

Next-Generation Simulations for XFEL-Plasma Interactions with Solid Density Targets with Towards Predictive 3D Modeling

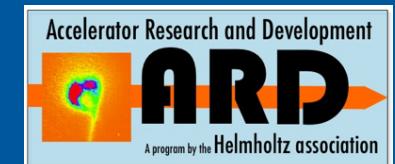


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¹ Helmholtz-Zentrum Dresden - Rossendorf

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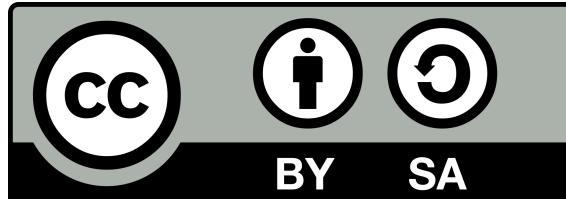
³ International Atomic Energy Agency



3rd European Advanced Accelerator Concepts Workshop

Elba, September 27th 2017





DOI:10.5281/zenodo.1001894

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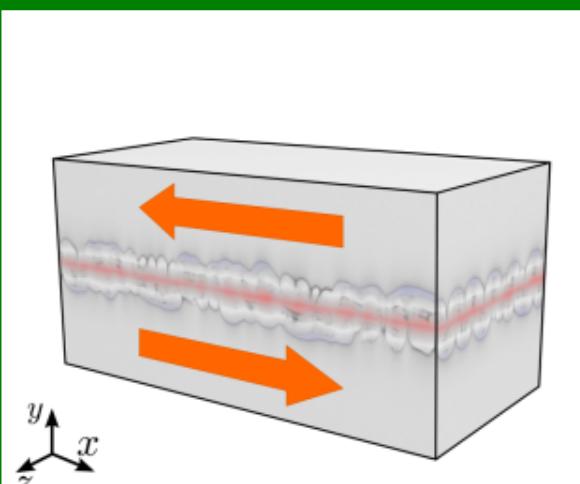
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Plasma Instabilities

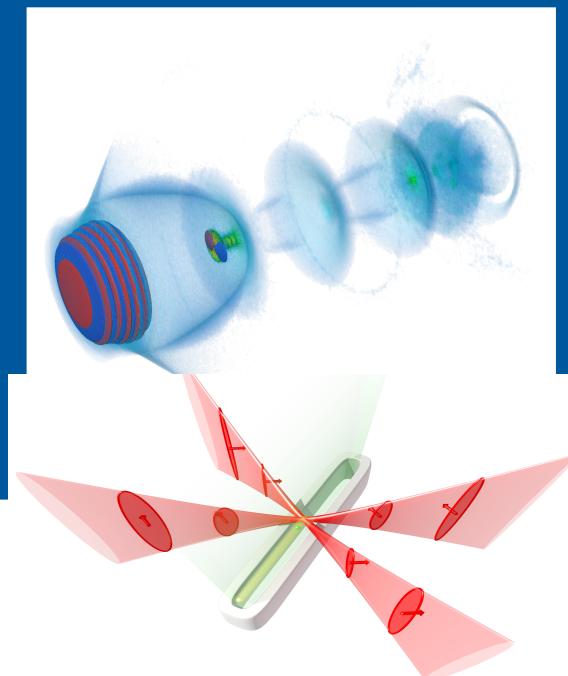
- Astrophysics
- Beam-Plasmas



0.75×10^{11}
particles

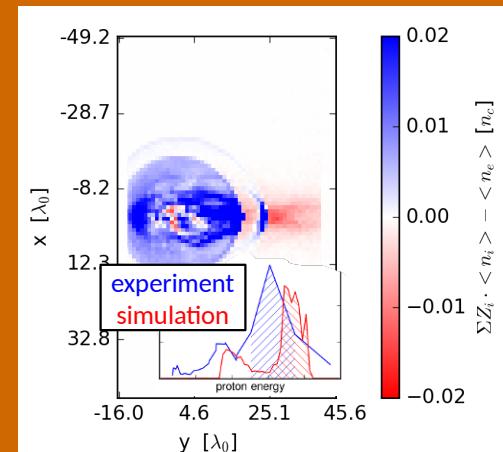
Electron Acceleration with Lasers

- Compact X-Ray sources
- Push the Energy Frontier



Ion Acceleration with Lasers

- Hadron Therapy
- HED



~1 PB / run

P. Hilz, T.M. Ostermayr, A. Huebl et al., in review (2017)

L. Obst et al., **Sci Rep.** **7**:10248 (2017), DOI:10.1038/s41598-017-10589-3

J. Couperius et al., **Nat Commun.** **8**:487 (2017), DOI:10.1038/s41467-017-00592-7 | A. Debus et al., in review (2017)

