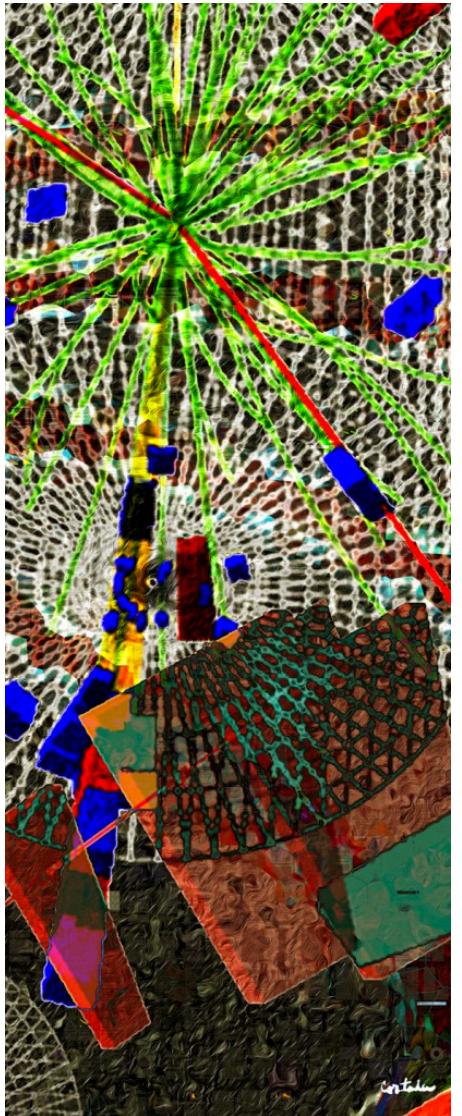


# H(125) boson measurements at CMS

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on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

Les Rencontres de Physique de la Vallee d'Aoste  
La Thuile, Aosta Valley, Italy

March 5-11, 2017

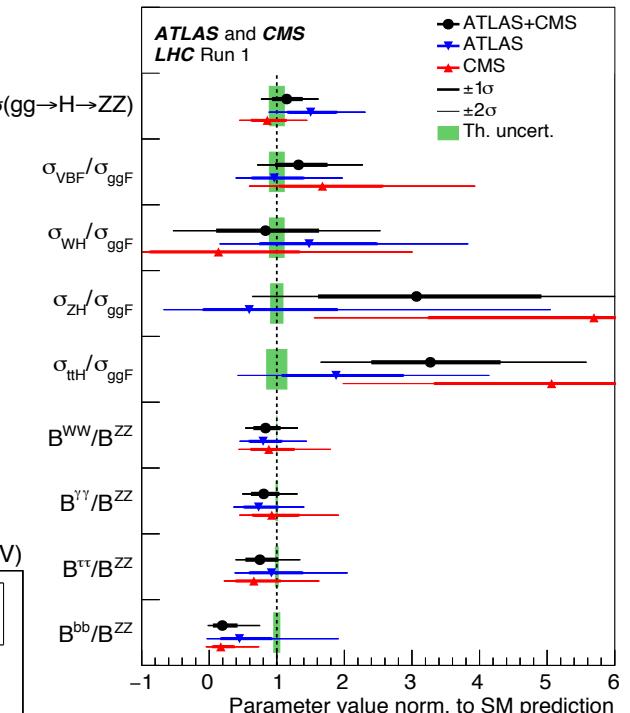
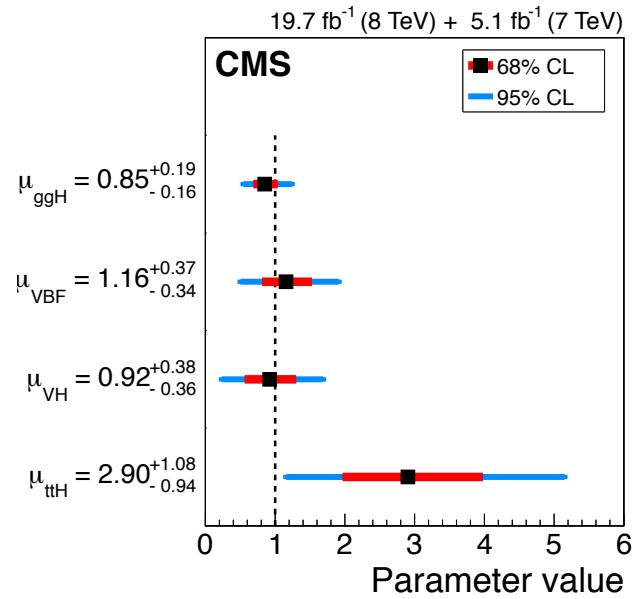
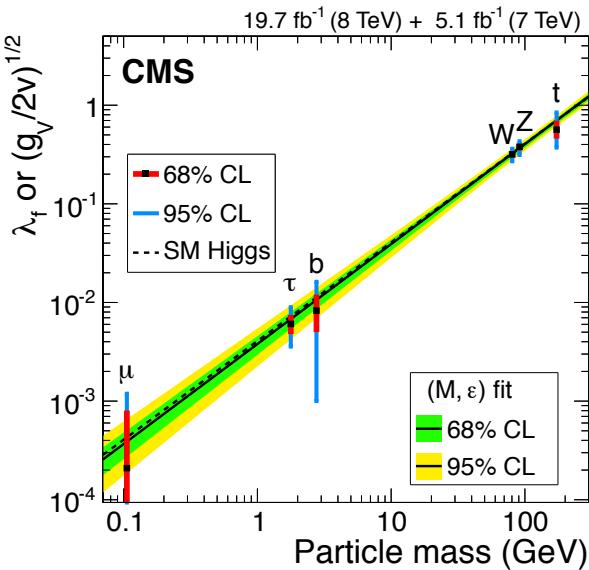


# Outline

- Brief summary of Run1 results
- Preliminary Run2 results:  $H \rightarrow ZZ$ ,  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ,  $t\bar{t}H$  (multileptons,  $bb$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ )
- Future prospects
- Summary and outlook

# Run1 legacy results

- Studied a wide range of Higgs production and decay channels
- Couplings consistent with SM Higgs boson
- Mass measured with 0.2% precision
- No additional Higgs bosons so far
- Small excess in ttH



