

# TDCPV in $B \rightarrow K_L J/\Psi$ with release-00-08-00/gbasf2

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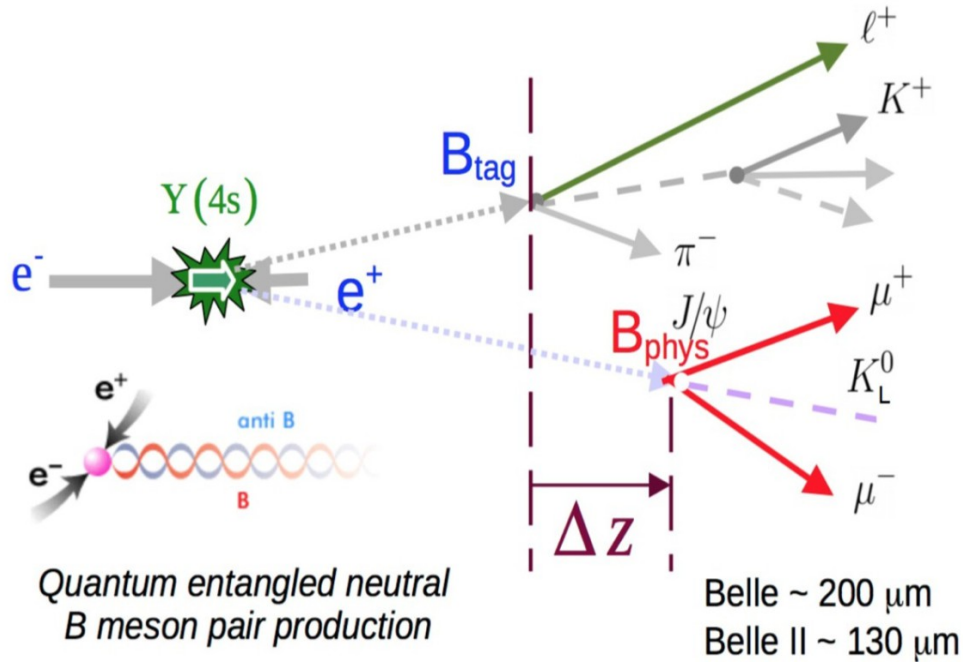
Belle2 Italy Meeting  
4<sup>th</sup> May 2017



# Analysis basics

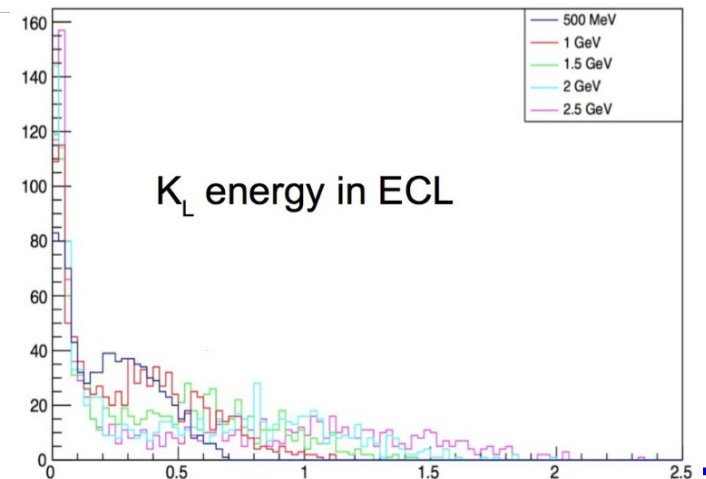
$$\Delta t = \frac{\Delta z}{\beta \gamma c}$$

Resolution on  $\Delta t$  will be dominated by the resolution of the tagging side vertex



$\Delta t$  probability parametrization 
$$\mathcal{P}(\Delta t, q) = \frac{e^{-|\Delta t|/\tau_{B^0}}}{4\tau_{B^0}} \left[ 1 + q \left( \mathcal{A}_{CP} \cos \Delta m_d \Delta t + \mathcal{S}_{CP} \sin \Delta m_d \Delta t \right) \right]$$

- Complementary to  $B \rightarrow J/\psi K_s$
- Main issue:  $K_L$  reconstruction
- Benchmark channel for early run 3 data !

