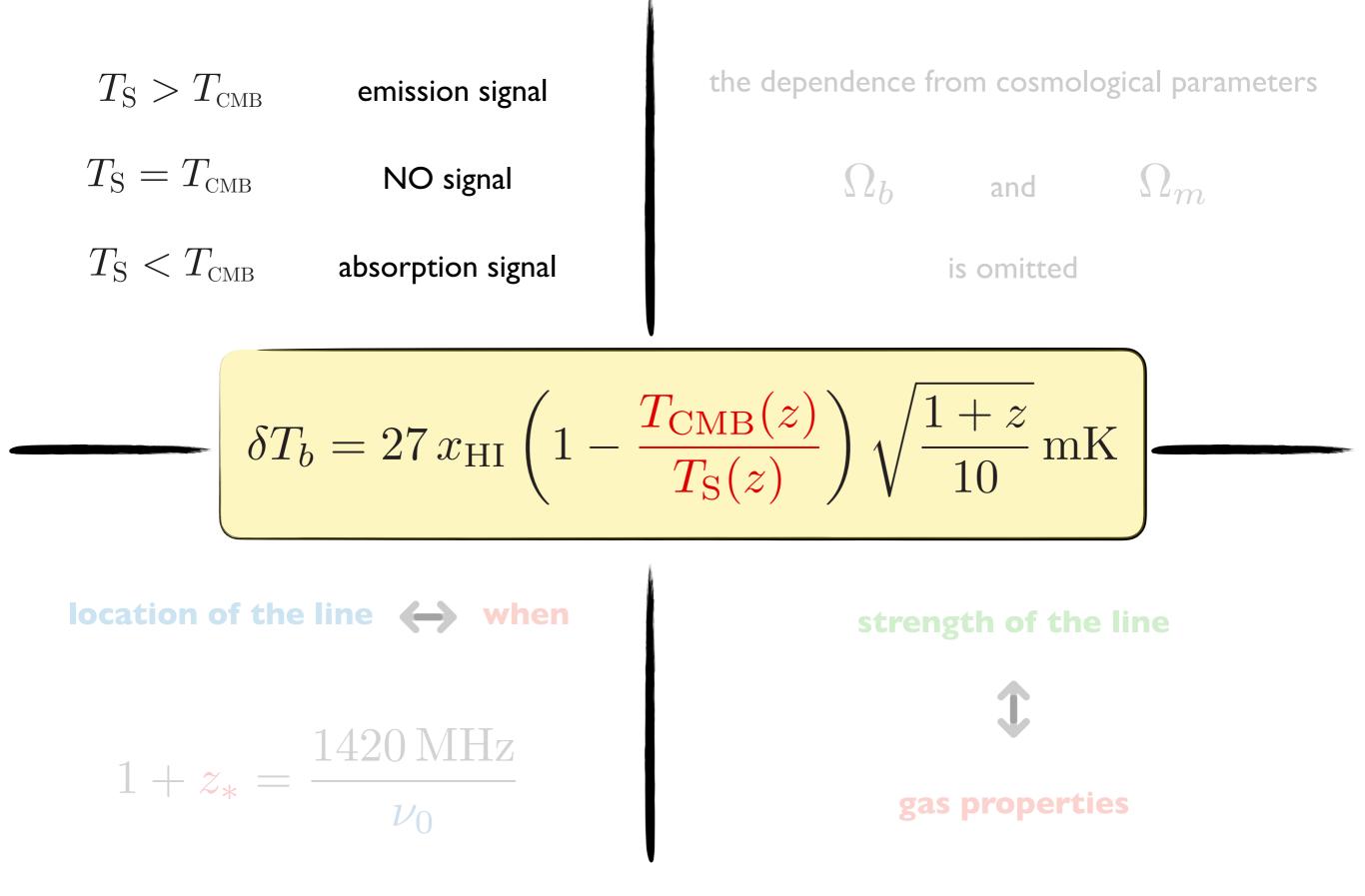


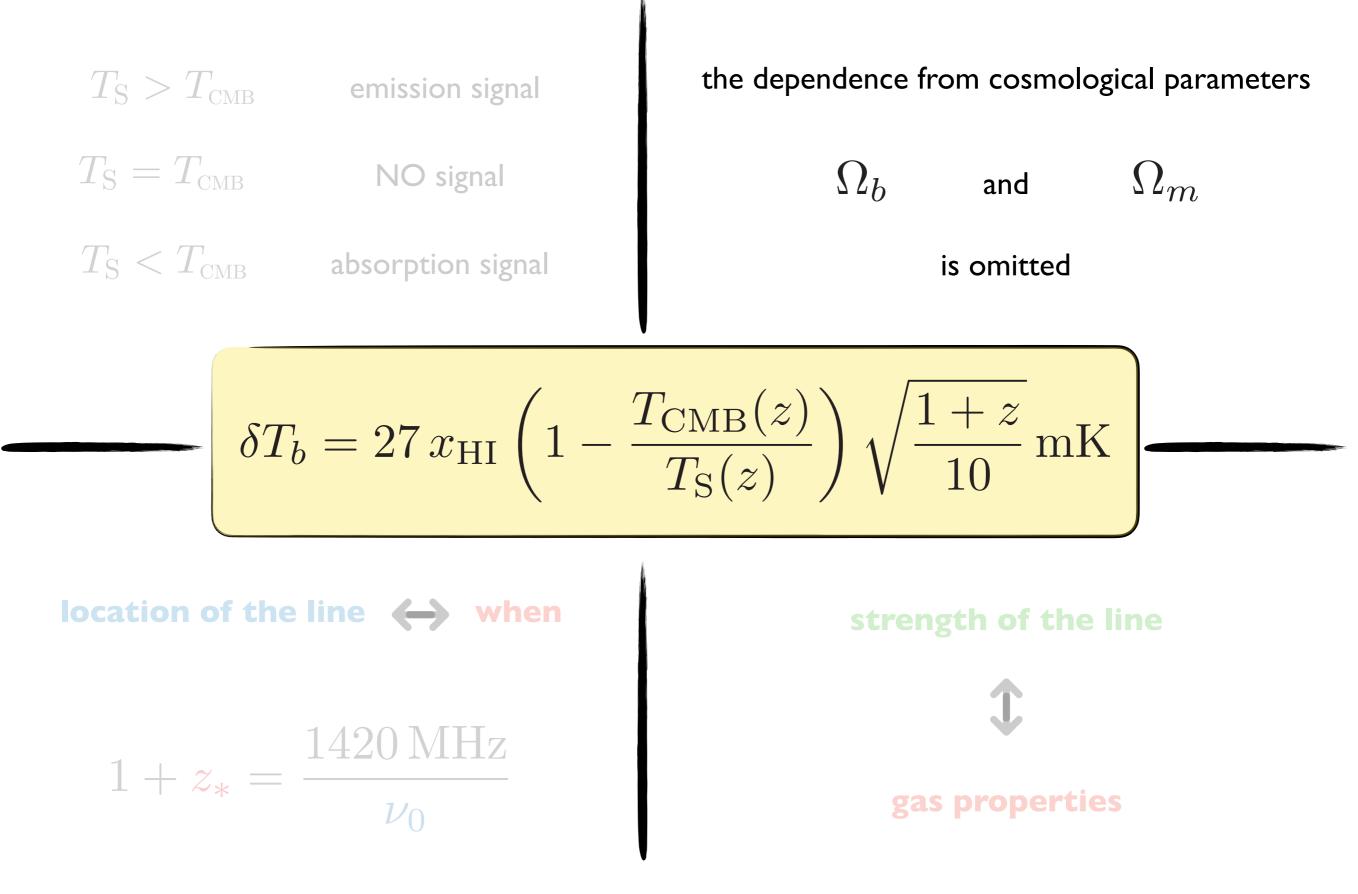


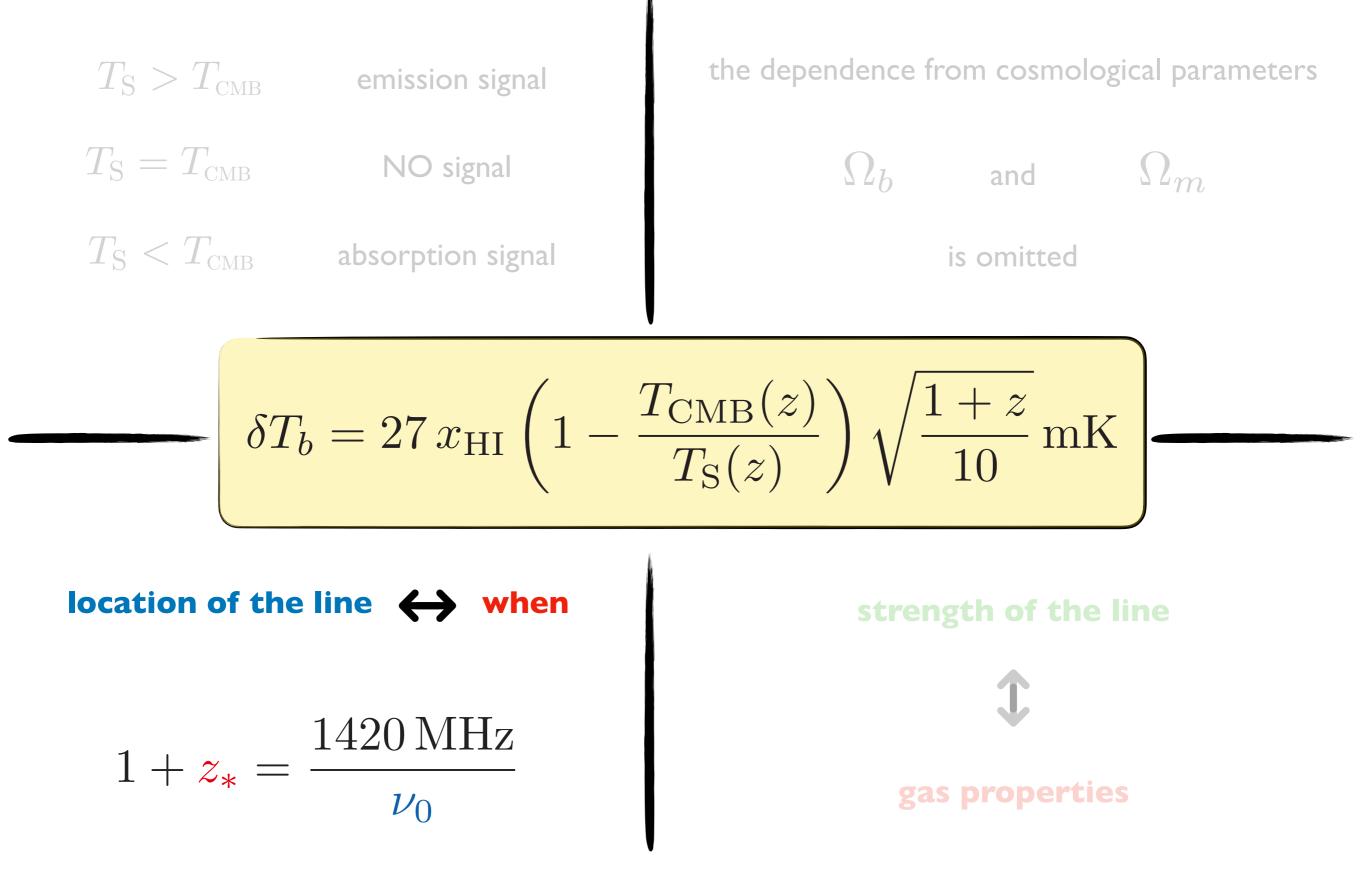


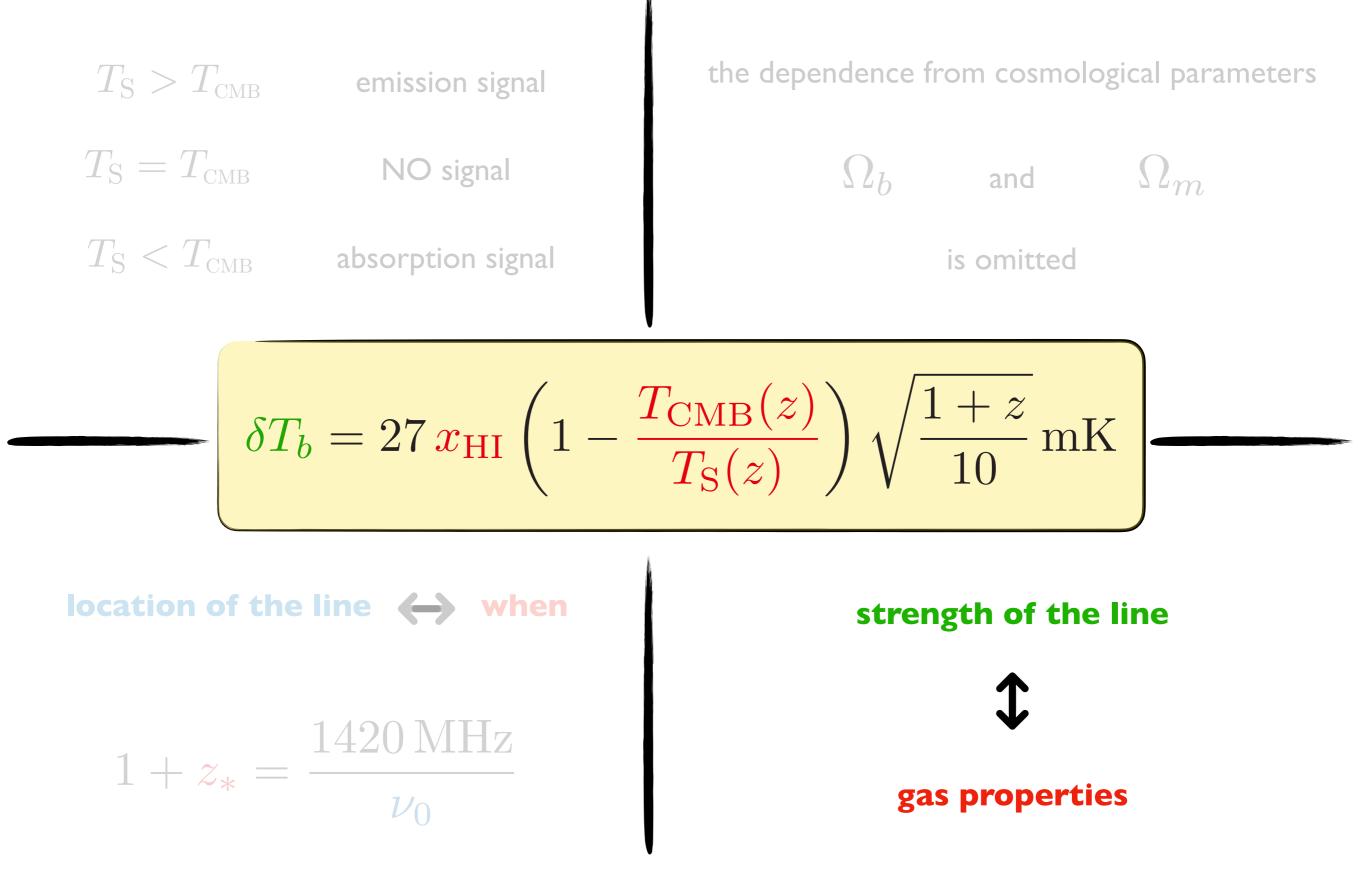






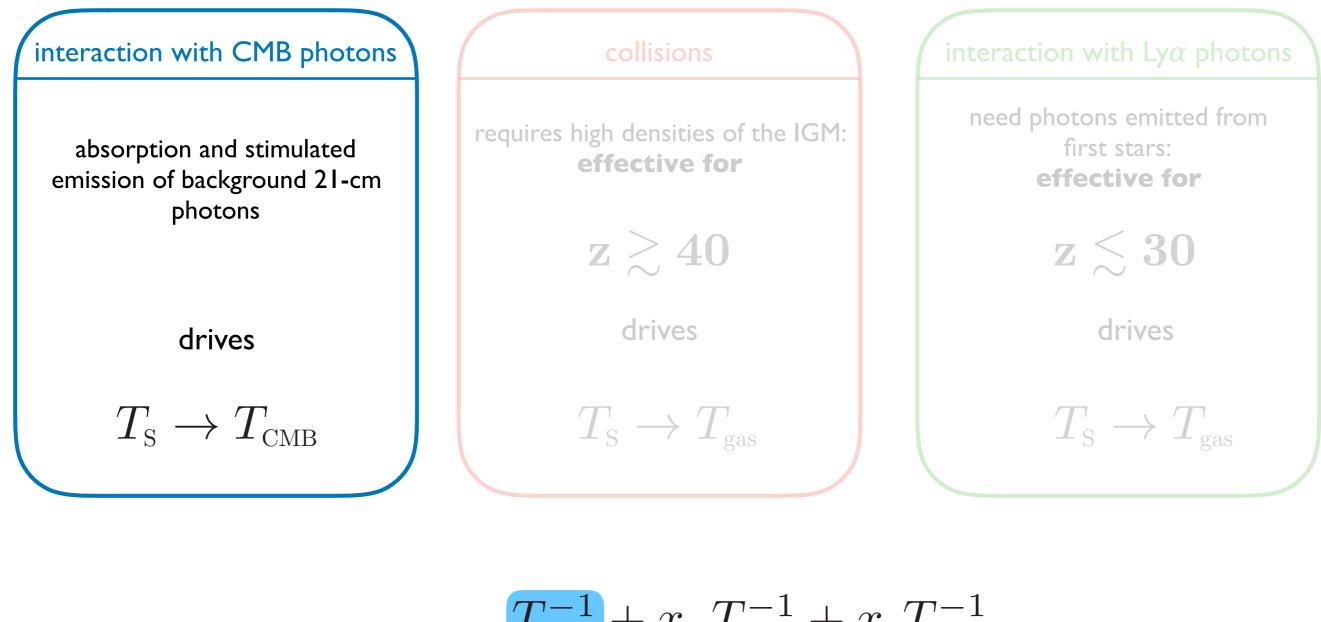