# From Run1 to Run2

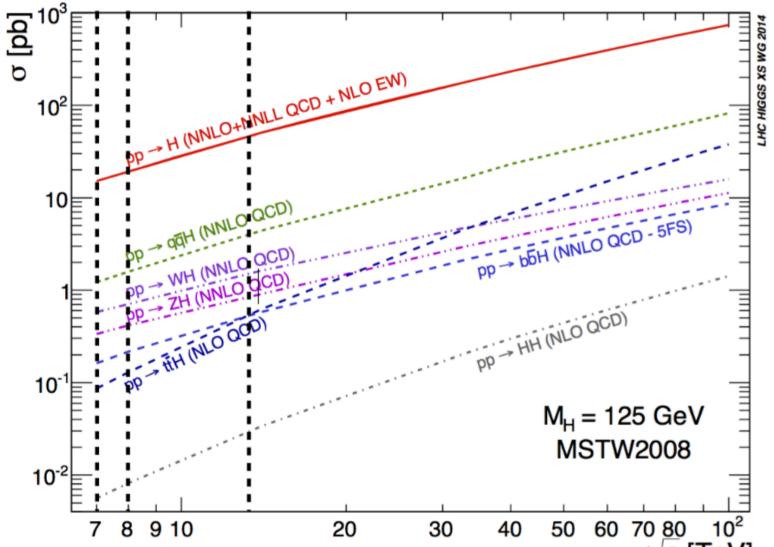
- 8 TeV → 13 TeV: increase in Higgs production cross section
  - opens the way towards precision and differential measurements, observation of rare production modes

**ggH:** 19.3 pb → 43.9 pb (**x2.3**)

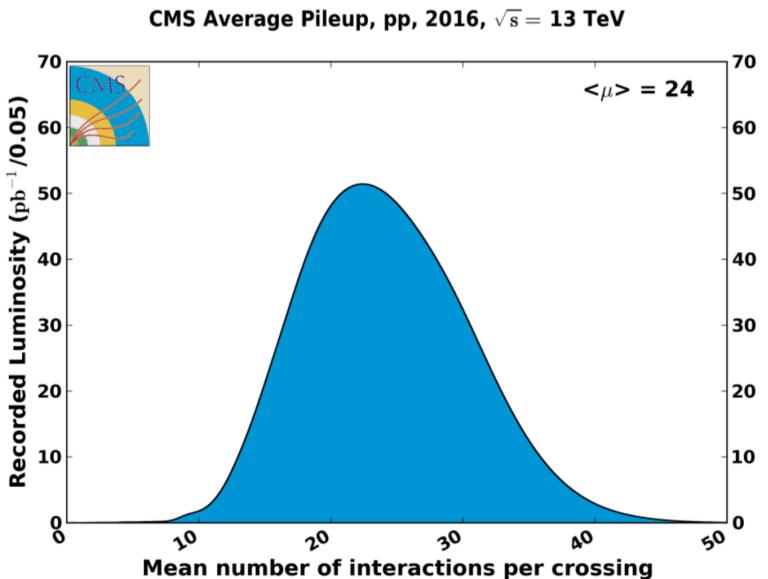
**VBF:** 1.57 pb → 3.75 pb (**x2.3**)

**VH:** 1.12 pb → 2.25 pb (**x2.0**)

**ttH:** 0.13 pb → 0.51 pb (**x3.9**)



- Changes in data-taking conditions
  - more challenging experimental environment due to increase in instantaneous luminosity and pile-up



# The CMS detector

## CMS DETECTOR

Total weight : 14,000 tonnes  
 Overall diameter : 15.0 m  
 Overall length : 28.7 m  
 Magnetic field : 3.8 T

STEEL RETURN YOKE  
12,500 tonnes

SILICON TRACKERS  
 Pixel ( $100 \times 150 \mu\text{m}$ )  $\sim 16\text{m}^2 \sim 66\text{M}$  channels  
 Microstrips ( $80 \times 180 \mu\text{m}$ )  $\sim 200\text{m}^2 \sim 9.6\text{M}$  channels

SUPERCONDUCTING SOLENOID  
 Niobium titanium coil carrying  $\sim 18,000\text{A}$

MUON CHAMBERS  
 Barrel: 250 Drift Tube, 480 Resistive Plate Chambers  
 Endcaps: 468 Cathode Strip, 432 Resistive Plate Chambers

PRESHOWER  
 Silicon strips  $\sim 16\text{m}^2 \sim 137,000$  channels

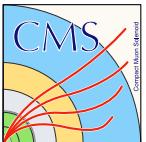
FORWARD CALORIMETER  
 Steel + Quartz fibres  $\sim 2,000$  Channels

CRYSTAL  
 ELECTROMAGNETIC  
 CALORIMETER (ECAL)  
 $\sim 76,000$  scintillating  $\text{PbWO}_4$  crystals

HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)  
 Brass + Plastic scintillator  $\sim 7,000$  channels

