

Search of Dark Photons in KLOE

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on behalf of the KLOE-2 Collaboration

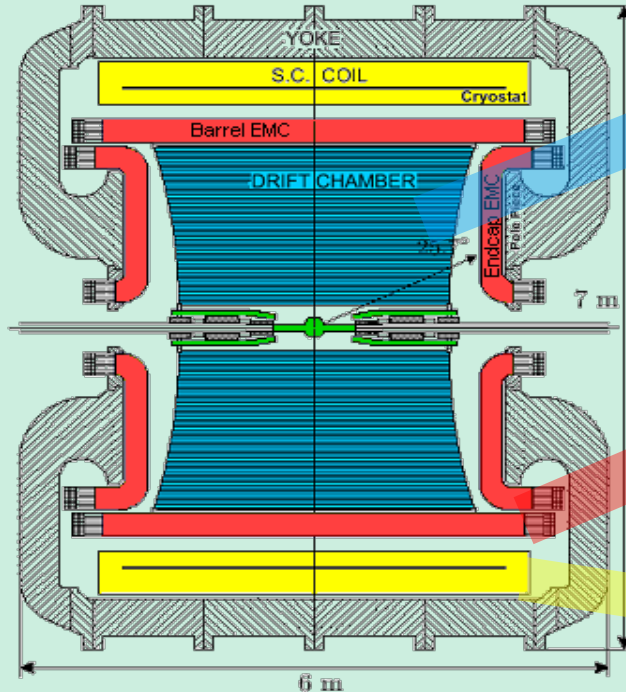


Light Dark Matter @ Accelerators
La Biodola, 24 – 28 May 2017

Outline

- ✗ KLOE and KLOE-2
- ✗ Dark photon searches at KLOE
 - ↪ ϕ meson decays
 - ↪ associated $e^+e^- \rightarrow U\gamma$ production
 - ↪ Higgs-strahlung
- ✗ Perspectives @ KLOE-2
- ✗ Conclusions

The KLOE experiment



Drift chamber

- ❖ Gas mixture: 90% He + 10% C₄H₁₀
- ❖ $\delta p_t / p_t < 0.4\%$ ($\theta > 45^\circ$)
- ❖ $\sigma_{xy} \approx 150 \mu\text{m}$; $\sigma_z \approx 2 \text{ mm}$

Electromagnetic calorimeter

- ❖ lead/scintillating fibers
- ❖ 98% solid angle coverage
- ❖ $\sigma_E / E = 5.7\% / \sqrt{E(\text{GeV})}$
- ❖ $\sigma_t = 57 \text{ ps} / \sqrt{E(\text{GeV})} \oplus 100 \text{ ps}$
- ❖ PID capabilities

Magnetic field: 0.52 T

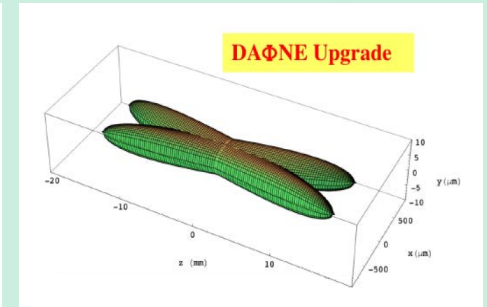
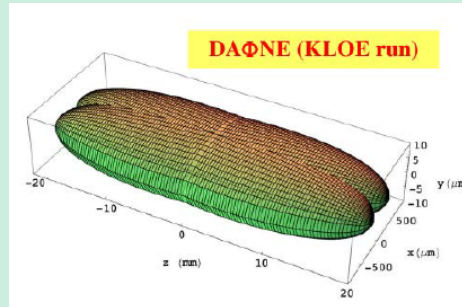
- ✗ The KLOE experiment at the DAΦNE ϕ -factory took data in 2001-2006
- ✗ 2.5 fb⁻¹ integrated @ 1.02 GeV, 250 pb⁻¹ @ 1 GeV
- ✗ Excellent quality data set for precision measurements on:
 - ✓ Kaon physics
 - ✓ Light meson spectroscopy
 - ✓ Hadron production in $\gamma\gamma$ collisions
 - ✓ Search for dark force mediator
 - ✓ $\pi^+\pi^-$ contribution to $(g-2)_\mu$

ϕ decay	Events/fb ⁻¹
K ⁺ K ⁻	1.5×10 ⁹
K _L K _S	1.0×10 ⁹
η	5×10 ⁷
η'	2×10 ⁵

KLOE-2 run

DAΦNE: new interaction scheme

- ✘ Large angle beam crossing
- ✘ Crabbed waist sextupoles



KLOE-2:

- ✘ Detector upgrade ($\gamma\gamma$ taggers + GEM inner tracker + low- θ EMCs)
- ✘ Extension of the KLOE physics program [Eur. Phys. J. C 68 (2010), 619]

↪ KLOE-2 run since November 2014

↪ Expected $\geq 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ by the end of March 2018

↪ DAΦNE performances: $L_{\text{ave}} \sim 1.5 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$, $L_{\text{int}} \sim 10 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day}$

↪ Background levels much higher than in the past

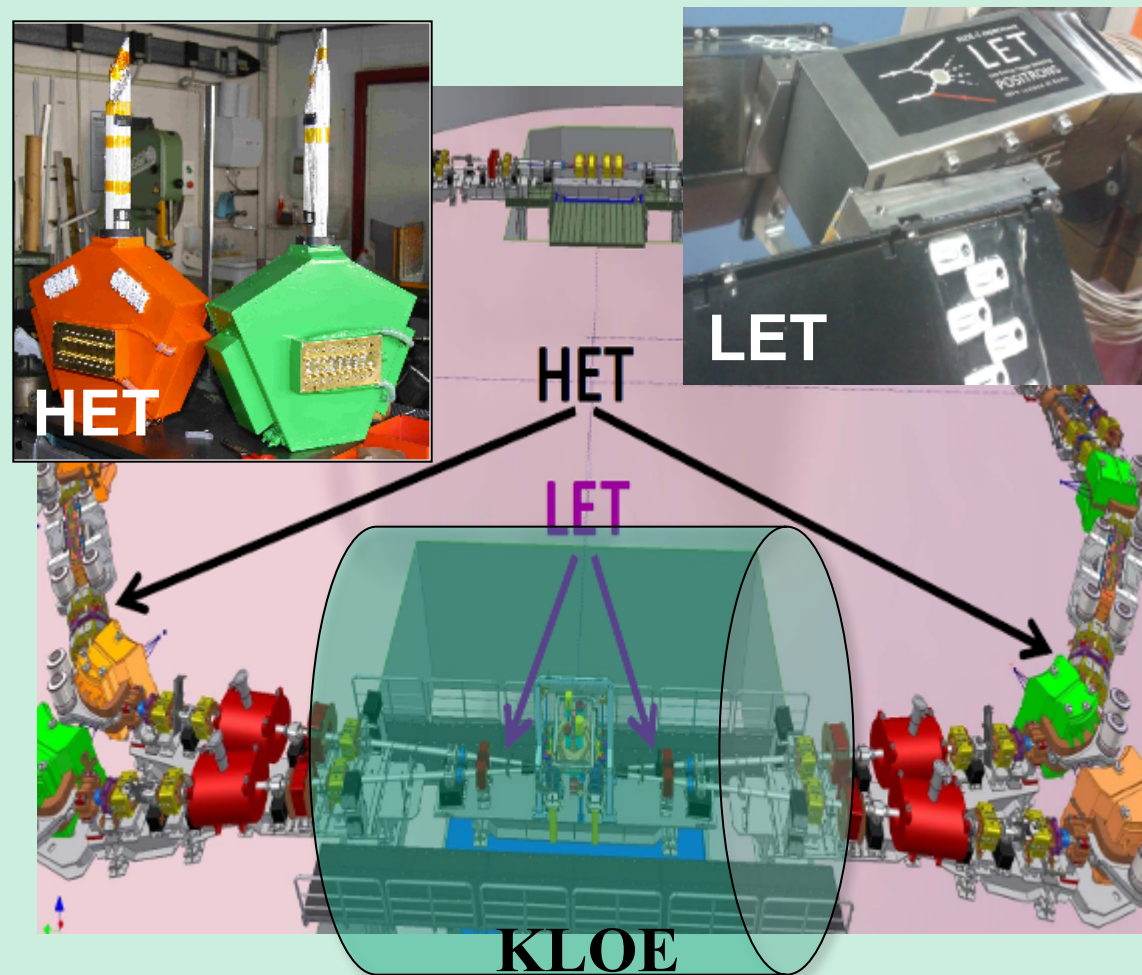
↪ KLOE-2 detectors operational

↪ More than 3.7 fb^{-1} data collected

The KLOE-2 upgrade: $\gamma\gamma$ taggers

2+2 $\gamma\gamma$ taggers installed inside/outside the detector

Measurement of lepton momenta in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma^*\gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^-X$



