DCH studies with FastSim

Matteo Rama Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati

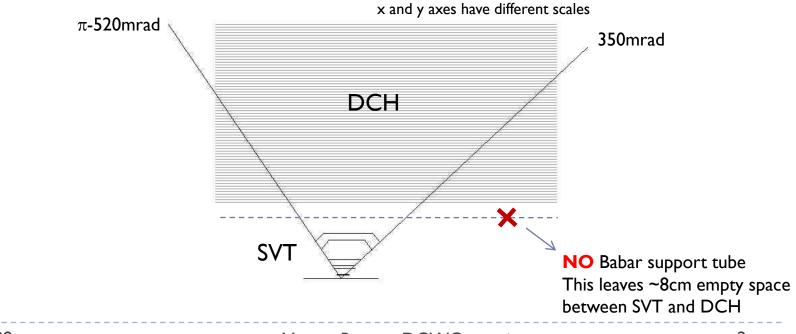
28 April 2009

Configurations

• Start with the current configuration in FastSim (default config. in the following)

DCH

- IO SuperLayers (4 cell layers per SL)
- inner wall: 23.6cm
- Axial/Stero+/Stereo- geometry
- spatial reso: I25μm
- SVT: Babar + L0



'Exercise' configurations

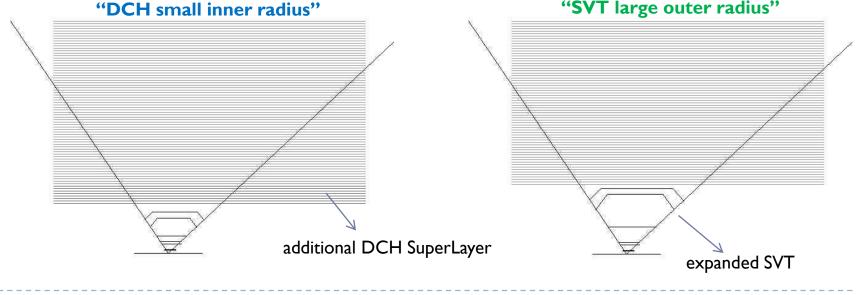
DCH:

- 10 SuperLayers (Babar) + inner SuperLayer (4 cell layers per SL)
- inner wall: 23.6cm \rightarrow 17cm
- Axial/Stereo+/Stereo-geometry
- spatial reso: 125µm
- SVT: Babar + L0

DCH: Babar

- 10 SL (4 cell layers per SL)
- inner wall: 23.6cm; spatial reso: 125µm
- SVT: Babar+L0 with
 - L3: 5.92cm→9.4cm
 - L4:12.22cm→20.6cm
 - L5:14.22cm→22.6cm
 - spatial reso. unchanged
 - silicon thickness unchanged

"SVT large outer radius"



Performance studies with different DCH+SVT configurations

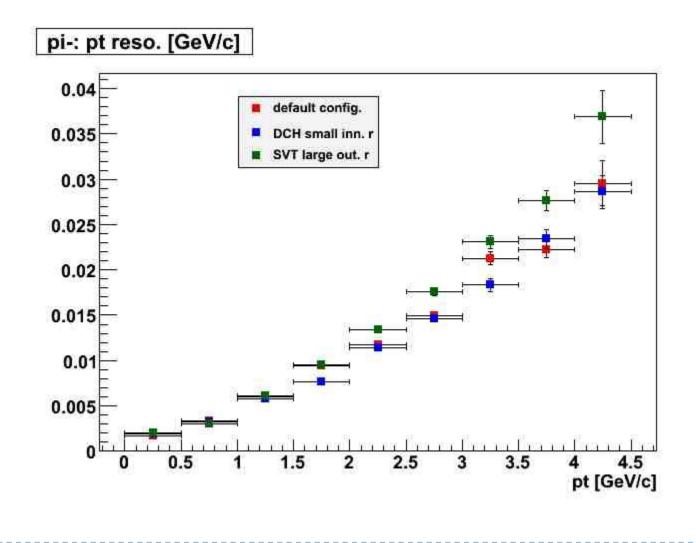
```
results in following slides are preliminary
```

