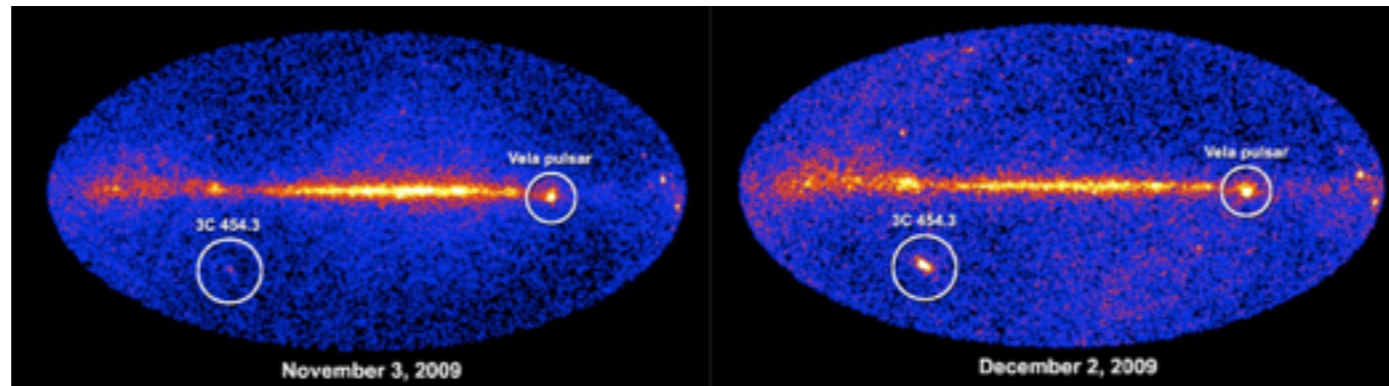


Fermi Data Analysis

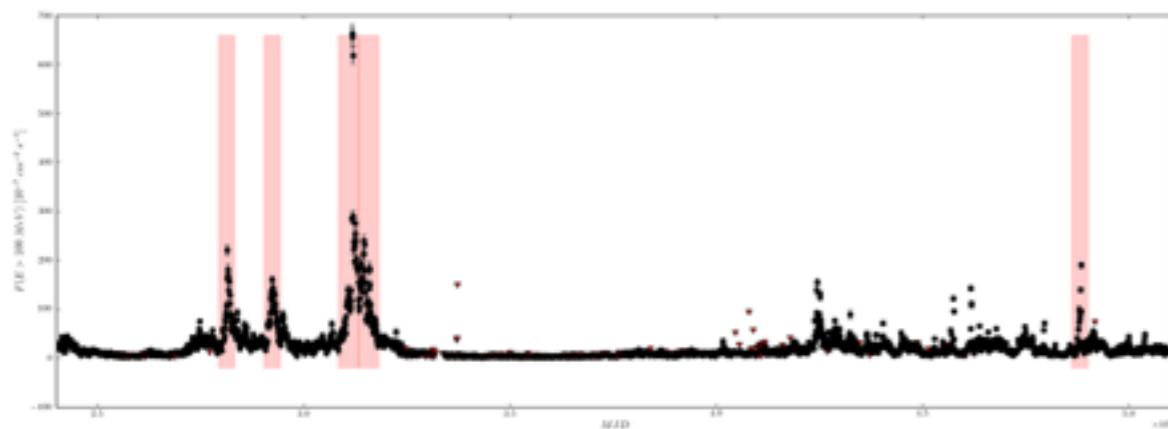
3C 454.3 Light Curve and Counts Map

what are we going to do?

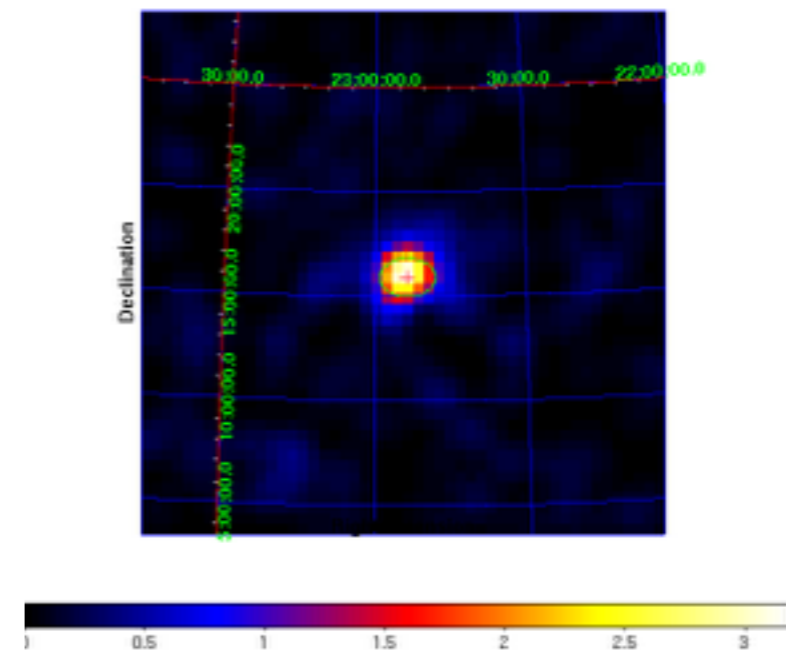
select the Region of Interest (ROI) and...



