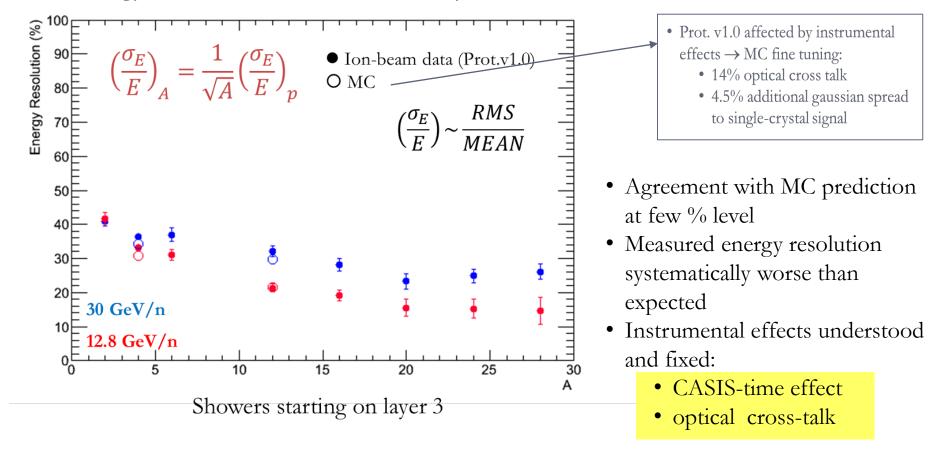
SPS 2013-02

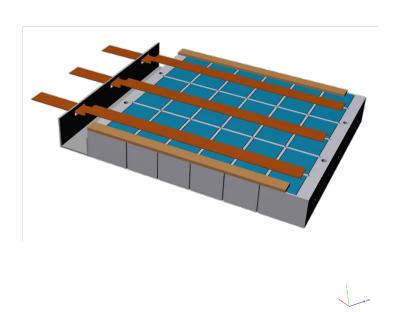


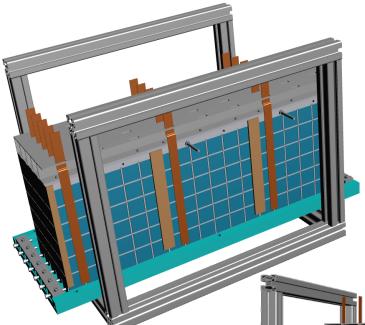
Energy resolution for showers induced by ions



INFN Ur

Prototype upgrade (v2)





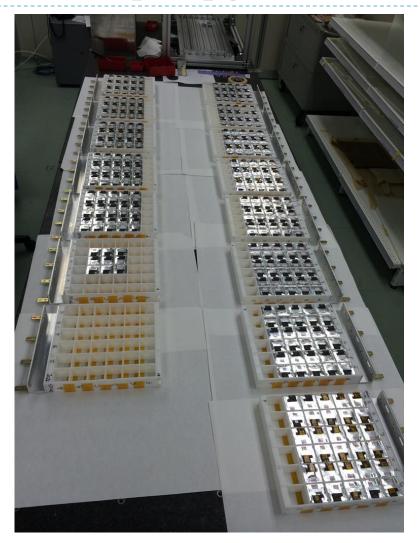
beam

- Prototype mechanics completely redesigned
 - Sensor placed sideways!
 - ▶ Up to 18 trays × 36 crystals each
 - ▶ active depth 35.0 $X_0 \rightarrow 1.6 \lambda_I$

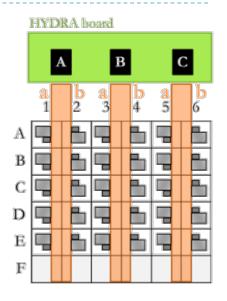
• Mechanics: INFN Pisa

INFN

Prototype upgrade (v2)







- First version of HYDRA chip (28 channels)
- Two-PD redout
- V2.0 \rightarrow 5×5×18 instrumented elements

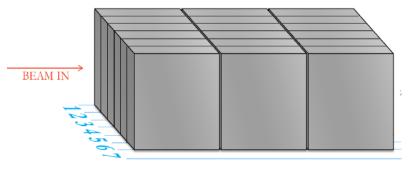
Sep 2016	v2.0	μ,π,e 50÷200 GeV
Oct 2016	v2.0	(3÷40000) e 300MeV