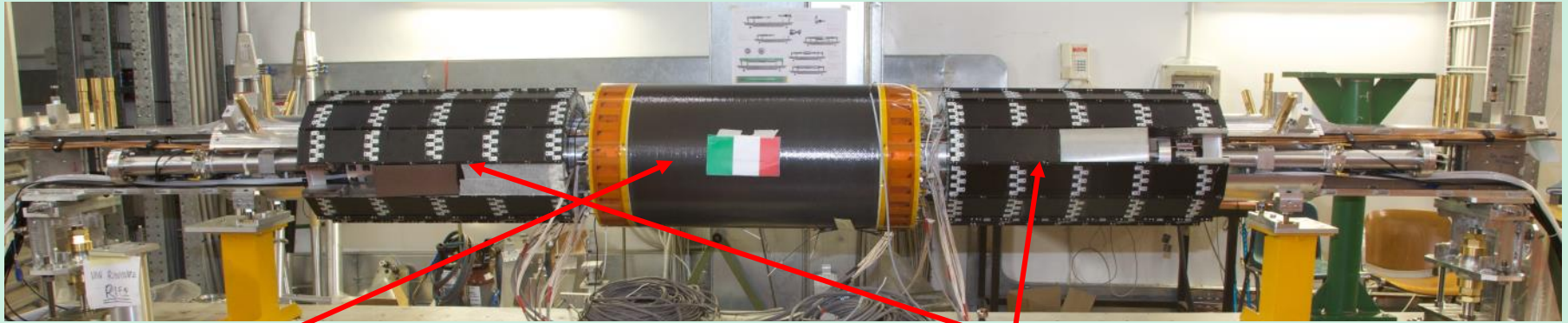
LET : E=160–230 MeV

- Inside KLOE detector
- LYSO+SiPM
- $\sigma_E < 10\%$ for $E > 150$ MeV

HET : E > 400 MeV

- 11 m from IP
- Scintillator hodoscopes
- $\sigma_E \sim 2.5$ MeV
- $\sigma_T \sim 200$ ps

The KLOE-2 upgrade: IR region



INNER TRACKER

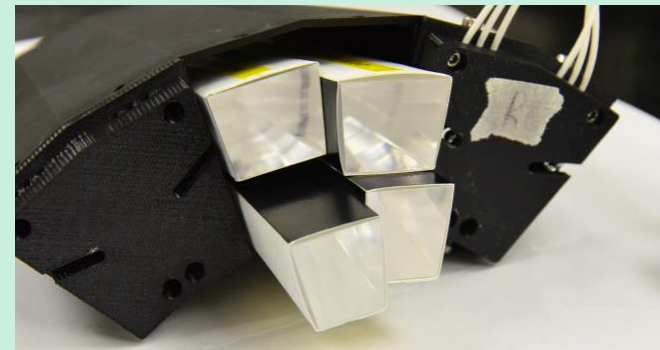
- 4 layers of cylindrical triple GEM
- Better vertex reconstruction near IP
- Larger acceptance for low p_t tracks

QCALT

- W + scintillator tiles + WLS/SiPM
- QUADS coverage for K_L decays

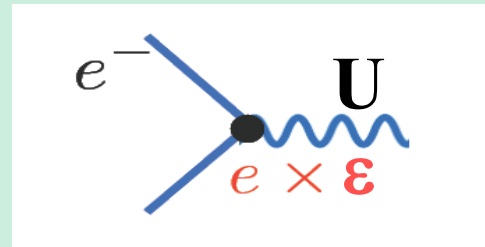
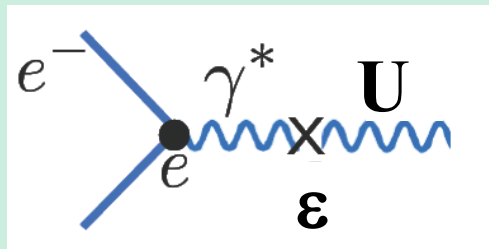
CCALT

- LYSO + SiPM
- Increase acceptance for γ 's from IP ($21^\circ \rightarrow 10^\circ$)



Low energy dark forces

Hidden gauge sector weakly coupled with SM through a mixing mechanism of a new **gauge boson (U, A', V...)** with the photon:



$$\epsilon^2 = \frac{\alpha'}{\alpha_{em}}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{mix} = \frac{\epsilon}{2} F_{\mu\nu}^{e.m.} F_{dark}^{\mu\nu}$$

- ✗ U mass range: **1 MeV – few GeV**
- ✗ Coupling constant of electric charge to U: **$\epsilon \leq 10^{-3}$**
- ✗ U production through photon mixing
- ✗ U decay modes:
 - ♣ visible decays ($U \rightarrow e^+e^- / \mu^+\mu^- / \pi^+\pi^- / \dots$) through another photon mixing
 - ♣ invisible decays ($U \rightarrow \chi\chi$)

Observable @ low energy colliders

Dark Photon @ KLOE

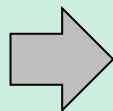
Minimal hypothesis: visible and prompt U decays

☀ **Meson decays:** $\phi \rightarrow \eta U$, $\eta/\pi^0 \rightarrow U \gamma \dots$

Peculiar of a light meson factory

☀ **e^+e^- collisions:** $e^+e^- \rightarrow U \gamma \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma/\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$

x-sec $\propto 1/s$

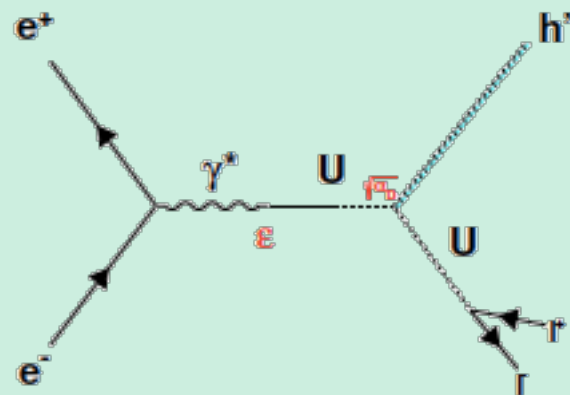
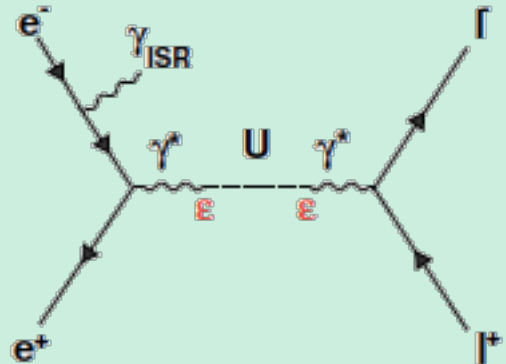
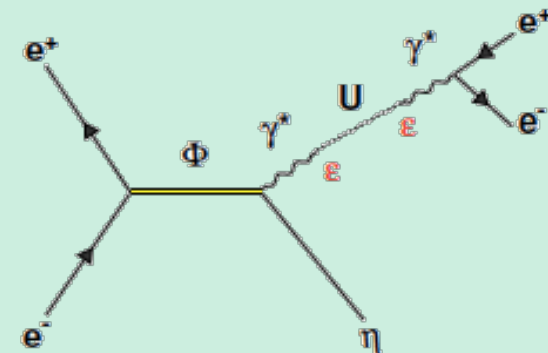


100 times higher at DAΦNE w.r.t. b-factories
Compensate lower luminosities

☀ **h' -strahlung:** $e^+e^- \rightarrow U^* \rightarrow U h'$

If the hidden symmetry is spontaneously broken by a Higgs-like mechanism, the existence of at least one other scalar particle, the h' , can be postulated

Can be observed @ KLOE if $m_U + m_h < m_\phi$



Dark Photon @ KLOE: $\phi \rightarrow \eta U$

Meson having radiative decay to one photon can decay to a U boson with $\text{BR}(X \rightarrow YU) \sim \epsilon^2 \times |\text{FF}_{XY\gamma}|^2 \times \text{BR}(X \rightarrow Y\gamma)$

→ $\sigma(\phi \rightarrow \eta U) \sim 40 \text{ fb}$ for $\text{FF}_{\phi\eta} = 1, \epsilon = 10^{-3}$