1) extract Light curve



2) produce Counts map



what do we need to know?



english

use of the terminal



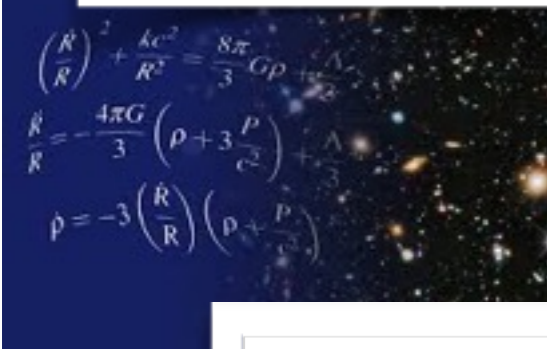
Communicate your results

extract data and results

programming language

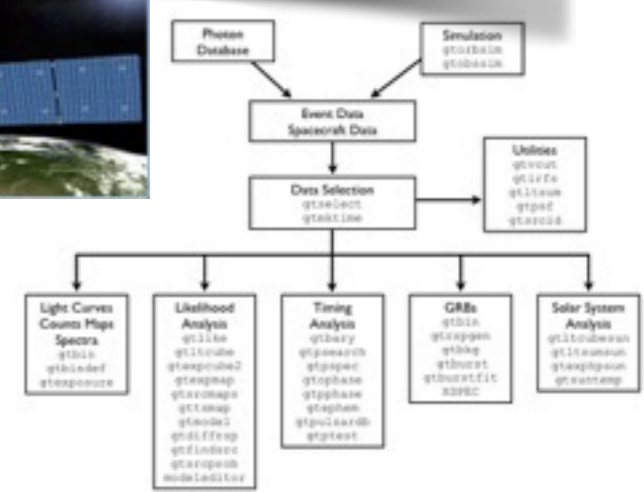


fundamental astrophysics



to interpret results

instrument tools and characteristics



cosmology

special and general relativity



first of all, check your data!

Open a terminal
you are in your 'HOME'!

pwd

check the current path

mkdir [folder_name]

create a new folder

cd [folder]

go to another folder

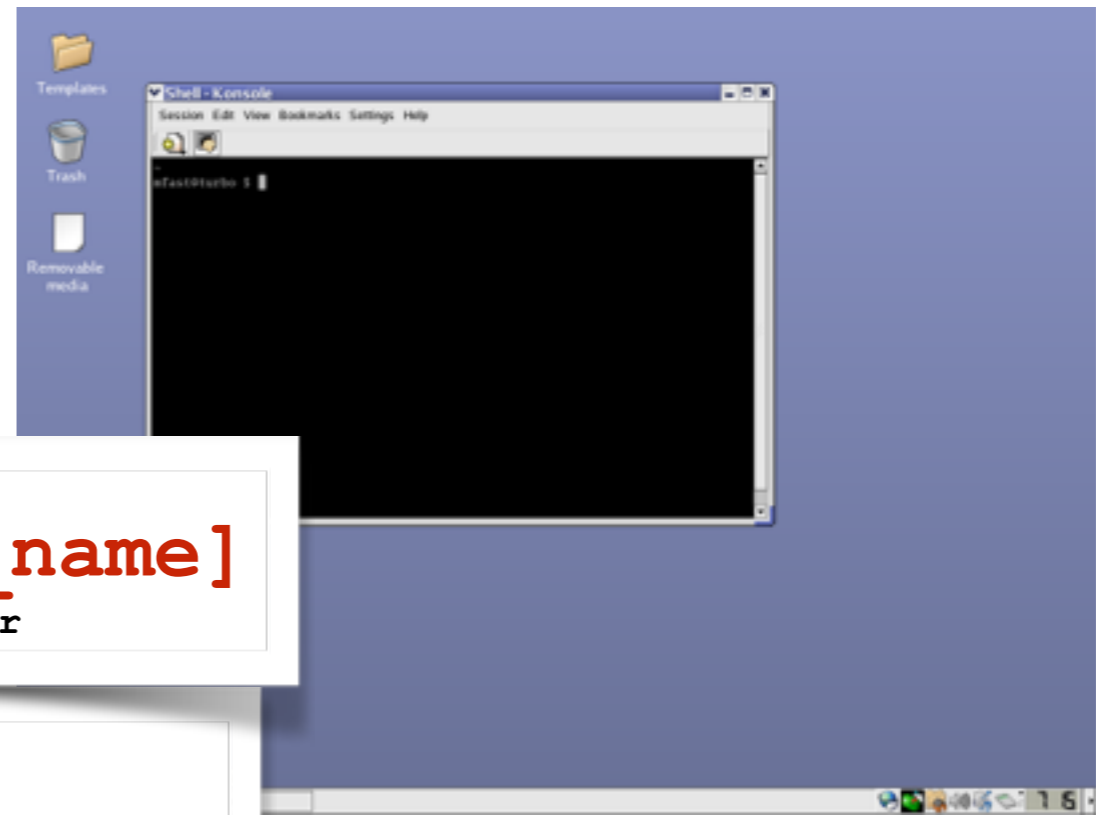
ls

check the content of a folder

cp [path/files] [new_path/.]