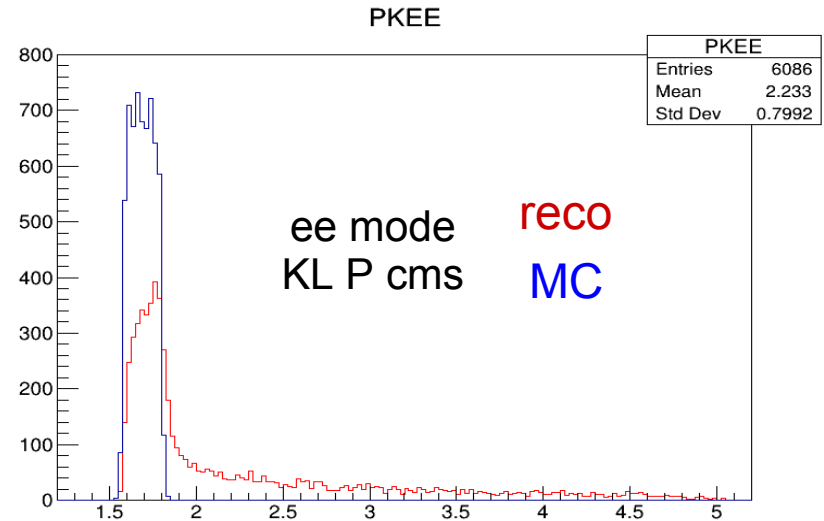
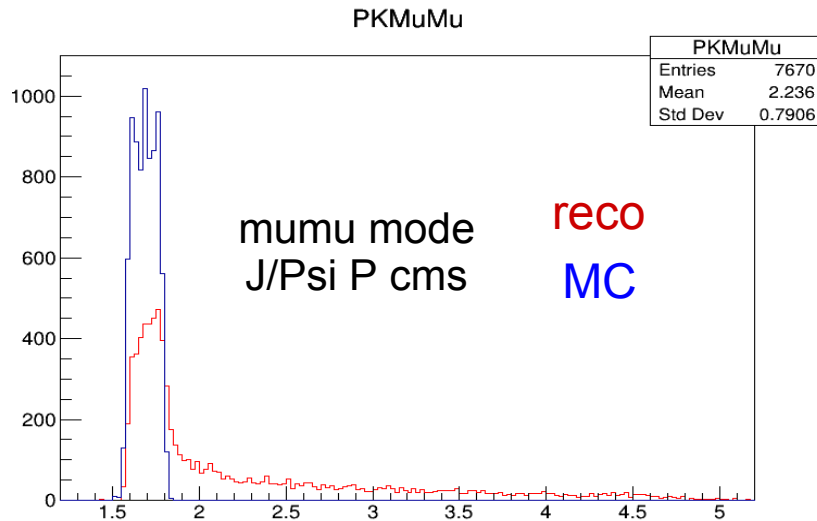
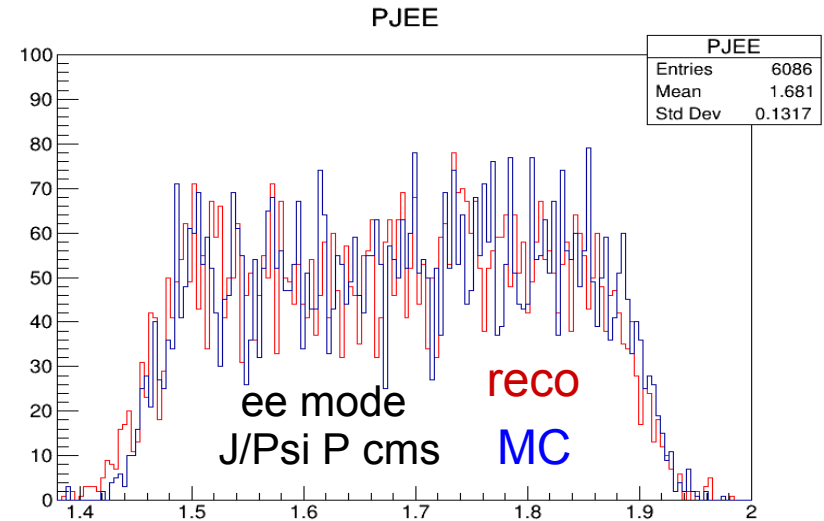
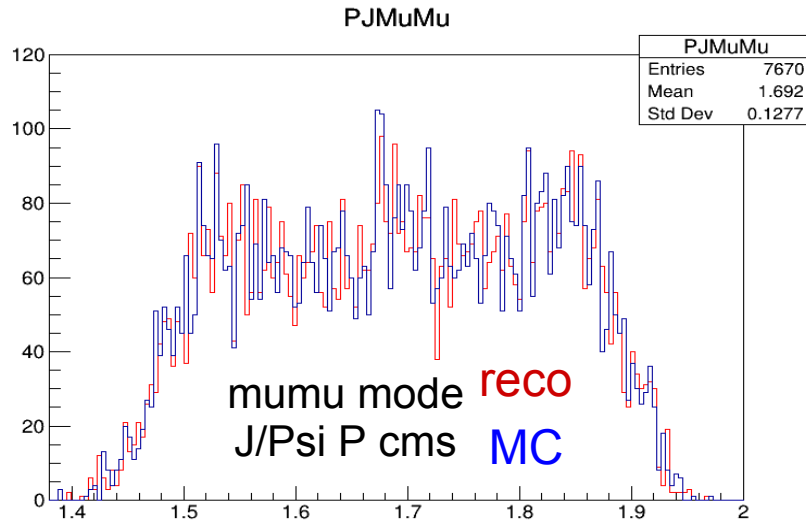