• Excellent performance of the CMS  
 detector in 2016

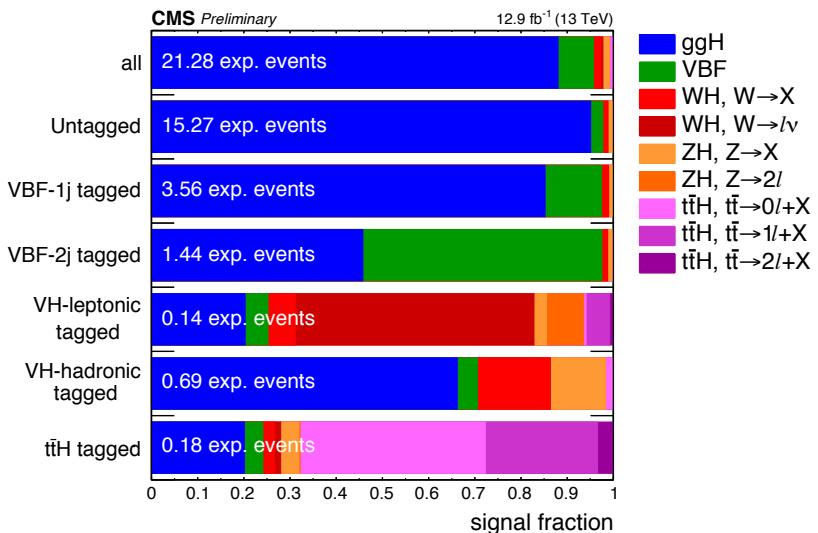
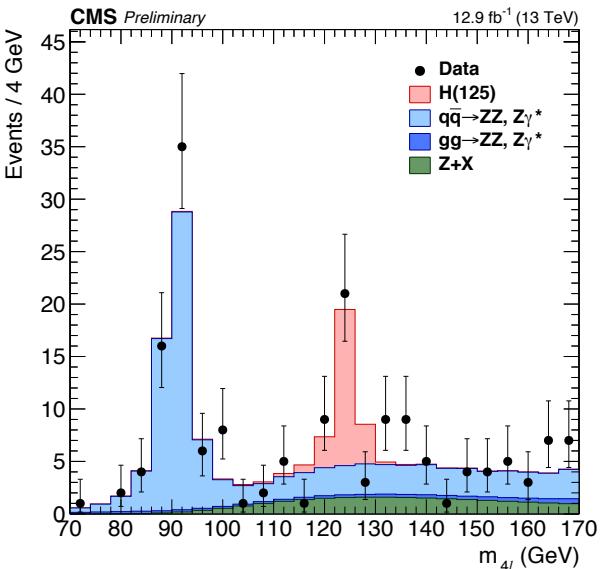
- $41 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  delivered,  $38 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  recorded  
 (pp run)
- peak luminosity  $\sim 1.5 \times 10^{34} \text{ Hz/cm}^2$
- average pile-up  $\sim 24$  (peak PU  $\sim 50$ )



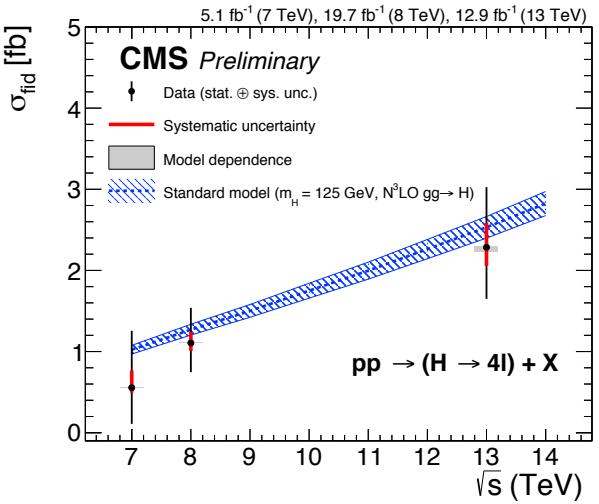
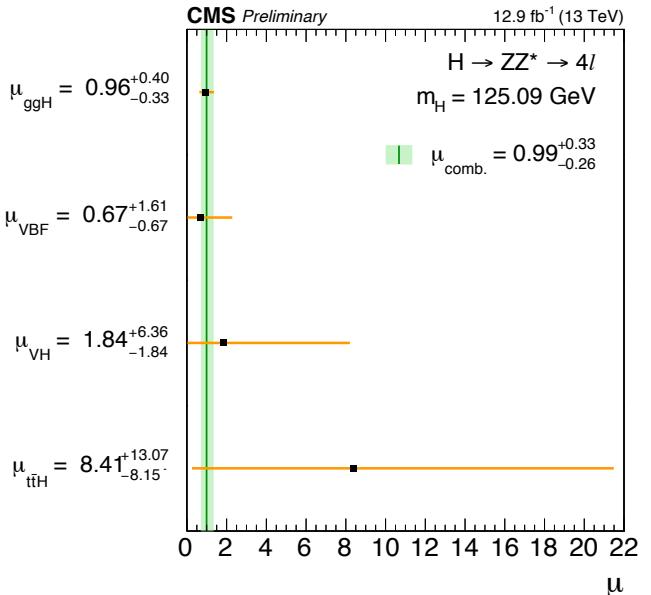
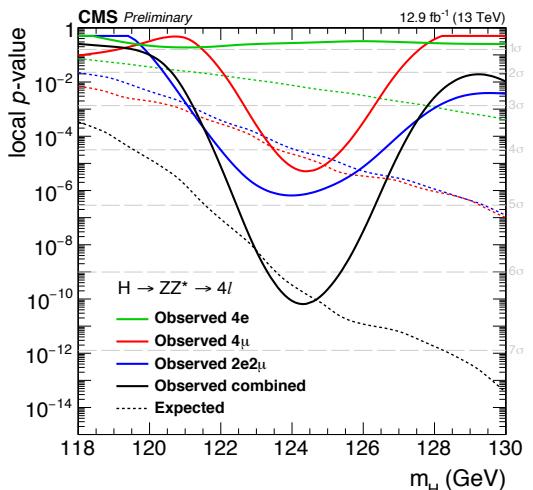
# Preliminary Run2 results (based on $12.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )

# H $\rightarrow$ ZZ $\rightarrow$ 4leptons

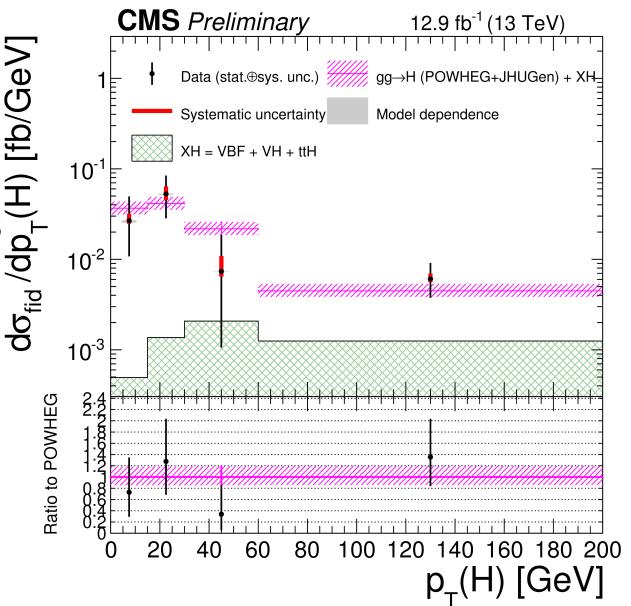
- Fully reconstructed mass peak, large S/B, excellent lepton ( $e, \mu$ ) momentum resolution
- Analysis strategy
  - 6 exclusive categories based on number of (b-)jets, additional leptons and selections on kinematic discriminants ( $K_D$ ) Matrix Element based (JHUGen, MCFM)
  - Discriminate ggH vs ZZ (“untagged”), VBF/VH/ttH vs ggH (“production-mode-tagged”)
- Signal extraction
  - 2D likelihood fit ( $m_{4l}$ ,  $K_D$ ) in each category
- Main backgrounds
  - $q\bar{q} \rightarrow ZZ^*$ ,  $gg \rightarrow ZZ^*$ : from MC
  - “Z+X”: fakes from Z+jets, Z+bb, ttbar, ...: from data control samples