copy files from a folder to another folder

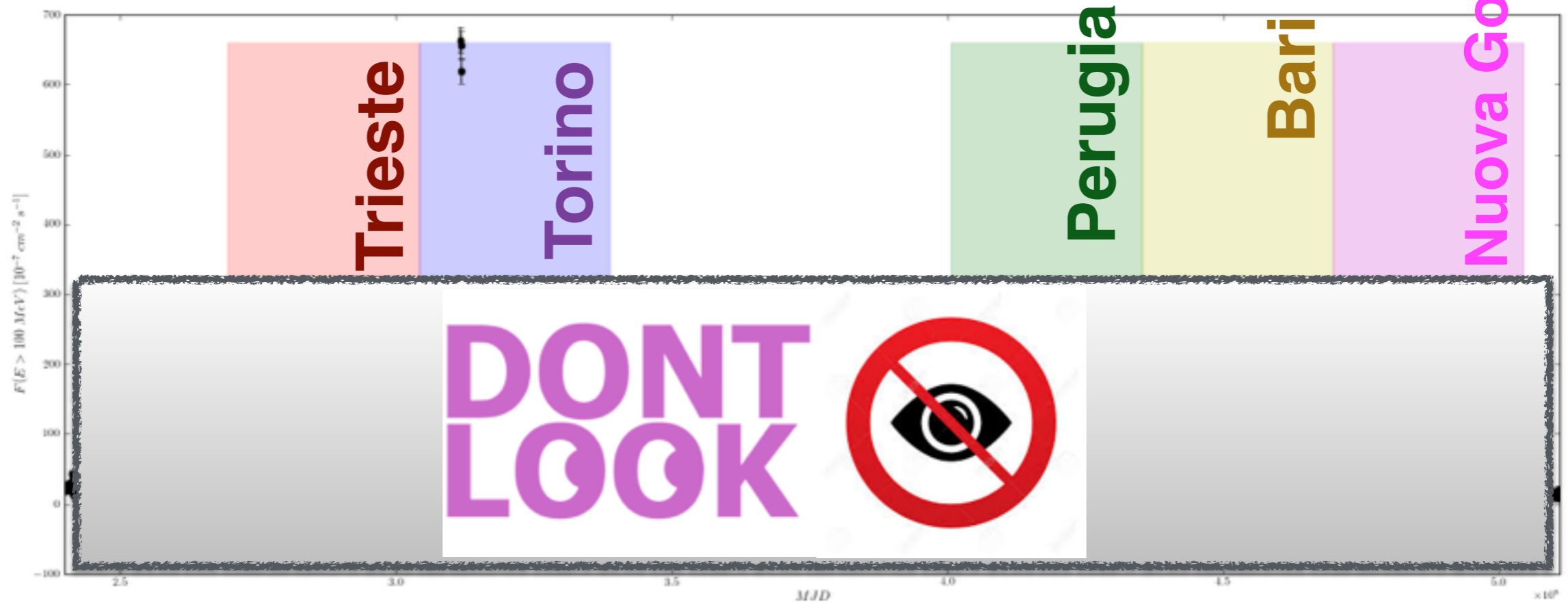
```
pwd
mkdir masterclass2017
cd masterclass2017
ls
cp /usr/users/st00/maldera/FERMI/data/ft1.fits .
ls
```



now... let's start!

task 1

3C 454.3 Light Curve



Select the desired events

```
gtselect evclass=128
```

```
Input FT1 file[] ft1.fits
```

```
Output FT1 file[] lc_ft1_gtselect.fits
```

```
RA for new search center (degrees) (0:360) [] 343.49
```

```
Dec for new search center (degrees) (-90:90) [] 16.148
```

```
radius of new search region (degrees) (0:180) [] 1
```

```
start time (MET in s) (0:) [] 312768002
```

```
end time (MET in s) (0:) [] 314496002
```

```
lower energy limit (MeV) (0:) [] 100
```

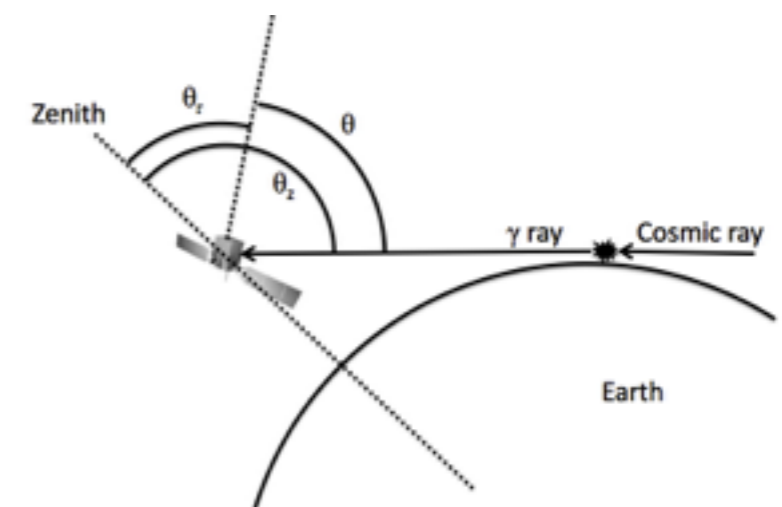
```
upper energy limit (MeV) (0:) [] 200000
```

```
maximum zenith angle value (degrees) (0:180) [90] 90
```

```
Done.
```

3C 454.3 coordinates

MET = Mission Elapsed Time



ATT: each of you will have a different time range!

to which date does a MET correspond?

<https://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/cgi-bin/Tools/xTime/xTime.pl>

read your date here

HTTP to HTTPS transition has taken place

NASA National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Goddard Space Flight Center
Sciences and Exploration

Search HEASARC website [Advanced Search]
HEASARC Quick Links [Quick Links]

HEASARC Home Observatories Archive Calibration Software Tools Students/Teachers/Public

NASA's HEASARC: Tools

General Tools Multi-Mission Tools Mission Tools

xTime - A Date/Time Conversion Utility HELP

Calendar Time Formats	Input Time [UTC]	Output Time
ISO 8601 date (yyyy-MM-dd hh:mm:ss)		
Calendar date (yyyyMond at hh:mm:ss)		
Year and day number (yyyy:ddd:hh:mm:ss)		
Julian Day (ddddd.ddd...)		
Modified Julian Day (ddddd.ddd...)		
Mission-Specific Time Formats	Input Time [MET]	Output Time [MET]
Fermi seconds since 2001.0 UTC (decimal)		
Fermi mission week (integer)		
LIGO/GPS seconds since 1980-01-06 UTC (decimal)		
NuSTAR seconds since 2010.0 UTC (decimal)		
RXTE seconds since 1994.0 UTC (decimal)		
RXTE seconds since 1994.0 UTC (hexadecimal)		
RXTE mission day number (ddd:hh:mm:ss)		
RXTE decimal mission day (ddd.ddd...)		
Suzaku seconds since 2000.0 UTC (decimal)		
Swift seconds since 2001.0 UTC (decimal)		
XMM/Chandra seconds since 1998.0 TT (decimal)		

Input Time System for Calendar Formats: UTC
Output Time System for Calendar Formats: UTC
 Apply Clock Offset Correction(s) for RXTE and Swift