Irreducible background: ϕ Dalitz decay $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma^* \rightarrow \eta l^+ l^-$ ($\sigma = 0.7 \text{ nb}$)

$X \rightarrow YU$	n_X	$m_X - m_Y$ (MeV)	$\text{BR}(X \rightarrow Y + \gamma)$	$\text{BR}(X \rightarrow Y + l^+ l^-)$	$\epsilon \leq$
$\eta \rightarrow \gamma U$	$n_\eta \sim 10^7$	547	$2 \times 39.8\%$	6×10^{-4}	2×10^{-3}
$\omega \rightarrow \pi^0 U$	$n_\omega \sim 10^7$	648	8.9%	7.7×10^{-4}	5×10^{-3}
$\phi \rightarrow \eta U$	$n_\phi \sim 10^{10}$	472	1.3%	1.15×10^{-4}	1×10^{-3}
$K_L^0 \rightarrow \gamma U$	$n_{K_L^0} \sim 10^{11}$	497	$2 \times (5.5 \times 10^{-4})$	9.5×10^{-6}	2×10^{-3}
$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ U$	$n_{K^+} \sim 10^{10}$	354	-	2.88×10^{-7}	7×10^{-3}
$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu U$	$n_{K^+} \sim 10^{10}$	392	6.2×10^{-3}	7×10^{-8a}	2×10^{-3}
$K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu U$	$n_{K^+} \sim 10^{10}$	496	1.5×10^{-5}	2.5×10^{-8}	7×10^{-3}

VMD

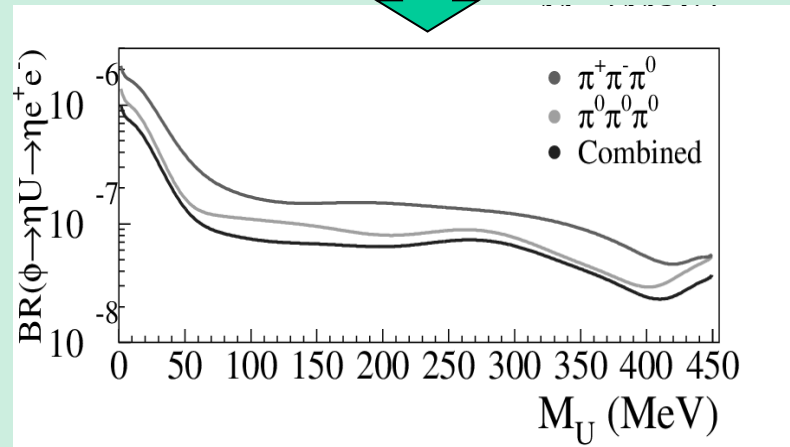
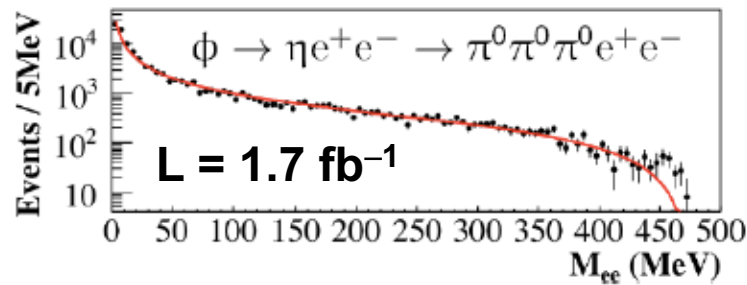
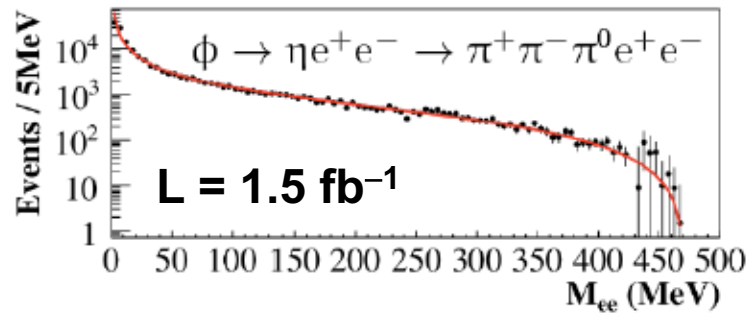
All KLOE stat.
All decay chains

[M.Reece and L.T.Wang, JHEP 0907:051 (2009)]

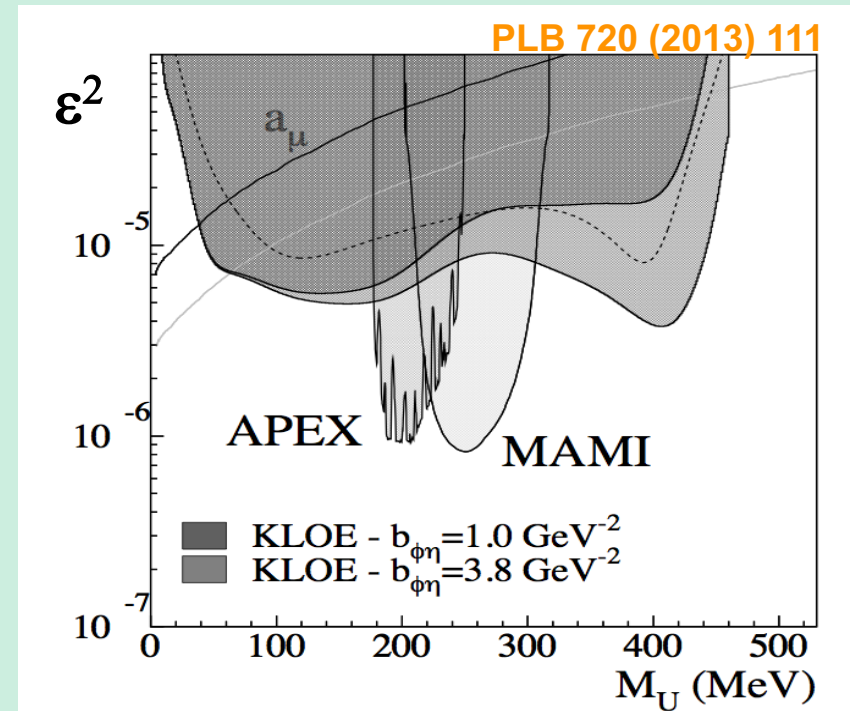
Selected decay chains: $U \rightarrow e^+ e^- + \eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$ (BR = 22.7%) PLB 706 (2012) 251
 $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0$ (BR = 32.6%) PLB 720 (2013) 111

$\phi \rightarrow \eta U$ search: $U \rightarrow e^+e^-$, $\eta \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi$