R. Pausch et al., **Physical Review E** (2017),
DOI:10.1103/PhysRevE.96.013316



- Modern Hardware

- Exascale?

common misunderstandings

opportunities for HEDP & laser-plasmas

- Data Challenge for Simulations

- Community & Sustainability



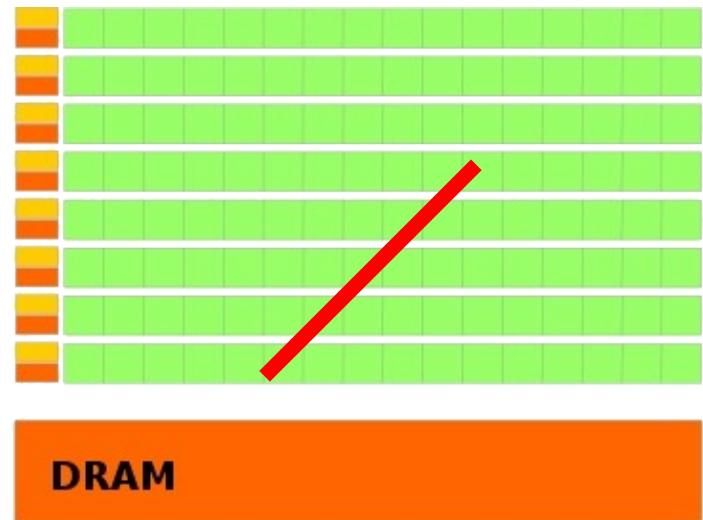
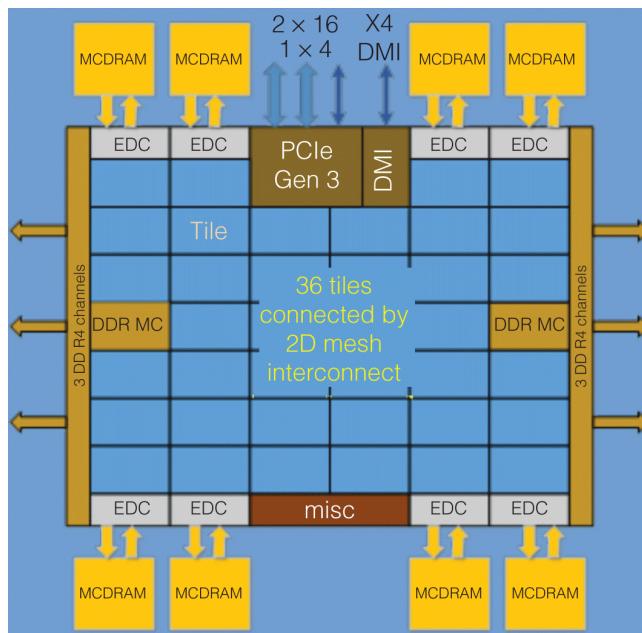
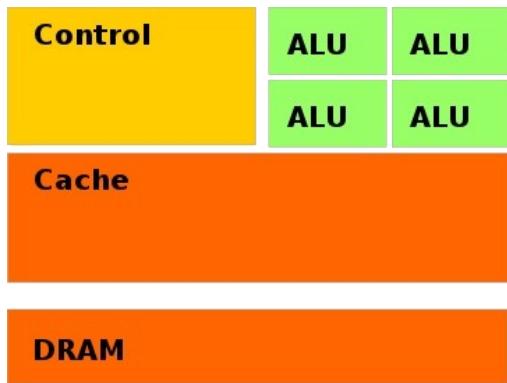
Modern Hardware

Architectures (simplified)