Convert Reset

put your MET here

Select the desired events

gtmktime

Spacecraft data file[] **ft2.fits**

Filter expression[]

```
(DATA_QUAL==1) && ABS(ROCK_ANGLE)<90 && (LAT_CONFIG==1) &&  
(angsep(RA_ZENITH,DEC_ZENITH,343.49,16.148)+1<105) &&  
(angsep(343.49,16.148,RA_SUN,DEC_SUN)>5+1)  
&&(angsep(343.49,16.148,RA_SCZ,DEC_SCZ)<180)
```

Apply ROI-based zenith angle cut[] **yes**

Event data file[] **lc_ft1_gtselect.fits**

Output event file name[] **lc_ft1_gtmktime.fits**

ls

new files should have been appeared:

lc_ft1_gtselect.fits

lc_ft1_gtmktime.fits

Create the Light Curve

gtbin

This is gtbin version ScienceTools-v10r0p5-fssc-20150819

Type of output file (CCUBE|CMAP|LC|PHA1|PHA2|HEALPIX) [] **LC**

Event data file name[] **lc_ft1_gtmktime.fits**

Output file name[] **lc_ft1_gtbin.fits**

Spacecraft data file name[] **ft2.fits**

Algorithm for defining time bins (FILE|LIN|SNR) [] **LIN**

Start value for first time bin in MET[] **312768002**

Stop value for last time bin in MET[] **314496002**

Width of linearly uniform time bins in seconds[] **86400**

Light Curve

ls

a new file should have been appeared:

lc_ft1_gtbin.fits

Create the Light Curve

gtexposure

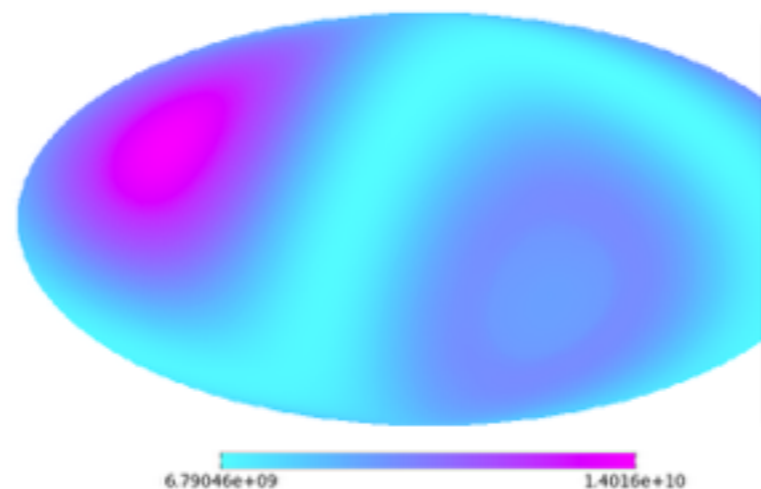
Light curve file[] **lc_ft1_gtbin.fits**

Spacecraft file[] **ft2.fits**

Response functions[] **P8R2_SOURCE_V6**

Source model XML file[none]

Photon index for spectral weighting[-2.1]



Exposure map

- cm^2s
- not uniform

ATT: this step will not produce a new file, but will modify your light curve file!

