

# B-physics and low $p_T$ analyses the path to 2017

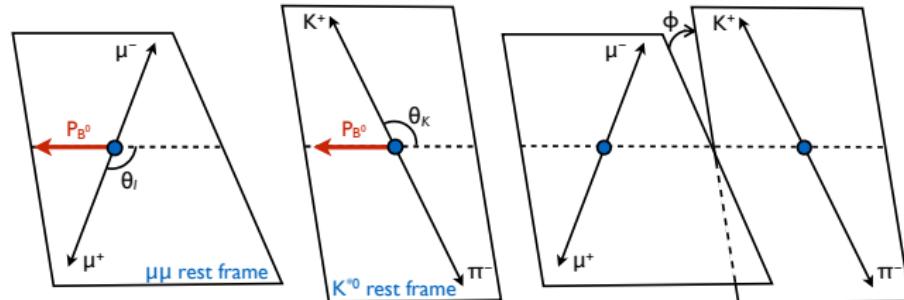
Alessio Boletti

Riunione CMS Italia  
14-16 Dicembre 2016

# A lot of run I analyses ongoing

- $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu\mu$  angular analyses
- Structure in  $4\mu$  final state
- Precision  $B$  hadrons lifetimes
- Double onia production
- Charmonium + jet production
- $B_{s2}^* \rightarrow BK$  study
- ...

$$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu\mu$$



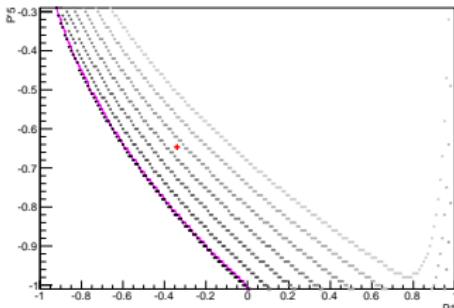
### Four-particle final state topology

- three decay angles:  $\theta_K$ ,  $\theta_I$ ,  $\phi$
- the square of dimuon invariant mass:  $q^2$

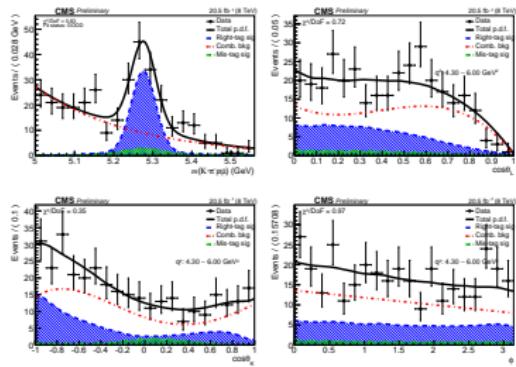
$$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu\mu$$

- Very complex 4D fit
- Angular PDF depends on 3 floating parameters ( $P_1, P'_5, A_s^5$ )
- The real problem is that it can become negative for some values of these parameters
- The forbidden region can be found numerically, but not analytically
- Whenever MINUIT approaches the border, it fails or claims it as a minimum

W

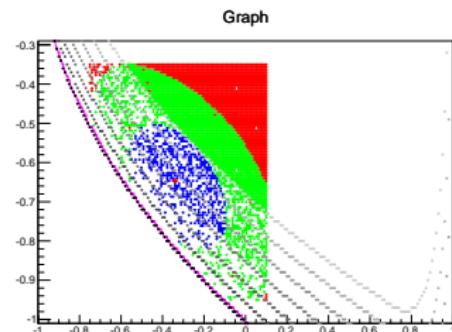


$$\frac{1}{\Gamma_{full}} \frac{1}{dq^2 d \cos \theta_l d \cos \theta_k d\phi} = \frac{9}{8\pi} \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \left[ (Fs + As \cos \theta_k) (1 - \cos^2 \theta_l) + A_s^5 \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta_k} \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta_l} \cos \phi \right] \right. \\ \left. + (1 - Fs) \left[ 2F_L \cos^2 \theta_k (1 - \cos^2 \theta_l) + \frac{1}{2} (1 - F_L) (1 - \cos^2 \theta_k) (1 + \cos^2 \theta_l) \right. \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{2} P_1 (1 - F_L) (1 - \cos^2 \theta_k) (1 - \cos^2 \theta_l) \cos \phi \right. \\ \left. + 2P'_5 \cos \theta_k \sqrt{F_L (1 - F_L)} \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta_k} \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta_l} \cos \phi \right] \right\}$$



$$B^0 \rightarrow K^* \mu\mu$$

- To understand and solve the issue the 2D profile likelihood has been scanned in the  $P_1 - P'_5$  space
- In the result the colored regions highlight the  $2\Delta NLL = 1$  and  $2\Delta NLL = 4$  borders
- The missing points corresponds to failed fits