More Parallelism, End of Sequential Speedup

CPU

GPGPU



multi-core



many-core

Image sources: CUDA reference guide (Nvidia); Intel



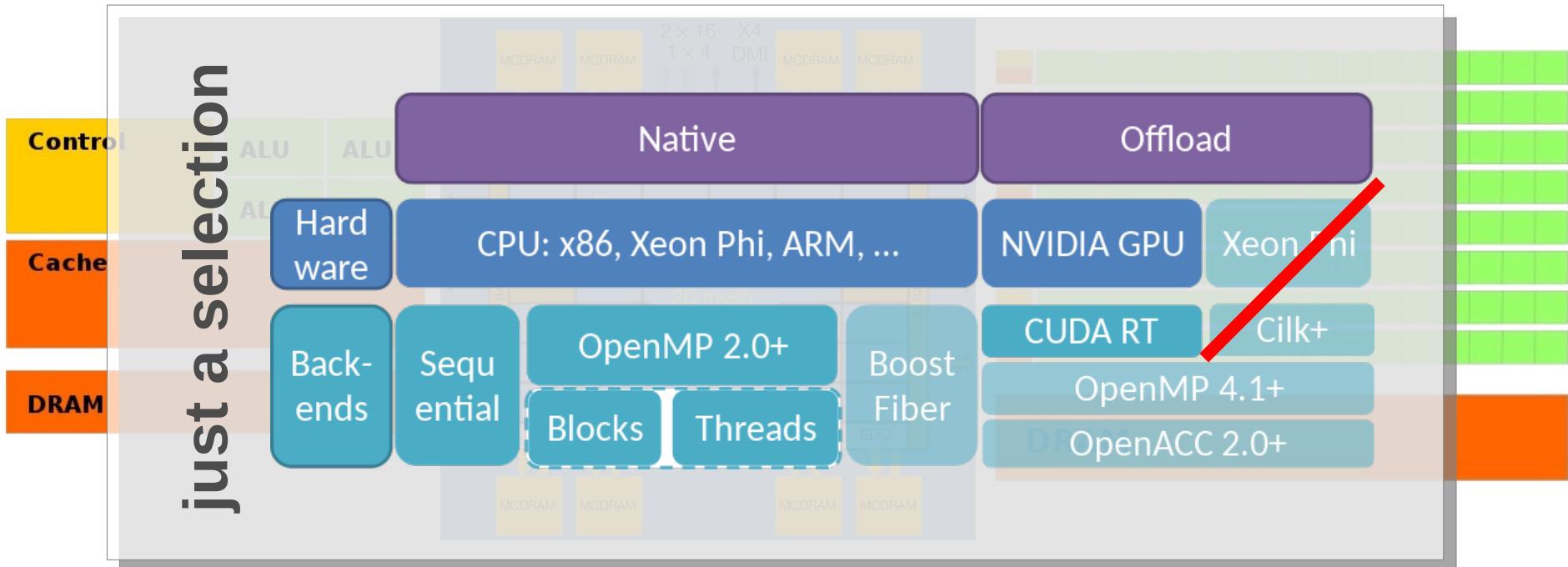
Architectures (simplified)

More Parallelism, End of Sequential Speedup

CPU

GPGPU

just a selection



multi-core



many-core





Plugins



coupled
stages

PMacc

hierarchical domain decomposition, data flow
management & events, containers, common algorithms

alpaka

performance-portable
kernels

mallocMC

parallel memory
management

boost

CUDA, OpenMP, ...

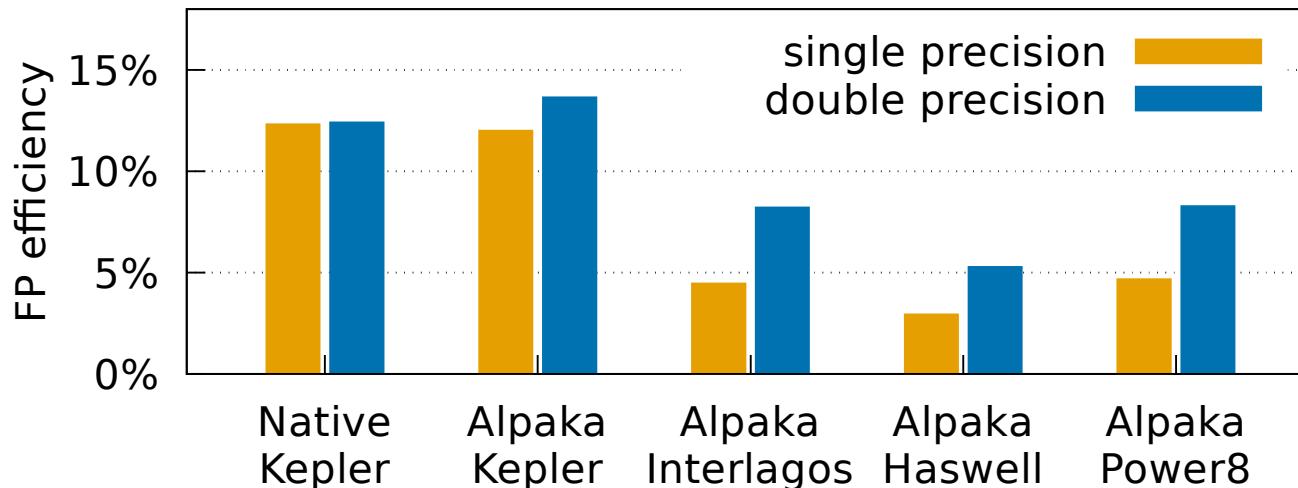
MPI

E. Zenker et al., IPDPS (2016), DOI:10.1109/IPDPSW.2016.50
A. Matthes et al., P3MA - ISC'17 (2017), *in-press*



Alpaka: Single-Source, Performance Portable Kernels

PIConGPU? ... on CPU ...KNL ...ARM ...OpenPOWER!



weeks. Through this abstraction, the ported PIConGPU implementation is executable on AMD, IBM, Intel, and NVIDIA architectures. The code was not just ported, but has been moved to a generic *single-source* multi-platform programming model. Thus, PIConGPU never needs to be ported again.