• Data analysis: INFN Florence+Pisa, CIEMATMadrid

Test	Particles	Energy (GeV)	CaloCube	Notes	Results
SPS 2013-02	Ions Pb+Be	13×A - 30×A	v1.0 3×3×14	 Optical cross-talk No CASIS time correction MC model (fine tuning) 	Energy resolution H ₂ ÷Si ₂₈ <40%
BTF 2014-xx	1÷22 e 50÷400 e	0.491 0.295	v1.0 3×3×5		
SPS 2015-03	Ions (Ar+Poly) Ar	19×A - 30×A 648 -1080	v1.1 3×3×14	No optical cross-talkTime-correction	(work in progress)
SPS 2015-09	μ π e	150 50-100-150-180 50-75-180	v1.2 3×3×14	Sensors along the beamFew crystals with double-PD readout	Energy resolution (LPD) e @50-75 GeV
SPS 2016-09	μ π e	150 50-100-150-300 50-100-150-200	v2.0 5×5×18	 Full double-PD readout Lateral sensors Incomplete μ calibration scan Anti- 	Energy resolution (LPD+SPD) e @50÷200 GeV (work in progress)
BTF 2016-10	1÷40000 e	0.300	v2.0 5×5×18	• Full dynamic range scan	(work in progress)
	MIP/GeV gain @ ~32 kMIP tion @ ~70÷80 kMII)			



Readout board



Lato a

 V_5

S5

S4

V3

S3

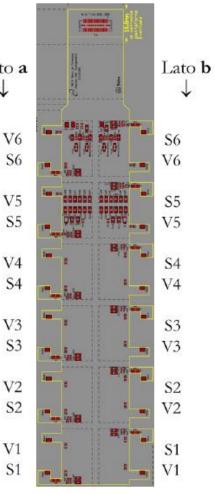
S2

V1

S1

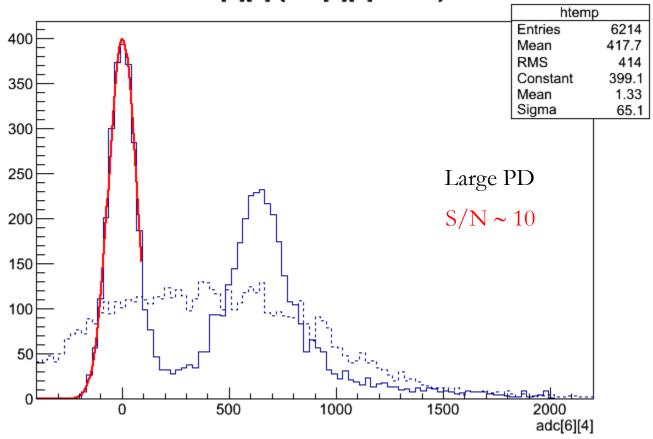
Large PD V6 Small PD S6

HYDRA board A В C D E F



HYDRA	PD	
Channel		
	1	_
	2	CNa
	3	V6a
	4	V5a
	5	V4a
	6	V3a
	7	V2a
	8	V1a
	9	S1a
	10	S2a
	11	S3a
	12	S4a
	13	S5a
	14	S6a
	15	S1b
	16	S2b
	17	S3b
	18	S4b
	19	S5b
	20	S6b
	21	CNb
	22	V6b
	23	V5b
	24	V4b
	25	V3b
	26	V2b
	27	V1b
	28	-

adc[6][4] {adc[6][4]<2000}

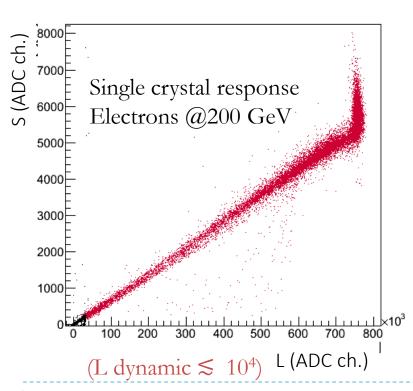


Muons 150 GeV



Single-crystal calibration

- Signal induced by MIPs used to equalize crystal responses
 - ▶ v2.0 setup: noise~60÷80 ADCch. $\Rightarrow \langle S/N \rangle_{1MIP} \lesssim 10$
- ▶ Signal induced by showers used to equalize relative sensor responses R=L/S