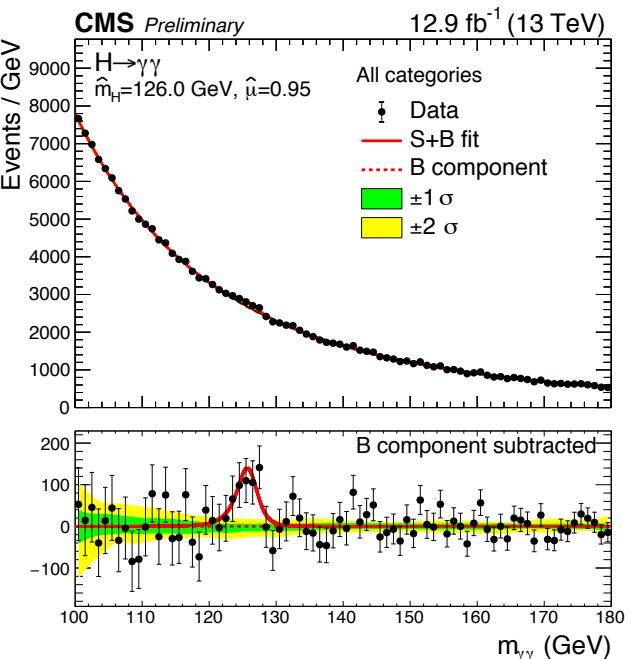
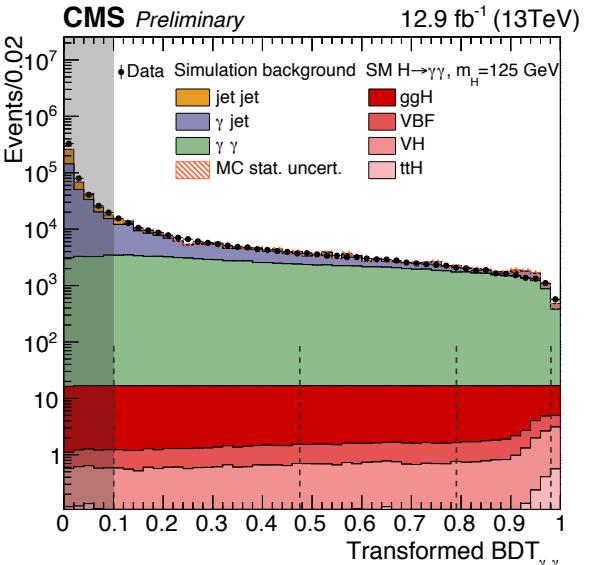
# H $\rightarrow$ ZZ $\rightarrow$ 4l results



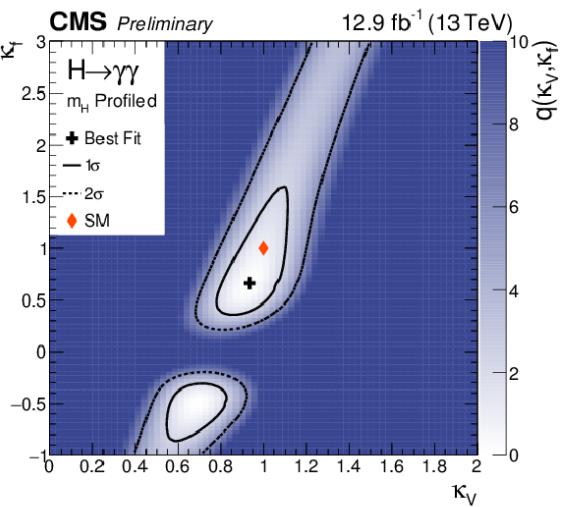
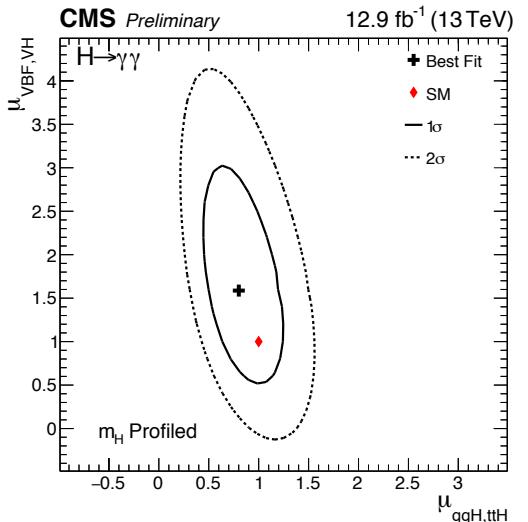
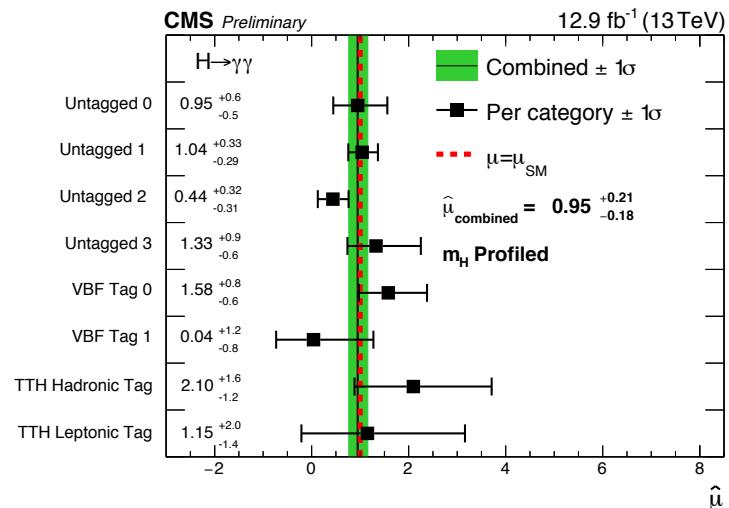
- Obs. (exp.) significance:  $6.2\sigma$  ( $6.5\sigma$ )
- Best fit :  $\mu = 0.99^{+0.33}_{-0.26}$  at  $m_H = 125.09$  GeV
- $\mu$  by production mechanism **compatible** with SM expectations
- $m_H = 124.5 \pm 0.47$  GeV
- **Fiducial cross section** in agreement with SM predictions
- **Differential measurements:** pT(H), Njets



