EAAC WG1 and WG8 joint session Elba, Italy | September 27th, 2017



FLASHFORWARD

Future-Oriented Wakefield-Accelerator Research and Development at FLASH

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FLASHFORWARD contributors

Core FLASHForward team

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FLASH drives free-electron laser and accelerator research SUPERCONDUCTING SYSTEM FEEDS MULTIPLE BEAM LINES SIMULTANEOUSLY



> FLASH is an FEL user facility

> FLASHForward is a beam line for PWFA research

> Both share the same superconducting accelerator front-end. Typical electron beam parameters:

- \lesssim 1.25 GeV energy with a few 100 pC at ~100 fs rms bunch duration
- ~2 µm trans. norm. emittance
- up to 800 bunches (≤ MHz spacing) at 10 Hz macro-pulse repetition rate, a few 10 kW average beam power

- - 3 GHz cavity for phase space linearization \rightarrow triangular current profiles



→ A. Aschikhin et al., NIM A 806, 175 (2016)



Experimental programme in preparation SEPARATED INTO CORE EXPERIMENTAL STUDIES AND PROTOTYPING



ain **FF** scientific goals



> X-1 High-brightness beam generation in plasma ("plasma cathode"):

> 1 GeV energy gain, trans. norm. emittance ~100 nm, current \ge 1 kA, ~fs bunch duration

> X-2 Plasma booster module for FLASH: > 1 GeV energy gain, conservation of energy spread and transverse emittance, depletion of drive beam energy, 10% conversion efficiency

> X-100 Demonstration of FEL gain from plasma-accelerated beams (≥ 2020)

Full start-to-end simulations implemented including CSR, space charge, and wakefield effects **FF** HIGHLIGHTS









Full start-to-end simulations implemented including CSR, space charge, and wakefield effects



HIPACE 1.0 0.10 0.8 0.05 Current 0.6 0.00 0.4 -0.05 0.2 -0.10 z (µm) 0.0 -100100 200 300 0

HIGHLIGHTS HIGHLIGHTS

Extension of hosing theory → T. J. Mehrling et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 118,174801 (2017)

- > Energy spread in driver reduces hosing (i.e. BNS damping)
- Plasma taper can reduce hosing seed strength



X-11 Hosing StudiesPI: S. Wesch (DESY)





collaboration with U Hamburg and IST Lisbon



Betatron decoherence C_1 : No energy evolution C_2 : Energy evolution, no energy-spread 20 C_3 : Energy evolution, 5% energy spread X_b/\hat{X}_0 - PIC: C_2 15- PIC: C_3 105 020 30 40 500 10 60 $t \ (\omega_{\beta,0}^{-1})$ **Seed reduction** $0^{0}u/u^{0.5}$ $\left(\right)$ $-k_{\beta,0}L = 0$ $X_b/\hat{X}_{b,0}$ $k_{\beta,0}L = 5$ $k_{\beta,0}L = 10$ $k_{\beta,0}L = 20$ $\mathbf{0}$ 30 -20 -10 10 0 2040 5060 $z \ (k_{\beta,0}^{-1})$

HIGHLIGHTS HIGHLIGHTS

Extension of hosing theory → T. J. Mehrling et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 118,174801 (2017)



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Betatron decoherence C_1 : No energy evolution C₂: Energy evolution, no energy-spread 20 C_3 : Energy evolution, 5% energy spread $\left|X_b/\hat{X}_0 ight|$ PIC: C_2 15PIC: C_3 105 0 30 2040 500 10 60 $t \ (\omega_{\beta,0}^{-1})$

- Full start-to-end simulations confirm hosing modes can be excited
- Measurement of growth rates & hosing saturation vs. beam parameters

X-band transverse deflector for femtosecond phase-space characterization **FF** HIGHLIGHTS





- > A collaboration between DESY, CERN, and PSI to share expertise and develop X-band technology
- > A novel dual-polarisation RF deflecting cavity has been developed for prototyping on FLASHForward \rightarrow tomographic reconstruction of phase space
- > Resolutions witness* and driver** beam working points:

$$R_{z} = \frac{\sigma_{y}}{S} = \sqrt{\frac{\varepsilon_{y}(s)}{\beta_{y}(s_{0})}} \frac{1}{|\sin \mu_{y}|} \frac{E}{eVk}$$

 $R_t > 0.9$ fs (witness) $R_t > 1.5$ fs (driver)

P-9 X-Deflector PI: R. D'Arcy (DESY)



DESY coordinator: B. Marchetti

Courtesy of Alexej Grudiev, CERN



$R_{\delta} > 2 \times 10^{-4}$ (witness) $R_{\delta} > 1 \times 10^{-4}$ (driver)

 $*E = 1.5 \text{ GeV}, \epsilon = 0.5 \mu \text{m}$ $^{**}E = 1.0 \text{ GeV}, \epsilon = 2.0 \ \mu \text{m}$

How FLASHForward >> wants to help...



Jens O

3rd EAAC workshop, 25th



Challenges related to beam dynamics at high energy



- Varrow energy spread
- **Efficiency** and beam loading
- Emittance preservation
- Scattering (plasma)
- Beam break-up and hosing instabilities
- Spin polarization preservation
- Vion motion (plasma)
- Structure charging and radiation damage
- Numerical simulation

3rd EAAC workshop, 25th September 2017, Isola d'Elba, Italy

Summary

FLASHForward is a next-generation experiment for beam-driven plasma accelerator research Beamline commissioning has started in August 2017 → first plasma experiments in early 2018 > Work focusses on key challenges toward photon science and particle physics applications