Single particles

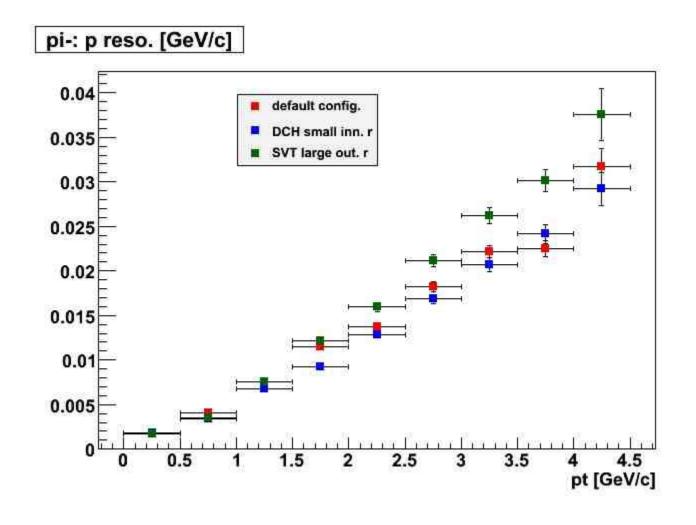
• single charged particles events: e, μ , π , K, protons with

- ▶ p in [0.05,4.5] GeV/c
- cosTheta in [-1,1]
- Phi in [0,2π]
- > pt, p, theta and phi resolutions in bins of pt

