

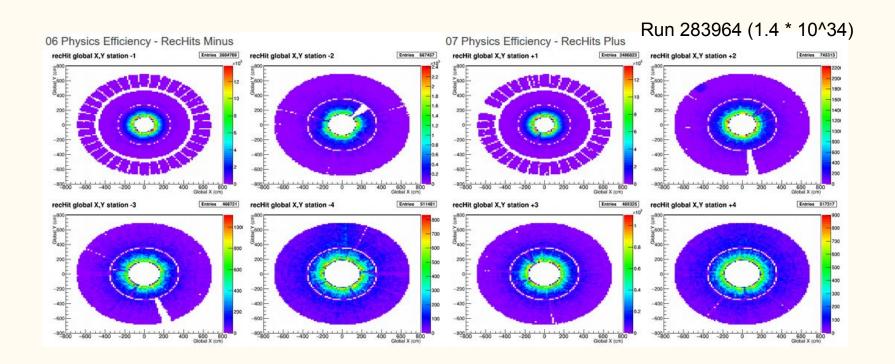
# CSC Operations

Indara Suarez (UCSB)
Mikhail Ignatenko (FNAL)
Evaldas Juska (TAMU)
Jian Wang (UF)

Run & DPG Coordination Workshop, Turin 25.01.2017

### Overview

- ME1/1 water cooling
- General status and problems faced during 2016
- Backgrounds and HV stability
- System improvements
- Plans for EYETS



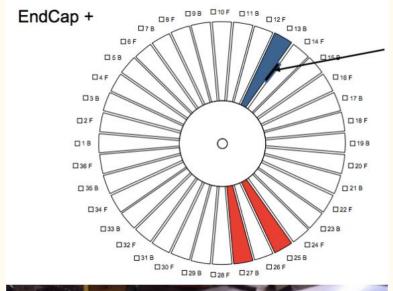
### ME1/1 water leak in late 2015

### Water leak detected during Heavy Ion run of 2015

- Leak traced to ME+1/1/13
- 3 chambers extracted, brought to the surface, cleaned and repaired

#### Precautionary measures

- Enable water valve control of individual ME1/1 circuits when CMS is closed
- Humidity sensors installed in vacuum tank
- Water collectors installed to channel any water away from instrumented regions



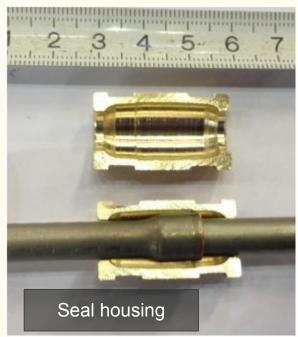


### ME1/1 cooling circuit repair

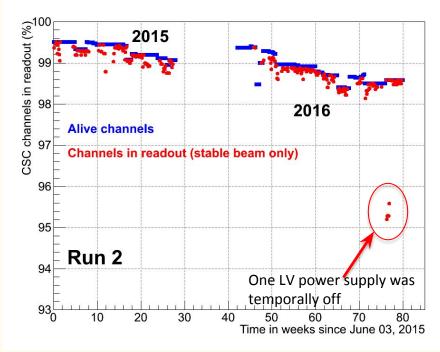
- The leak was caused by a faulty on-chamber cooling pipe joint
- Reinforcing all ME1/1 cooling joints during this YETS
  - High-performance rad-hard epoxy compound (Germetal)
  - Was shown to reliably seal the pipe joints even without any welding
  - Radiation tests at CHARM and CASTOR table showed no signs of degradation



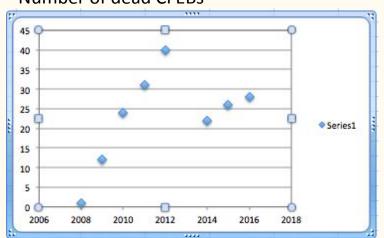




### Live channels



#### Number of dead CFEBs



- Readout efficiency > 98.5% at the end of 2016
- Main contributors to hardware problems
  - 2 CSCs without LV
    - Faulty connectors
  - 2 CSCs with dead ALCT
  - 5 dead DCFEBs due to faulty EEPROMs
  - 5 DCFEBs with dead optical links
  - Only 2 dead CFEBs in 2016
- Will recover what is accessible during this EYETS

### DCFEB problems

### Occasional data corruption due to monitoring (over JTAG)

- Disabled some of the monitoring on these boards (fixed)
- We have lots of redundancy in monitoring, so this is not a problem