what determines the spin temperature

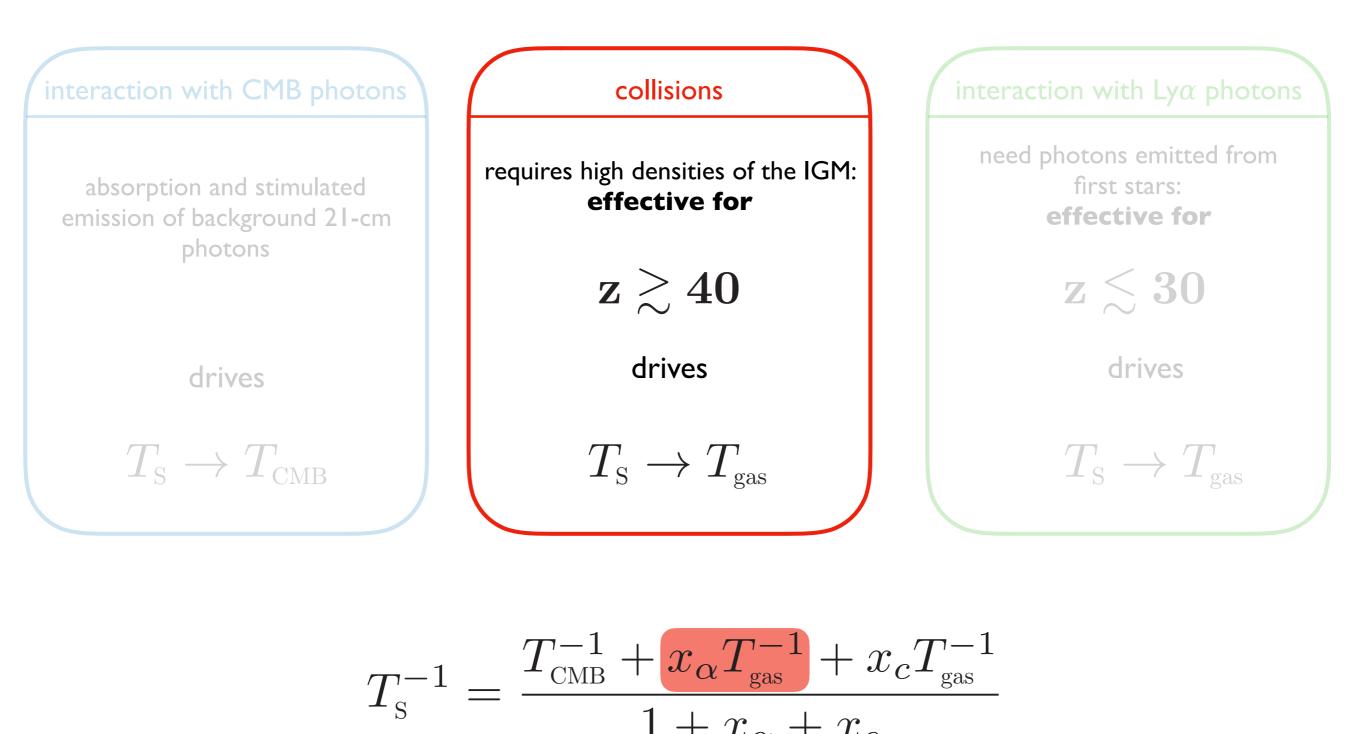
three competing processes



$$T_{\rm S}^{-1} = \frac{\mathbf{I}_{\rm CMB} + x_{\alpha} \mathbf{I}_{\rm gas} + x_{c} \mathbf{I}_{\rm gas}}{1 + x_{\alpha} + x_{c}}$$