Create the Light Curve



fcalc

Name of FITS file and [ext#][] **lc_ft1_gtbin.fits**

Name of output FITS file[lc_ft1_flux.fits] **lc_ft1_flux.fits**

Resultant column name[] **flux**

Arithmetic expression[] **counts/exposure**

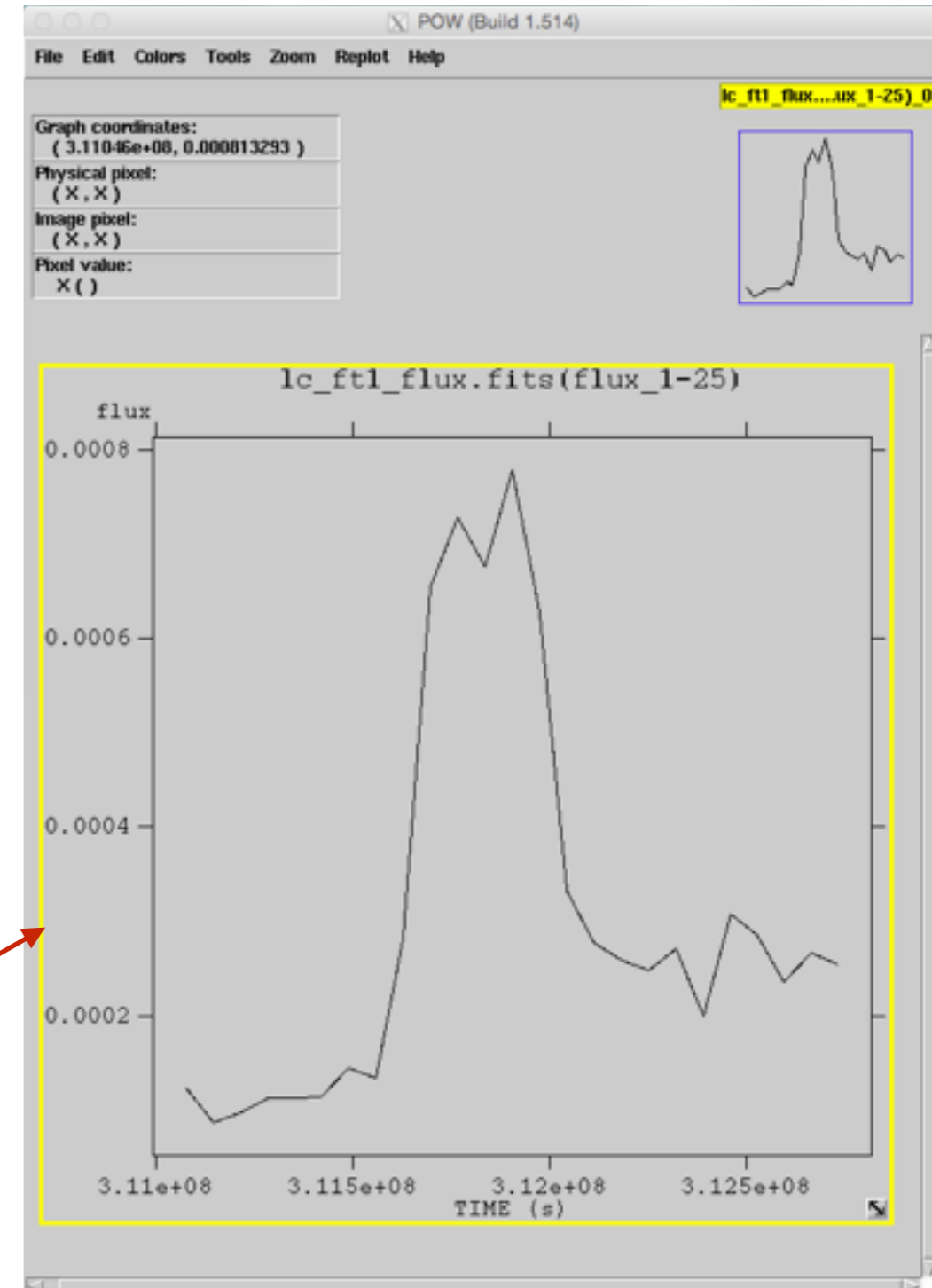
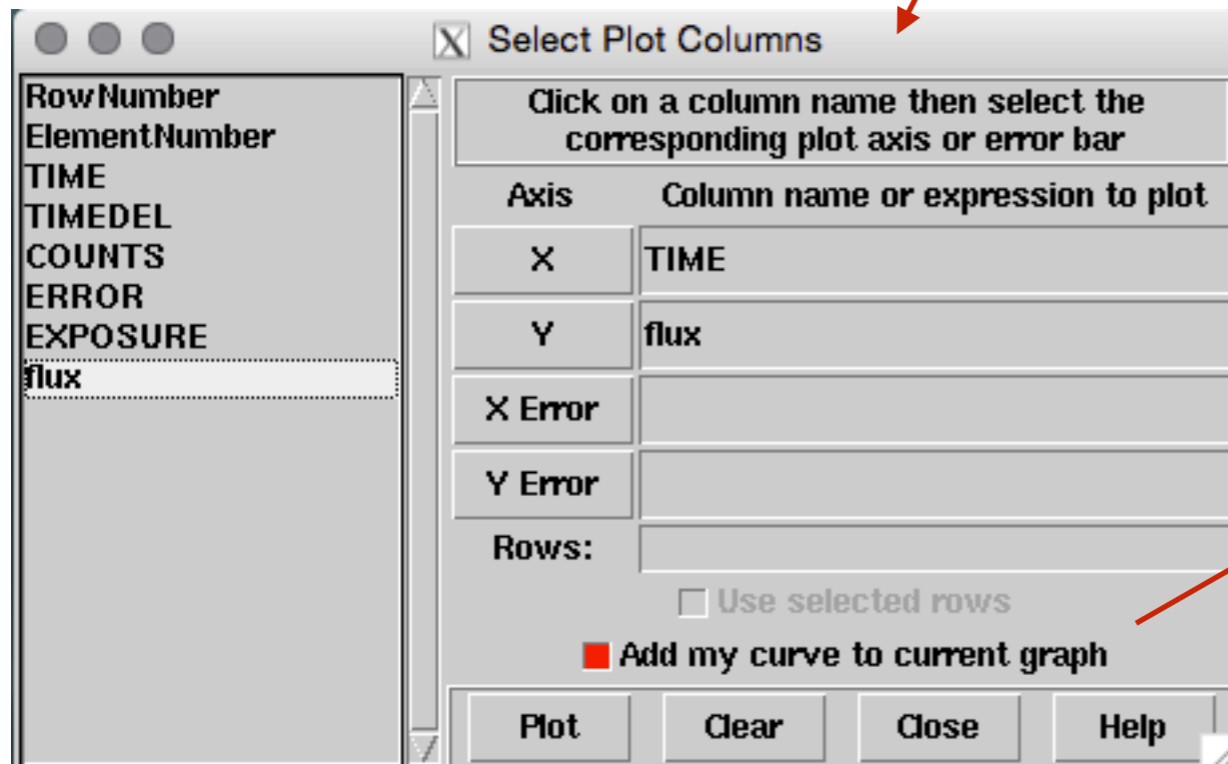
ls

new files should have been appeared:

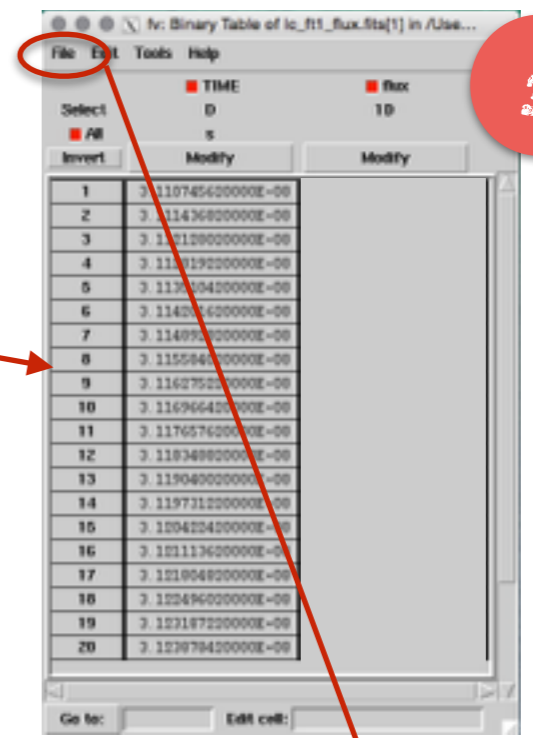
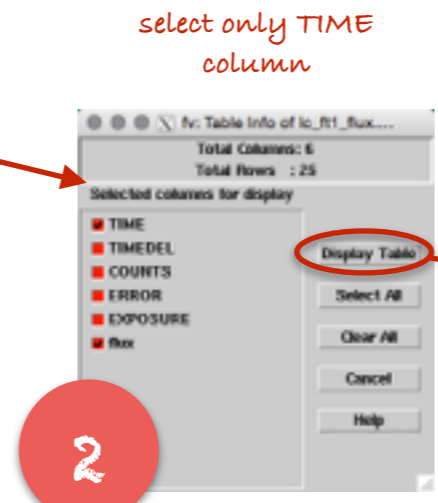
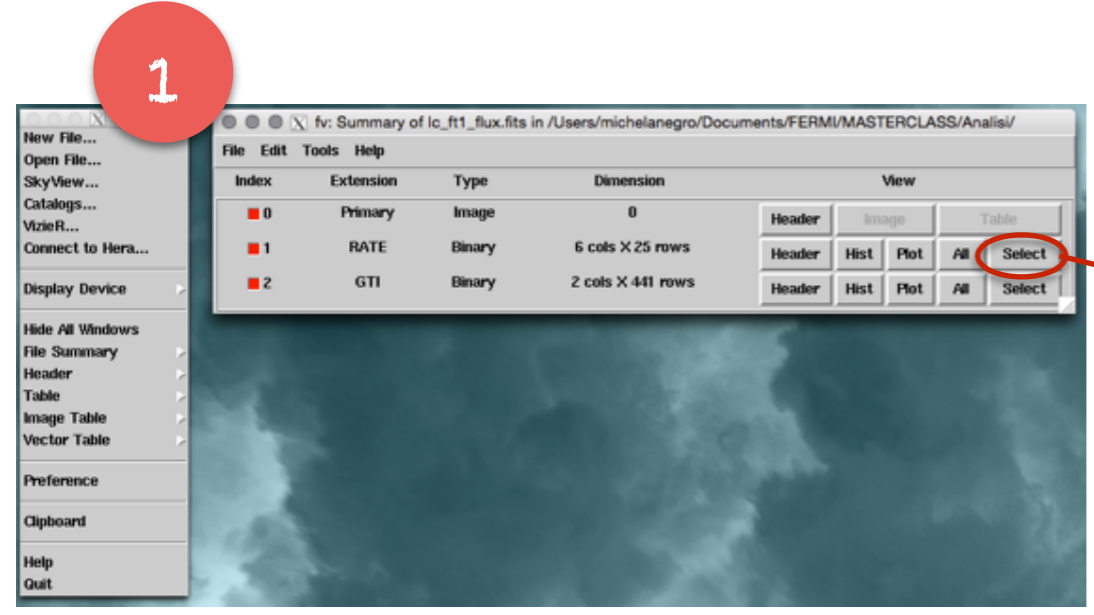
lc_ft1_flux.fits

Let's take a look to the result!

`fv lc_ft1_flux.fits &`

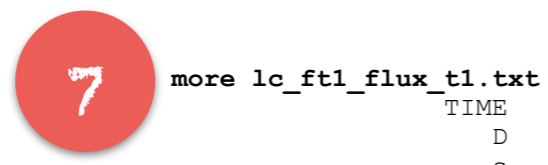


Take and share data

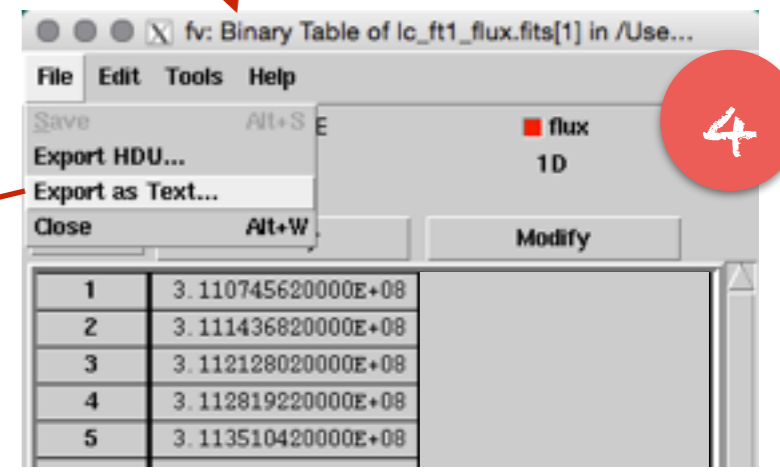
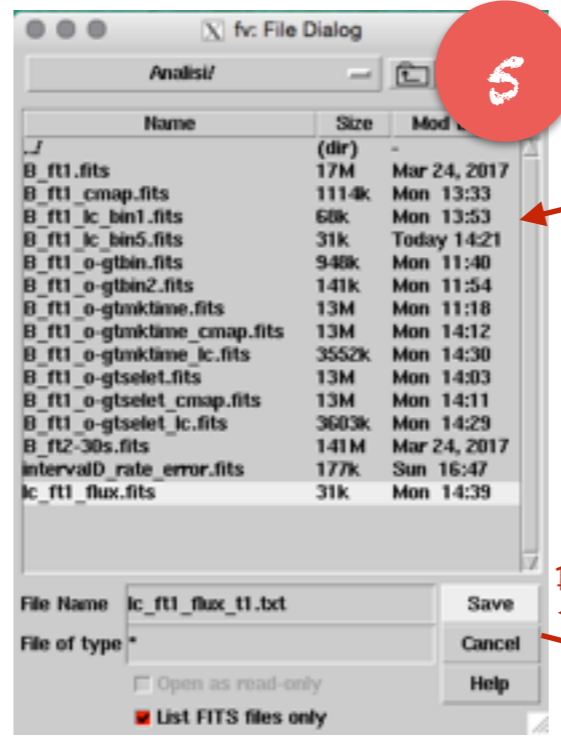


press:
 ♦ File
 ♦ Export as Text...

type on terminal:
 more lc_ft1_flux_t1.txt



press:
 ♦ Copy 'TIME' column
 ♦ go to the google spreadsheet
 ♦ select the right cell
 ♦ Paste



press:
 ♦ SAVE



select:
 'Fixed Width Column'

press (again):
 ♦ Save

Repeat from step 1
 for 'flux' column
 ATT: change output
 file name!!!