No GPU? No Problem!

Installation:

E. Zenker et al., ISC (2016), DOI:10.1007/978-3-319-46079-6_21

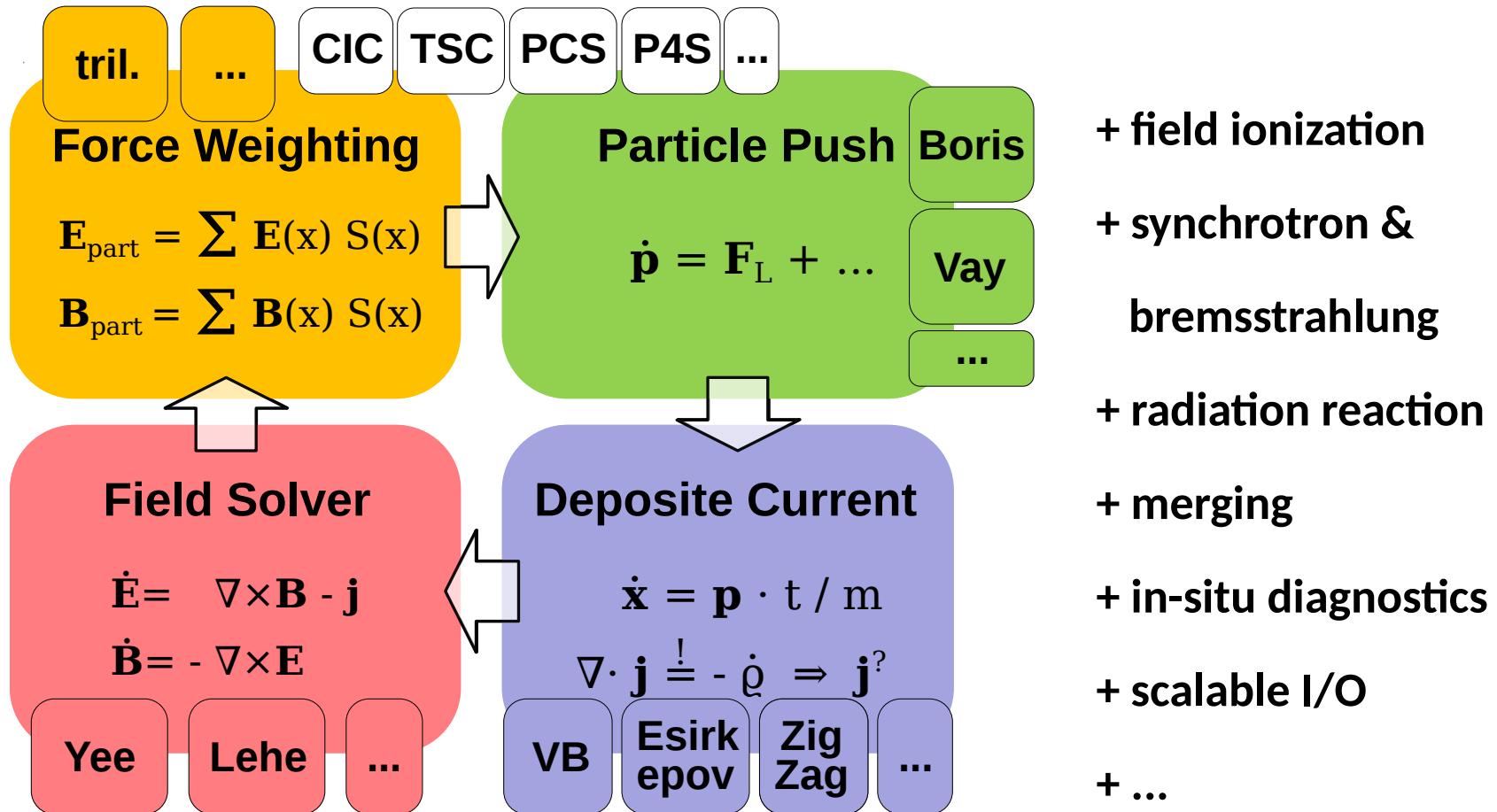
A. Matthes et al., ISC (2017), in-press, arXiv:1706.10086