#### Loosing optical link (sometimes stops the run)

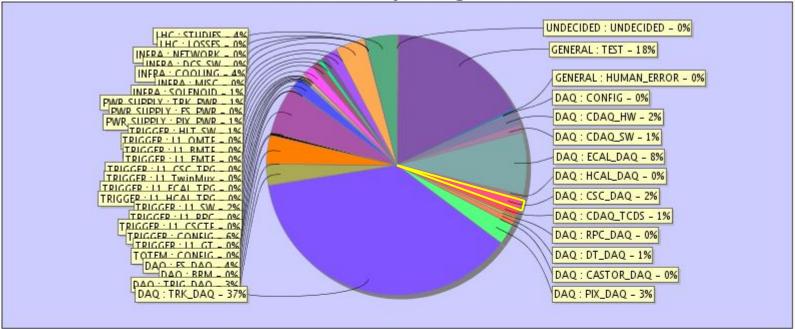
- Turns out to be caused by SEU in the optical transceiver module
  - Transmitter is being turned off
  - SEU probably triggers the laser safety mechanism
- Implemented firmware to reset the transceivers on hard-reset
  - But could not deploy because of the EEPROM problem (below)

### EEPROM problem

- Discovered when trying to update firmware in July and August 2016
- 5 boards stopped working (only tried downloading to 60 / 504 boards)
- Reason: cannot erase or write EEPROM
  - After the first erase readback is always corrupted
- Current hypothesis is that this is caused by radiation
- o Previous radiation tests didn't show problems, but we did not try erase
- Repeated radiation testing at CHARM (20kRad)
  - After irradiation, cannot erase these PROMs (Xilinx XCF128x)
  - Studies ongoing, alternatives are being tested for future DCFEBs

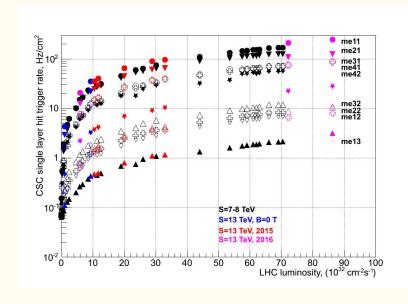
### Overview



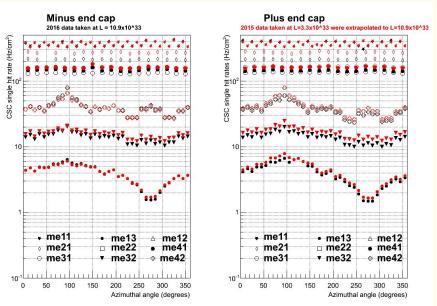


- Downtime contribution = ~2%
- Main cause -- SEUs
  - Corrupted data from the FPGAs
  - Some SEUs cause DCFEB optical transceivers to switch off
  - SEU mitigation
    - Hard-resets on-demand and periodically
    - Tripple modular redundancy in the firmware
    - Working on further improvements

### Background



- CSC sees linear increase in background with increasing luminosity
- Small increase in background with 13TeV
- Magnetic field helps in inner rings
- During last EYETS rotating shielding was improved, but CSC doesn't see any noticeable effect in background rates



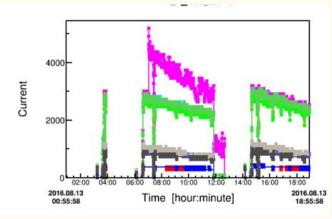


# HV stability

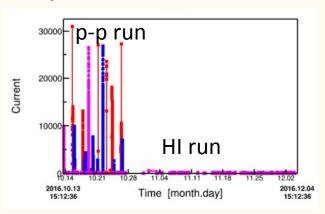
#### Monitoring HV stability

- Paying special attention during high lumi running
- So far very stable
- A few channels stay at lower than nominal voltage since run 1
- After lumi reached 10^34 we started seeing these effects:
  - HV current spikes in a few ME1/3 chambers
  - Occasional malter effect on a few other chambers
  - We think these chambers can be trained

#### Malter effect in me+2/1/07

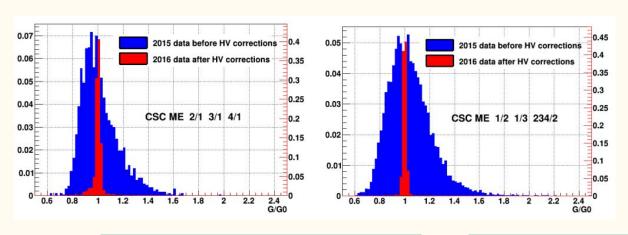


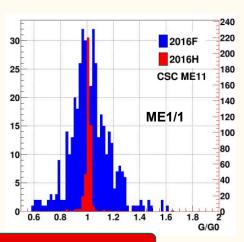
#### Spikes in HV currents of me-1/3/20



# Gas gain equalization with HV tuning

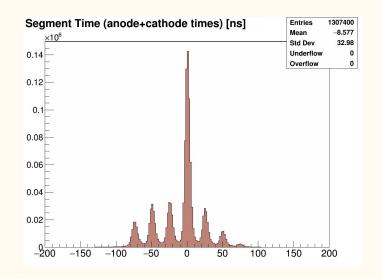
- Gas gain variation in CSC chambers was up to 3x
  - Goal: equalize gas gains to achieve more uniform detector response
- Tuned individual HV channel voltages to equalize gas gain
  - The gas gain distribution now is impressively narrow
  - o Note: this is average gas gain per sector, there is still variation within sectors
  - Recall: CSC has > 11000 HV channels/sectors
- Next step: lower the gas gain on all chambers
  - Maximize longevity
  - But preserve efficiency and good space resolution