Di-electron mass spectrum



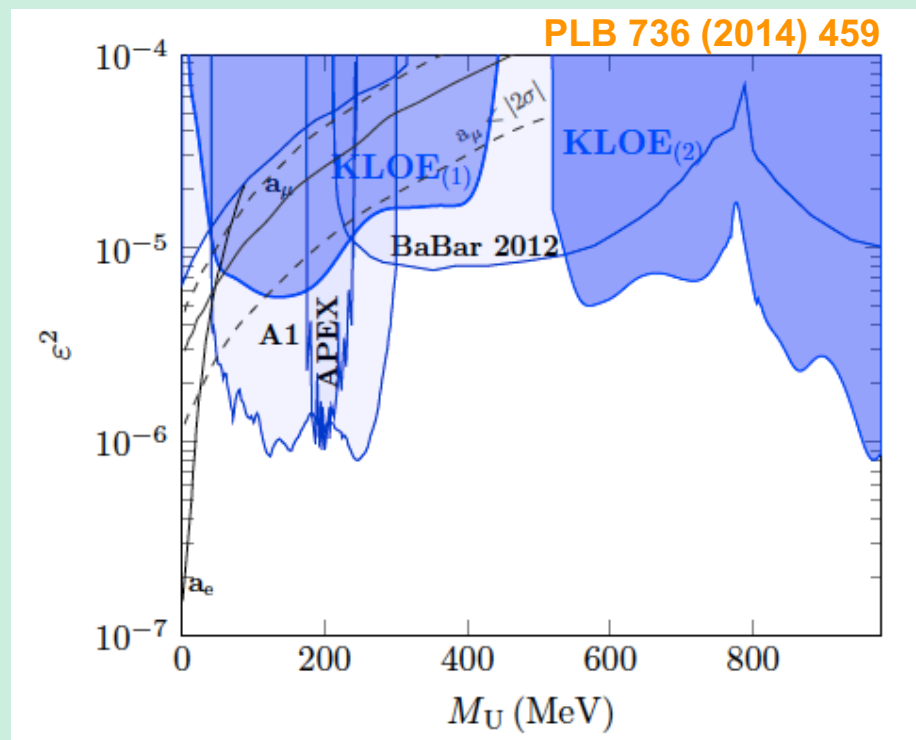
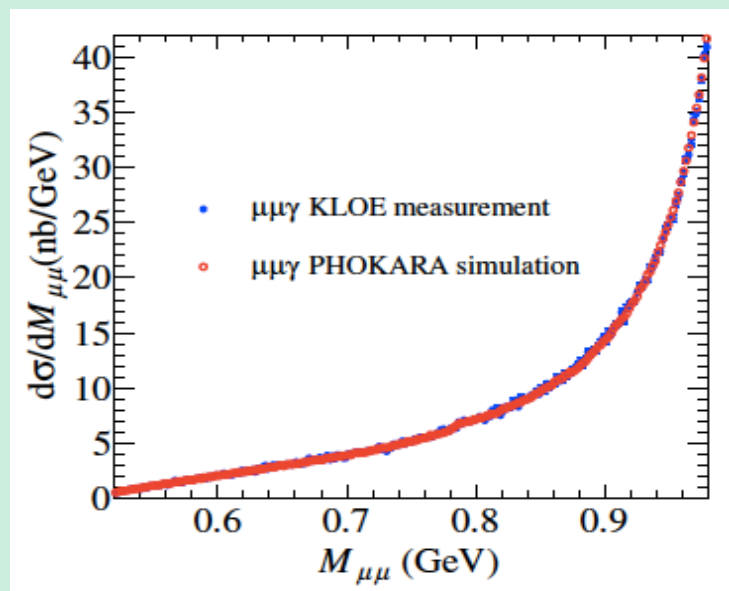
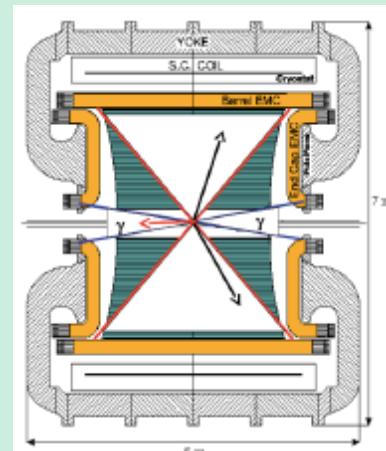
- \times No clear signal above background \Leftrightarrow UL
- \times $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+e^-$ bckg from fit to M_{ee} sidebands
- \times For each M_U value, 1 MeV step, signal hypothesis excluded @ 90% C.L. using CL_S method (bckg error included)



$\epsilon^2 < 1.5 \times 10^{-5} \div 5.0 \times 10^{-6}$ @ 90% C.L. for $30 < M_U < 420 \text{ MeV}$

U boson search in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma$

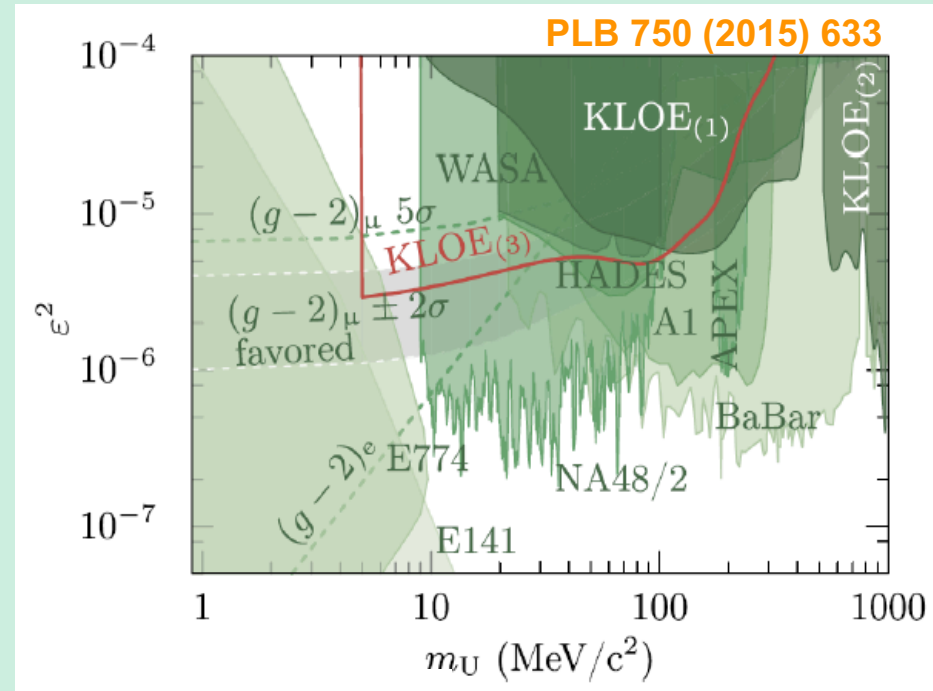
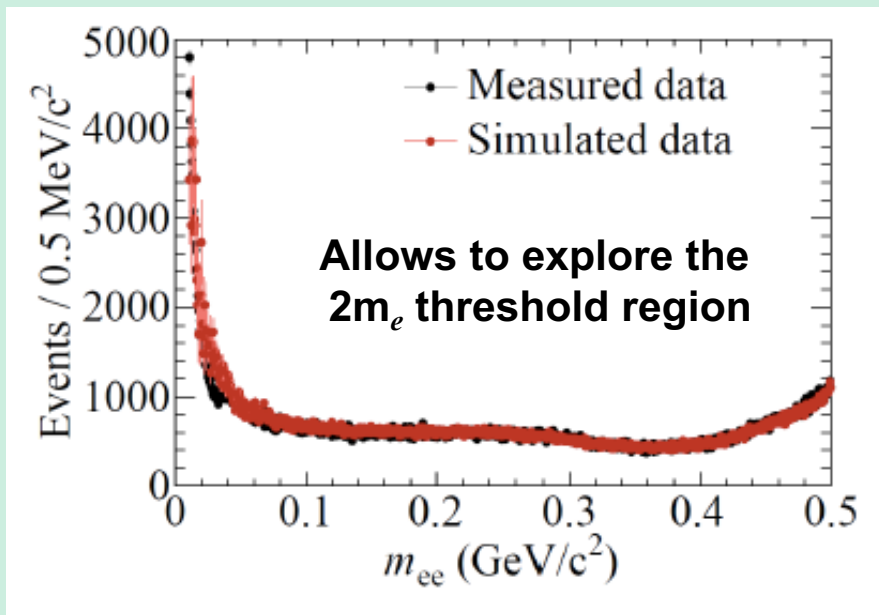
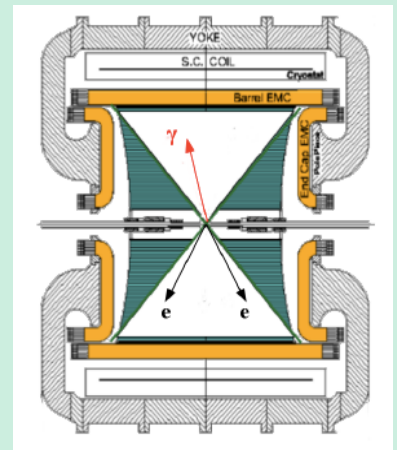
- ✗ Results based on 240 pb^{-1}
- ✗ Undetected small angle photon ($\theta_\gamma < 15^\circ, \theta_\gamma > 165^\circ$)
- ✗ Two opposite sign charged tracks ($50^\circ < \theta_\mu < 130^\circ$)
 - ↪ significant reduction of ϕ resonant and FSR bckg
 - ↪ high statistics ISR signal
- ✗ Good π/μ separation from kin. cuts
- ✗ Bckg. from PHOKHARA NLO QED



$\epsilon^2 < 1.6 \times 10^{-5} \div 8.7 \times 10^{-7}$ @ 90% C.L. for $520 < M_U < 980$ MeV