# Analysis basics (2)

- Analysis tuned & code tested on release-00-08-00 @ KEKCC then adapted to gbasf2
- Use J/Psi  $\rightarrow$  e e, J/Psi  $\rightarrow$  mu mu (stdLooseMu, stdLooseE)
- Use std K\_L0 list (KLM)
- Preliminary selection:
  - Rave Vertex J/Psi:  $3.0 < M_{J/Psi} < 3.15 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
  - Recalculate  $K_L$  and B momenta from reconstructed  $K_L$  direction constraining nominal K and B mass
  - Reconstruct ROE
  - Apply: TagV (+ FlavorTagger, not used yet)

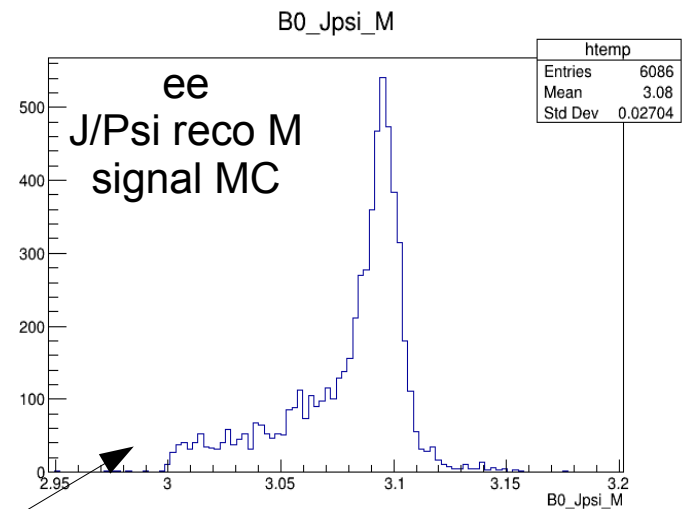
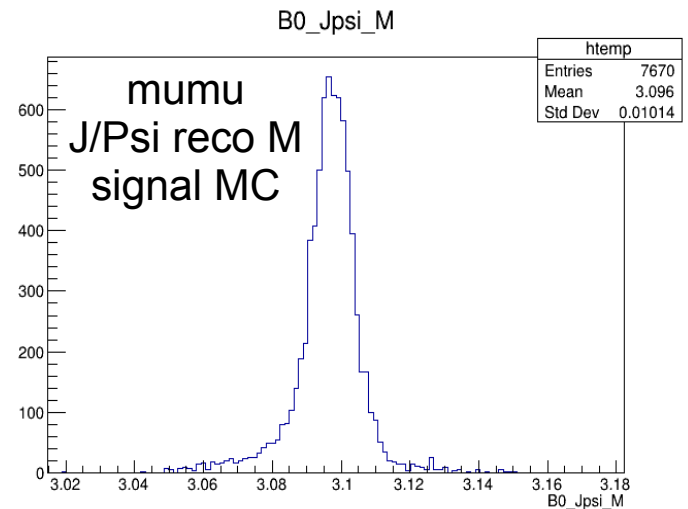
# Reconstruction

- 10000 signal events for each:  $J/\Psi \rightarrow e e$ ,  $J/\Psi \rightarrow \mu \mu$