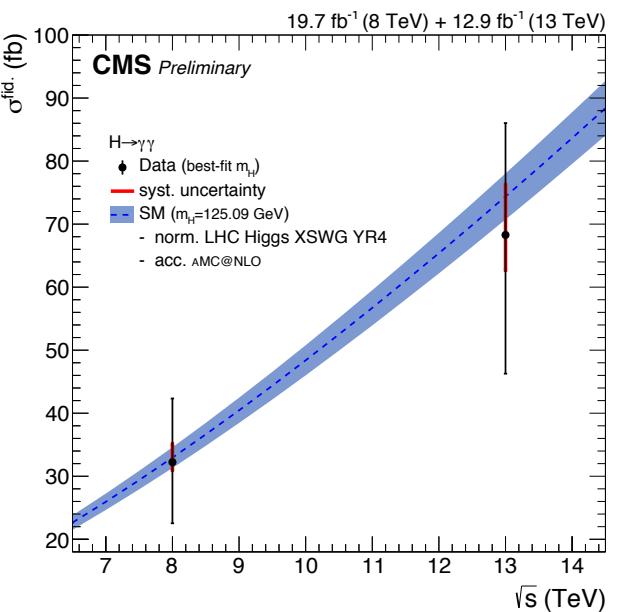
- Small, narrow mass peak on top of large, smoothly falling background modeled on data
- Clean signature: two high pT isolated photons
  - high precision for mass reconstruction
- Main backgrounds
  - irreducible: prompt di-photons production
  - reducible:  $\gamma$ +jets, QCD multijets
- Analysis strategy:
  - BDT $\gamma\gamma$  to discriminate  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  from background exploiting kinematics, mass resolution, photon ID
  - events categorized exploiting different S/B and mass resolution to achieve maximum sensitivity
  - additional categorization with jets/leptons targeting VBF/VH/ttH production
- Signal extracted from a simultaneous fit to the  $m_{\gamma\gamma}$  distribution in different categories



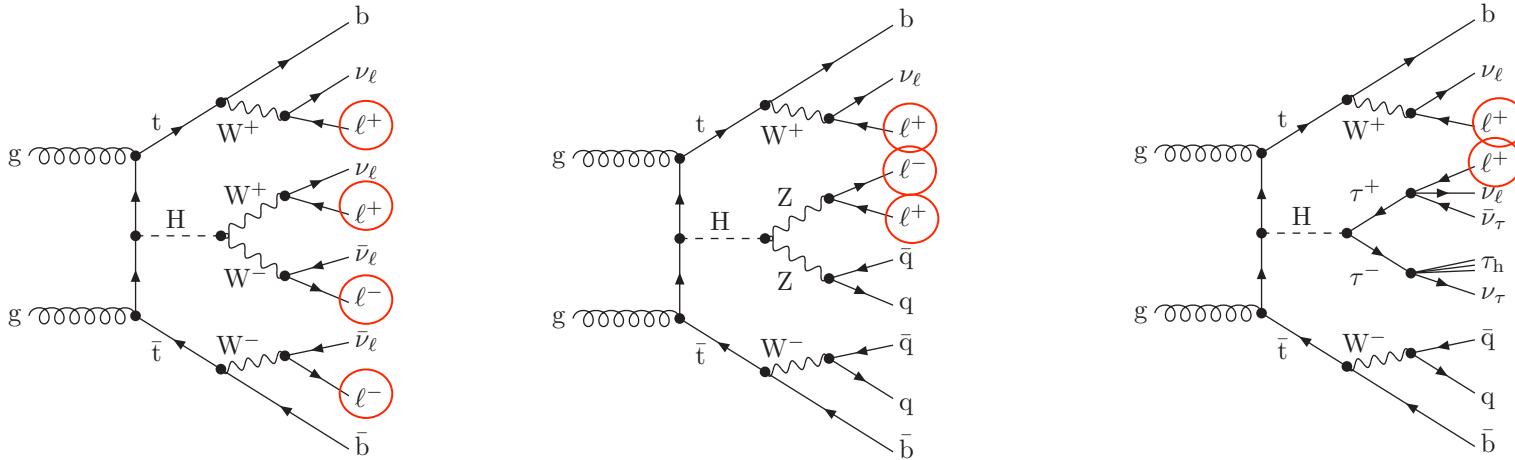
# H $\rightarrow$ $\gamma\gamma$ results



- Obs. (exp.) significance: **5.6 $\sigma$  (6.2 $\sigma$ )**
- Best fit:  $\mu = 0.95 \pm 0.20$
- Signal strength by production mechanism **compatible** with SM expectations
- Fiducial cross section in agreement with SM predictions