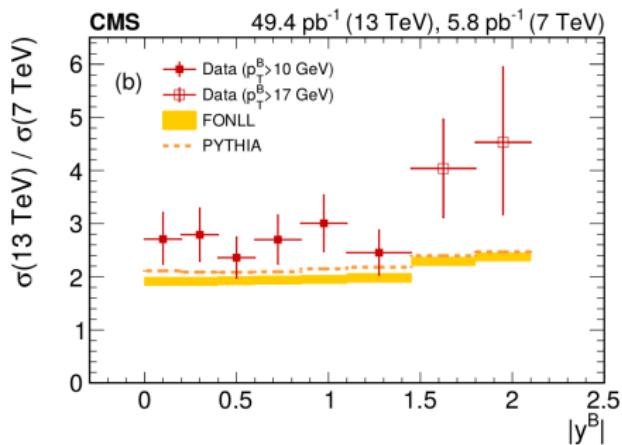
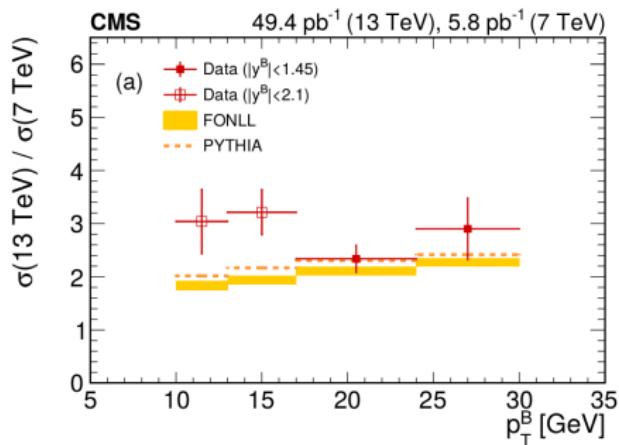
- A Feldman-Cousins approach has been required by the statistical committee, due to possible physical-boundary effects
- Anyway the 2D application of the approach to extract 1D intervals is very CPU intensive
- Now we are applying an approximated form, using parameter correlations from the likelihood

## Run II ongoing analyses

- Angular analyses are already putting efforts to look at Run II data, as well
- New channels investigated:  $B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi\mu\mu$  and  $\Lambda_b \rightarrow \Lambda\mu\mu$
- Several cross-section measurements done with early 13 TeV data
- Double onia but also a more general low energy multi-lepton investigation
  - tetra quark, exotica, BSM hints
- The XPAG SMP-BPH first search for the  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell J/\psi$  decay is joining
- Early trigger studies are also ongoing for the  $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$  search
- these first analyses are precious to understand the needs for the 2017 trigger and the PU effects

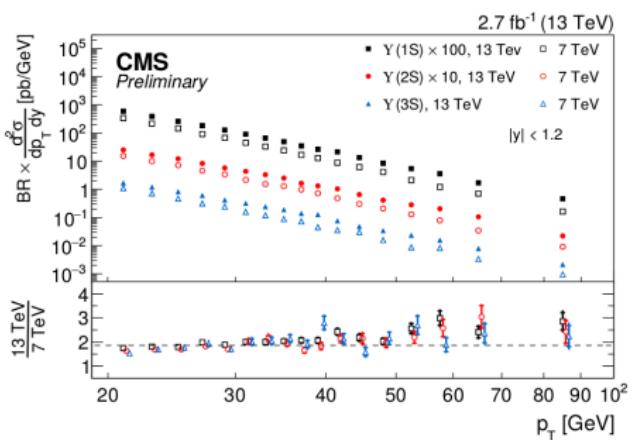
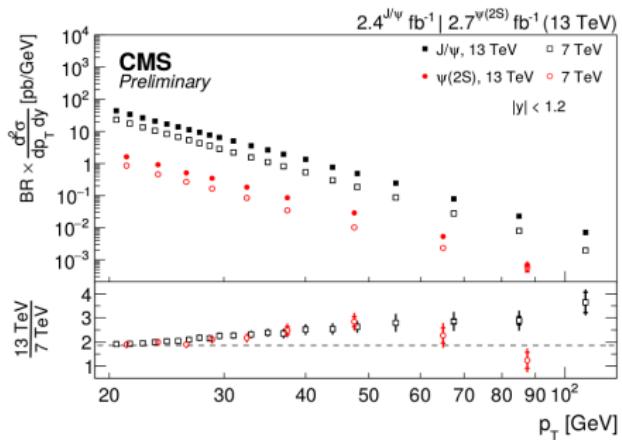
# Differential $B^+$ cross section

- Differential inclusive  $B^+$  cross section measured with early 13 TeV data
- The ratio between the cross sections at 13 TeV and 7 TeV computed
- A discrepancy with FONLL and pythia predictions was observed in some bins