# Full selection

- Final selection:
  - Take best  $B^0$  candidate per event from vertex fit
  - $M_{J\Psi}$ :  $3.08 < M < 3.12$  ( $\mu\mu$ ),  
 $3.0 < M < 3.12$  ( $\mu\mu$ )
  - $\text{PID}(e,\mu) > 0.9$  both candidates
  - $\text{Pcms}_{J\Psi}$ :  $p > 1.6$
  - $\text{Pcms}_{K_L0}$ :  $1.5 < p < 2.0$
  - $M_{bc} > 5.27$  ( $\mu\mu$ ),  $5.26$  ( $e e$ )
  - $|\Delta E| < 0.01$

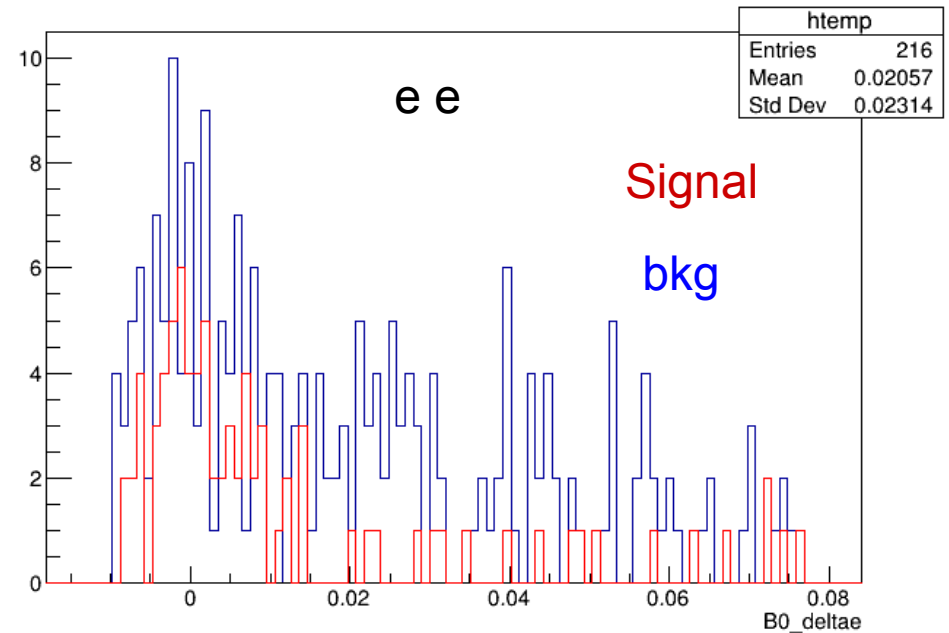
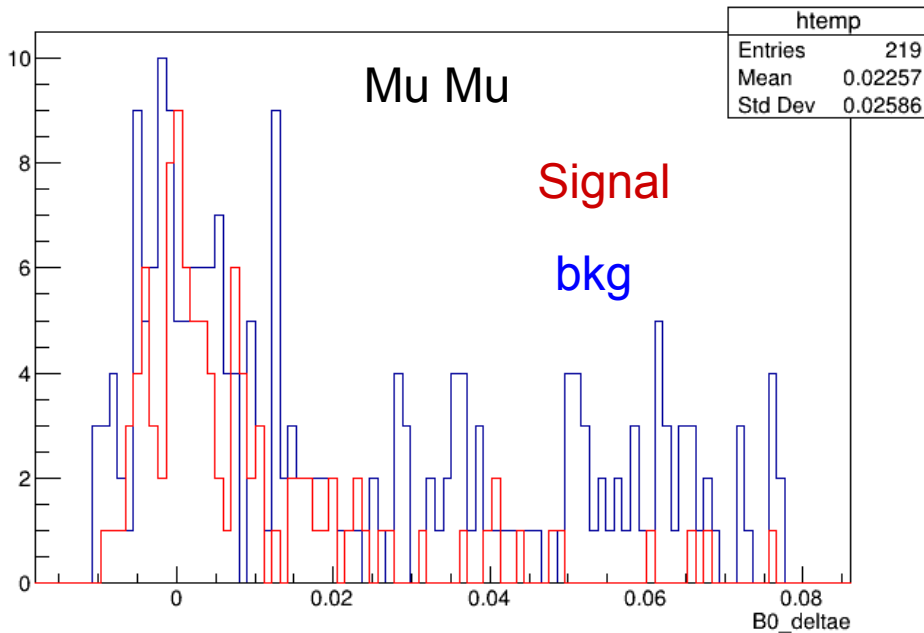


Bremsstrahlung tail

# DeltaE

- ~14M generic  $B^0\bar{B}^0$  events, corresponding to  $\sim 28 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
- std Belle .dec decay file

All cuts applied except DeltaE and  $M_{bc}$  ( $M_{bc} > 5.2$ )