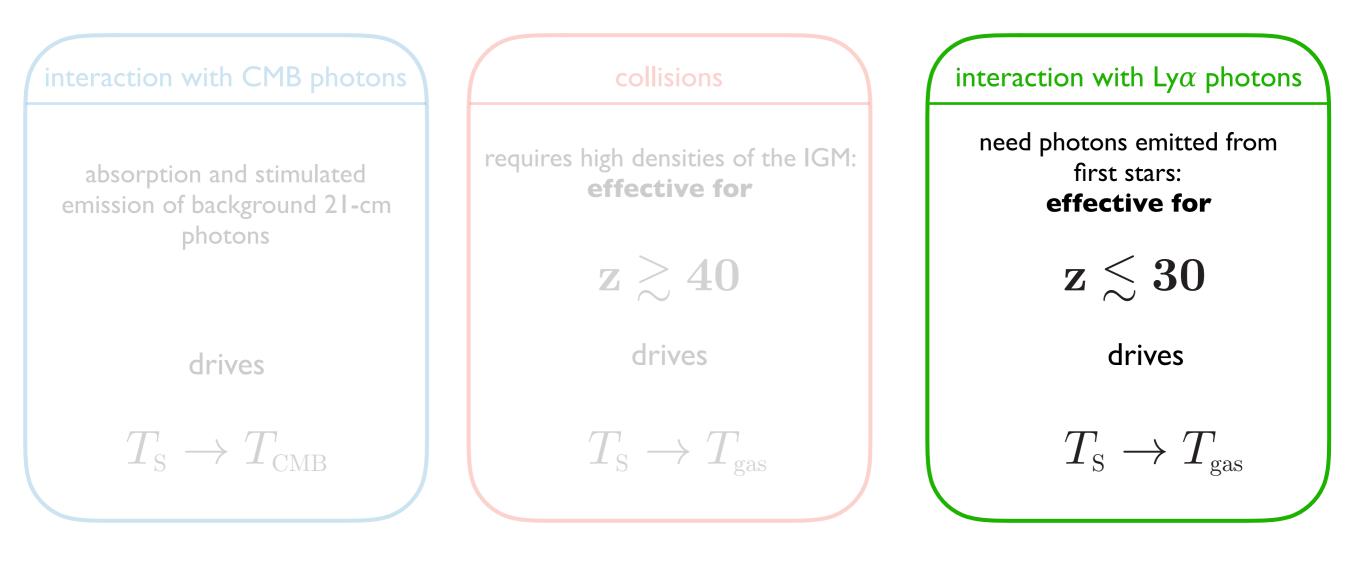
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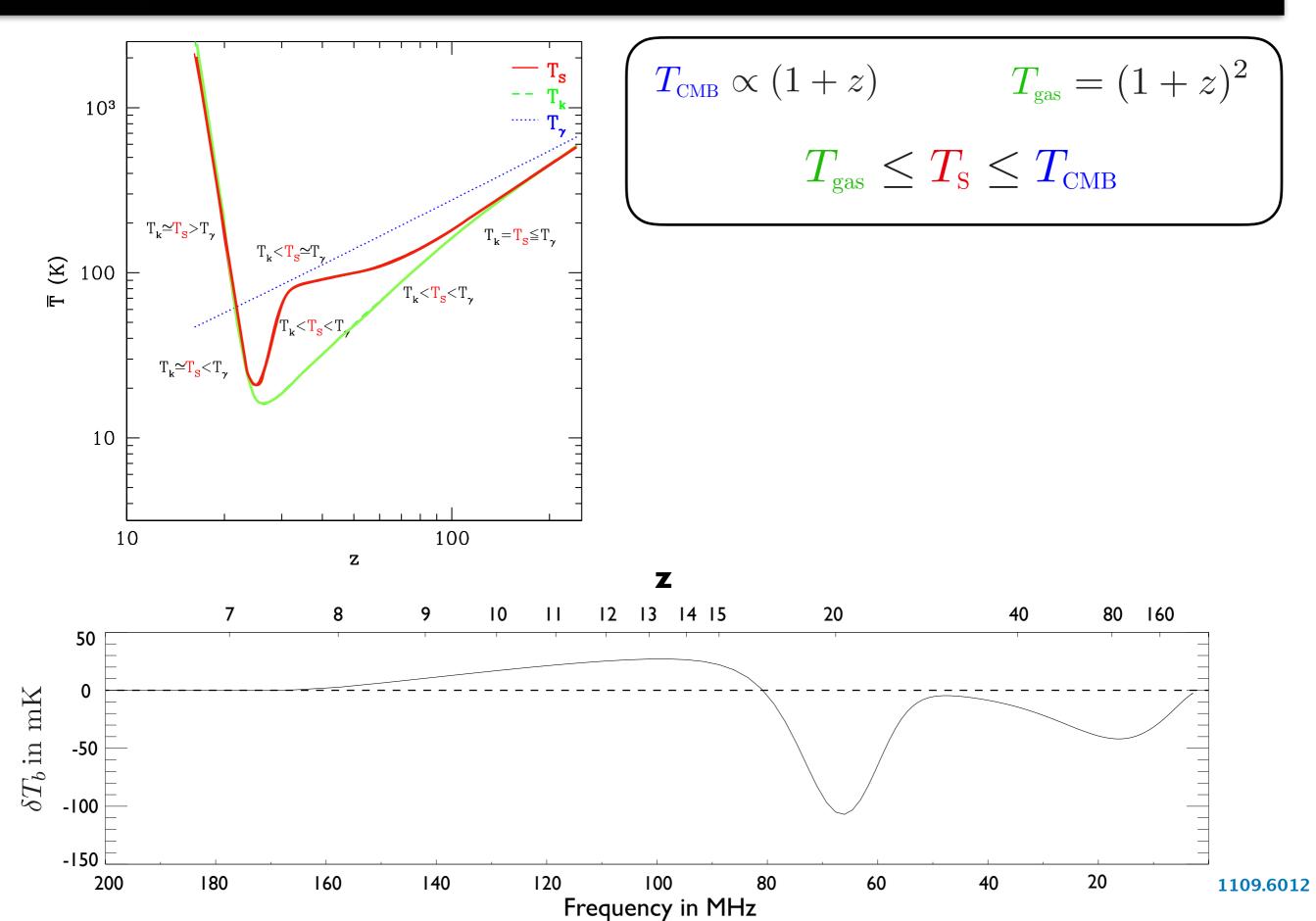