U boson search in $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma$

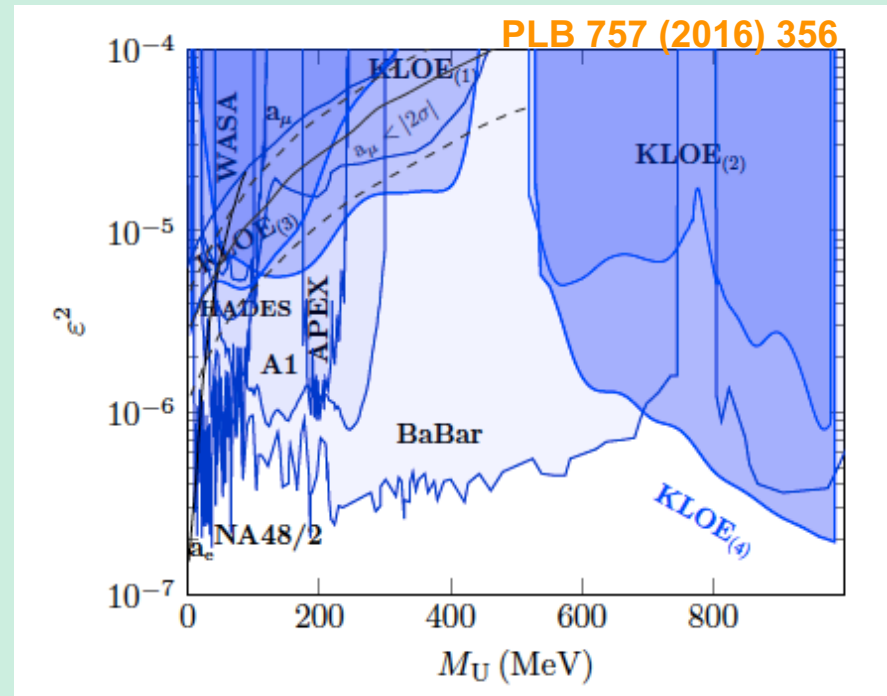
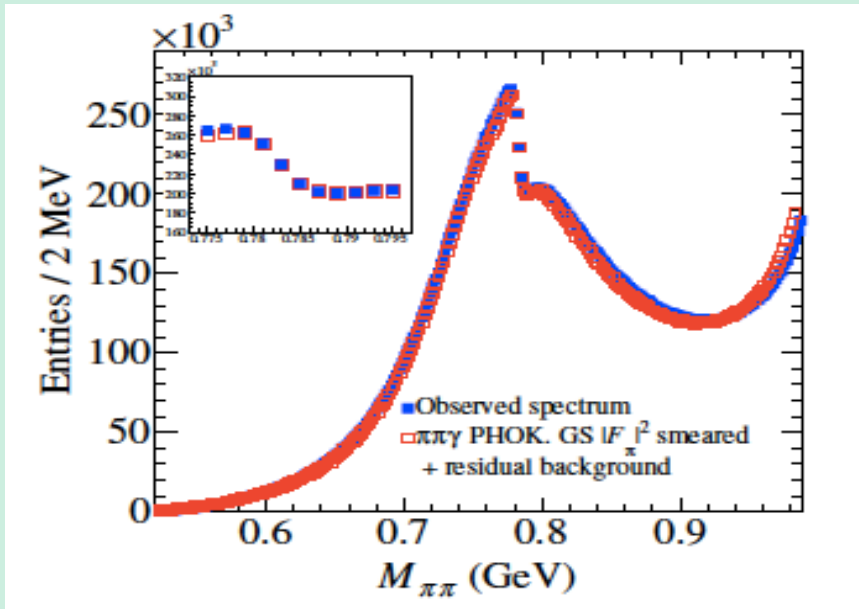
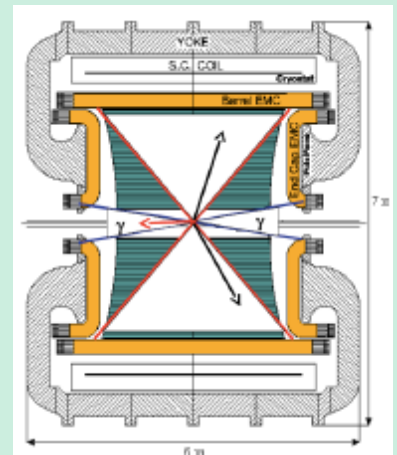
- ✗ Results based on 1.54 fb^{-1}
- ✗ Detected large angle photon ($50^\circ < \theta_\gamma < 130^\circ$)
- ✗ Two opposite sign charged tracks ($55^\circ < \theta_\mu < 125^\circ$)
 - ↗ high statistics radiative Bhabha events (bckg < 1%)
- ✗ High π/μ rejection from kin. cuts
- ✗ Bckg. from data sidebands



$\epsilon^2 < 10^{-4} \div 4 \times 10^{-6}$ @ 90% C.L. for $5 < M_U < 520 \text{ MeV}$

U boson search in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$

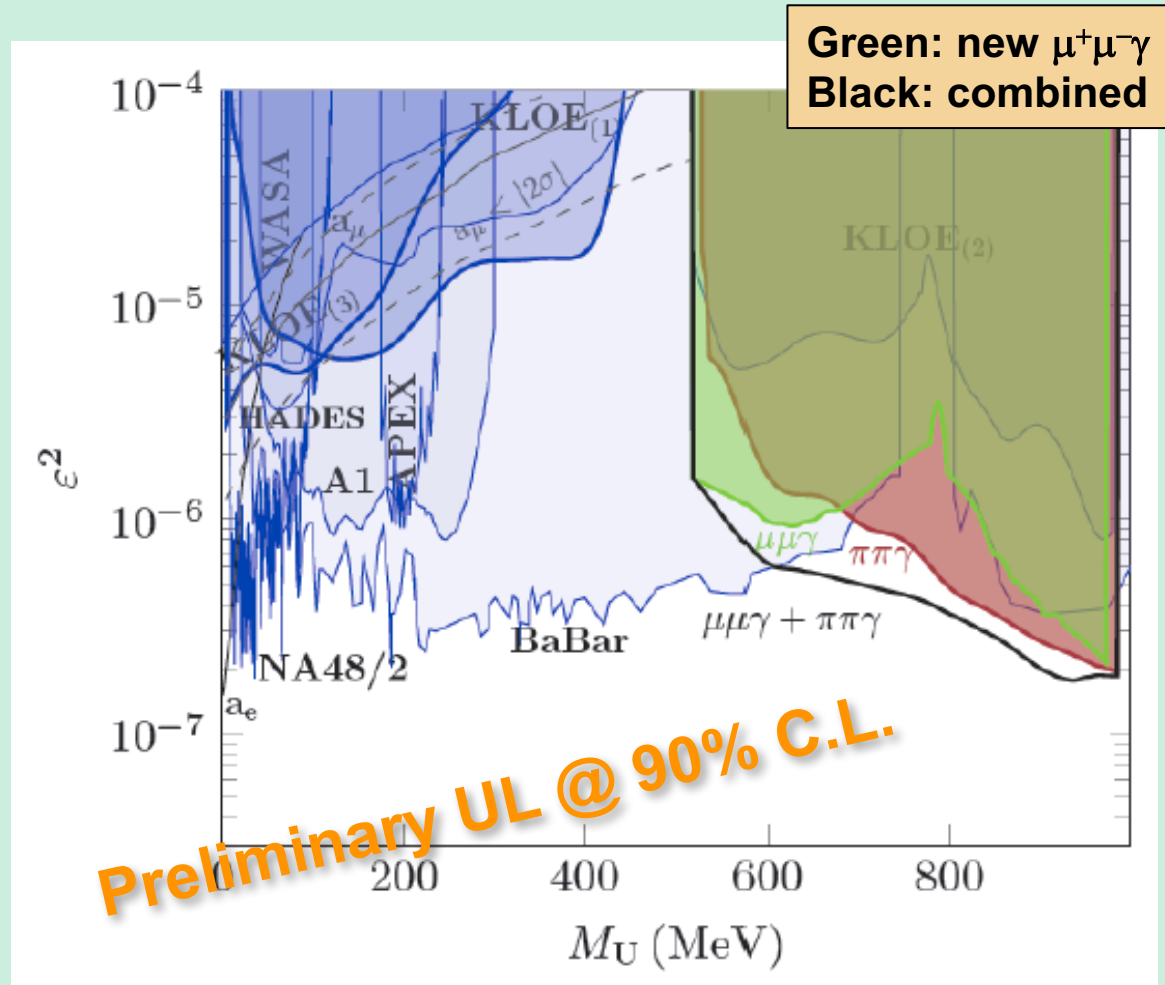
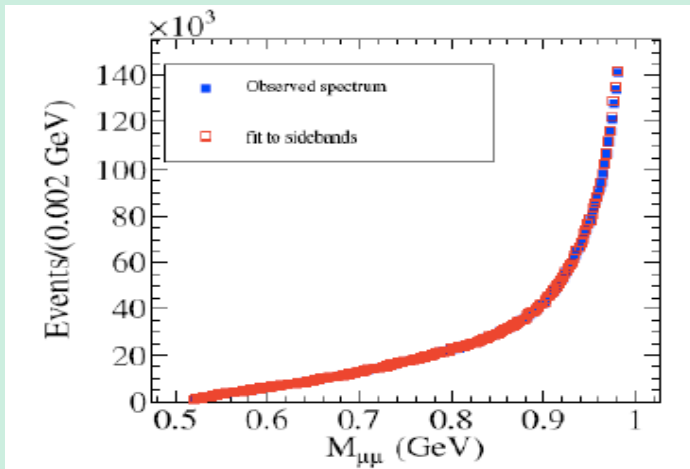
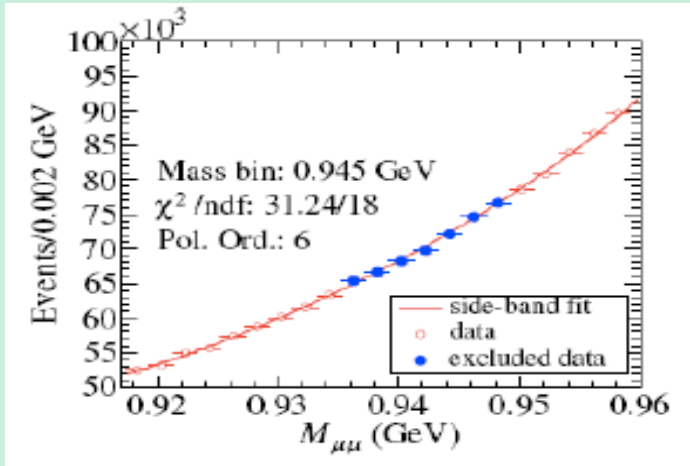
- ✗ Results based on 1.93 fb^{-1}
- ✗ Undetected small angle photon ($\theta_\gamma < 15^\circ, \theta_\gamma > 165^\circ$)
- ✗ Two opposite sign charged tracks ($50^\circ < \theta_\mu < 130^\circ$)
 - ↪ significant reduction of ϕ resonant and FSR bckg
 - ↪ high statistics ISR signal
- ✗ Good π/μ separation from kin. cuts
- ✗ Bckg. from sidebands



