

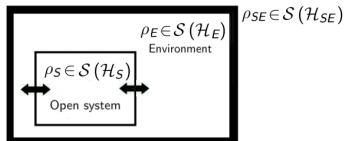
CP REDUCED DYNAMICAL MAPS INITIAL CORRELATIONS AND COMMUTATIVITY

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Open quantum systems

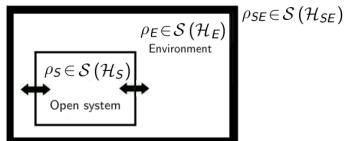


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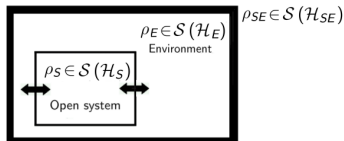
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$$\frac{d}{dt} \rho_{SE}(t) = -\frac{i}{\hbar} [H_{SE}, \rho_{SE}(t)] \quad \Rightarrow \quad \rho_{SE}(t) = U_{SE}(t) \rho_{SE} U_{SE}^\dagger(t)$$

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Open system $\rho_S = \text{Tr}_E \rho_{SE}$

$$\text{Tr}_E \left\{ \frac{d}{dt} \rho_{SE}(t) = -\frac{i}{\hbar} [H_{SE}, \rho_{SE}(t)] \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d}{dt} \rho_S(t) &= -\frac{i}{\hbar} \text{Tr}_E ([H_{SE}, \rho_{SE}(t)]) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \rho_S(t) = \text{Tr}_E [U_{SE}(t) \rho_{SE} U_{SE}^\dagger(t)] \\ &\quad \rightarrow \Phi(t) \rho_S(0) \end{aligned}$$

Properties of Φ

- 1 $\Phi \geq 0$
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$$\Phi : \mathcal{T}(\mathcal{H}) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(\mathcal{H}) \text{ CP} \iff \Phi \otimes I_n : \mathcal{T}(\mathcal{H} \otimes \mathbb{C}^n) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(\mathcal{H} \otimes \mathbb{C}^n) \text{ P } \forall n$$
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$$\Phi, \Psi \text{ CP} \Rightarrow \Phi \circ \Psi \text{ CP}$$

$$\Phi : A \rightarrow B \text{ if } A \vee B \text{ commutative} \Rightarrow \text{CP} \equiv \text{P}$$

Factorized initial states: CP dynamics

$$\rho_S(t) = \text{Tr}_E \left[U_{SE}(t) \rho_{SE}(0) U_{SE}^\dagger(t) \right] \quad \longrightarrow \quad \begin{array}{ccc} \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_E & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{U}(t)} & \rho(t) \\ \text{Tr}_E \downarrow & & \downarrow \text{Tr}_E \\ \rho_S(0) & & \rho_S(t) \end{array}$$

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Assignment map $\mathcal{A}_{\rho_E} : \rho_S(0) \mapsto \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_E$, $\text{Tr}_E \circ \mathcal{A}_{\rho_E} = I_{\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{H}_S)}$, CP

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Dynamical map

$$\Phi(t) = \text{Tr}_E \circ \mathcal{U}_{SE}(t) \circ \mathcal{A}_{\rho_E}$$

$$\Phi(0) = I_{\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{H}_S)}$$

$$\text{Tr}_E, \mathcal{U}_{SE}(t) \text{ CP} \Rightarrow \Phi(t) \text{ CP}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_E & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{U}(t)} & \rho(t) \\ \text{Tr}_E \downarrow \uparrow \mathcal{A}_{\rho_E} & & \downarrow \text{Tr}_E \\ \rho_S(0) & \xrightarrow{\Phi(t)} & \rho_S(t) \end{array}$$

Factorized initial states: Kraus form

$$\sum_{\gamma} |\gamma\rangle \langle \gamma| = I_{\mathcal{H}_E}, \rho_E = \sum_{\alpha} \lambda_{\alpha} |\alpha\rangle \langle \alpha|$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rho_S(t) &= \Phi(t) \rho_S(0) = \text{Tr}_E \left[U_{SE}(t) \rho_S(0) \otimes \rho_E(0) U_{SE}^{\dagger}(t) \right] \\ &= \sum_{\gamma} \langle \gamma | U_{SE}(t) \rho_S(0) \otimes \left(\sum_{\alpha} \lambda_{\alpha} |\alpha\rangle \langle \alpha| \right) U_{SE}^{\dagger}(t) | \gamma \rangle \\ &= \sum_{\gamma, \alpha} \underbrace{\sqrt{\lambda_{\alpha}} \langle \gamma | U_{SE}(t) | \alpha \rangle}_{M_{\gamma, \alpha}(t)} \rho_S(0) \underbrace{\sqrt{\lambda_{\alpha}} \langle \alpha | U_{SE}^{\dagger}(t) | \gamma \rangle}_{M_{\gamma, \alpha}^{\dagger}(t)} \end{aligned}$$

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Kraus theorem (linear maps)

$$\Lambda[T] = \sum_I M_I T M_I^{\dagger}, \quad \sum_I M_I^{\dagger} M_I = I_{\mathcal{T}(\mathcal{H})} \quad \Longleftrightarrow \quad \Lambda \text{ CPT}$$

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We now introduce initial correlations

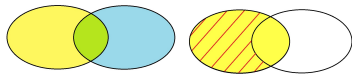
Factorized states $\rightarrow$ Classically correlated states $\rightarrow$...