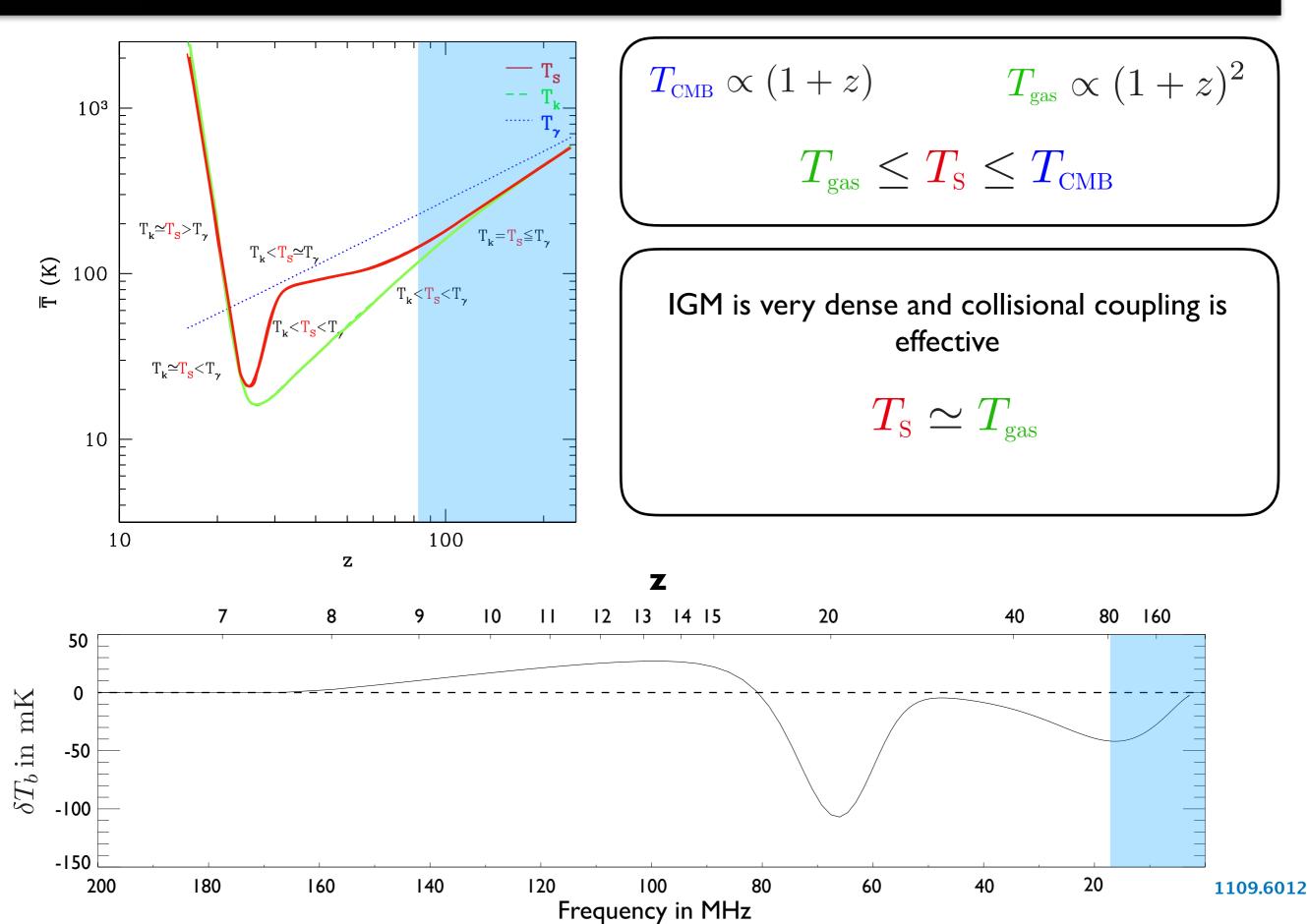
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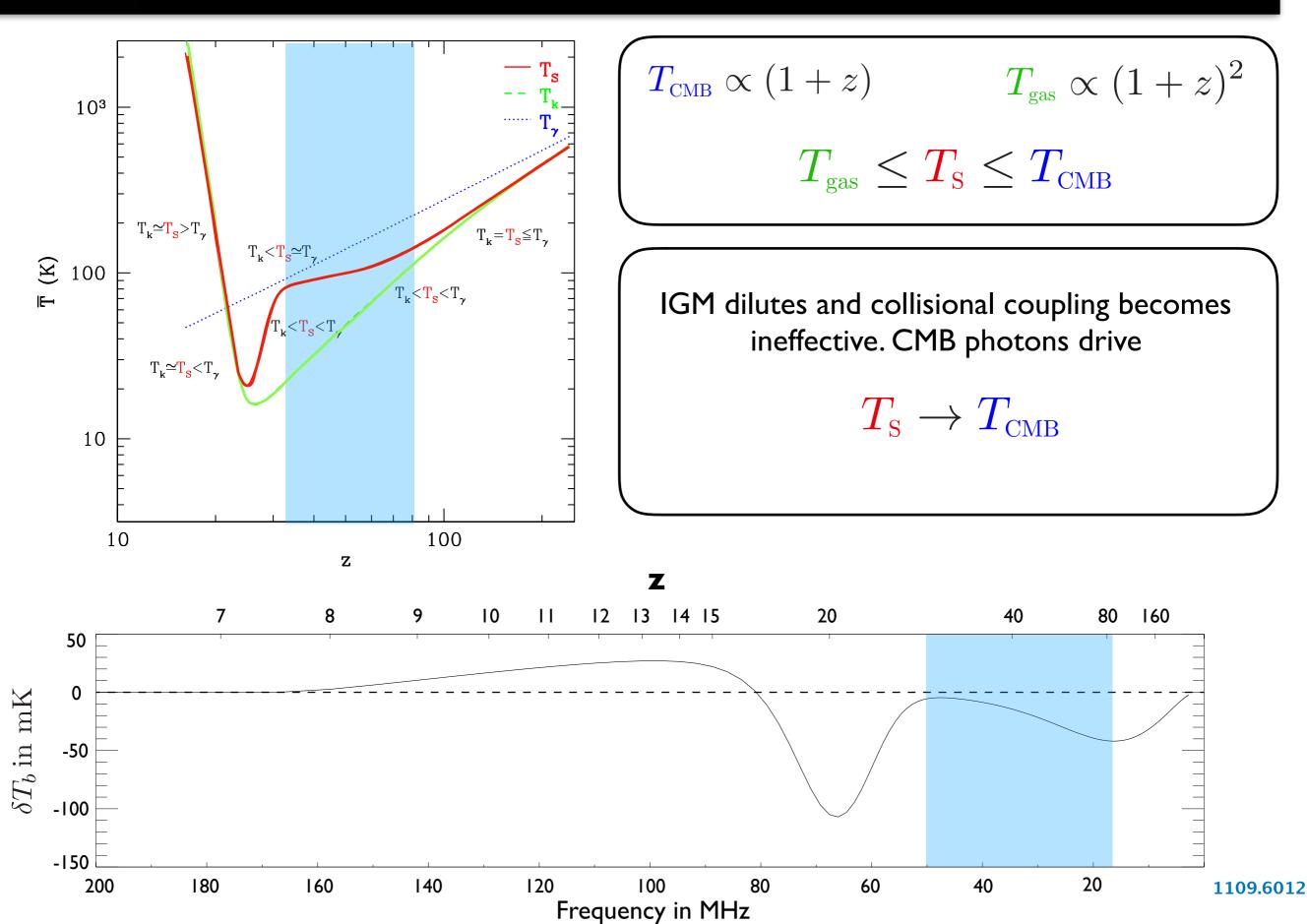
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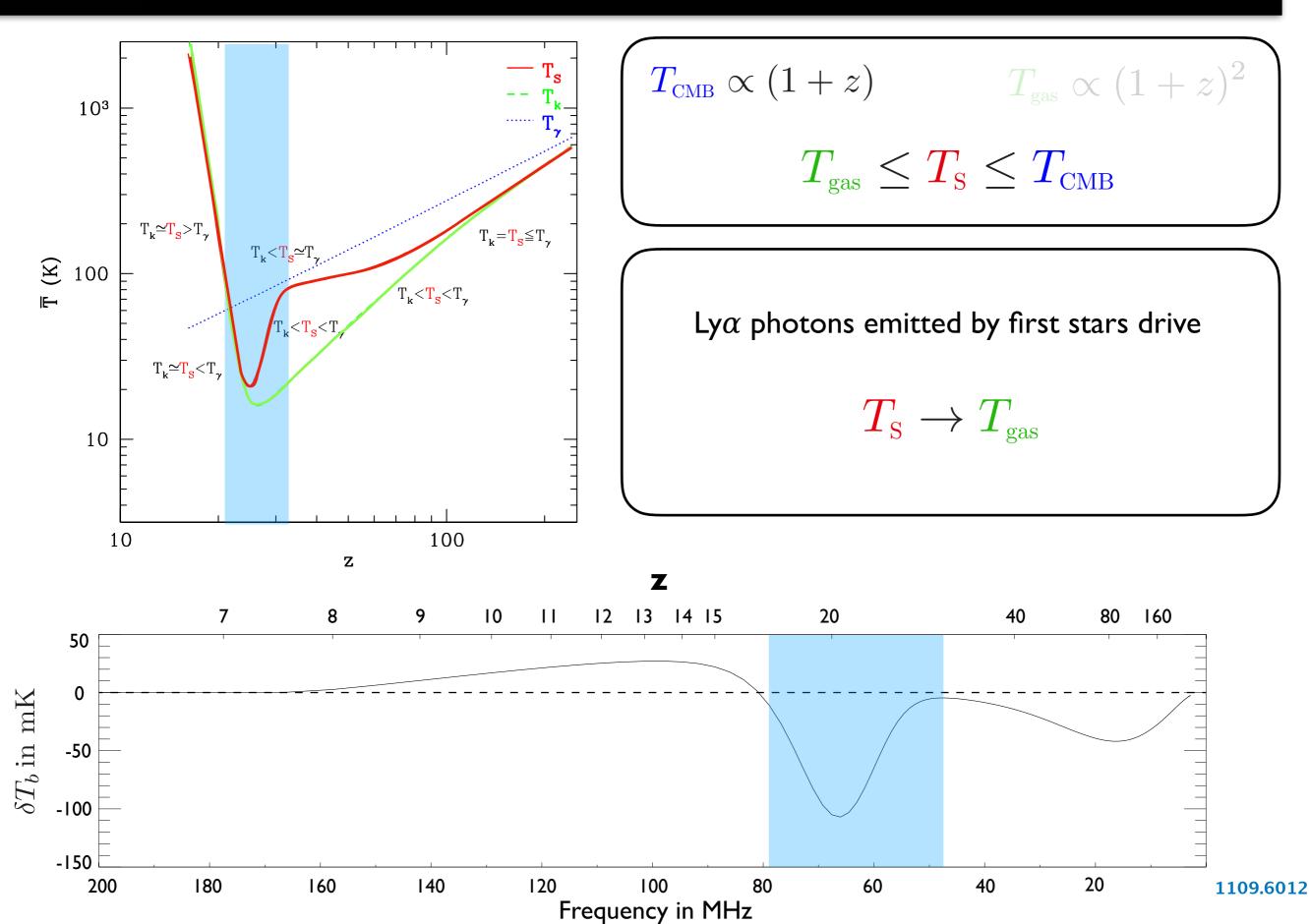