Final efficiencies (w all cuts applied):

mu mu: 8.3%  
e e: 7.9%

# Yields comparison

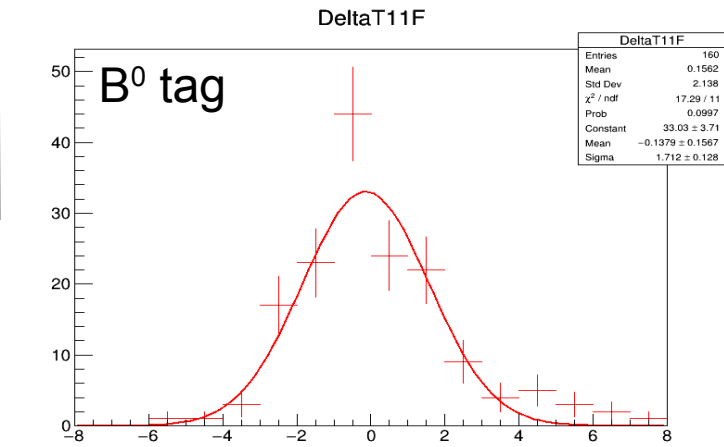
	BaBar 1*	BaBar 2**	Belle***	This	This, sum
Luminosity (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	23	32	29	~28	~28
Candidates (both LFs)	256	273	569	170 (mu mu) 152 (e e)	322
Purity (%)	39	51	61	42 (mu mu) 37.5 (e e)	40
Yield/fb <sup>-1</sup>	11.1	8.5	19.6	7.2 (mu mu) 7.6 (e e)	11.5
Notes	No CPV Evidence	1 <sup>st</sup> CPV Evidence	1 <sup>st</sup> CPV Evidence	~14M B <sup>0</sup> B <sup>0</sup>	~14M B <sup>0</sup> B <sup>0</sup>