Quantum Discord

Classical setting: mutual information

$$I(p_{AB}) = H(p_A) + H(p_B) - H(p_{AB})$$

$$J(p_{AB}) = H(p_A) - H(p_{A|B})$$

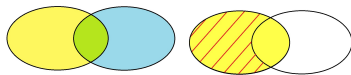


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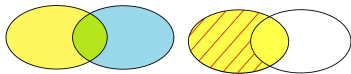
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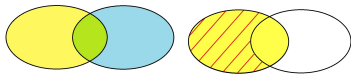
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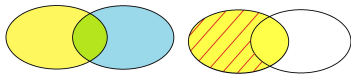
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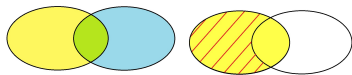
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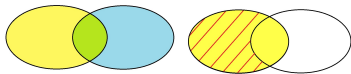
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- Classically correlated $\subset$ Separable states $\subset \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H}_{AB})$
- CP reduced dynamical maps.. not unique

Zero quantum discord initial states: Kraus form

$$\rho_{SE}(0) = \sum_i p_i \Pi_S^i \otimes \rho_E^i, \text{ fixed } \{\Pi_S^i\}_i, \text{ fixed } \{\rho_E^i = \sum_\alpha \lambda_\alpha^i |\alpha^i\rangle \langle \alpha^i|\}_i$$

[C.A. Rodríguez-Rosario *et al.*, J. Phys. A: Math. Theor. **41**, 205301 (2008)]

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$$\rho_S(t) = \Phi(t) \rho_S(0) = \text{Tr}_E [U_{SE}(t) \sum_i \overbrace{p_i \Pi_S^i}^{\rightarrow \rho_S} \otimes \rho_E^i U_{SE}^\dagger(t)]$$

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$$\Phi_1 \rho_S = \sum_{\gamma, \alpha, j} M_{\gamma, \alpha}^j \rho_S M_{\gamma, \alpha}^{j\dagger}$$

$$\Phi_2 \rho_S = \sum_{\gamma, \alpha} M_{\gamma, \alpha} \rho_S M_{\gamma, \alpha}^\dagger$$

$$M_{\gamma, \alpha}^j = \sqrt{\lambda_\alpha^j} \langle \gamma | U_{SE}(t) | \alpha^j \rangle \Pi_S^j$$

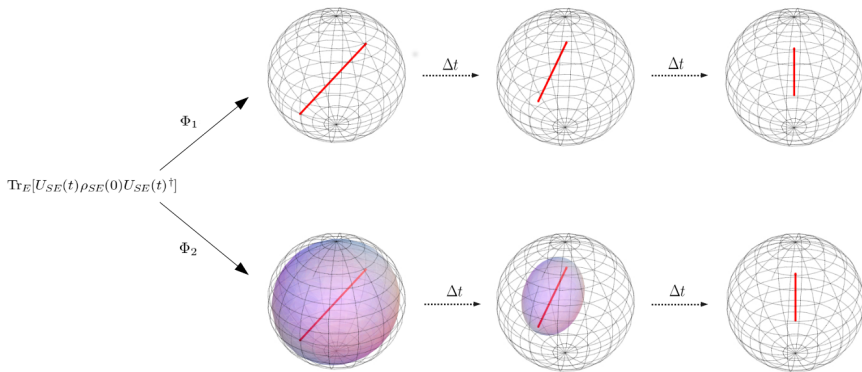
$$M_{\gamma, \alpha} = \sum_j \sqrt{\lambda_\alpha^j} \langle \gamma | U_{SE}(t) | \alpha^j \rangle \Pi_S^j$$

$$\forall \rho_S \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \quad \Phi_1(t) \rho_S = \Phi_2(t) \rho_S$$

Zero quantum discord initial states: map action extension

Once we have a Kraus form, we can **extend** its action $\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \rightarrow \mathcal{T}(\mathcal{H}_S)$

$$\Rightarrow \Phi_1 \neq \Phi_2$$



$$\Phi_{1,2}(t \rightarrow 0) = I_{\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S)} \Leftrightarrow \text{Tr}_E \circ \mathcal{A}_{\{\rho_E^i\}}^{1,2} = I_{\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S)}$$

Commutativity of the compatibility domain

Commutative *compatibility domain*

$$\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) = \left\{ \rho_S = \sum_i p_i \sigma_S^i \mid [\sigma_S^i, \sigma_S^j] = 0 \right\} \quad \{\sigma_S^i\}_i = \{\Pi_S^1, \dots, \Pi_S^{n-1}, W\}$$

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Crucial QM

$$W = \sum_{i=1}^{\dim \mathcal{H}_S} w_i \Pi_S^i = \sum_{k=1}^{\overbrace{r}^{\text{MANY!}}} \mu_k |\psi_k\rangle \langle \psi_k| \quad r > \dim \mathcal{H}_S - (n-1)$$