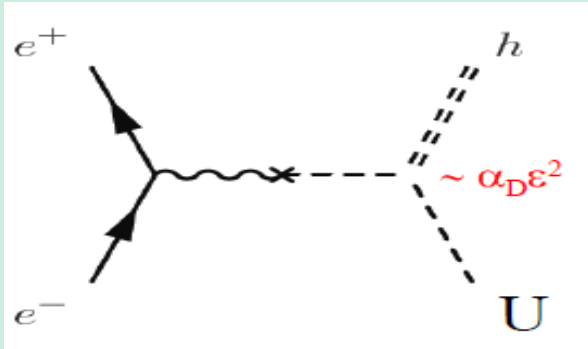
$\epsilon^2 < 1.8 \times 10^{-5} \div 1.9 \times 10^{-7}$ @ 90% C.L. for $527 < M_U < 987 \text{ MeV}$

Combined search: $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma/\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$

- \times $U \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ search extended to the whole KLOE data set (1.93 fb^{-1})
- \times Analysis similar to $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ (bckg fitting sidebands of the observed spectrum)



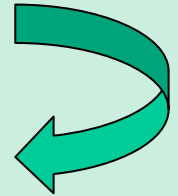
Dark photon @ KLOE: h' -strahlung



$m_h > 2 m_U : h' \rightarrow UU \rightarrow 4l/\dots$

$m_h < 2 m_U : h' \rightarrow$ “invisible”

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \epsilon = 10^{-3} \\ \alpha_D = \alpha \\ m_{U,h} \sim 100 \text{ MeV} \end{array} \right\} \tau_h \sim 5 \mu\text{s}$$



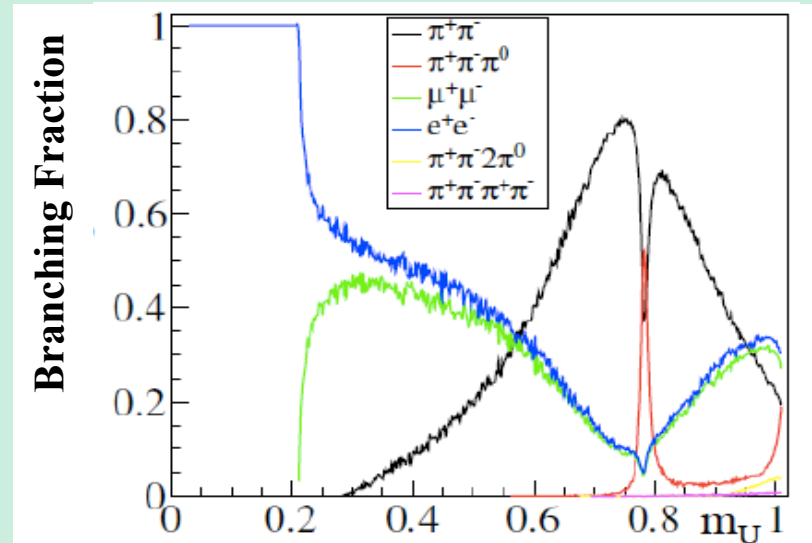
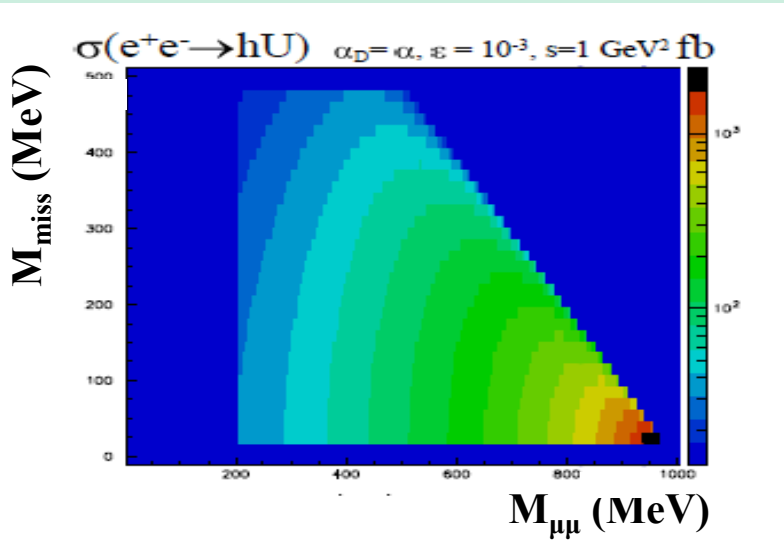
$$\sigma \approx 20 \text{ fb} \times \left(\frac{\alpha_D}{\alpha} \right) \left(\frac{\epsilon^2}{10^{-4}} \right) \frac{10^2 \text{ GeV}^2}{s}$$

[B. Batell, M. Pospelov, A. Ritz: PRD79 (2009) 115008]