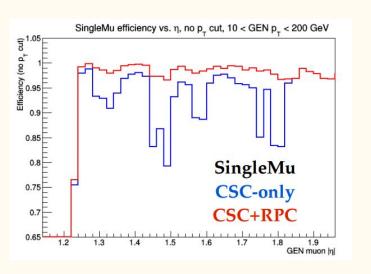




# Trigger

- EMTF has fully replaced CSCTF in 2016
  - CSCTF was still in readout for offline cross-check studies
- Chamber trigger timing is within a few ns
- Early EMTF firmware used the earliest LCT to form a trigger
  - Later updated to choose the second earliest (like CSCTF)
  - This update reduced pre-firing rate from ~2% to ~0%
- So far RPC hits were not yet included in track finding algorithm
  - In 2017 RPC hits will be included -- shown to improve efficiency

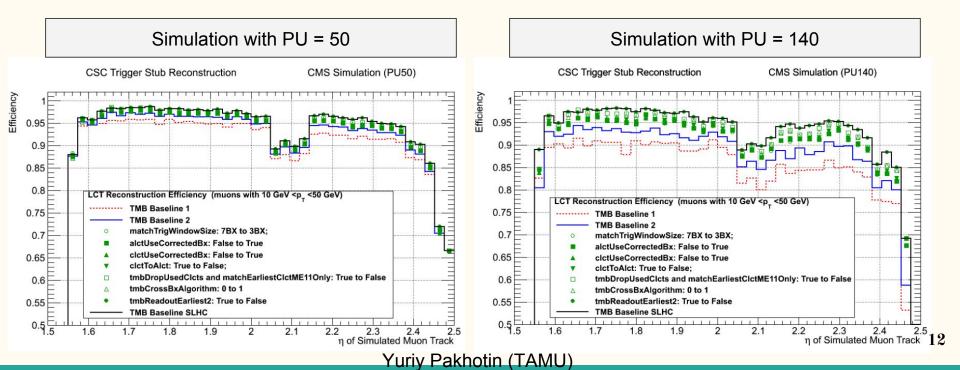




### New OTMB firmware

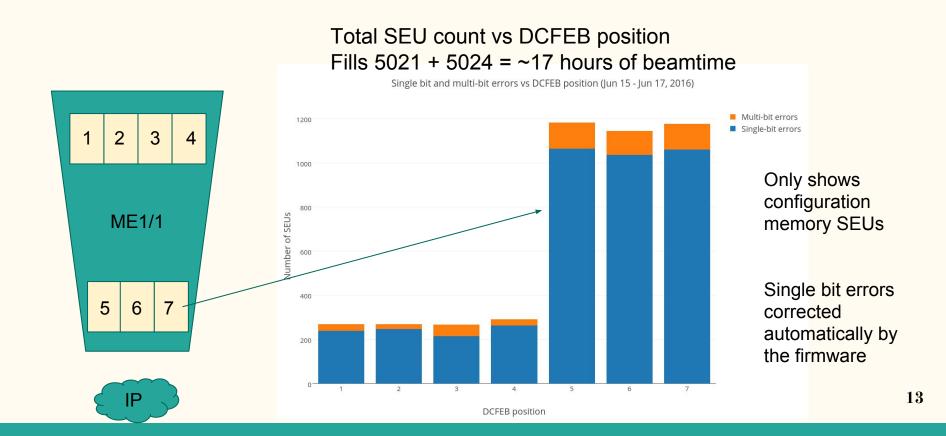
### Many developments for improving efficiency in high PU

- Individual improvements can be turned on/off in runtime
- Extensively tested at GIF++
  - No problems seen, but improvements not visible due to small beam profile
- Deployed at P5 on one chamber after pp run
  - No problems seen while running with or without algorithm improvements
- Plan to deploy on a few crates during EYETS and later on the whole system
  - First run with the old algorithm and gradually turn on improvements



### Online software

- SEU monitoring
  - Measurements saved to DB
- Improved firmware downloading stability
- EEPROM testing functions
- Support for new DCFEB and OTMB firmware functions



### Plans for EYETS

- Reinforce ME1/1 water cooling joints
- Replace all dead DCFEBs
- DCFEB firmware update
  - Replace boards that show EEPROM problems during downloading
- Replace dead ALCTs
- Fix at least one broken LV connector (out of two)
  - May be possible to fix the second one as well
- Update ALCT slow control firmware
- Update OTMB firmware