\*Phys.Rev.Lett.86:2515–2522,2001

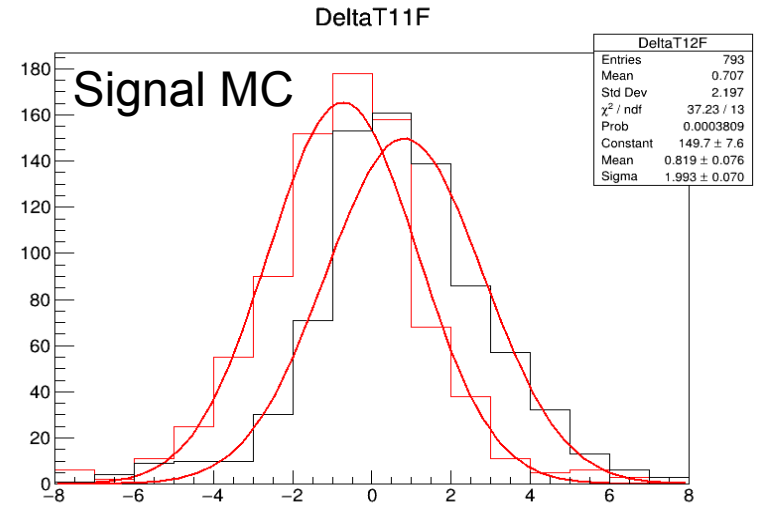
\*\*Phys.Rev.Lett.87:091801,2001

\*\*\*Phys.Rev.Lett.87:091802,2001

# Asymmetries: first results

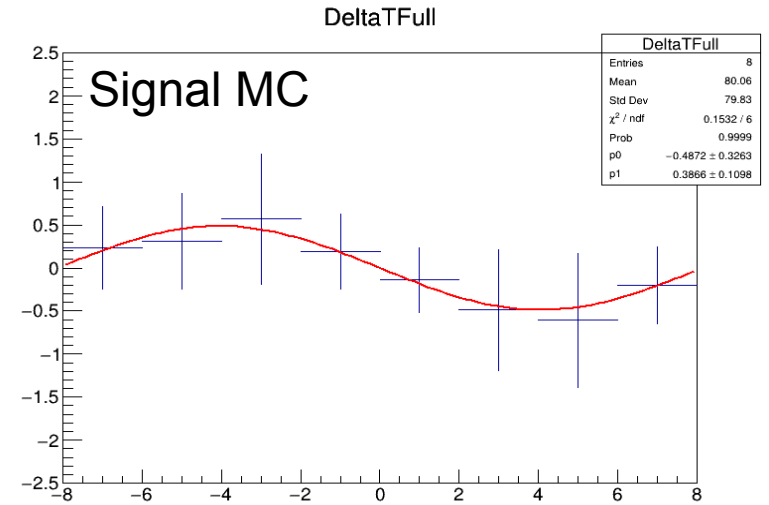
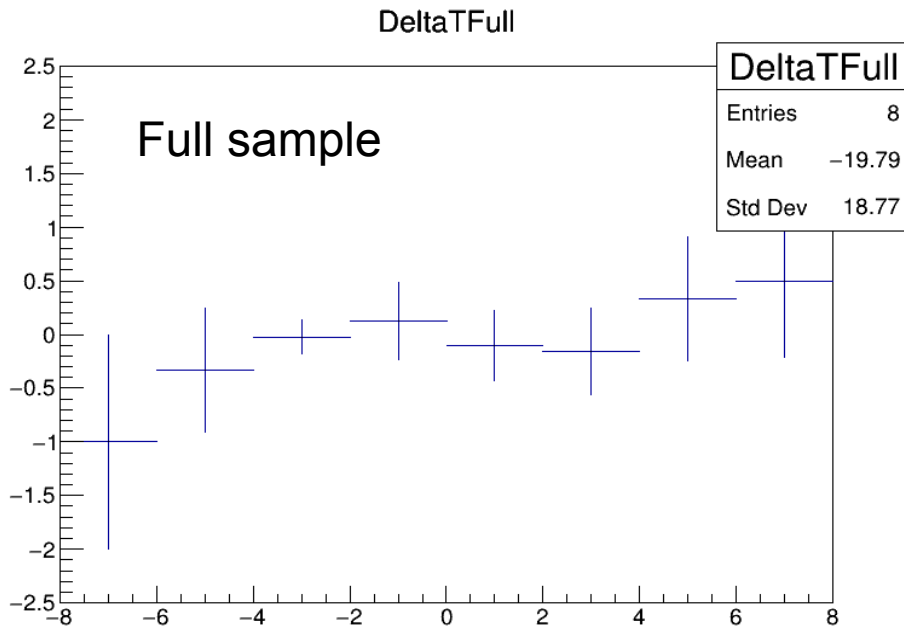
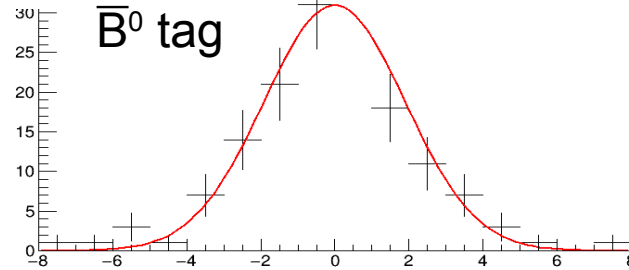


**MCTag**



**Full sample**

**B<sup>0</sup> tag**



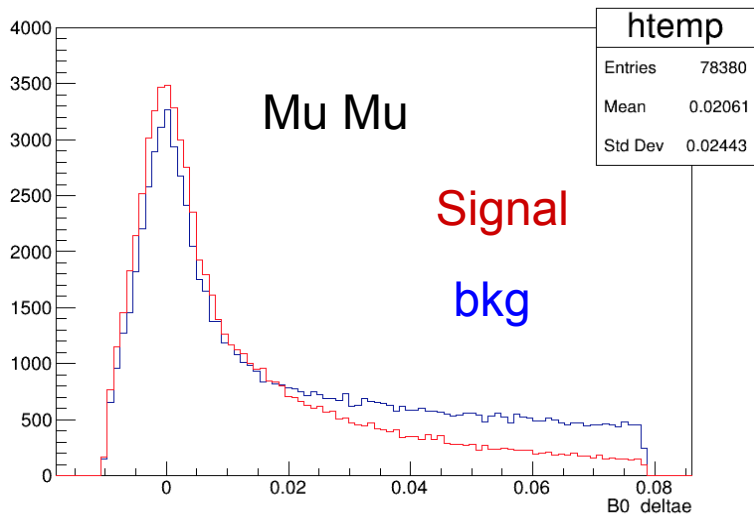
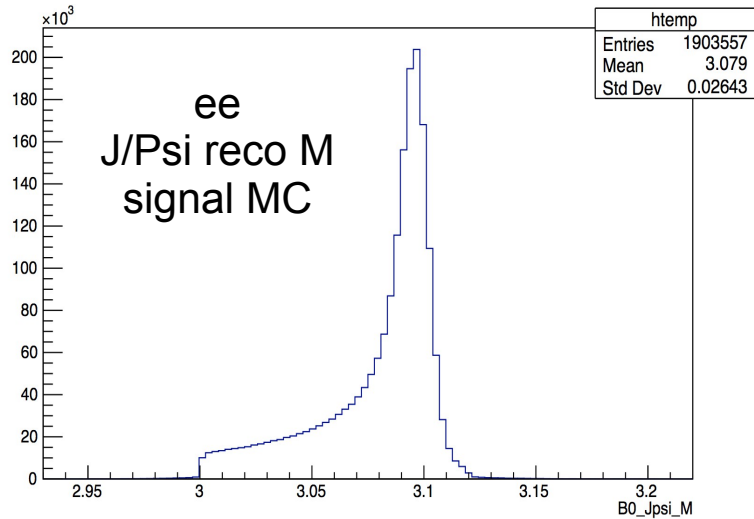