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$$\mathcal{C}^I(\mathcal{H}_{SE}) = \left\{ \rho_{SE} = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} p_i \Pi_S^i \otimes \rho_E^i + p_n \sum_{i=n}^{\dim \mathcal{H}_S} w_i \Pi_S^i \otimes \rho_E^i \right\}$$

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$$\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) = \{\rho_S = \sum_i p_i \sigma_S^i \mid [\sigma_S^i, \sigma_S^j] = 0\} \quad \{\sigma_S^i\}_i = \{\Pi_S^1, \dots, \Pi_S^{n-1}, W\}$$

Crucial QM $W = \sum_{i=n}^{\dim \mathcal{H}_S} w_i \Pi_S^i = \overbrace{\sum_{k=1}^r \mu_k |\psi_k\rangle \langle \psi_k|}^{\text{MANY!}} \quad r > \dim \mathcal{H}_S - (n-1)$



$$\mathcal{C}^I(\mathcal{H}_{SE}) = \left\{ \rho_{SE} = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} p_i \Pi_S^i \otimes \rho_E^i + p_n \sum_{i=n}^{\dim \mathcal{H}_S} w_i \Pi_S^i \otimes \rho_E^i \right\}$$



Zero quantum discord states

$$\mathcal{C}^{II}(\mathcal{H}_{SE}) = \left\{ \rho_{SE} = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} p_i \Pi_S^i \otimes \rho_E^i + p_n \sum_{k=1}^r \mu_k |\psi_k\rangle \langle \psi_k| \otimes \varrho_E^k \right\}$$



States with quantum correlations

CP maps on commutative compatibility domain

- $\rho_S(0) \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \rightarrow \rho_{SE}(0) \in \mathcal{C}''(\mathcal{H}_{SE})$ P
- $\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S)$ commutative

CP maps on commutative compatibility domain

- $\rho_S(0) \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \rightarrow \rho_{SE}(0) \in \mathcal{C}''(\mathcal{H}_{SE})$ P
 - $\mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S)$ commutative
- $$\left. \vphantom{\begin{matrix} \bullet \rho_S(0) \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \rightarrow \rho_{SE}(0) \in \mathcal{C}''(\mathcal{H}_{SE}) \text{ } \mathsf{P} \\ \bullet \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \text{ commutative} \end{matrix}} \right\} \Rightarrow \mathsf{P} \equiv \mathsf{CP}$$

CP maps on commutative compatibility domain

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \bullet \rho_S(0) \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \rightarrow \rho_{SE}(0) \in \mathcal{C}''(\mathcal{H}_{SE}) \quad \text{P} \\ \bullet \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \text{ commutative} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \text{P} \equiv \text{CP}$$

$$\rho_S(0) \rightarrow \rho_S(t) = \text{Tr}_E \left[U_{SE} \underbrace{\rho_{SE}(0)}_{\in \mathcal{C}''(\mathcal{H}_{SE})} U_{SE}^\dagger \right] \quad \text{CP}$$

CP maps on commutative compatibility domain

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \bullet \rho_S(0) \in \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \rightarrow \rho_{SE}(0) \in \mathcal{C}^{\parallel}(\mathcal{H}_{SE}) \quad \text{P} \\ \bullet \mathcal{C}(\mathcal{H}_S) \text{ commutative} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \text{P} \equiv \text{CP}$$

$$\rho_S(0) \rightarrow \rho_S(t) = \text{Tr}_E \left[U_{SE} \underbrace{\rho_{SE}(0)}_{\in \mathcal{C}^{\parallel}(\mathcal{H}_{SE})} U_{SE}^{\dagger} \right] \quad \text{CP}$$

Thanks to the GHJW theorem

[Gisin, Helv. Phys. Acta 1989; Hughston, Jozsa and Wootters PLA 1993]

$$\rho_S(0) = \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \Pi_S^i \rho_S(0) \Pi_S^i + \sum_{k=1}^r \sum_{j=n}^{\dim \mathcal{H}_S} K_{jk} \rho_S(0) K_{jk}^{\dagger}$$

And can display a **Kraus form**

$$\begin{aligned} \rho_S(t) &= \Phi^{\parallel}(t) \rho_S(0) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} \sum_{\gamma, \alpha} M_{\gamma\alpha}^i(t) \rho_S(0) M_{\gamma\alpha}^i(t)^{\dagger} + \sum_{k=1}^r \sum_{j=n}^{\dim \mathcal{H}_S} \sum_{\gamma, \beta} M_{\gamma\beta}^{jk}(t) \rho_S(0) M_{\gamma\beta}^{jk}(t)^{\dagger} \end{aligned}$$

Summing up

- Simple approach to obtain CP maps from class of correlated states
- Include both zero and non zero quantum discord states
- Non uniqueness of definition of the map
- Dynamical meaning only on commutativity subset

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B. Vacchini (Unimi)

Reference

B. Vacchini, G. Amato, *Scientific Reports* **6**, 37328 (2016)