Searches for squarks and gluinos with the ATLAS detector

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Introduction

- Supersymmetry at weak scale motivated by:
 - unification of forces
 - hierarchy problem
 - nature of Dark Matter
- Potential to discover partners for all Standard Model (SM) particles
- Light 3rd generation squarks motivated by naturalness
 - motivates also not too heavy gluinos
- High cross sections of strong production (depending on mass)



The ATLAS detector



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AtlasPublic/LuminosityPublicResultsRun2

- ATLAS is a multi-layer general-purpose detector at the LHC
- LHC Run 2 finished in 2018
- 139 fb⁻¹ of proton-proton collisions at a center-of-mass energy of 13 TeV ready to be analysed

Object reconstruction





Typical SUSY signatures:

- hadronic jets initiated by quarks or gluons; *b*-jets can be identified due to long lifetime of B-mesons
- sometimes leptons (only electrons and muons in this presentation)
- missing transverse energy (E_{T}^{miss}) as indicator for invisible particles

Strong production search program



Channel	Published	Dataset
0l + 2-4j	PRD 97 (2018) 112001	36 fb ⁻¹
0l + 7-11j	JHEP12 (2017) 034	36 fb ⁻¹
<mark>multi-b</mark>	ATLAS-CONF-2018-041	<mark>80 fb⁻¹</mark>
1l + 2-9j	PRD 96 (2017) 112010	36 fb ⁻¹
SFOS 2I	EPJC 78 (2018) 625	36 fb ⁻¹
SS/3L	ATLAS-CONF-2019-015	<mark>139 fb⁻¹</mark>
γ + jets	PRD 97 (2018) 092006	36 fb ⁻¹
τ + jets	PRD 99 (2019) 012009	36 fb ⁻¹











+ dedicated search program for 3rd generation squarks (more later)



Strong multi-b

ATLAS-CONF-2018-041

Decay channels:

 $\left.\begin{array}{c} \widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \, \overline{t} + \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \\ \widetilde{g} \rightarrow b \, \overline{b} + \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \end{array}\right\}$ $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \,\overline{b} + \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$

- via off-shell/on-shell 3rd generation squark
- via 3rd gen. squark & chargino
- Final state:
 - \geq 3 *b*-jets, up to 12 jets, E_{τ}^{miss}
 - 0 or 1 lepton
- Dominant background: $t \bar{t}$
- Cut-and-count and multi-bin signal regions dependent on jet and lepton multiplicity
- 1-lepton control regions with low $m_{\rm T}$ to normalise background to data (background-only fit), validation regions close to signal regions as cross check





events passing the 1-l preselection



Strong multi-b

ATLAS-CONF-2018-041



on-shell stop

- No excess observed
- Interpretation based on different assumptions for \tilde{g} , \tilde{t} / \tilde{b} , $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{0}$, $\tilde{\chi}_{1}^{\pm}$

squarks and gluinos @ATLAS

Exclusion limits based on multi-bin signal regions





SS/3L

ATLAS-CONF-2019-015

Decay channels:

$$\begin{split} &\widetilde{b}_{1} \rightarrow t W + \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \\ &\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \,\overline{t} + \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \\ &\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q \,\overline{q} W Z + \widetilde{\chi}_{1}^{0} \end{split}$$

- Final state:
 - \geq 2 same-sign leptons, \geq 6 jets, (E_{T}^{miss})
- Challenging backgrounds: WZ + jets, $t \bar{t} + W/Z$
 - high theory uncertainties
- Data-driven estimates for
 - fake/non-prompt leptons: matrix method
 - charge-flip electrons: weighted OS data





events passing loose preselection

squarks and gluinos @ATLAS

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SS/3L

ATLAS-CONF-2019-015

- More channels:
 - R-parity violating:

 $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \, \overline{t} \, \widetilde{\chi}_1^{0,} \, \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow 3 \, q$ $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow q \,\overline{q} \,\widetilde{\chi}_1^{0,} \widetilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow q q' l$ $\widetilde{g} \rightarrow t \widetilde{t}_{1}^{*}, \widetilde{t}_{1} \rightarrow qq'$