# Analysis on grid

- Almost all bkg from B decays which contain a real J/Psi in final state
- Use centrally produced MC8 J/Psi cocktail, i.e. events in which one B has a J/Psi in the final state, whether as direct decay product or not, and the other B decays generically
- Instead of dedicated .dec file skim generic  $B\bar{B}$  at generator level in order to get an inclusive J/Psi sample -> relatively fast and we can rely on default\_Belle.dec
- ~80M events in final sample, **equivalent luminosity: 48 ab<sup>-1</sup>!**
- The analysis includes user-defined modules which have been compiled with release8 and then linked with gbasf2 -f option
- We also cloned some default .py scripts to include the modules in std analysis path

# Analysis on grid (2)

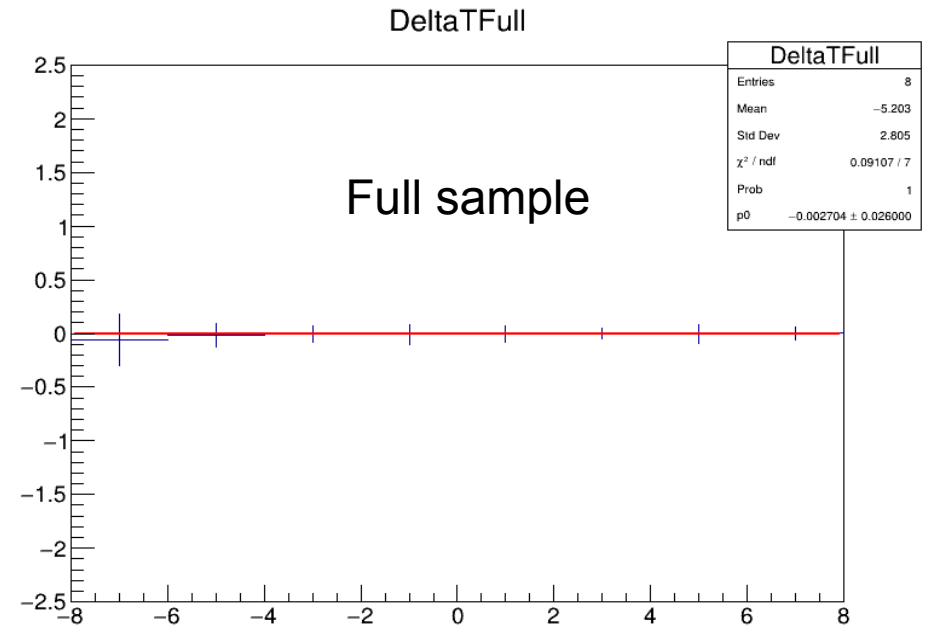
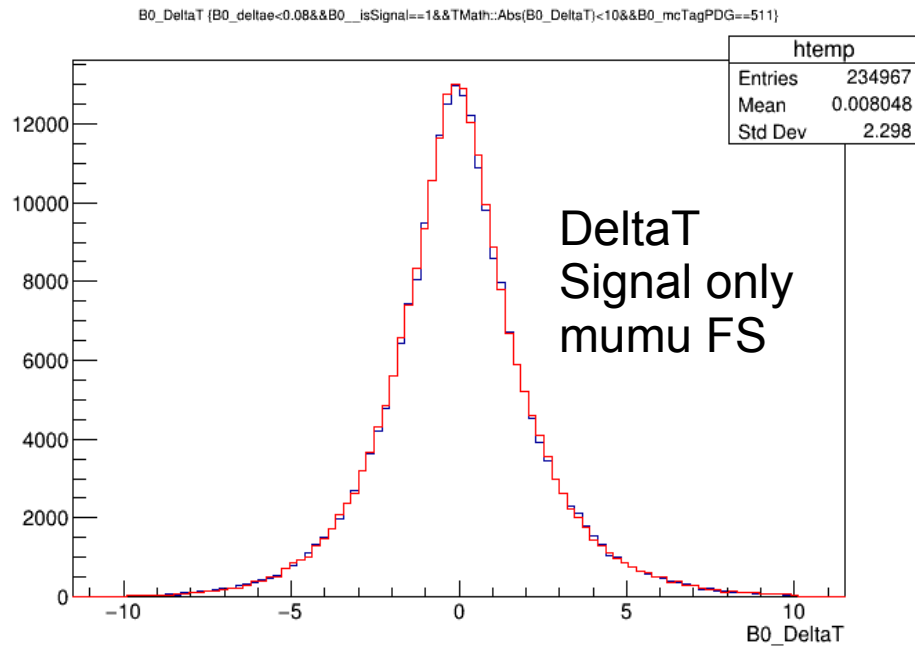
- Output looks in reasonable agreement with proto-analysis on release-00-08-00, however..