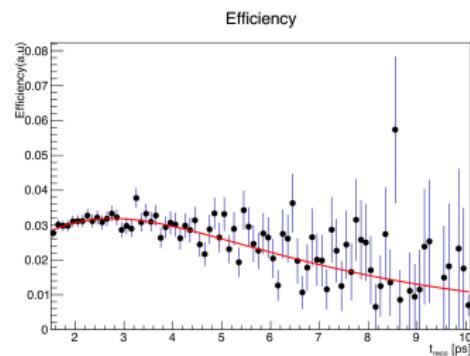
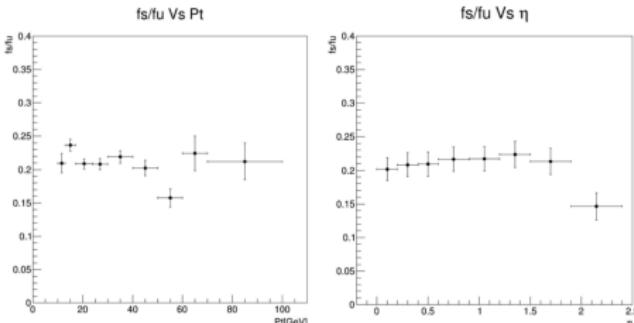
# Quarkonium production cross section

- Double differential quarkonium cross section measured with 2015 data
- Ratio with 7 TeV cross section calculated
- $p_T$  dependence is observed



$$B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$$

- Great expectation for the first result at 13 TeV
- Analysis on 2016 data aiming Moriond
- Three goals:
  - Cross section  $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$
  - Lifetime  $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$
  - Cross section  $B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$

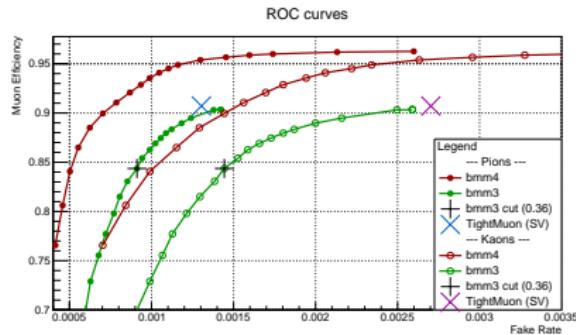


- Effort involved to measure the differential  $f_s/f_d$  ratio
- Avoid dependence on LHCb measurement

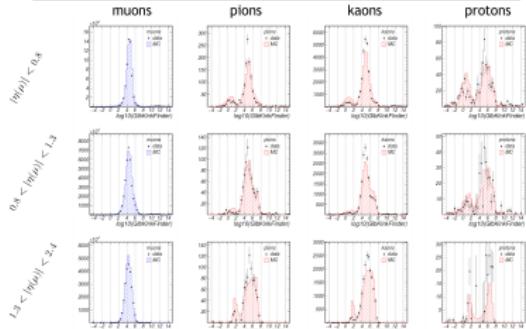
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$$

## New MVA-based muon ID

- Increased number of input variables
- ROC curve with old and new discrimination performances
- Discrimination power improved
- The idea is to use two different working points for  $B_s^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$  and  $B^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$