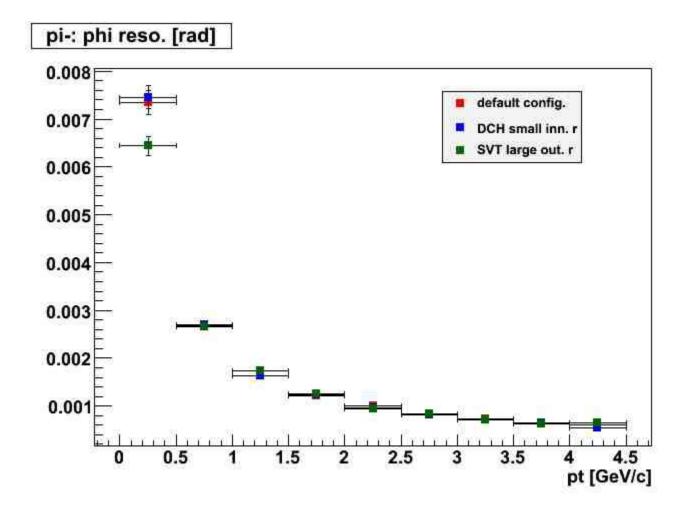
pt reso. vs. pt of pions



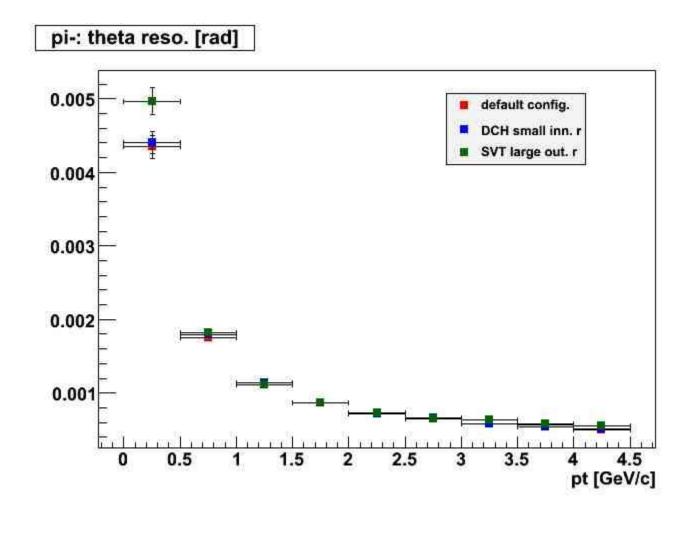
p reso. vs. pt of pions



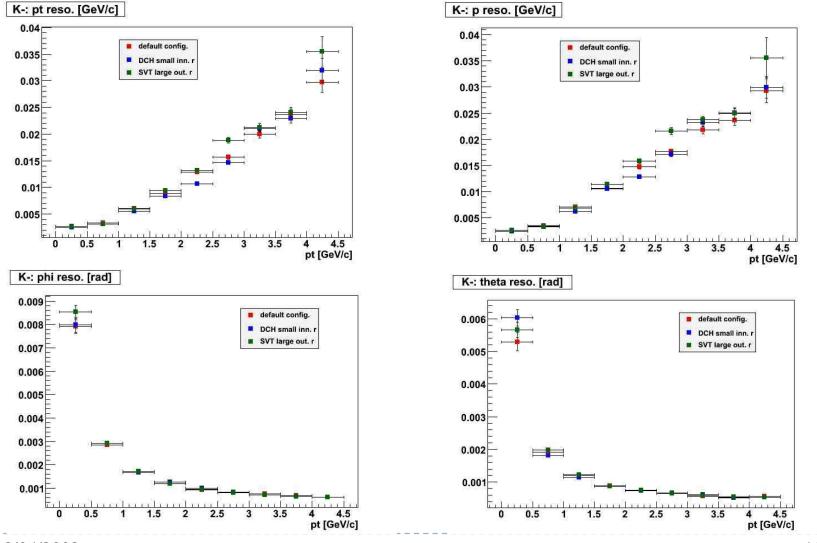
phi reso. vs. pt of pions



theta reso. vs. pt of pions

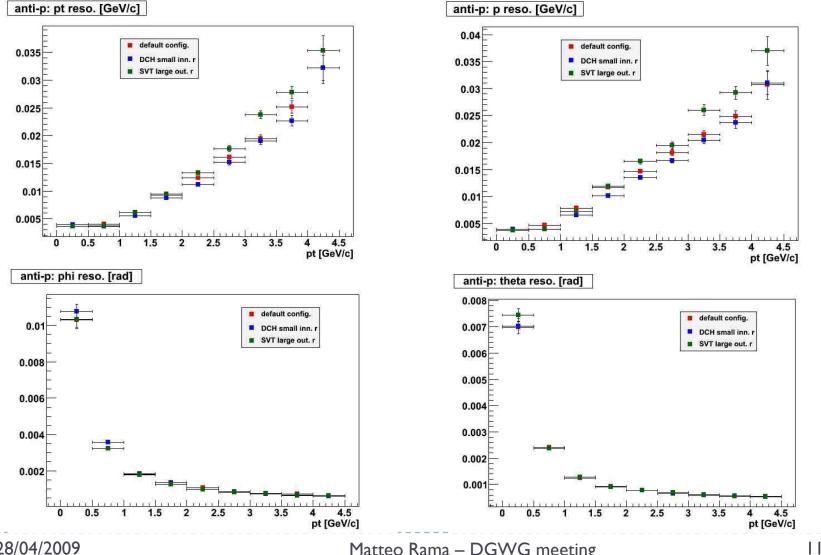


kaons



Matteo Rama – DGWG meeting

protons



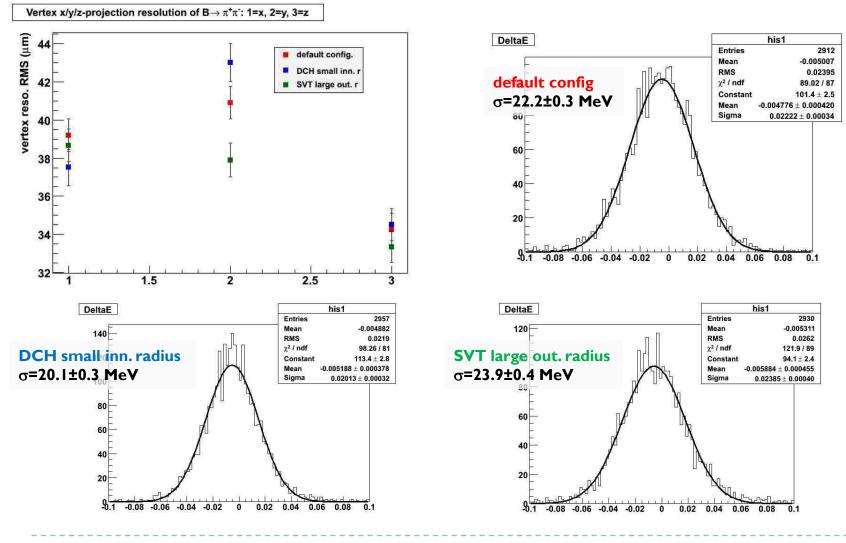
>28/04/2009

Matteo Rama – DGWG meeting

B reconstruction

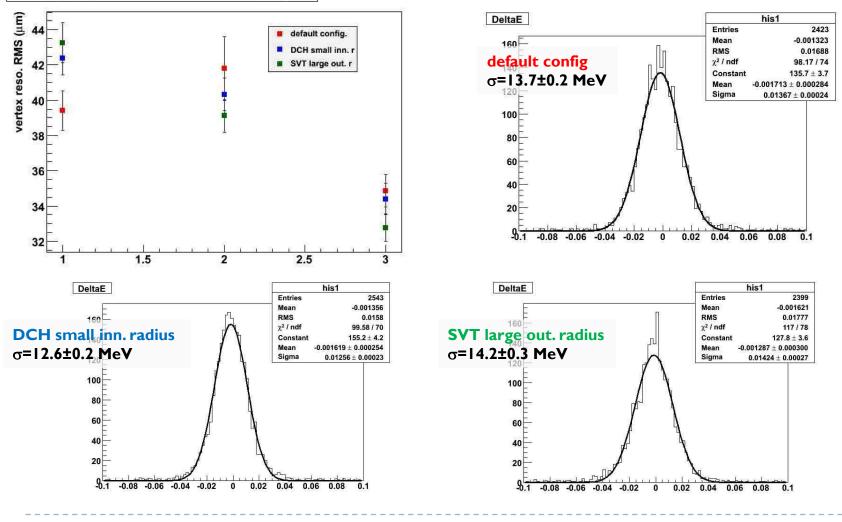
- Check how the configurations affect B reconstruction
- Consider 2 decay trees:
 - $\bullet B^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$
 - ► $B \rightarrow D^{*+}K^-$, $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0\pi^+$, $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$ (D⁰ mass constrained)
- \blacktriangleright Compare vertex resolutions and ΔE
- Note: the PmcMergeHits module was disabled in this tests because it requires some tuning. Therefore I expect that while the relative comparison of ∆E resolutions is meaningful, the absolute values are slightly underestimated