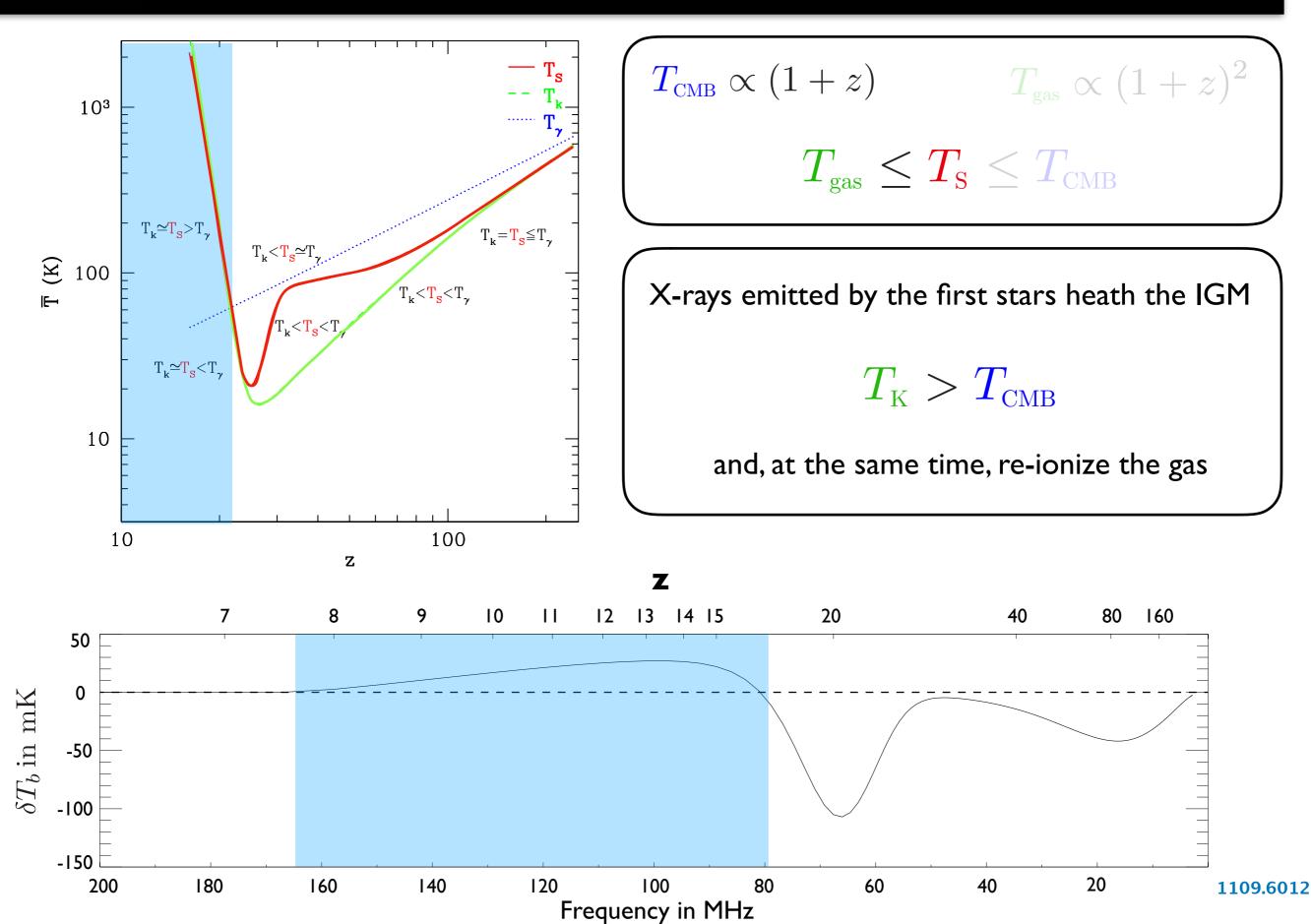
$$T_{\rm s}^{-1} = \frac{T_{\rm CMB}^{-1} + x_{\alpha}T_{\rm gas}^{-1} + x_{c}T_{\rm gas}^{-1}}{1 + x_{\alpha} + x_{c}}$$