SR	N _ℓ	$N_{b ext{-jets}}^{(20 \text{ GeV})}$	$N_{\rm jets}$	$p_{\rm T}^{\rm jets}$ [GeV]	$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$ [GeV]	m _{eff} [GeV]	$E_{ m T}^{ m miss}/m_{ m eff}$	Targeted Model
Rpc2L1b	≥2	≥ 1	≥6	40	-	-	> 0.25	$ ilde{b}_1 o t ilde{\chi}_1^-$
Rpc2L2b	≥2	≥ 2	≥6	25	> 300	> 1400	> 0.14	$egin{array}{l} ilde{b}_1 ightarrow t ilde{\chi}_1^- \ ilde{g} ightarrow t ar{t} ilde{\chi}_1^0 / t ar{b} ilde{\chi}_1^- \end{array}$
Rpc2L0b	≥2	= 0	≥6	40	> 200	> 1000	> 0.2	$ ilde{g} o qar{q}' extsf{WZ} ilde{\chi}_1^0$
Rpc3LSS1b	≥3 (SS)	≥ 1	no	cut but veto	$81 < m_{e^{\pm}e^{\pm}} <$	101 GeV	> 0.14	$ ilde{t}_1 o t {\cal W}^\pm ({\cal W}^*) ilde{\chi}_1^0$
Rpv2L	≥ 2	≥ 0	\geq 6	40	_	> 2600	_	$egin{aligned} & ilde{g} ightarrow t ilde{t}_1^*, ilde{t}_1^* ightarrow qq' \; (\lambda'' eq 0) \ & ilde{g} ightarrow qq ilde{\chi}_1^0, ilde{\chi}_1^0 ightarrow qq' \ell \; (\lambda' eq 0) \ & ilde{g} ightarrow t ilde{t} ilde{\chi}_1^0, ilde{\chi}_1^0 ightarrow 3q \; (\lambda'' eq 0) \end{aligned}$

p $\lambda_{323}^{\prime\prime}$

3L: $\widetilde{t}_1 \rightarrow t W^{\pm}(W^*) \widetilde{\chi}_1^0$





SS/3L

ATLAS-CONF-2019-015



- No excess observed
- Limits for multiple scenarios including also 3rd generation squarks



Strong production summary plots



New updated summary plots coming soon! All results and summary plots on:

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/SupersymmetryPublicResults

3rd generation search program



Channel	Published	Dataset
Stop 0I	JHEP 12 (2017) 085	36 fb ⁻¹
Stop 1I	JHEP 06 (2018) 108 / <mark>ATLAS-CONF-2019-017</mark>	36 fb ⁻¹ / <mark>139 fb⁻¹</mark>
Stop 2I	PRD 97 (2018) 032003	36 fb ⁻¹
Stop to charm	JHEP 09 (2018) 050	36 fb ⁻¹
Stop to stau	PRD 98 (2018) 032008	36 fb ⁻¹
<mark>Stop to Z/h</mark>	ATLAS-CONF-2019-016	<mark>139 fb</mark> -1
Sbottom	EPJC 76 (2016) 547	36 fb ⁻¹
<mark>Sbottom with h</mark>	ATLAS-CONF-2019-011	<mark>139 fb</mark> -1
DM + HF	EPJC 78 (2018) 18	36 fb ⁻¹
tt spin correlation	arXiv:1903.07570	<mark>36 fb</mark> -1



m









+ more dedicated searches for R-parity violating scenarios (not in this presentation)

Challenging region $m(\tilde{t}) \sim m(t)$: - stop pair hardly distinguishable from top pair

Spin correlation

arXiv:1903.07570

- Top lifetime shorter than decorrelation time
 - spin correlated for top pair but not for decay products of stop pair
 - make use of angular variables between leptons







Sbottom with Higgs

ATLAS-CONF-2019-011

- Two scenarios considered:
 - fixed $\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) = 130 \,\text{GeV}$
 - fixed $m(\widetilde{\chi}_1^0) = 60 \,\text{GeV}$
- Final state: \geq 4 jets, \geq 3 *b*-jets, E_{τ}^{miss}
- Methods:
 - associate *b*-jets to Higgs candidates
 - if not possible, use E_{τ}^{miss} significance:

new method calculating significance of E_{τ}^{miss} with uncertainties of all objects:

ATLAS-CONF-2018-038

- Main backgrounds: $t \bar{t}, Z+jets$
 - normalised to data in 1-lepton / 2-lepton control regions





(s = 13 TeV. 139 fb⁻¹

SRC, post-fit



Events

Sbottom with Higgs

ATLAS-CONF-2019-011



3 signal regions

- SRA: "bulk" region, bins in m_{eff}
- SRB: ISR selection
- SRC: bins in E_{T}^{miss} significance
- No excess observed
- New exclusion limits for both scenarios



m

Stop to Z/h

ATLAS-CONF-2019-016

- Two scenarios considered:
- Final state:
 - ≥ 3 leptons, 2 same-flavor opposite sign with $m_{ll} \sim m(Z)$
 - \geq 3 jets, E_{T}^{miss}
- 2 signal regions for each scenario
 - targeting high/low $\Delta m(\chi_2^0, \widetilde{\chi}_1^0)$ and $\Delta m(\widetilde{t}_2, \widetilde{\chi}_1^0)$
- Main backgrounds: $t \overline{t} + Z$, multi-boson
 - normalised to data in low- E_{T}^{miss} control regions
 - leading systematic uncertainty
- Fake and non-prompt lepton estimated with matrix method
- Validation regions for all backgrounds









Stop to Z/h

ATLAS-CONF-2019-016





- Multi-bin signal regions
- No excess found
- New limits in both scenarios



2

m

Control region for background normalisation and and validation region both orthogonal in NN discriminator

1 lepton -Neural network (NN) design to distinguish

Targeting region $\Delta m(\tilde{t}_1, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) < m(t)$

 \geq 4 jets, \geq 1 *b*-jet, E_{τ}^{miss}

3-body stop

ATLAS-CONF-2019-017

Final state:

- from background:
 - jet 4-vectors + 12 other variables
 - trained with truth-smeared signal samples for larger statistics
- Main background: $t \bar{t}$ (di-leptonic with missed lepton)







No excess observed

- 10-bin fit in SR
- Large improvement of exclusion limits in $\tilde{t}_1 \tilde{\chi}_0^1$ plane





ATLAS-CONF-2019-017



3rd generation summary plots



New updated summary plots coming soon!

All results and summary plots on:

https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/AtlasPublic/SupersymmetryPublicResults

Conclusion

- Broad search program for squarks and gluinos @ATLAS First results with full Run 2 dataset public!
 - updated results of previous searches
 - new scenarios in difficult phase space / longer decay-chains considered
 - new methods used
- No excess above Standard Model expectation observed
- New exclusion limits
- In simplified models, e.g.:
 - gluinos (into top/bottom pair) up to 2.2 TeV
 - sbottoms (with Higgs) up to 1.45 TeV
 - stops (3-body decay) up to 720 GeV
- And more incoming, stay tuned!





Strong multi-b

Gtt 1-lepton								
Criteria con	Criteria common to all regions: ≥ 1 signal lepton, $N_{b-jets} \geq 3$							
Targeted kinematics	Туре	N _{jet}	m_{T}	$m_{\mathrm{T,min}}^{b ext{-jets}}$	$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$	$m_{\rm eff}^{\rm incl}$	M_J^{Σ}	
Region B	SR	≥ 5	> 150	> 120	> 500	> 2200	> 200	
(Boosted, Large Δm)	CR	= 5	< 150	-	> 300	> 1700	> 150	
Region M	SR	≥ 6	> 150	> 160	> 450	> 1800	> 200	
(Moderate Δm)	CR	= 6	< 150	-	> 400	> 1500	> 100	
Region C	SR	≥ 7	> 150	> 160	> 350	> 1000	_	
$(Compressed, sman \Delta m)$	CR	= 7	< 150	-	> 350	> 1000	-	