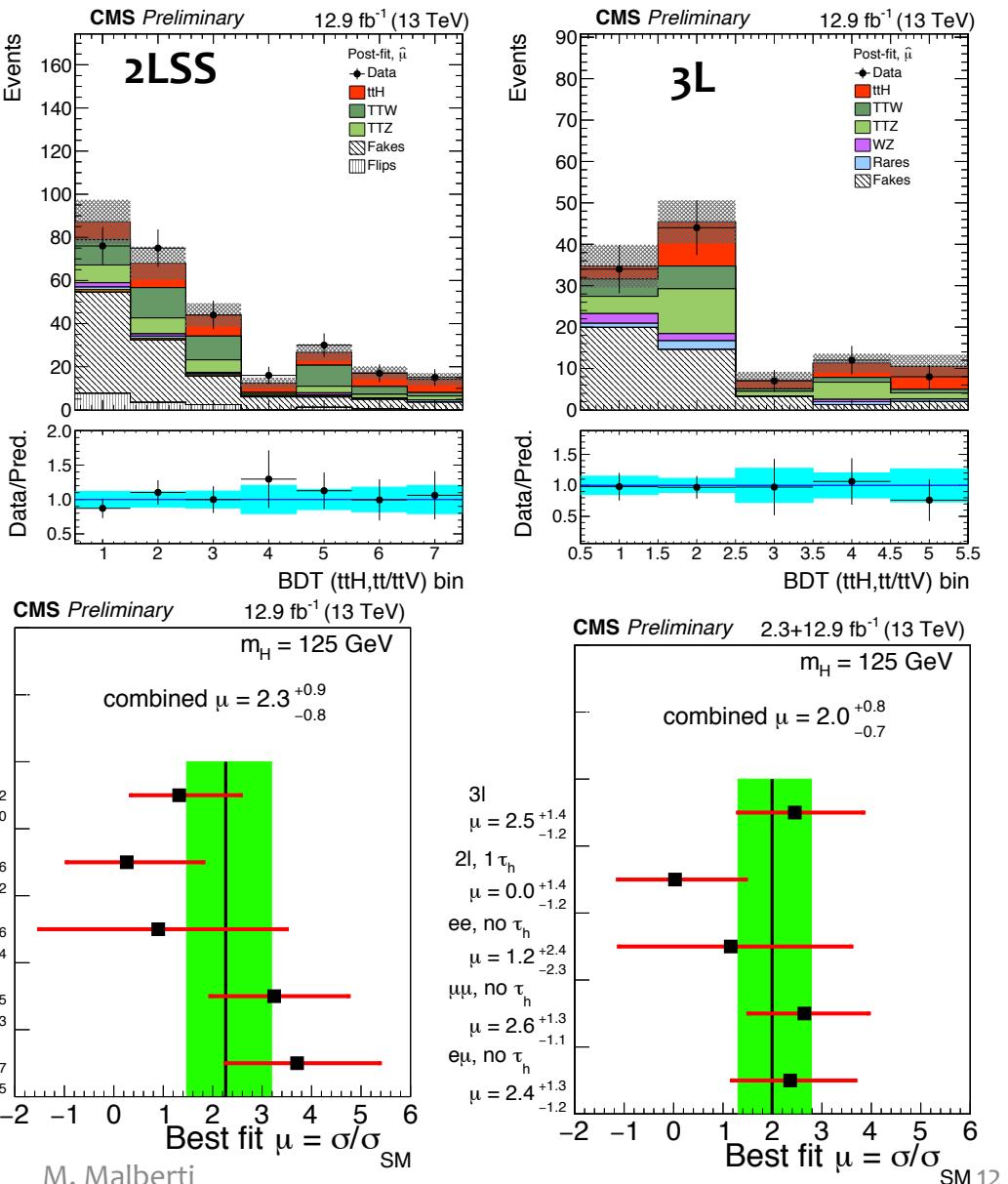
# ttH $\rightarrow$ multileptons (I)



- Target signature with  $H \rightarrow WW / ZZ / \tau\tau$  final states + additional products from  $t\bar{t}$  decays
- Select events with multiple leptons and b-jets
  - 2 same-sign leptons + 4 jets (**2LSS**)
  - $\geq 3$  leptons (with Z veto) + 2 jets (**3L**)
- Dedicated BDT to reject non-prompt leptons, jets and charge mis-ID
- Further categorization based on lepton flavor and charge, n. of b-jets and  $\tau_{had}$
- Main backgrounds:
  - Irreducible:  $t\bar{t}V$  (from MC), di-boson (validated in data)
  - Reducible: non-prompt leptons in  $t\bar{t}$  events and charge mis-ID (from DATA)

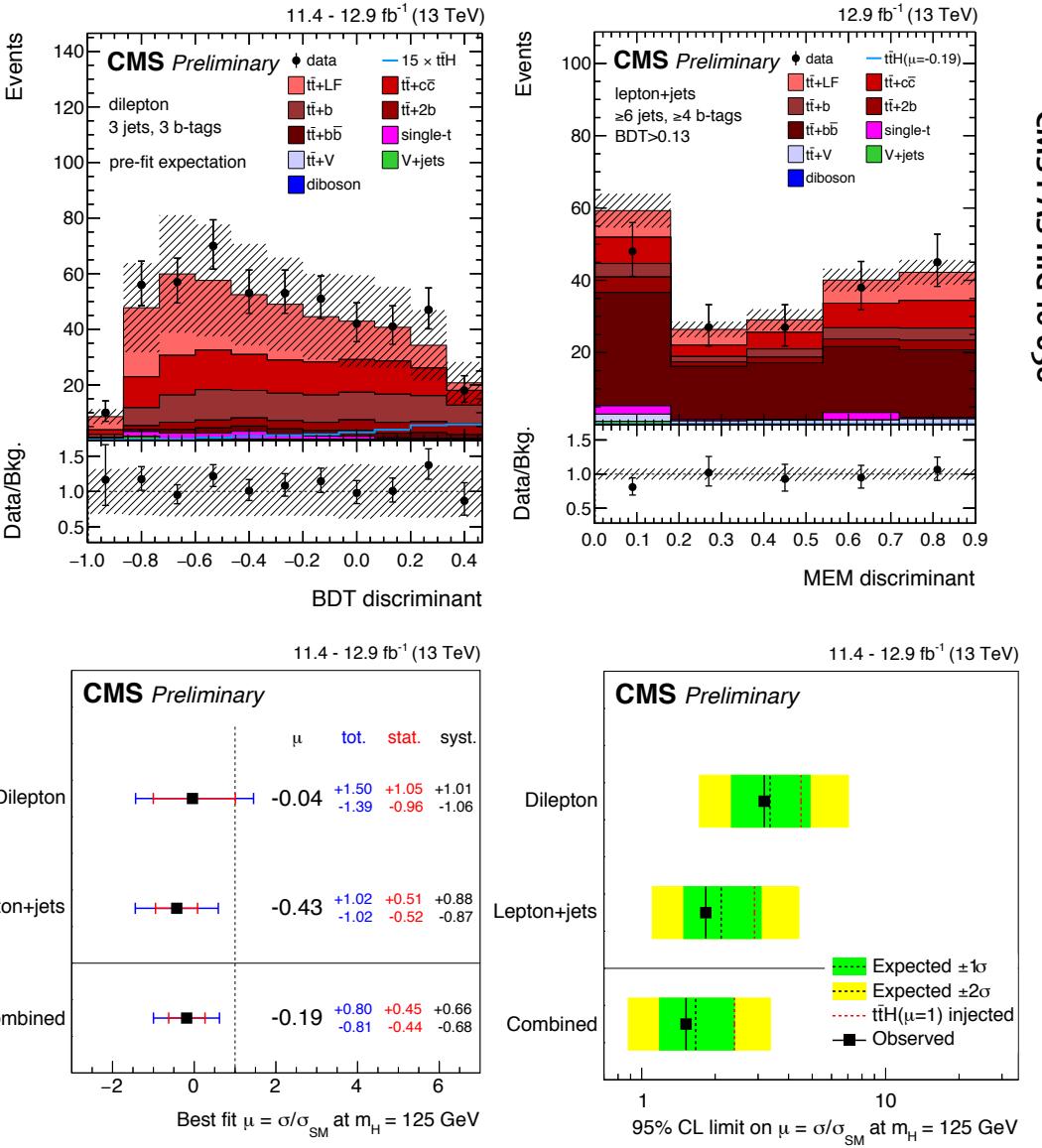
# ttH → multileptons (II)