$L_h > 100 \text{ m}$, increasing with decreasing ϵ

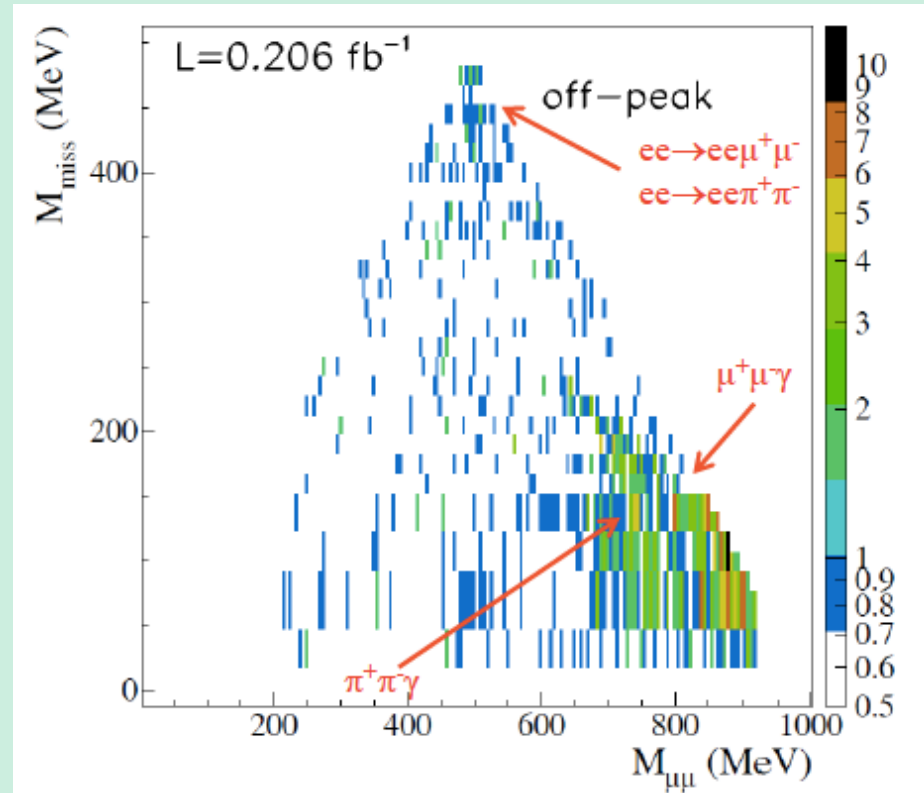
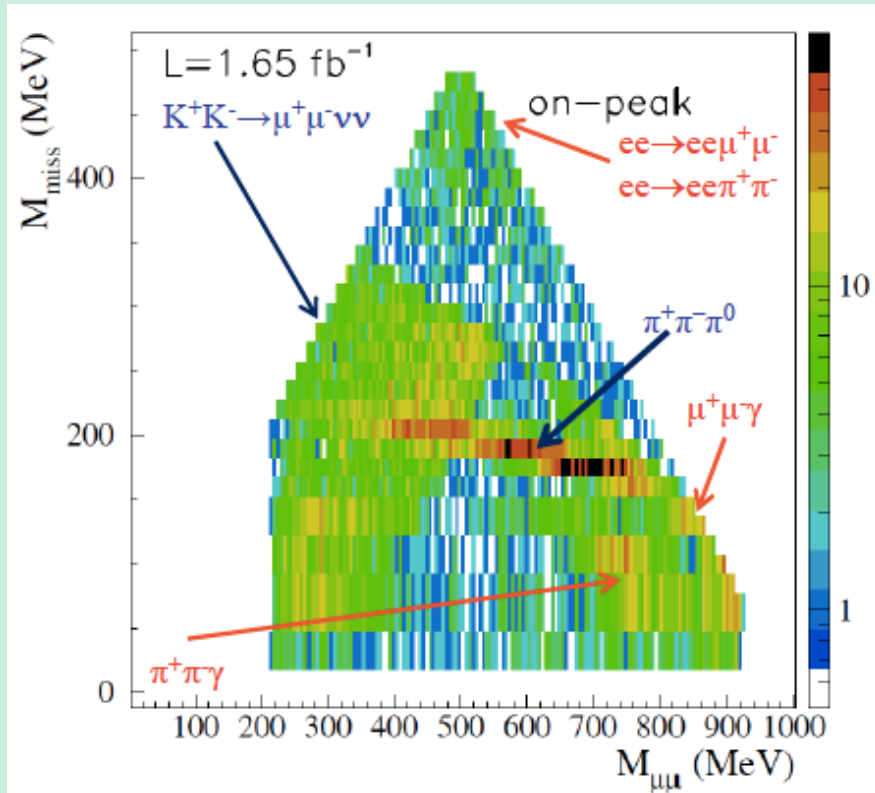
Higgs invisible up to $\epsilon \sim 10^{-2} - 10^{-1}$, depending on m_h

Signature: **U decay + missing energy**



Dark photon @ KLOE: $U \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- + \text{invisible}$

- Selected final state for $m_h < m_U$: $e^+e^- \rightarrow U(\rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) + \text{missing energy}$
- Analysis both on on-peak (1.65 fb^{-1}) and off-peak (0.2 fb^{-1}) data



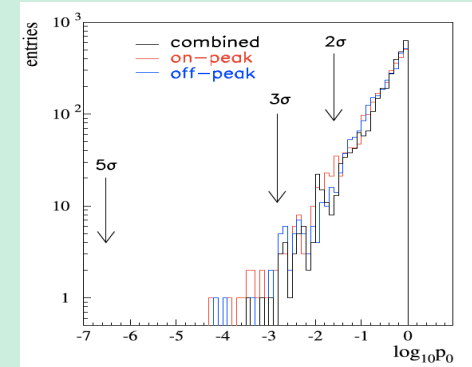
Binning such as to keep 90-95% of the signal in one bin:

- ✗ 5 MeV bin in M_U
- ✗ $15 \div 50$ MeV bin in M_h

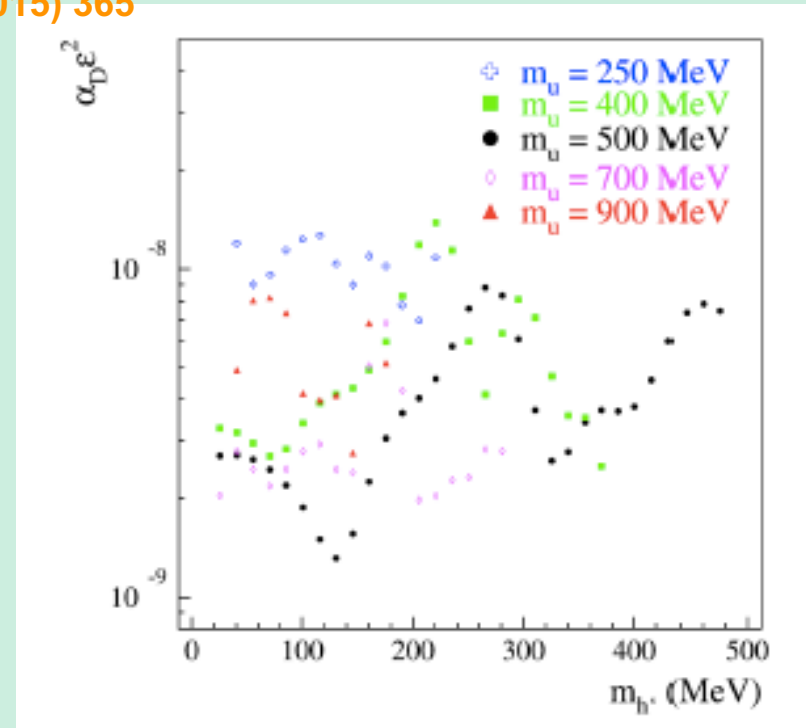
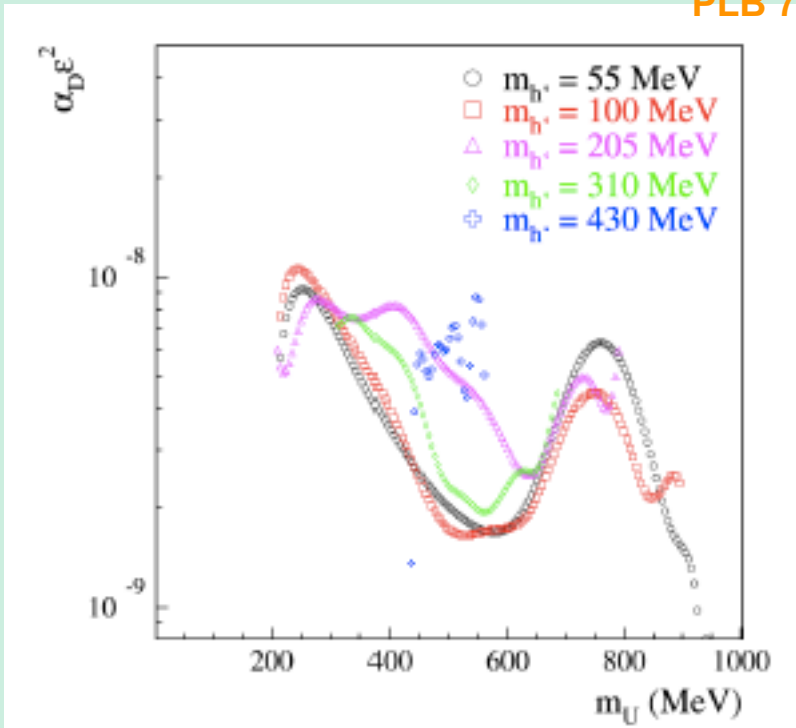
Dark photon @ KLOE: $U \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- + \text{invisible}$