Gtt 0-lepton

Targeted kinematics	Туре	N _{lepton}	N _{b-jets}	Njet	$\Delta \phi_{ m min}^{ m 4j}$	m_{T}	$m_{\mathrm{T,min}}^{b ext{-jets}}$	$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$	$m_{ m eff}^{ m incl}$	M_J^{Σ}
Region B	SR	= 0	≥ 3	≥ 7	> 0.4	-	> 60	> 350	> 2600	> 300
(Boosted, Large Δm)	CR	= 1	≥ 3	≥ 6	-	< 150	-	> 275	> 1800	> 300
Region M	SR	= 0	≥ 3	≥ 7	> 0.4	-	> 120	> 500	> 1800	> 200
(Moderate Δm)	CR	= 1	≥ 3	≥ 6	-	< 150	-	> 400	> 1700	> 200
Region C	SR	= 0	≥ 4	≥ 8	> 0.4	-	> 120	> 250	> 1000	> 100
(Compressed, moderate Δm)	CR	= 1	≥ 4	≥ 7	-	< 150	-	> 250	> 1000	> 100
					Chb					

					Gbb				
		(Criteria c	ommon t	o all regio	ons: N _{jet}	≥ 4		
Targeted kinematics	Туре	N _{lepton}	N _{b-jets}	$\Delta \phi_{ m min}^{ m 4j}$	m_{T}	$m^{b ext{-jets}}_{\mathrm{T,min}}$	$E_{\mathrm{T}}^{\mathrm{miss}}$	$m_{\rm eff}$	Others
Region B	SR	= 0	≥ 3	> 0.4	_	-	> 400	> 2800	-
(Boosted, Large Δm)	CR	= 1	≥ 3	-	< 150	-	> 400	> 2500	-
Region M (Moderate Δm)	SR	= 0	≥ 4	> 0.4	_	> 90	> 450	> 1600	-
	CR	= 1	≥ 4	-	< 150	-	> 300	> 1600	-
Region C	SR	= 0	≥ 4	> 0.4	-	> 155	> 450	-	-
(Compressed, small Δm)	CR	= 1	≥ 4	-	< 150	-	> 375	-	-
Region VC (Very Compressed, very small Δm)	SR	= 0	≥ 3	> 0.4	-	> 100	> 600	-	$p_{T}^{j_1} > 400, j_1 \neq b,$
	CR	= 1	≥ 3	-	< 150	-	> 600	-	$\Delta \phi^{j_1} > 2.5$

Dominant systematic uncertainties varying in each signal bin:

- Jet energy scale: 0.5% 15%
- Jet energy resolution: 1% 19%
- b-tagging efficiency / misstagging rate: 1% - 7%
- single-top modelling uncertainties: 4-35%
- W/Z+jets factorisation and renormalisation: 0-50%

2

Strong multi-b – exclusions







 Different visualisation methods in multi-parameter phase space m

SS/3L





05.06.2019

Systematics: - cross section uncertainty of VV, $t\bar{t}+W/Z/H$ processes

- factorisation and renormalisation scales from generator-provided up/down weights
- modelling uncertainties obtained by comparing with alternative generators/same generator with different event tune
- overall: 35-45% $t \bar{t} + W$, 25-45% $t \bar{t} + Z$, 40-45% W Z
- Matrix method:

SS/3L

- F/NP leptons usually filtered out by lepton isolation criteria
- Loosen criteria, measure how many leptons pass this and the nominal (tight) lepton selection
- Obtain probabilities from MC events
- 30-80% uncertainty on probability

$$\begin{pmatrix} N^{tt} \\ N^{t\bar{t}} \\ N^{t\bar{t}} \\ N^{\bar{t}\bar{t}} \\ N^{\bar{t}\bar{t}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 r_2 & r_1 f_2 & f_1 r_2 & f_1 f_2 \\ r_1 \tilde{r}_2 & r_1 \tilde{f}_2 & f_1 \tilde{r}_2 & f_1 \tilde{f}_2 \\ \tilde{r}_1 r_2 & \tilde{r}_1 f_2 & \tilde{f}_1 r_2 & \tilde{f}_1 f_2 \\ \tilde{r}_1 \tilde{r}_2 & \tilde{r}_1 \tilde{f}_2 & \tilde{f}_1 \tilde{r}_2 & \tilde{f}_1 \tilde{f}_2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} N^{tt}_{rr} / (r_1 r_2) \\ N^{tt}_{rf} / (r_1 f_2) \\ N^{tt}_{fr} / (f_1 r_2) \\ N^{tt}_{ff} / (f_1 r_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

t: passes tight criteria, \overline{t} : does not pass tight criteriar: real lepton,f: fake lepton