- 2 BDT's: ttH vs tt, ttH vs ttV
  - trained separately for 2LSS and 3L
  - use topological and kinematic differences between signal and backgrounds (inputs: jet multiplicity, lepton/jet angular separation, MET, lepton pTs)
- Signal extracted via simultaneous 2D fits of BDTs in each category
- Best fit signal strength:  
 $\mu = 2.0^{+0.8}_{-0.7}$  (2015+ 2016)
- **3.2 $\sigma$  observed significance**  
 (expected 1.7 $\sigma$ )



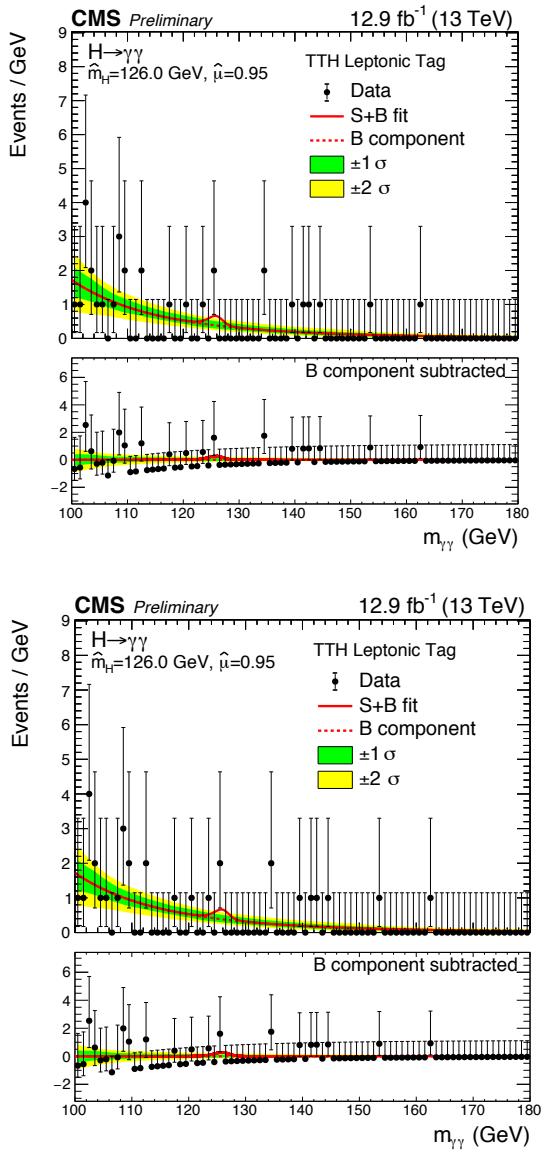
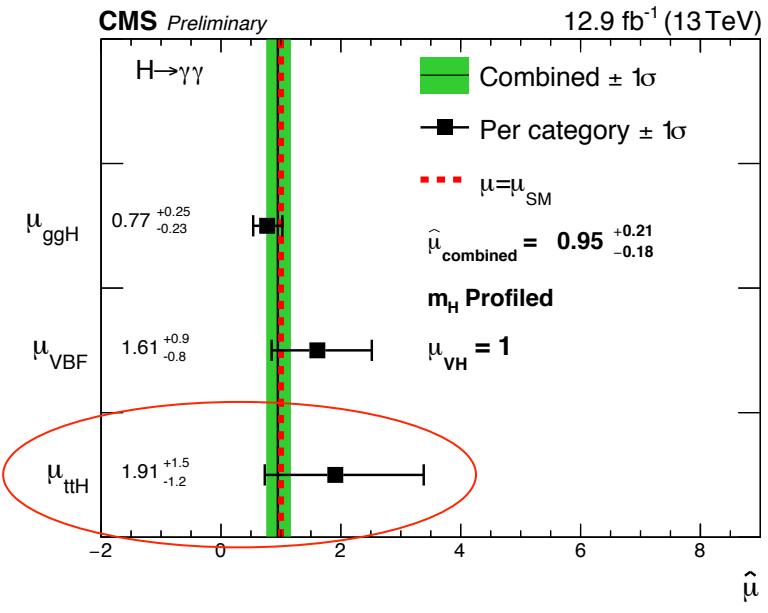
# ttH(bb)