Combined result from on peak and off peak data:
90% C.L. bayesian UL in the coupling-mass planes

p_0 value distributions show no significant excess



PLB 747 (2015) 365

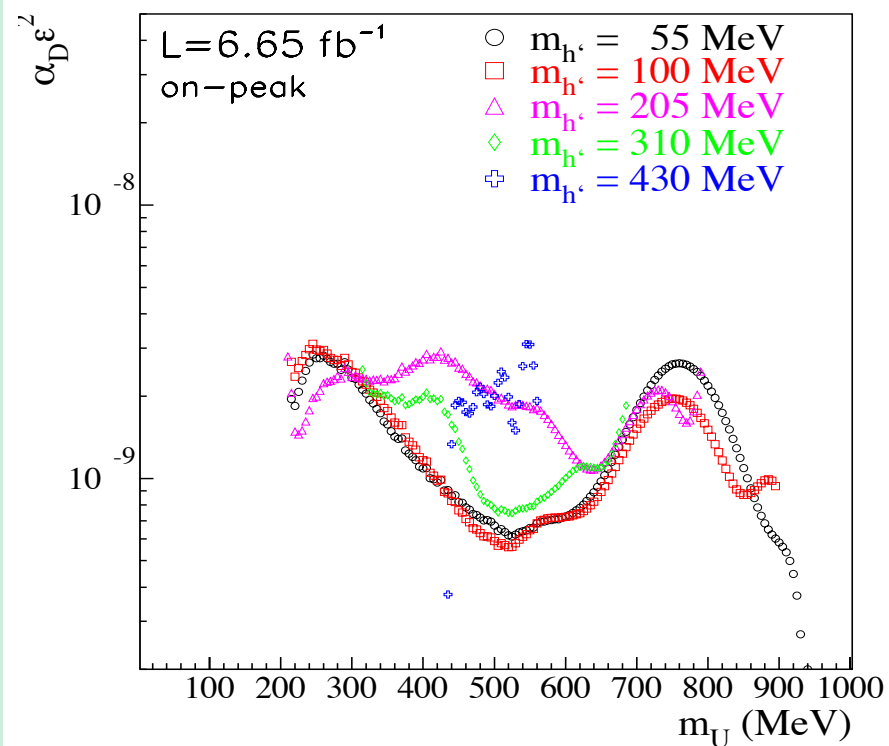
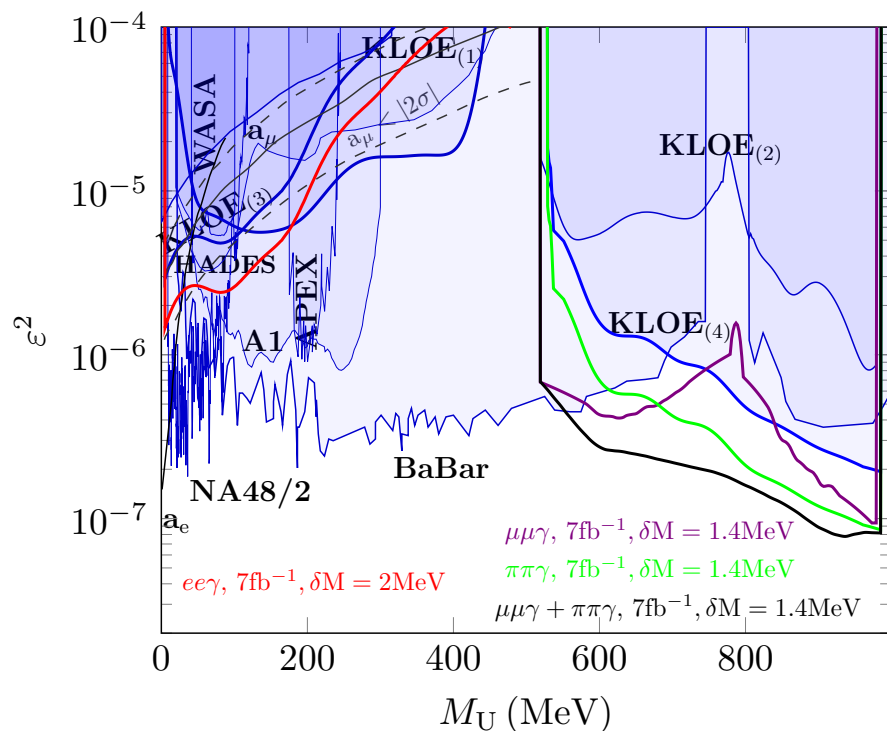


$\epsilon^2 < 10^{-6} \div \text{few } 10^{-8}$ @ 90% C.L. if $\alpha_D = \alpha_{em}$

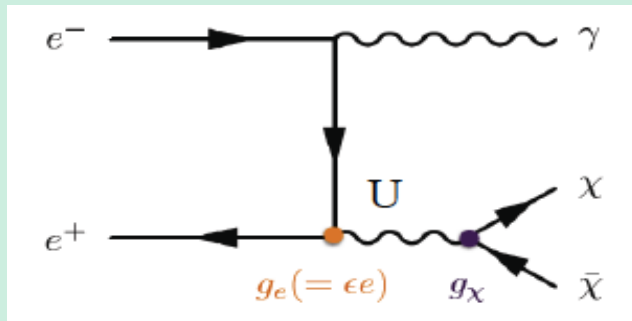
Dark photon @ KLOE-2

Projections for KLOE-2 assumes:

- ✓ $L = 5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ fully available for analyses
- ✓ 30% improvement in mass resolution (S/B ratio)
- ✓ 2-3 improvement in vertex position (K^\pm rejection)



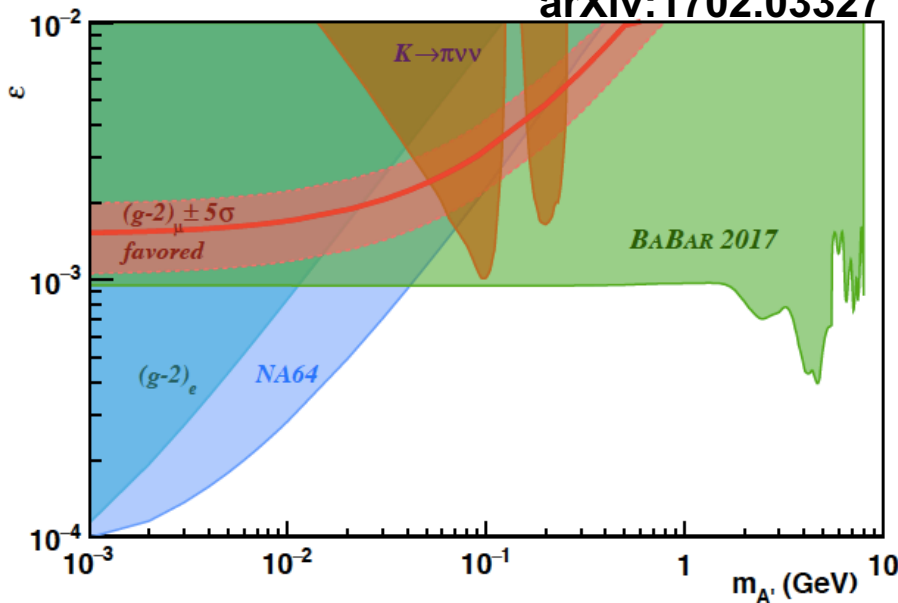
Dark photon @ KLOE-2: invisible decays



χ : very light dark matter

- ✗ Signature: monochromatic photon with $E_\gamma = (s - M_{U^2}) / 2 \sqrt{s}$
- ✗ Single photon trigger (SPT) since end 2016, with a threshold of $E_\gamma \sim 350$ MeV (~ 570 MeV in M_U)
- ✗ $\mathcal{L} \sim 2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ with SPT expected at the end of data taking
- ✗ The 100 times higher x-sec w.r.t. b-factories makes this search still interesting at KLOE-2
- ✗ Currently work in progress to reduce Touschek background

arXiv:1702.03327



NA64: PRL 118 (2017) 011802

BABAR: arXiv:1702.03327 - Submitted to PRL

Conclusion

✗ KLOE search for dark gauge boson U exploits different channels

- ✓ $\phi \rightarrow \eta U$, with $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 / \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$ PLB 706 (2012) 251 / PLB 720 (2013) 111
- ✓ $e^+e^- \rightarrow U\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-\gamma / \mu^+\mu^-\gamma / \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ PLB 736 (2014) 459 / PLB 750 (2015) 633
PLB 757 (2016) 356
- ✓ $e^+e^- \rightarrow Uh' \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\gamma + E_{\text{miss}}$ PLB 747 (2015) 365

UL on the mixing parameter ε^2 ($\alpha_D\varepsilon^2$) in the range $10^{-5} \div 10^{-7}$,
depending on the process and on the U (U/h') mass

➤ All measurements statistically dominated

✗ KLOE-2 run in progress, 5 fb^{-1} of new data + improved tracking performances

- ✓ current limits will be improved by a factor $2 \div 3$
- ✓ Single Photon Trigger implemented for U \rightarrow invisible search
- ✓ search of leptophobic B boson in $\phi \rightarrow \eta B$, $B \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$ and $\eta \rightarrow B\gamma$,
 $B \rightarrow \pi^0\gamma$ channels