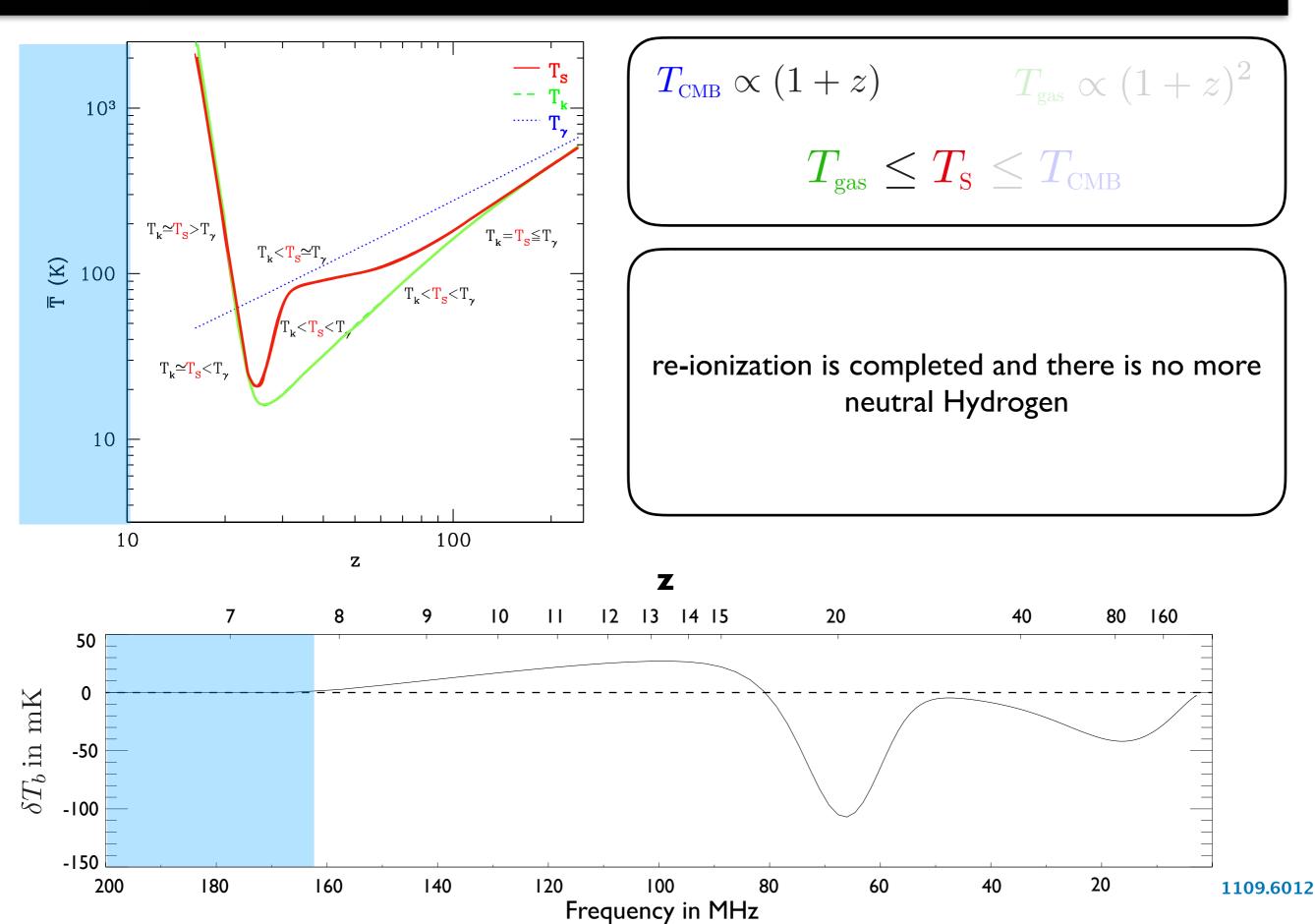






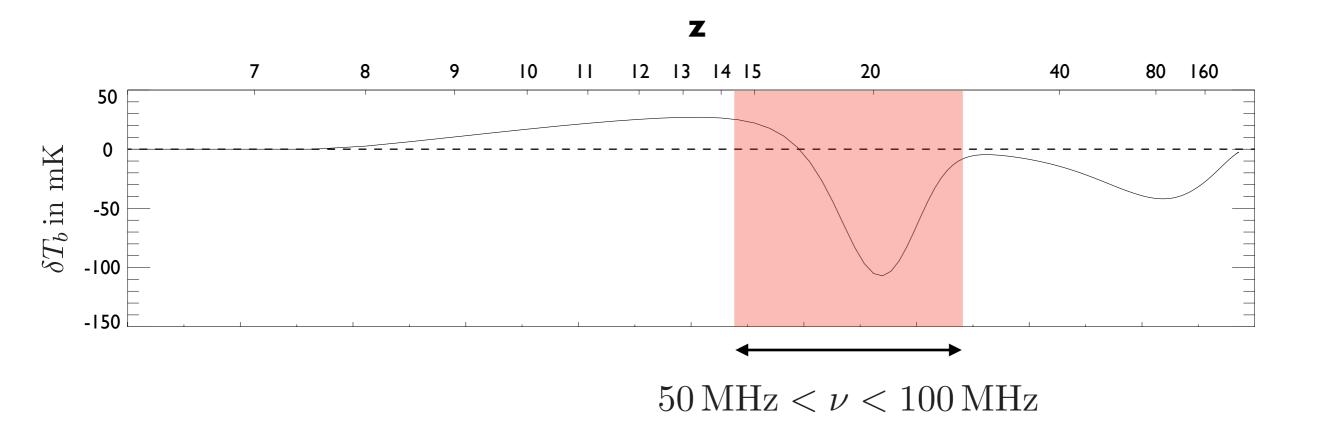






The EDGES result

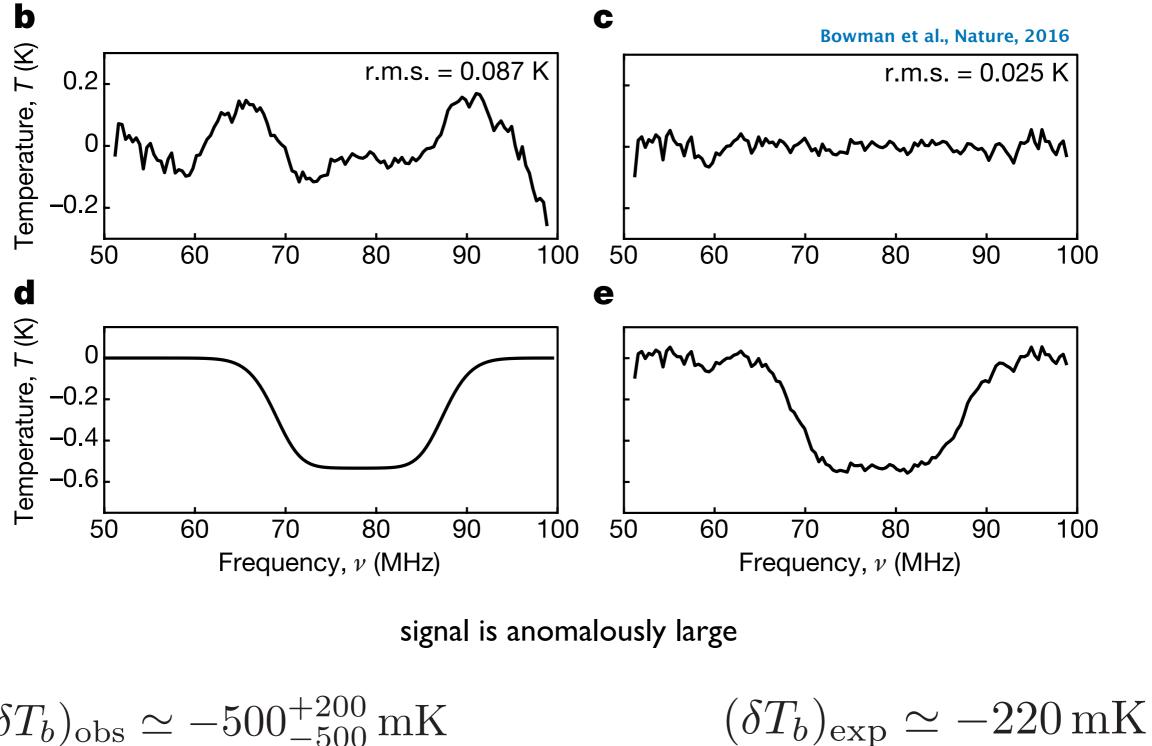
where EDGES is looking





what EDGES see

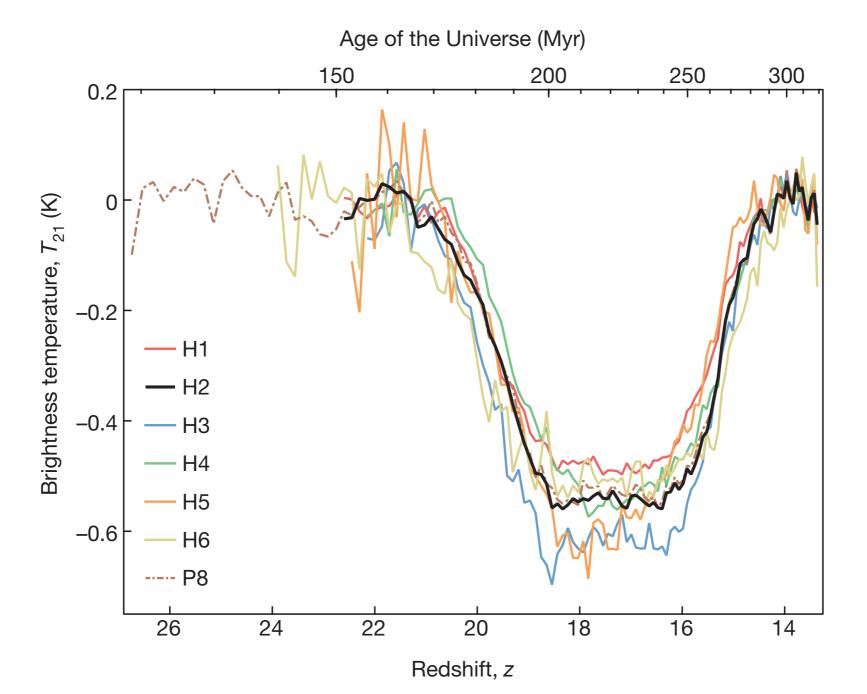
absorption feature centered around 78MHz



 $(\delta T_b)_{\rm obs} \simeq -500^{+200}_{-500} \,\mathrm{mK}$



or in terms of redshift around $\, {f z} \sim 17$



Bowman et al., Nature, 2016

How we put bounds

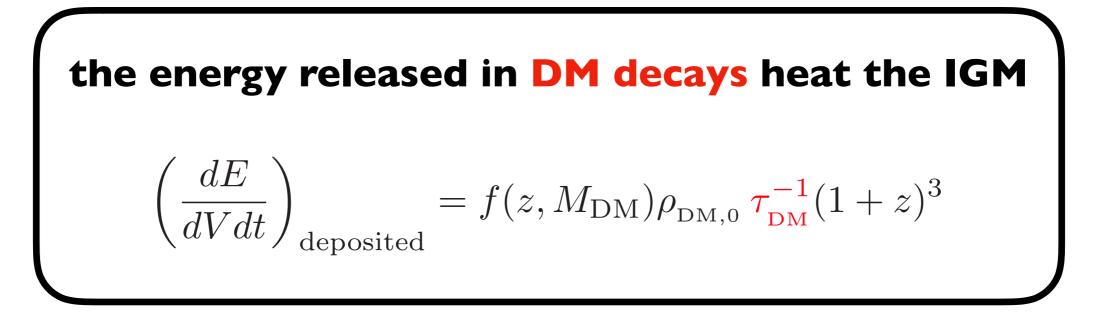
how DM gets in the game

the energy released in DM decays heat the IGM

$$\left(\frac{dE}{dVdt}\right)_{\text{deposited}} = f(z, M_{\text{DM}})\rho_{\text{DM,0}} \tau_{\text{DM}}^{-1} (1+z)^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dT_{\text{gas}}}{dz} &= \frac{1}{1+z} \Big[2T_{\text{gas}} - \gamma_{\text{C}} \left(T_{\text{CMB}}(z) - T_{\text{gas}} \right) \Big] + \\ &- \frac{1}{(1+z)H(z)} \frac{1+2x_e}{3n_{\text{H}}} \frac{2}{3\left(1+x_e+f_{\text{He}}\right)} \left(\frac{dE}{dVdt} \right)_{\text{deposited}} \end{aligned}$$

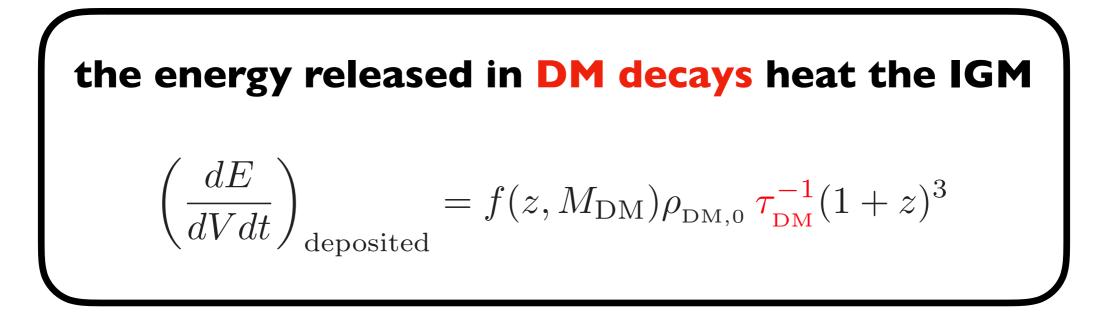
how DM gets in the game



adiabatic cooling

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dT_{\text{gas}}}{dz} = & \frac{1}{1+z} \left[2T_{\text{gas}} - \gamma_{\text{C}} \left(T_{\text{CMB}}(z) - T_{\text{gas}} \right) \right] + \\ & - \frac{1}{(1+z)H(z)} \frac{1+2x_e}{3n_{\text{H}}} \frac{2}{3\left(1+x_e+f_{\text{He}}\right)} \left(\frac{dE}{dVdt} \right)_{\text{deposited}} \end{aligned}$$

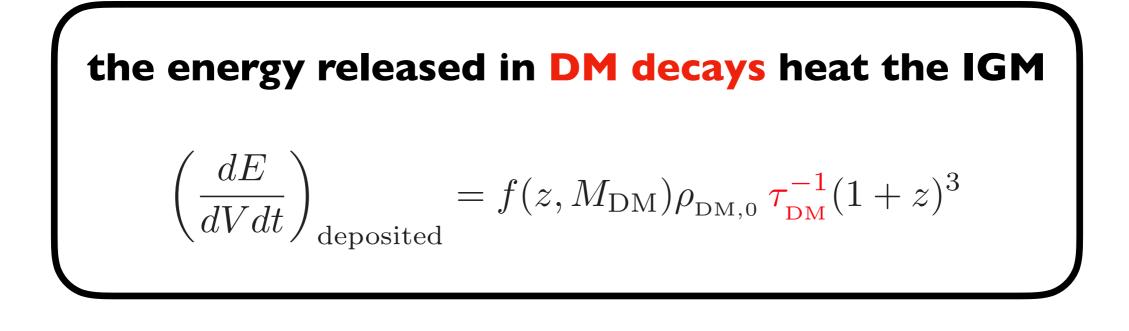
how DM gets in the game



Compton coupling

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dT_{\text{gas}}}{dz} = & \frac{1}{1+z} \left[2T_{\text{gas}} - \gamma_{\text{c}} \left(T_{\text{CMB}}(z) - T_{\text{gas}} \right) \right] + \\ & - \frac{1}{(1+z)H(z)} \frac{1+2x_e}{3n_{\text{H}}} \frac{2}{3\left(1+x_e+f_{\text{He}}\right)} \left(\frac{dE}{dVdt} \right)_{\text{deposited}} \end{aligned}$$

how DM gets in the game

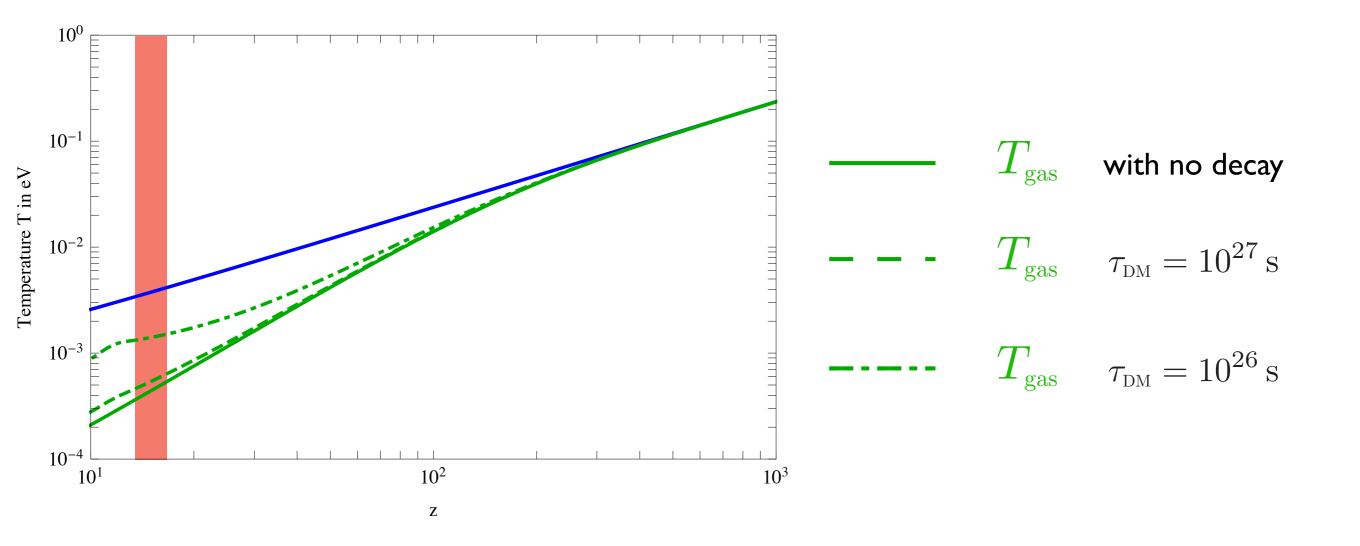


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DM decays

how DM gets in the game

the faster DM decays, the more it heats the IGM



$$\left|\delta T_b(\nu \approx 78 \,\mathrm{MHz})\right| \approx 36 \left|1 - \frac{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{CMB}}(\mathrm{z} \approx 17)}{\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{S}}(\mathrm{z} \approx 17)}\right| \,\mathrm{mK}$$