**-b cuda
pic-build -b omp2b:knl
spack install picongpu**



Algorithmic Agility: ALL work with & on ALL

Single-Source, Performance Portable C++, 27k LOC



Exascale? misunderstandings vs. opportunities

Computational Speed → Predictive Capability

PetaFlop/s: 10^{15} floating point operations / second

ExaFlop/s won't solve *today's problems* $10^3 \times$ faster, but

- larger problems
- more problems*
- more complex problems*

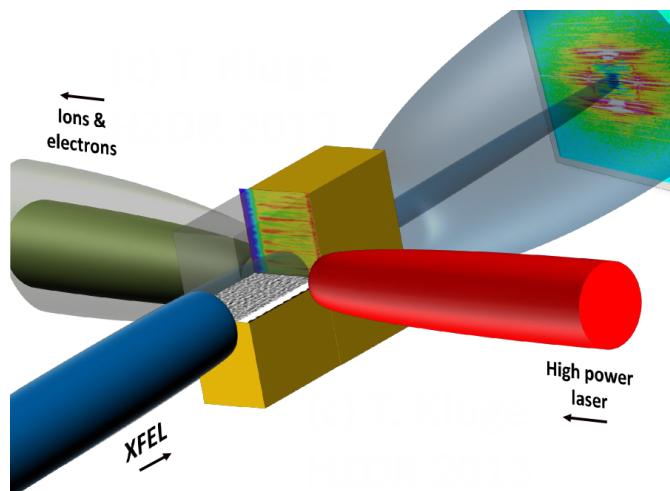
in the same time to solution!

*** investigate systematical & statistical errors!**

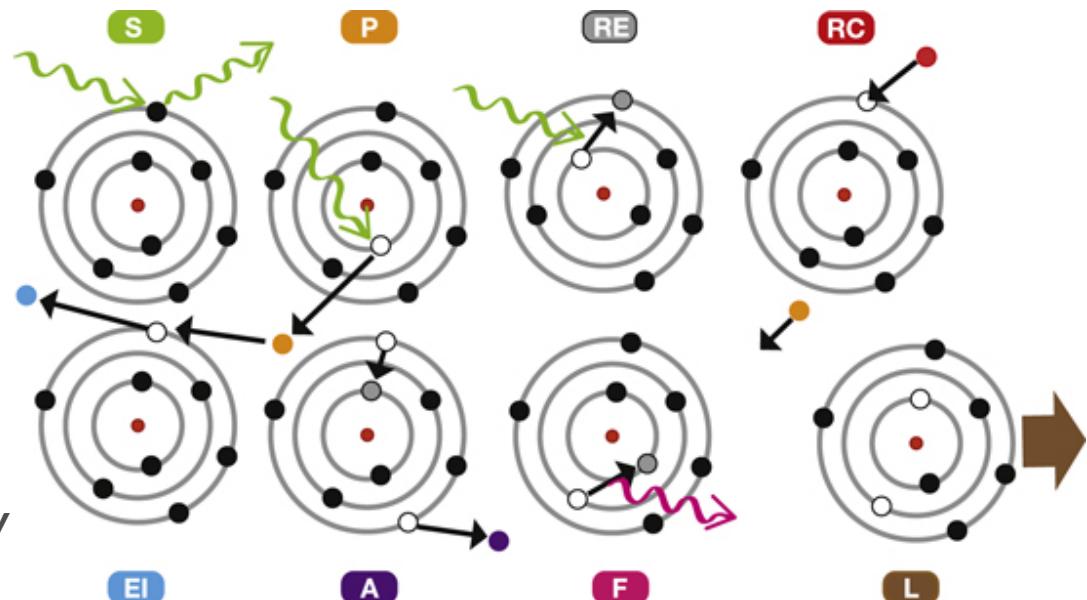


Member of the Helmholtz Association

Upcoming



See talk of M. Garten earlier today



List of non-LTE atomic processes:

- photo ionization & rad. recombination
- resonant absorption & spontaneous decay
- collisional excitation & deexcitation
- collisional ionization & 3-body recombination
- autoionization & dielectr. recombination

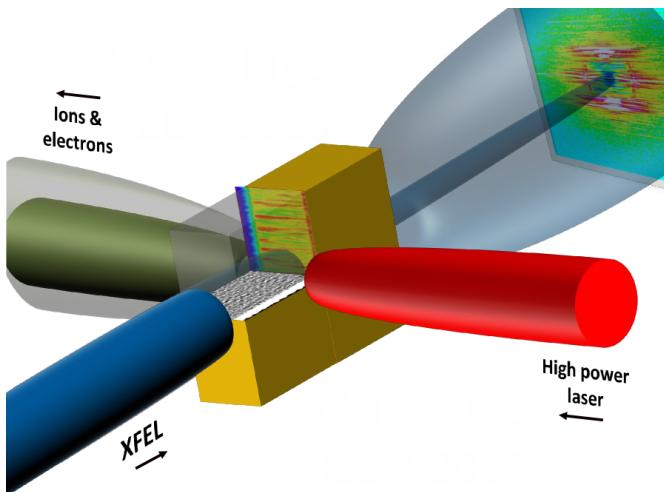
Image: P.J. Ho, C. Knight
J. Phys. B: At., Mol. Opt. Phys. (CC-BY 2017)