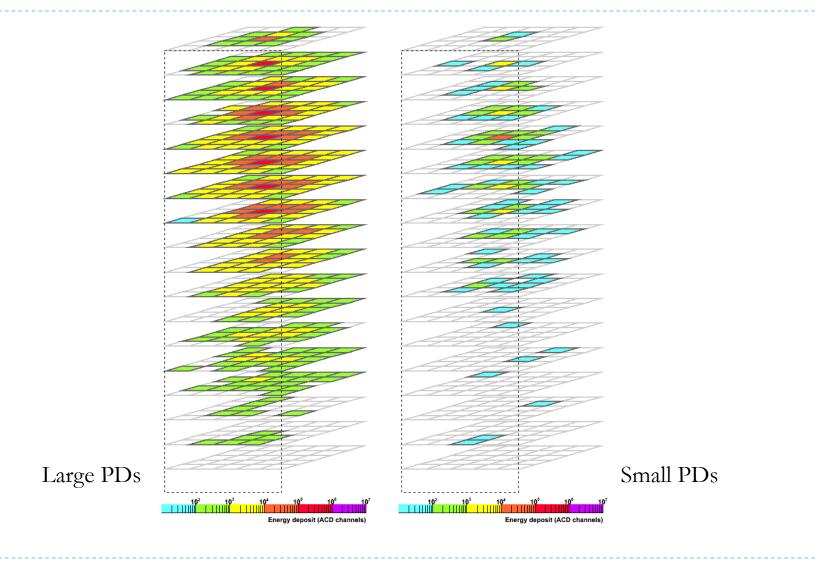




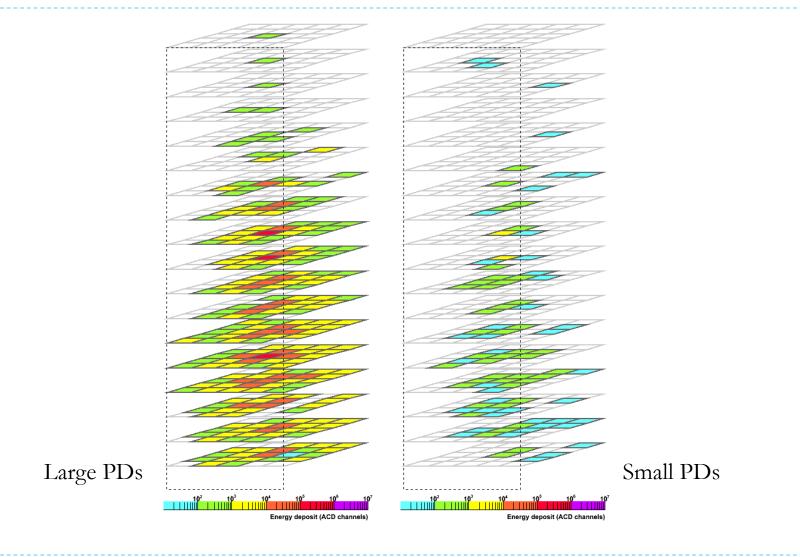
Study of S-vs-L correlation

- Straight-line fit $\rightarrow S = L/P_0$
- Indipendent fit for low- and high-gain
 - Check systematics
- Cumulative electron sample to cover the full dynamic range
 - 50 +100 + 150 + 200 GeV

e- 200 GeV

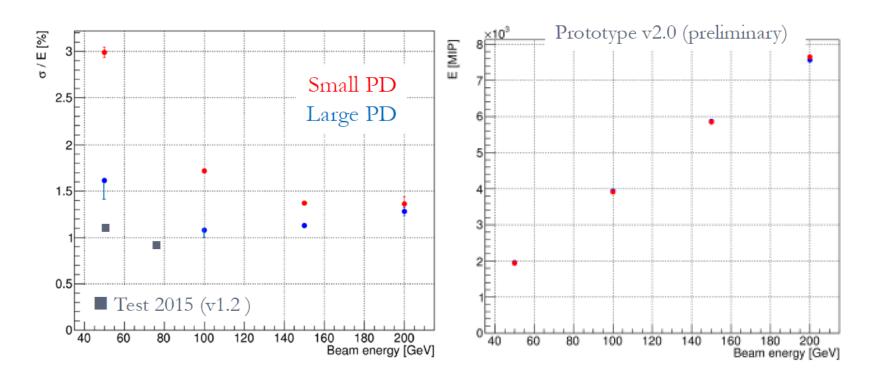


π^{-} 150 GeV





Energy resolution – e.m. showers



Energy resolution for em showers:

- Better that 1.5% up to 200 GeV with Large PDs
- Comparable performances with Small PD above 200 GeV