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m gas}$

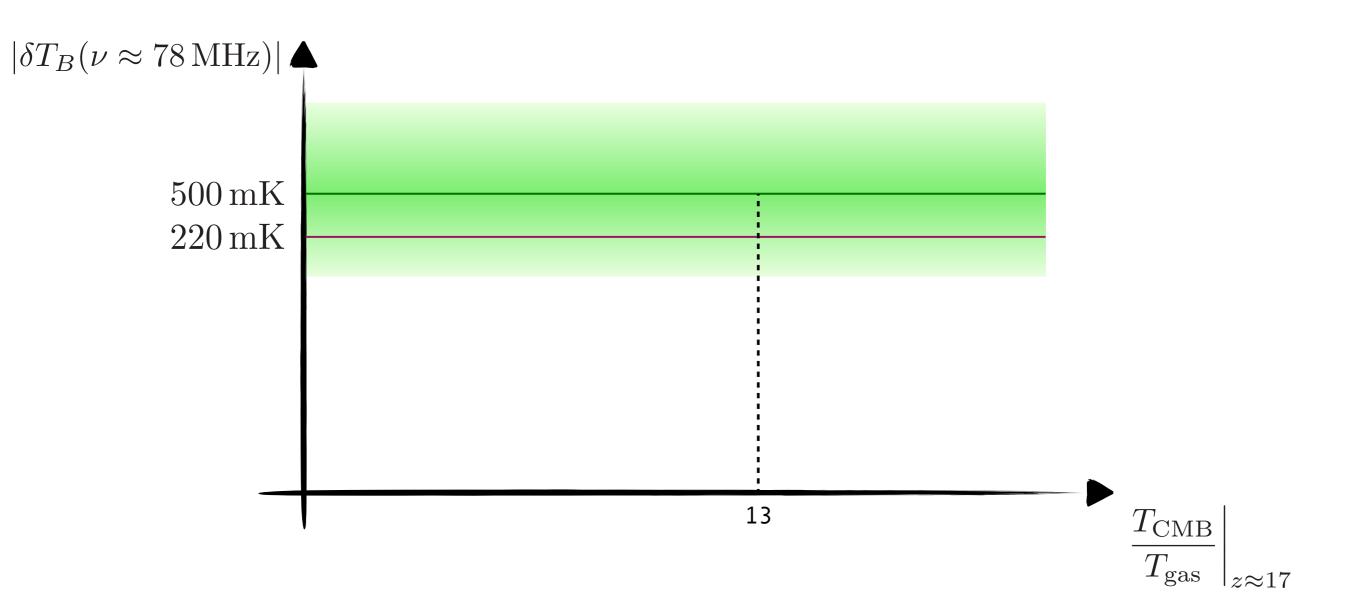
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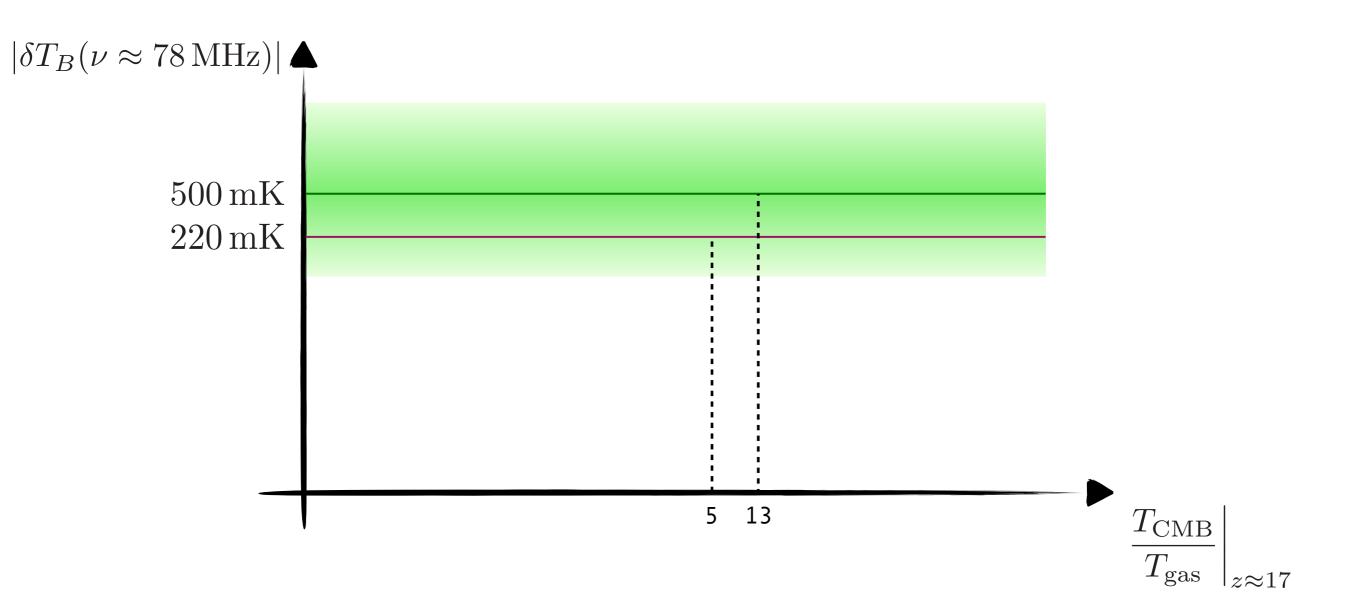
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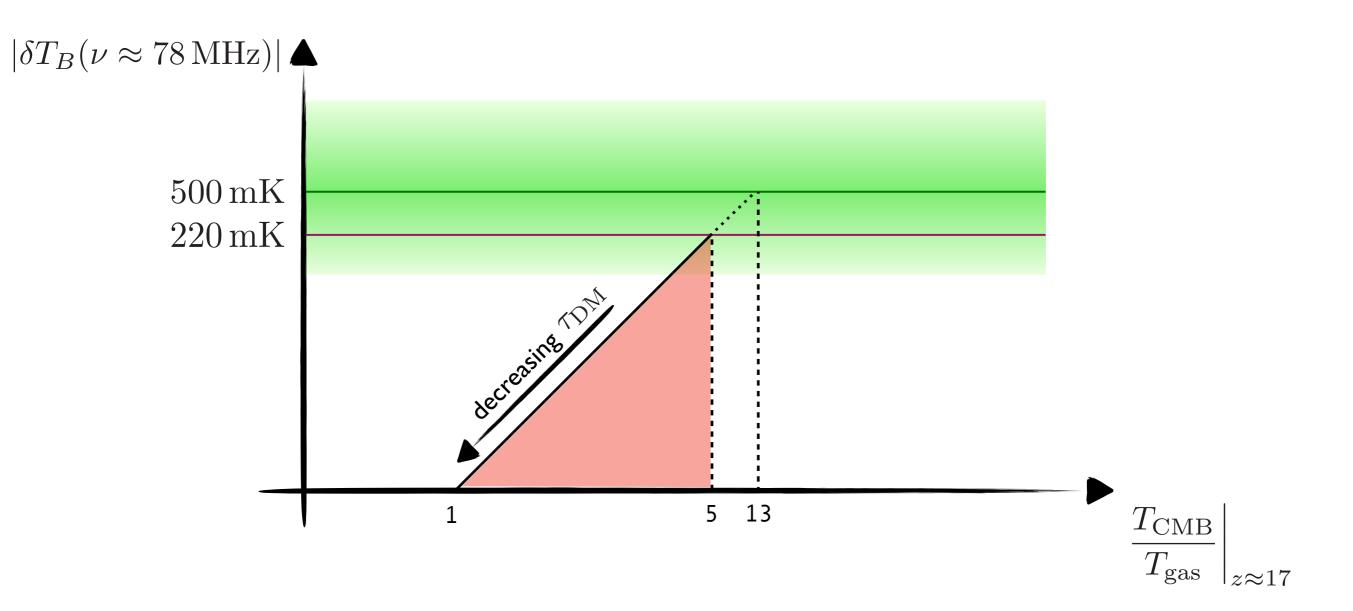
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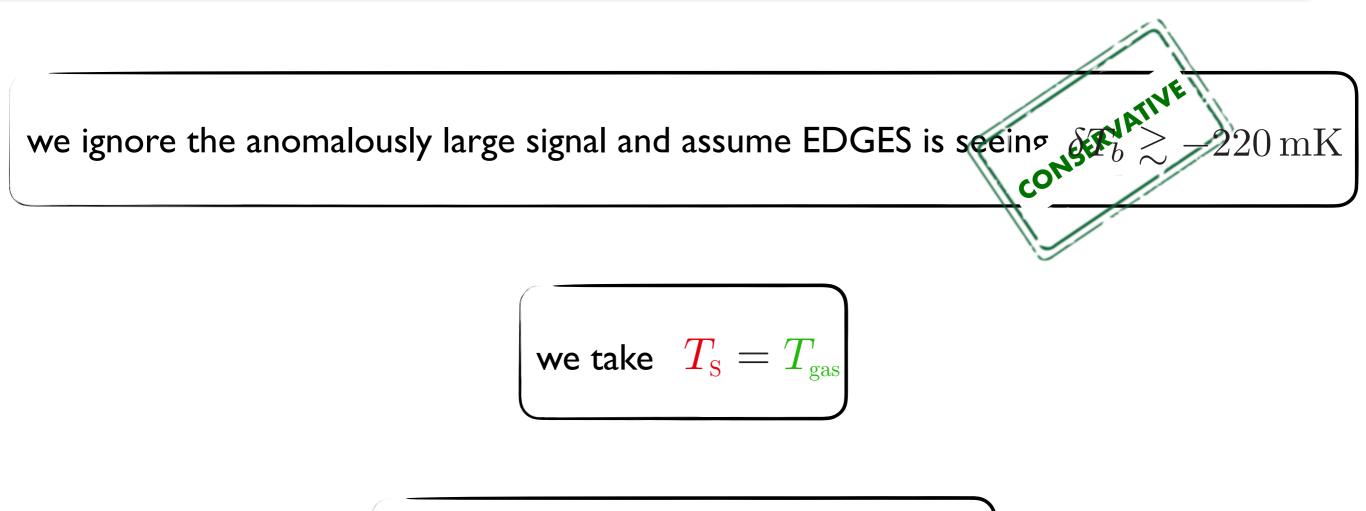