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Upcoming

“structural”
atomic data



Model 1

 K^2L^7
 $K^2L^6 + n$
 $K^2L^5M^1 + n$
 $K^1L^7 + n$

 $K^2L^8M^4$
 $K^2L^8M^3 + n_1$
 $K^2L^8M^2N^1 + n_2$
 $K^2L^7M^4 + n_1$
 $K^1L^8M^4 + n_1$

Model 2

Model 1 +

 $K^2L^7M^4 + n_1$
 $K^2L^7M^3N^1 + n_2$
 $K^2L^6M^5 + n_1$
 $K^2L^6M^4N^1 + n_2$
 $K^1L^8M^3N^1 + n_2$
 $K^1L^7M^5 + n_1$
 $K^1L^7M^4N^1 + n_2$

H.-K. Chung et al. High Energy Density Physics 1 (2005) 3-12
H.-K. Chung et al. High Energy Density Physics 3 (2007) 57-64

FLYCHK / SCFLY

- 0D collisional-radiative model
- screened-hydrogenic levels

self-consistent coupling



- ab initio, electro-magnetic plasmas



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Multi-Physics: Non-LTE Atomic Physics

removed from summary



FLYlite

$$\frac{d\tilde{n}}{dt} = \underline{R} \cdot \tilde{n}$$

removed from summary

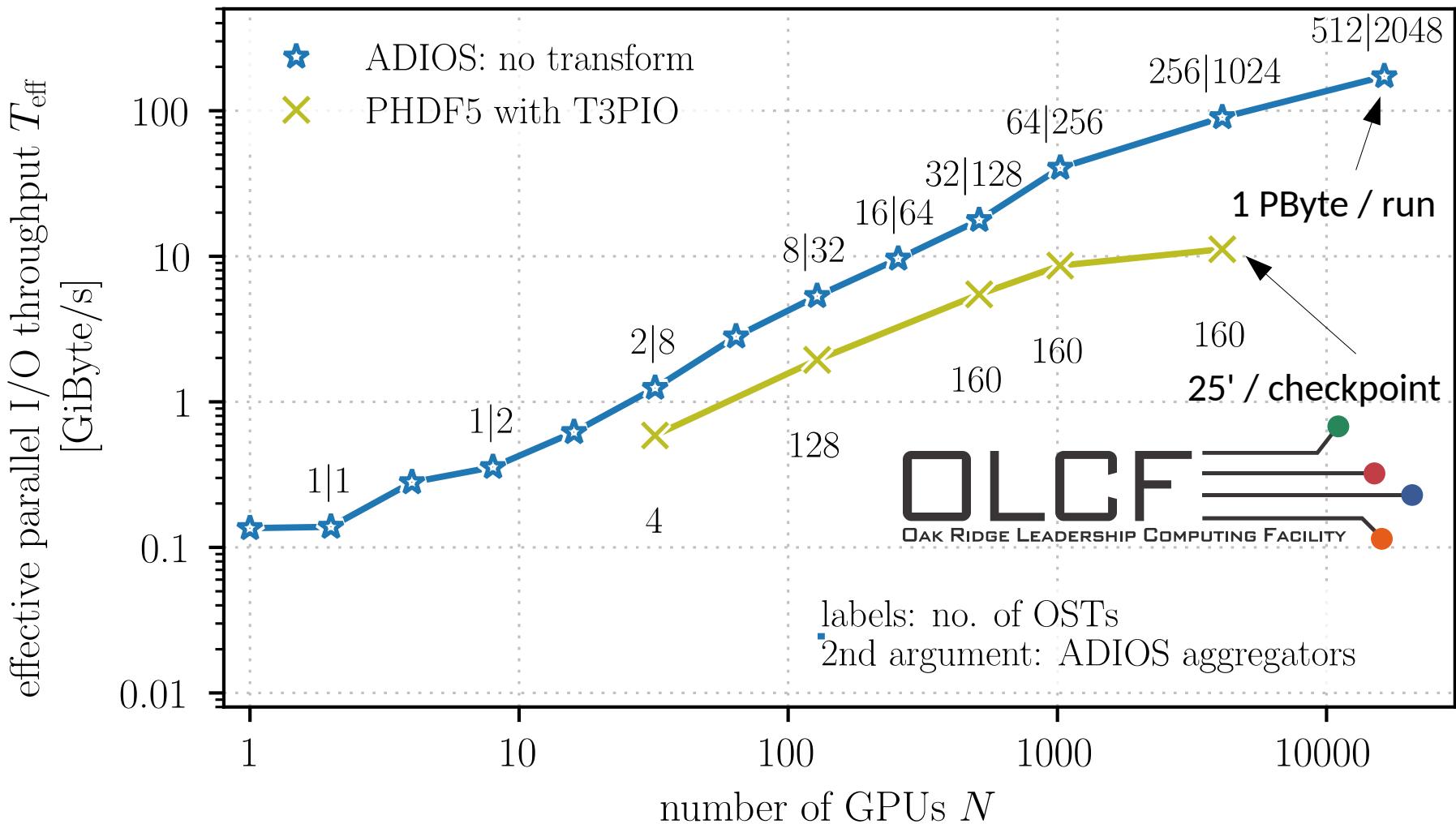
References for SCFLY/FLYlite models: [ColEx] H.-K. Chung et al. (2007), Mewe (1972),
[Collon] A. Burgess, M.C. Chidichimo (1983), [RadEx] Screened Oscillators, e.g. R.M. More (1981/91),
[Radlon] J. H. Scofield (1983), H. A. Kramers (1923), [Auto] Rates, [IPD] J.C. Stewart, K.D. Pyatt (1966)