- Two channels considered:
  - lepton+jets: 1 lepton +  $\geq 4$  jets
  - dilepton: 2 OS leptons +  $\geq 2$  jets
- Further categorization based on  $n(\text{jets})$ ,  $n(\text{b-jets})$
- Sub-categories defined based on BDT and MEM
  - BDT inputs : kinematics, event shapes, b-tag discriminant
  - MEM discriminant optimized to separate ttH(bb) signal from irreducible ttbb background
- Signal extraction from simultaneous fit to data of the final sub-categories discriminant
- Best fit signal strength:  
 $\mu = -0.19^{+0.80}_{-0.81}$



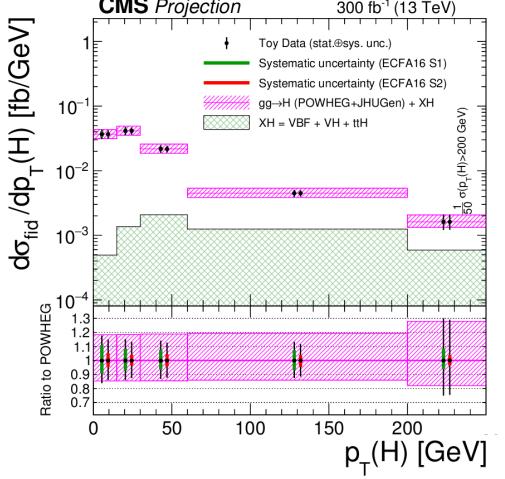
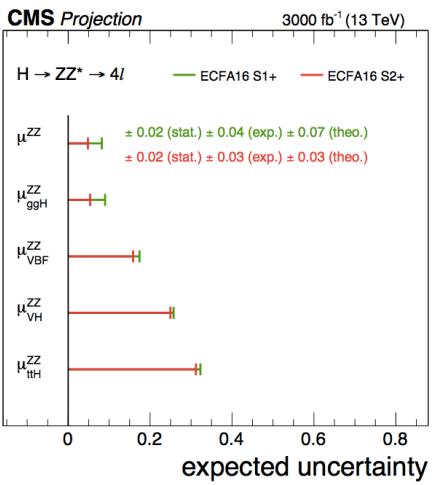
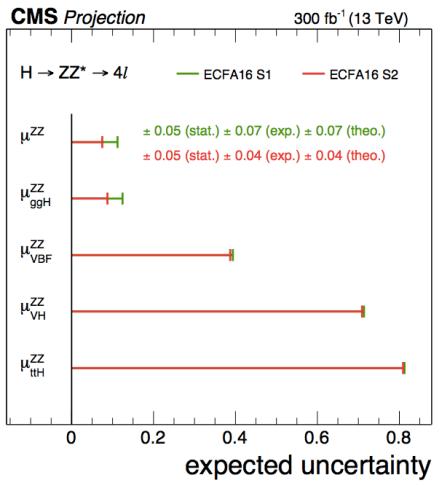
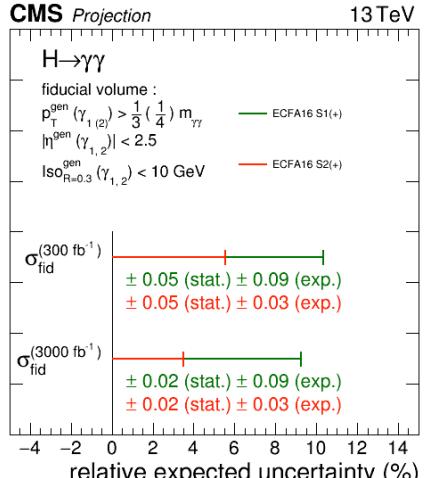
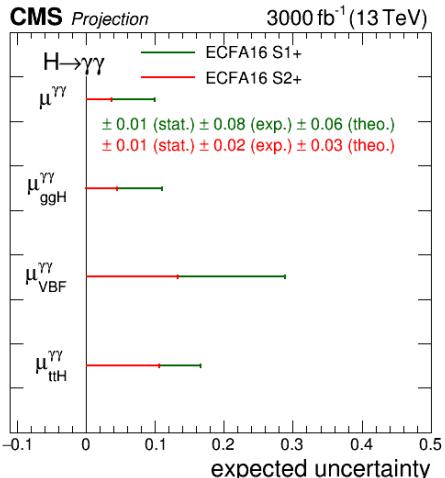
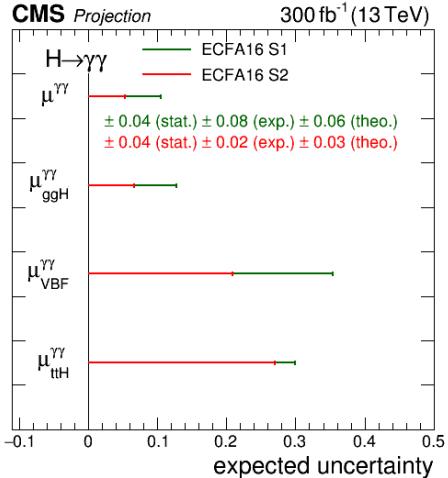
# tth( $\gamma\gamma$ )

- Two ttH sensitive channels
  - ttH leptonic:  $2\gamma + \geq 1$  lepton +  $\geq 2$  jets ( $\geq 1$  b-tag)
  - ttH hadronic:  $2\gamma + \geq 5$  jets ( $\geq 1$  b-tag), no leptons
- Background estimated from fit of  $m(\gamma\gamma)$  distribution
- Best fit :  $\mu_{ttH} = 1.91^{+1.5}_{-1.2}$



# Future prospects

- Results extrapolated to larger dataset ( $300, 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ) and upgraded CMS for the HL-LHC
- Systematics kept constant (S1) or scaled (S2)



# Summary and outlook

- Preliminary Higgs boson measurements performed at CMS using 13 TeV pp collisions data
  - sensitivity already close to Run1 using only  $12.9 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
  - measurements are largely compatible with SM expectations
- All analyses are being updated using the full 2016 datasets ( $\sim 36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ )
  - substantial improvements expected
- Expected  $> 100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  to be delivered by the end of Run2
  - improve precision on couplings, fiducial and differential cross sections