Spin correlation

- Selection:
 - inclusive: 2 OFOS leptons, \geq 2 jets, \geq 1 b-jet
- Unfolding procedure: Background-substracted data are corrected for detector acceptance and resolution effects.
- Systematic uncertainties:
 - t t modelling: matrix-element generator, hadronisation and parton-shower model, amount of ISR/FSR, choice of PDF set
 - normalisation of other backgrounds
 - only small detector uncertainties





Sbottom with Higgs

Decay hierarchy predicted in MSSM, when: is lightest neutral boson, LSP is bino-like, $\tilde{\chi}_{2}^{0}$ is wino-higgsino mixture

SRB Target



- "bulk" region
- all objects high p_τ and resolved
- *max-min* method: remove bjets most likely from sbottoms (pair with max ΔR), then find Higgs candidate (pair with min ΔR)
- use lower bound on invariant mass of Higgs candidate



- soft b-jets from sbottoms
- use ISR-like selection
- reconstruct two Higgs candidates with high ΔR

p-iets from $ilde{b}_1$ decays

p-jets from h decays

use mass window around Higgs mass for avg. cand. mass



- "compressed" region, small $\Delta m(\widetilde{b}_1, \widetilde{\chi}_2^0)$, $m(\widetilde{\chi}_1^0)=60 \,\text{GeV}$
- soft b-jets from sbottoms
- require lower b-multiplicity
- visible and invisible hemisphere
- more Z+jets background



Sbottom with Higgs

- Dominating systematic uncertainties:
 - experimental: jet energy scale & jet energy resolution, b-tagging efficiency and mis-tagging (dominant in SRC)
 - theoretical: top quark pair and Z+jets modelling

Region	SRA	SRB	SRC
Total background expectation	17.1	3.3	37.9
Total background error	2.8~(16%)	0.9~(27%)	6.2~(16%)
Systematic, experimental Systematic, theoretical Statistical, MC samples	$\begin{array}{c} 1.4 \ (8\%) \\ 2.3 \ (13\%) \\ 0.7 \ (4\%) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.3 \ (10\%) \\ 0.6 \ (18\%) \\ 0.4 \ (12\%) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.0 \ (8\%) \\ 3.2 \ (8\%) \\ 2.0 \ (5\%) \end{array}$





$$S^{2} = 2 \ln \left(\frac{\max_{\boldsymbol{p}_{T}^{\text{inv}} \neq \boldsymbol{o}} \mathcal{L}(\boldsymbol{E}_{T}^{\text{miss}} | \boldsymbol{p}_{T}^{\text{inv}})}{\max_{\boldsymbol{p}_{T}^{\text{inv}} = \boldsymbol{o}} \mathcal{L}(\boldsymbol{E}_{T}^{\text{miss}} | \boldsymbol{p}_{T}^{\text{inv}})} \right)$$



Stop to Z/h





	SR_{1A}	SR _{1B}	SR _{2A}	SR _{2E}
Total systematic uncertainty (%)	13	13	29	15
Diboson theoretical uncertainties (%)	2	3	11	5
$t\bar{t}Z$ theoretical uncertainties (%)	3	6	4	5
Other theoretical uncertainties (%)	6	9	2	ç
MC and FNP statistical uncertainties (%)	6	<1	14	7
Diboson fitted normalisation (%)	2	3	11	6
$t\bar{t}Z$ fitted normalisation (%)	5	9	2	7
Fake/non-prompt leptons efficiency (%)	4	<1	14	2
Jet energy resolution (%)	4	3	2	2
Jet energy scale (%)	1	4	<1	1
b-tagging (%)	3	5	1	4



Recurrent neural network

6%)

Sominant systematic uncertainty: $t t$ hadronisation/fragmentation (16)