	GRID	release8
Luminosity (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	~48000	~28
Candidates (both LFs)	532898	322
Purity (%)	50.4	40
Yield/fb <sup>-1</sup>	11.1	11.5
Notes	~24x10 <sup>3</sup> M B <sup>0</sup> $\bar{B}^0$	~14M B <sup>0</sup> $\bar{B}^0$

# Analysis on grid (3)

- ..there is no CPV at all!

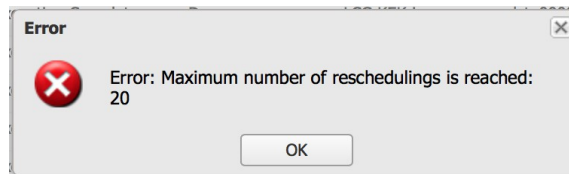


# gbasf2, computing remarks

- Running the analysis is a rush, I got my 80M events done in ~1 hour w bkg (0.4 h w/o bkg), however downloading mdst to KEKCC is much slower (~5/6 hours, O(1Gb) total)
- Folder structure of MC8 production not so user friendly in our case:  
`/belle/MC/release-00-08-00/DB00000208/MC8/prod00001998/s00/e0000/4S/r00000/1191820000/sub00`

Usually just 2 folders (w and w/o bkg), I had 48 folders (from 1998 to 2045, due to skimming) and for each I had to launch the job individually

- gb2\_ds\_get \* does not work (i.e. It's bugged), I had to download every project (i.e. folder) individually
- Rescheduling function is bugged (terminal), low max limit via DIRAC



- Some (few) sites have much higher job failure rates -> makes rescheduling quite useless

<input type="checkbox"/>	49578398	Failed	Ma...	Failed Input Data ...	LCG.CESNET.cz	mdst_000012_prod00002...	2017-04-30 21:16:37
<input type="checkbox"/>	49578397	Done	Exe...	Done	LCG.CESNET.cz	mdst_000011_prod00002...	2017-04-30 17:21:04
<input type="checkbox"/>	49578396	Failed	Ma...	Failed Input Data ...	LCG.CESNET.cz	mdst_000010_prod00002...	2017-04-30 21:00:19
<input type="checkbox"/>	49578395	Done	Exe...	Done	LCG.CESNET.cz	mdst_000009_prod00002...	2017-04-30 17:12:36
<input type="checkbox"/>	49578394	Failed	Ma...	Failed Input Data ...	LCG.CESNET.cz	mdst_000008_prod00002...	2017-04-30 21:40:58

# gbasf2, software remarks

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- Own defined modules are quite straightforward to implement in gbasf2
- Not so straightforward how to implement user-defined quantities in NtupleTools: user variables have to be defined in analysis/VariableManager and are then linked in libanalysis.so  
-> major showstopper
- Flavor tagger does not work on grid, usual problem with weight files input

# Outlook

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- Analysis output looks reasonable so far
- Next steps:
  - Understand why the grid is CP-conserving
  - Use tag from FlavorTagger instead of MCTag
  - Include “ $K_L$ -crash” from ECL -> will need new NeutralCluster object
  - Refine and optimize selection cuts
- Remarks:
  - Yield difference between BaBar and Belle is puzzling, not yet understood (KLM?)