Data Challenge for Simulations

Data Reduction Challenge

Titan I/O Weak Scaling

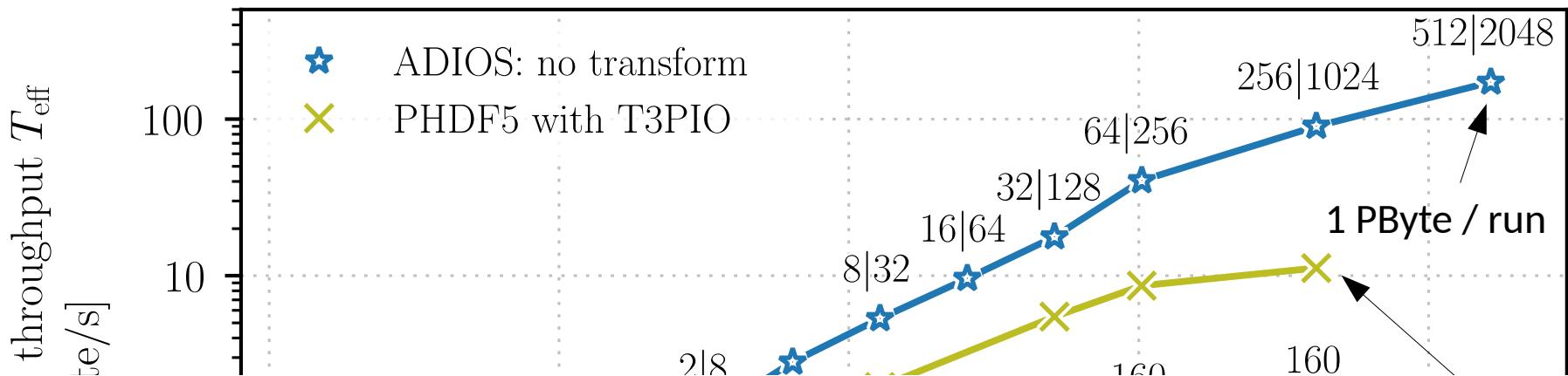
$$T_{\text{eff}} \equiv \frac{N \times S}{t_{\text{I/O}}}$$



Data Reduction Challenge

Titan I/O Weak Scaling

$$T_{\text{eff}} \equiv \frac{N \times S}{t_{\text{I/O}}}$$



FEATURE	TITAN	SUMMIT
Application Performance	Baseline	5-10x Titan
Number of Nodes	18,688	~4,600
Node performance	1.4 TF	> 40 TF
File System	32 PB, 1 TB/s, Lustre®	250 PB, 2.5 TB/s, GPFS™
Peak power consumption	9 MW	15 MW