	(RNN)	
Input variable	Description	
$\begin{bmatrix} E_{\rm T}^{\rm miss} \\ \phi(\vec{p}_{\rm rr}^{\rm miss}) \end{bmatrix}$	Missing transverse energy Azimuthal angle of the \vec{n}_{m}^{miss}	A Shallow heura a network NN
$\begin{pmatrix} \varphi(p_{\Gamma}) \\ m_{T} \\ \Delta \phi(\ell, \vec{p}_{T}^{miss}) \end{pmatrix}$	Transverse mass Azimuthal angle between \vec{p}_{T}^{miss} and lepton	- Hethert bw
$\begin{bmatrix} -\varphi(0, p_1) \\ m_{\text{bl}} \\ n^{b_{jet}} \end{bmatrix}$	Invariant mass of leading b-tagged jet and lepton Transverse momentum of the leading b-tagged jet	
$\begin{array}{c} P_{\mathrm{T}} \\ n_{\mathrm{jet}} \\ m \end{array}$	Jet multiplicity Number of h togged jet $@.77\%$	
$ \begin{array}{c} n_{b-\text{tag}} \\ p_{\mathrm{T}}(\ell) \\ \end{array} $	Transverse momentum of lepton	
$\left \begin{array}{c}\eta(\ell)\\\phi(\ell)\end{array}\right $	Azimuthal angle of lepton	
$E(\ell)$	Energy of lepton	

►

3-body stop

Jet 4-vectors (up to 8)

MC samples

Process	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Generator} \\ + \text{ fragmentation/hadronization} \end{array}$	Tune	PDF set	Cross-section order
Gbb/Gtb/Gtt	MadGraph5_aMC@NLO-2.2.2 + Pythia v8.186	A14	NNPDF2.3	NLO+NLL [30,31,32,33,34,35]
$tar{t}$	Роwнед-Вох v2 + Рүтніа-8.230	A14	NNPDF3.0	NNLO+NNLL [36]
Single top Wt-channel (s/t)	Powheg-Box v1 (v2) + Pythia-6.428 (-8.230)	PERUGIA2012	CT10	NNLO+NNLL [37,38,39]
$tar{t}W/tar{t}Z$	MadGraph5_aMC@NLO-2.2.2 + Pythia-8.186	A14	NNPDF2.3	NLO [40]
$4 ext{-tops}$	MadGraph-2.2.2 + Pythia-8.186	A14	NNPDF2.3	NLO [40]
$t ar{t} H$	MadGraph5_aMC@NLO-2.2.1 + Herwig++-2.7.1	UEEE5	CT10	NLO [41]
$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{Dibosons} \\ WW, WZ, ZZ \end{array}$	Sherpa-2.2.1	Default	NNPDF3.0	NLO [42,43]
$W/Z{+ m jets}$	Sherpa-2.2.1	Default	NNPDF3.0	NNLO [44]

strong multi-b

REIBURG

Physics process	Generator	Parton shower	Cross-section	PDF set	Tune
			normalisation		
SUSY Signals	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.6.2 [31]	Pythia 8.212 [32]	NNLO+NNLL [33,34,35,36,37]	NNPDF2.3LO [38]	A14 [39]
$t\bar{t}Z/\gamma^*, t\bar{t}W$	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.3.3	Pythia 8.210	NLO [31]	NNPDF2.3LO	A14
Diboson	Sherpa 2.2.2 [40]	Sherpa 2.2.2	Generator NLO	NNPDF3.0NNLO [41]	Sherpa default
$t\bar{t}h$	Powheg v2 [42]	Pythia 8.230	NLO [43]	NNPDF2.3LO	A14
Wh, Zh	Pythia 8.186 [44]	Pythia 8.186	NLO [43]	NNPDF2.3LO	A14
$t\bar{t}WW, t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.2.2	Pythia 8.186	NLO [31]	NNPDF2.3LO	A14
$t\bar{t}t$	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.2.2	Pythia 8.186	LO	NNPDF2.3LO	A14
tZ	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.3.3	Pythia 8.186	LO	NNPDF2.3LO	A14
tWZ	MG5_AMC@NLO 2.3.3	Pythia 8.212	Generator NLO	NNPDF2.3LO	A14
Triboson	Sherpa 2.2.2	Sherpa 2.2.2	Generator NLO	NNPDF3.0NNLO	Sherpa default

stop with Z

Detector uncertainties





- Jet energy scale (top left), jet energy resolution (top right) and btagging efficiencies.
- JETM-2018-006, JETM-2018-005, ATLAS-CONF-2018-045

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