B reconstruction: $B \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$



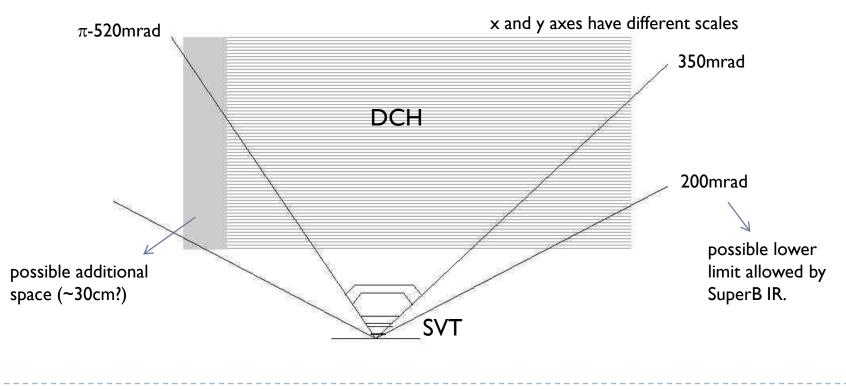
B reconstruction: $B \rightarrow D^{*-}K^+$

Vertex x/y/z-projection resolution of $B \rightarrow D^{\star}K^{\star}$: 1=x, 2=y, 3=z



Other configurations to explore

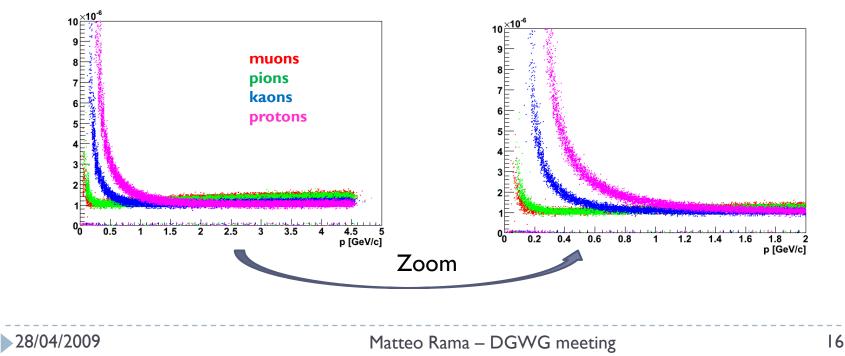
- There are other configurations to explore:
 - Change of DCH length (backward and forward)
 - Scan values of DCH inner radius till the vertex resolution worsens significantly
 - Explore the 200mrad scenario (see picture below)
 - Study/optimize internal DCH design (but formally this is not under DGWG's jurisdiction)



dE/dx measurement in FastSim

- Needed to build 'realistic' PID selectors required for optimization studies
- Presentation in Warwick: <u>http://agenda.infn.it/getFile.py/access?contribId=58&sessionId=36&resId=0&materialId=slides&confId=1118</u>
- Plan to commit dE/dx in May

Example of measured dE/dx vs. p in DCH (80:20 He-Ibu) for different particles



Summary and plans

Summary

- Tools to study the performance of different DCH configurations have been setup
- Development of dE/dx measurement in FastSim in progress

Short term plans

- Commit 1st version of dE/dx measurement in FastSim before next general meeting in Perugia
- Continue studying tracking performance of DCH configurations
 - Check prel. results shown today
 - Explore smaller DCH inner radii
 - Start studying the impact of changing the DCH length (backward and forward)
 - Explore the possibility of extending the ang. coverage to 200mrad
 - Possibly evaluate the impact on Breco (work in progress in FastSim/DGWG to setup the Brecoil-machinery)

meeting in
Perugia

possible for