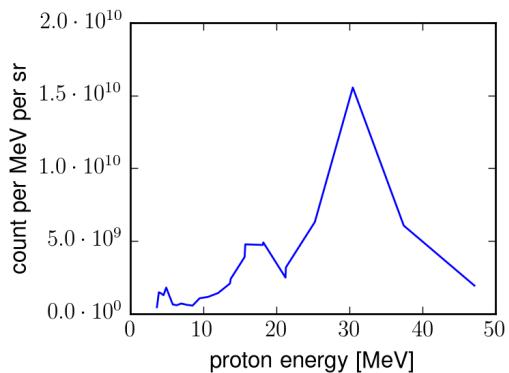
www.olcf.ornl.gov/summit

A. Huebl et al., DRBSD-1 - ISC'17 (2017), *in-press*, arXiv:1706.00522

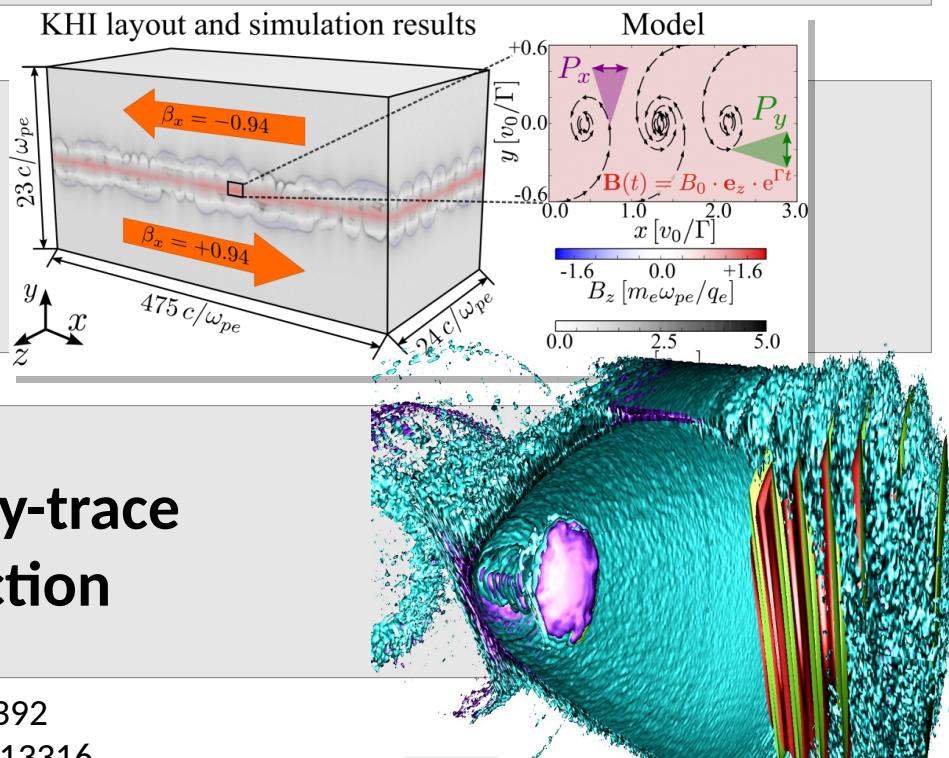


Data Reduction: In Situ (Plugins)

Binning of a spectrogram
Creation of a phase space image



In situ radiation diagnostics
(see talk of R. Pausch)



Ray-cast or photo-realistic ray-trace
Aggressive (lossy) data reduction

A. Huebl et al. (2014), DOI:10.1109/TPS.2014.2327392

R. Pausch et al. (2017), DOI:10.1103/PhysRevE.96.013316

A. Matthes, A. Huebl et al., ISC'16 (2016), DOI:10.14529/jsfi160403

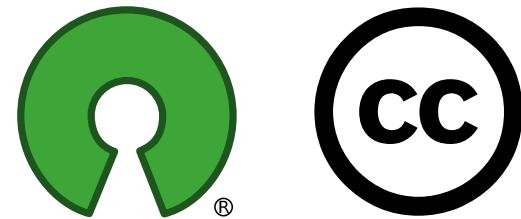
A. Huebl et al., ISC'17 (2017), in-press, arXiv:1706.00522



Community & Sustainability

Open Science Approach

[github.com/
ComputationalRadiationPhysics](https://github.com/ComputationalRadiationPhysics)



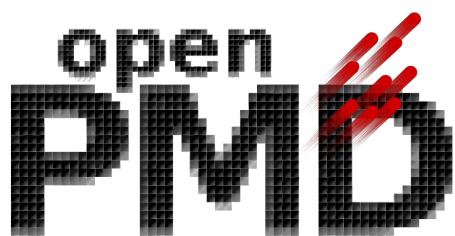
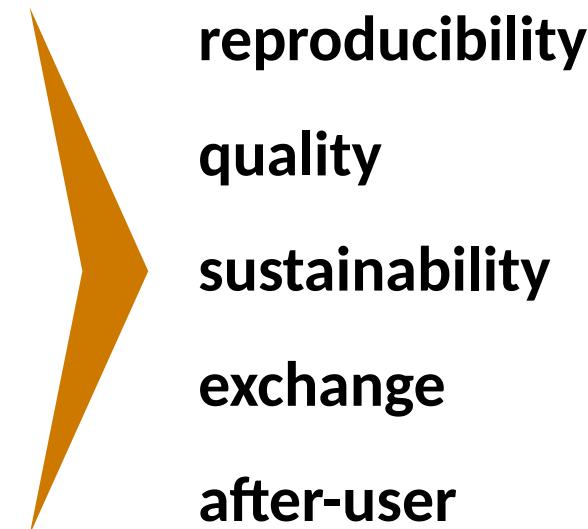
source: open, contributable, docs

review: open issues & changelogs

methodology: documented workflows

education: resources & integrations

data: standardized, versioned



A. Huebl et al., openPMD 1.0.0 (2015), DOI:10.5281/zenodo.33624



Thank you for your attention!

This research used resources of the Oak Ridge Leadership Computing Facility located in the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, which is supported by the Office of Science of the Department of Energy under Contract DE-AC05-00OR22725.

This project has received funding from the European Unions Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 654220.