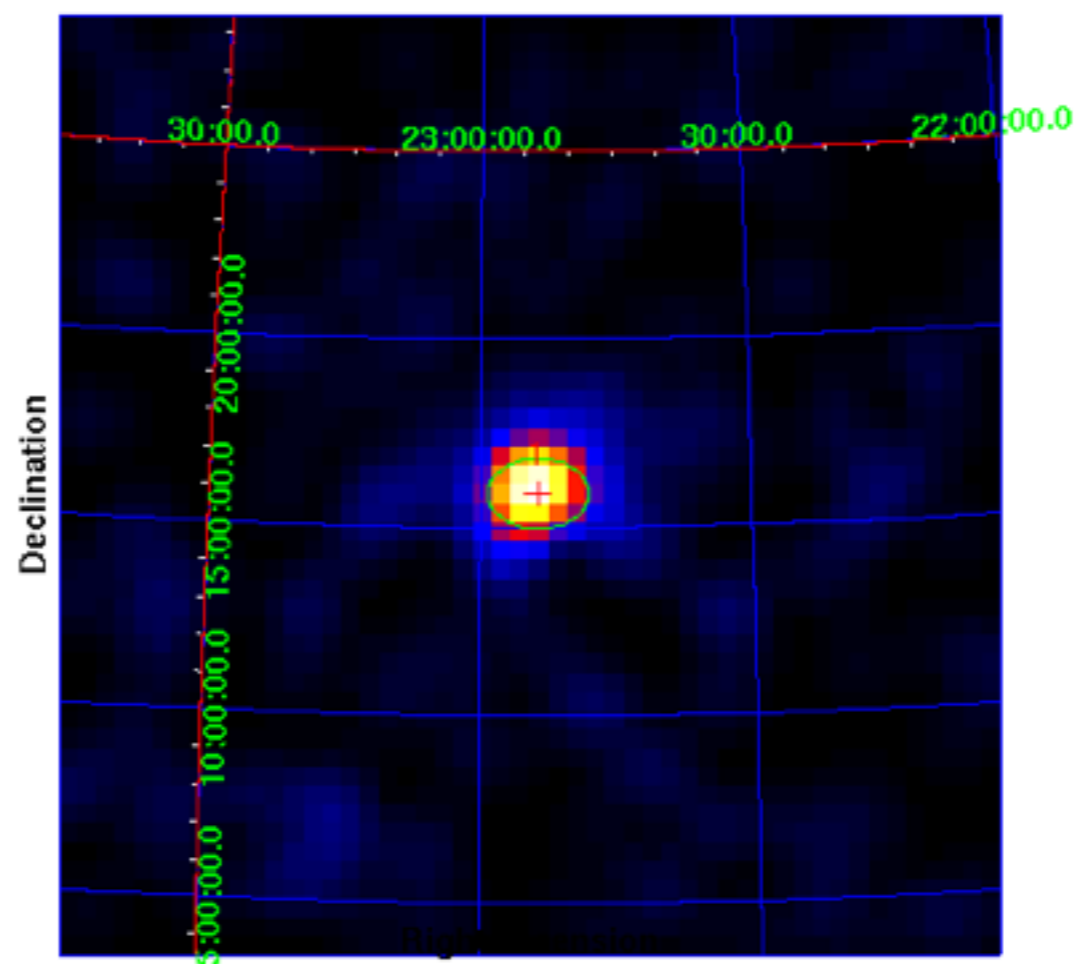
```

TIME
D
S
3.110745620000E+08
3.111436820000E+08
3.112128020000E+08
3.112819220000E+08
3.113510420000E+08
3.114201620000E+08
3.114892820000E+08
3.115584020000E+08
3.116275220000E+08
3.116966420000E+08
3.117657620000E+08
3.118348820000E+08
3.119040020000E+08
3.119731220000E+08
3.120422420000E+08
3.121113620000E+08
3.121804820000E+08
3.122496020000E+08
3.123187220000E+08
3.123878420000E+08
3.124569620000E+08
3.125260820000E+08
3.125952020000E+08
3.126643220000E+08
3.127334420000E+08
    
```



task 2

3C 454.3 Counts Map



Select the desired events

```
gtselect evclass=128
```

```
Input FT1 file[] ft1.fits
```

```
Output FT1 file[] map_ft1_gtselect.fits
```

```
RA for new search center (degrees) (0:360) [] 343.49
```

```
Dec for new search center (degrees) (-90:90) [] 16.148
```

```
radius of new search region (degrees) (0:180) [] 5
```

```
start time (MET in s) (0:) [] 312768002
```

```
end time (MET in s) (0:) [] 314496002
```

```
lower energy limit (MeV) (0:) [] 100
```

```
upper energy limit (MeV) (0:) [] 200000
```

```
maximum zenith angle value (degrees) (0:180) [90] 90
```

```
Done.
```

Select the desired events

gtmktime

Spacecraft data file[] **ft2.fits**

Filter expression[]

```
(DATA_QUAL==1) && ABS(ROCK_ANGLE)<90 && (LAT_CONFIG==1) &&  
(angsep(RA_ZENITH,DEC_ZENITH,343.49,16.148)+1<105) &&  
(angsep(343.49,16.148,RA_SUN,DEC_SUN)>5+1)  
&&(angsep(343.49,16.148,RA_SCZ,DEC_SCZ)<180)
```

Apply ROI-based zenith angle cut[] **yes**

Event data file[] **map_ft1_gtselect.fits**

Output event file name[] **map_ft1_gtmktime.fits**

ls

new files should have been appeared:

map_ft1_gtselect.fits

map_ft1_gtmktime.fits

Create the Light Curve

gtbin

This is gtbin version ScienceTools-v10r0p5-fssc-20150819

Type of output file (CCUBE|CMAP|LC|PHA1|PHA2|HEALPIX) []