we ignore the anomalously large signal and assume EDGES is seeing $\,\delta T_b\gtrsim-220\,{
m mK}$

we take
$$\ T_{
m s} = T_{
m gas}$$

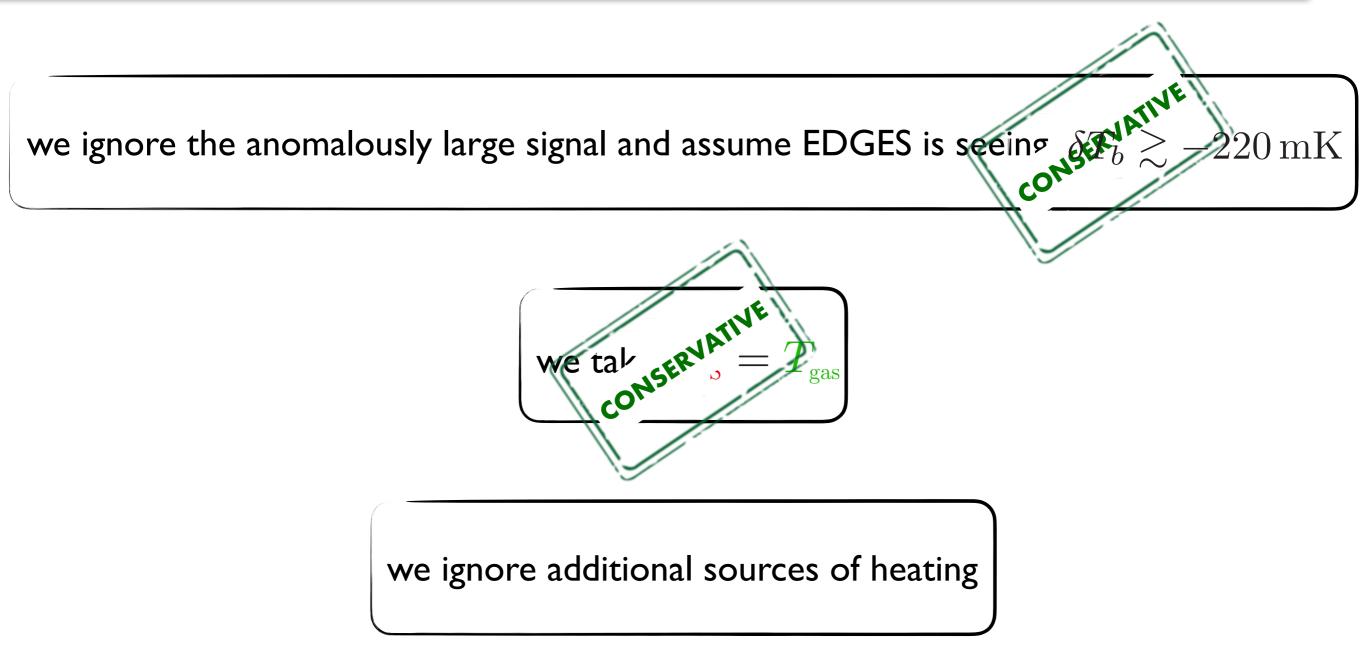
we ignore additional sources of heating

our assumptions

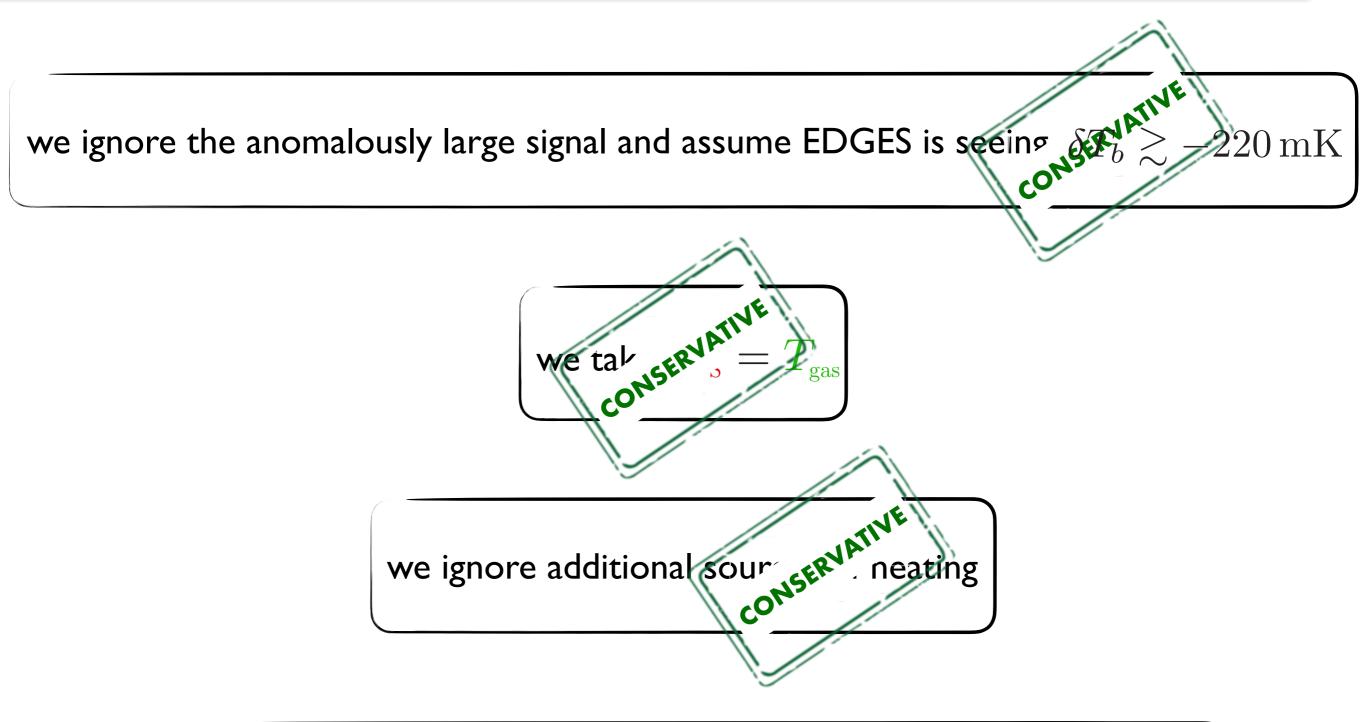


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our assumptions

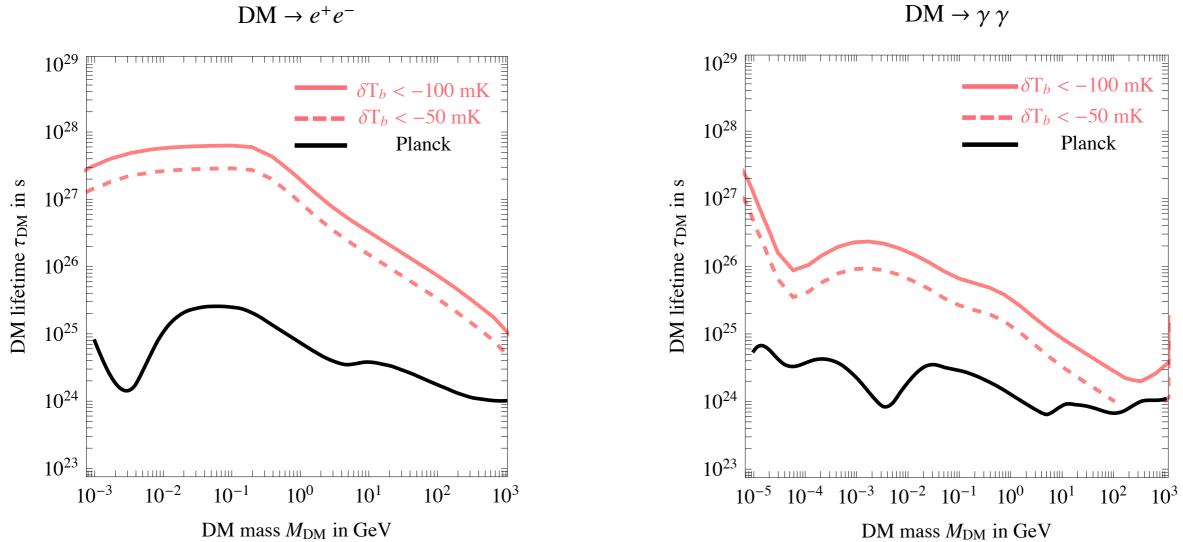


our assumptions we ignore the anomalously large signal and assume EDGES is seeing structure constructions and assume the anomalously large signal and assume the seeing seei $220\,\mathrm{mK}$ we tal conservative we ignore additional sour servative nea i neating NOT GENERAL we ignore additional source on standard cosmology

Our bounds



we require that DM decays do not reduce the signal by more than a factor 2 or 4





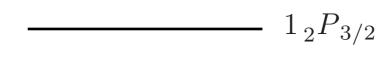
we are able to constraint τ_{DM} using the claimed observation of an absorption signal in the CMB spectrum

the bounds are competitive or stronger than the existing ones

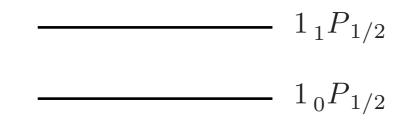
the bounds are free of astrophysical uncertainties

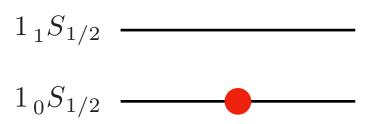
we are just starting to probe the dark ages, stay tuned!

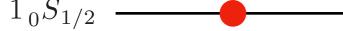


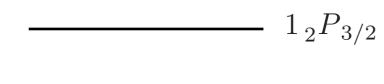


$$----- 1_1 P_{3/2}$$









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