C**M****A****P**

Event data file name[] **map_ft1_gtmktime.fits**

Output file name[] **map_ft1_gtbin.fits**

Counts Map

Size of the X axis in pixels[] **100**

Size of the Y axis in pixels[] **100**

Image scale (in degrees/pixel)[] **0.1**

Coordinate system (CEL - celestial, GAL -galactic) (CEL|GAL) [] **CEL**

First coordinate of image center in degrees (RA or galactic l)[] **343.49**

Second coordinate of image center in degrees (DEC or galactic b)[] **16.148**

Rotation angle of image axis, in degrees[0] **0**

Projection method e.g. AIT|ARC|CAR|GLS|MER|NCP|SIN|STG|TAN:[] **AIT**

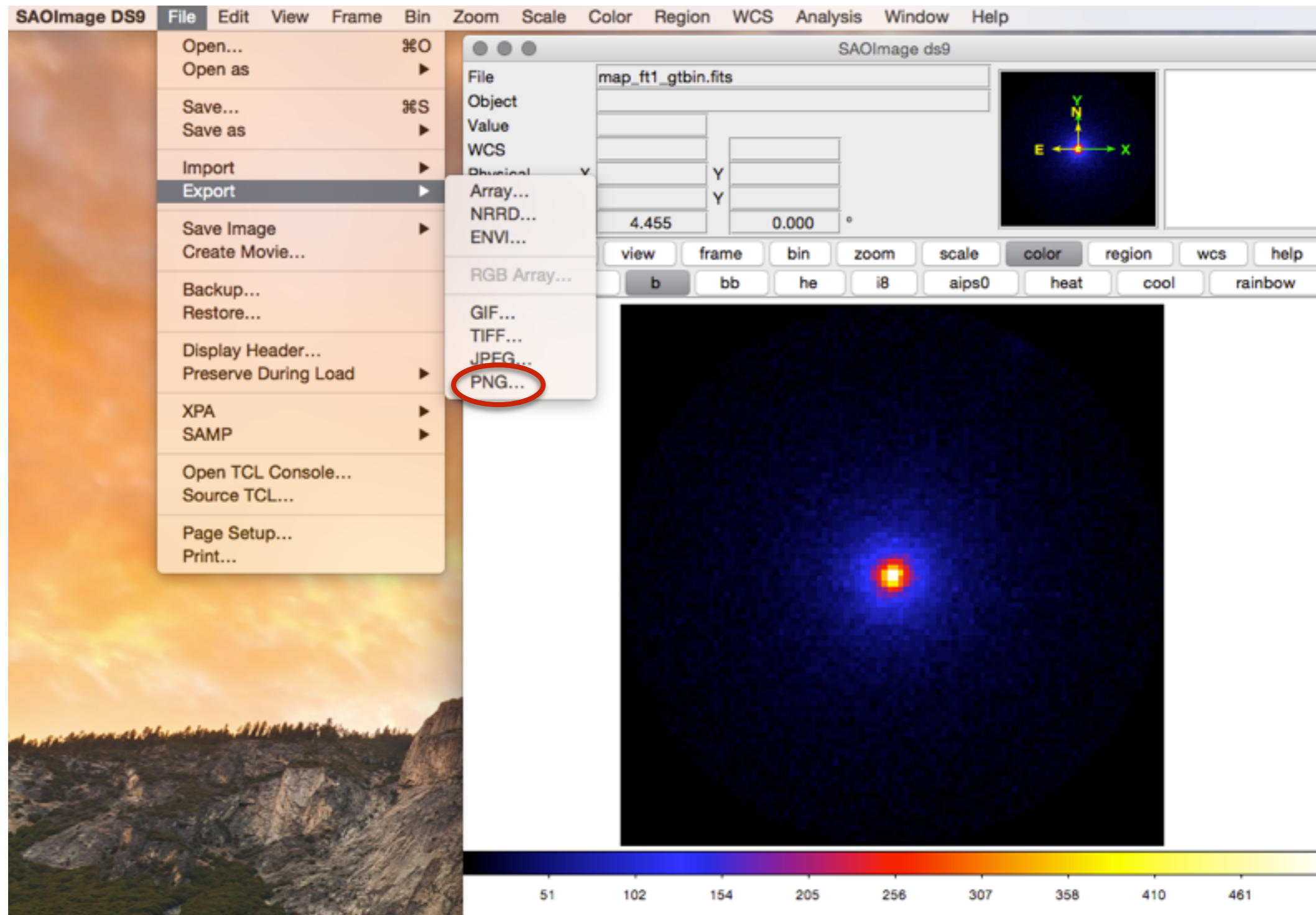
ls

a new file should have been appeared:

map_ft1_gtbin.fits

Let's take a look to the result!

`ds9 map_ft1_gtbin.fits &`

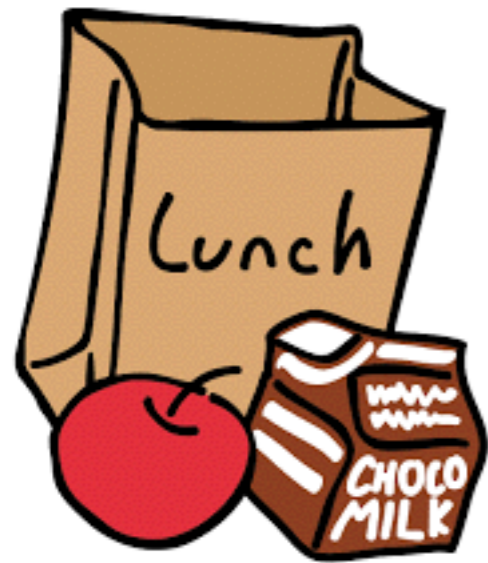


... and that's it!!



find your partner

check the dates behind your badge



during the lunch,
find the one who has the same dates

Congratulations!
you will work together!!!