## Global kink finder (global muon)



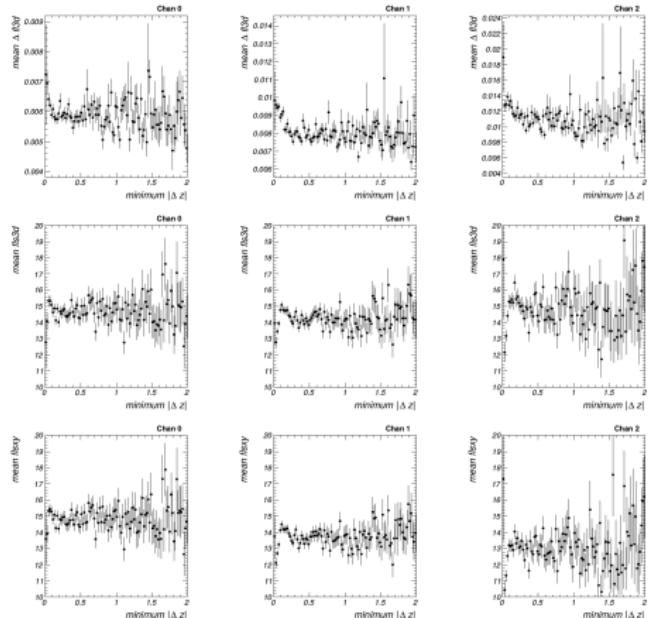
A. Boletti

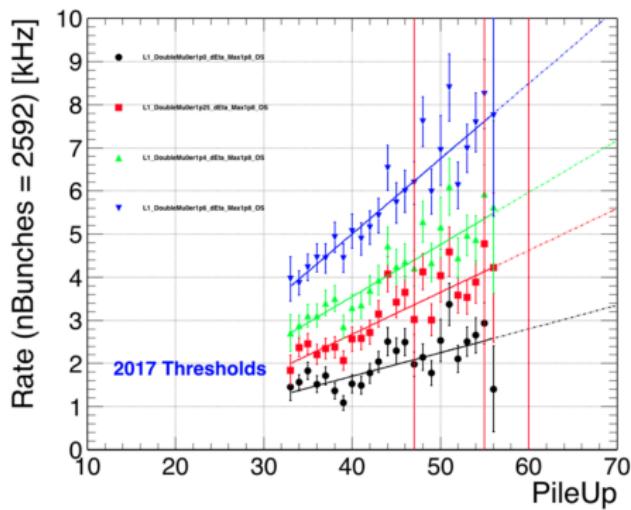
## MVA validations ongoing

- Input variables and MVA output validated on data control channel
- Some discrepancies are under study
- Muon double-fake rate carefully studied

$$B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu\mu$$

- A study is ongoing to understand if the error on the flight-length is affected by pileup
- Instead of  $N_{PV}$ , the mean result is plotted as a function of the  $\Delta z$  between the reconstructed momentum of the candidate and the closest PV
- First results indicate that there is no dependence



$B^0_{(s)} \rightarrow \mu\mu$  L1 seed


- The main L1 seed used was `L1_DoubleMu0er1p4_dEta_Max1p8_OS`
- At higher PU, the eta range is expected to be reduced
- Alternative cuts have to be studied

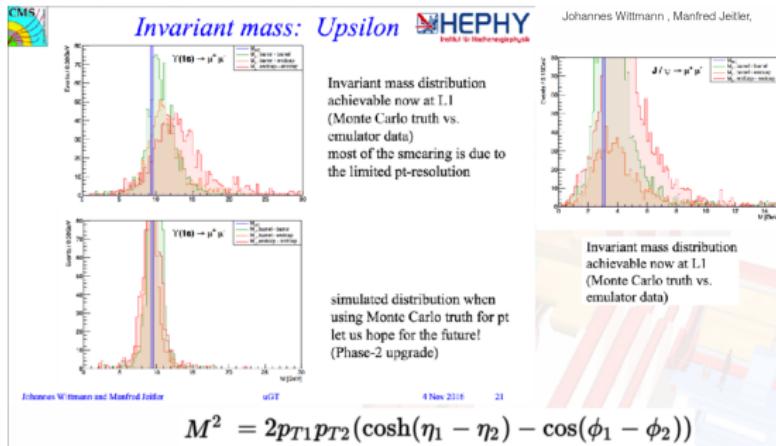
# TripleMu L1 seed

- During the run moved from L1\_TripleMu0 to L1\_TripleMu5\_0\_0
- Seed used by:
  - spectroscopy analyses
- using a resonant  $J/\psi$  or  $\Upsilon$  plus one other meson
  - the efficiency loss due to the  $p_T$  cut will be tested
- $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$  search
  - penalised by any muon  $p_T$  cut
  - a  $\Delta R$  or invariant mass cut could be considered

# Preparazione del trigger 2017

## L1 trigger

- Nel 2016 l'alta luminosita' ha imposto tagli sempre piu' duri su  $p_T$  e  $\eta$  dei seed muonici
- Per il prossimo anno c'e' l'idea di cambiare strategia e sfruttare intensivamente la possibila' di tagli in massa invariante e  $\Delta R$
- Primi studi in svolgimento per testarne la risoluzione e l'efficacia dei tagli
- Questo aumenterebbe il numero di seed necessari



# Preparazione del trigger 2017

## High level trigger

- Da riscrivere from scratch
- Ottima occasione per coinvolgere manpower nella pulizia e retuning dei path
- Gli analisti son stati contattati all'interno del PAG per prendersi carico degli studi necessari
- Soprattutto studi basati sui path del vecchio menu, ma anche alcune proposte per path originali stanno arrivando:
  - Path per analisi di  $B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi$ , con  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu$  senza displacement e opposite-side tag (muone, elettrone o b-jet)
  - Path per cross sections e analisi angolari con  $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu\mu$  e long-living particle ( $K_S$  o  $\Lambda$ )

# Contributi italiani

## Analisi

- Lifetime MIB
- P5' MIB+PD (anche per Run2)
- onia TO+BA
- Amplitude analyses BA
- Upsilon(nS) production vs. charged particle multiplicity (BO)

## Impegni e responsabilità'

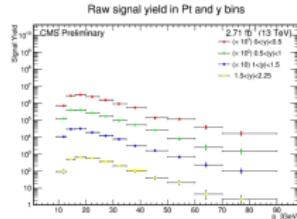
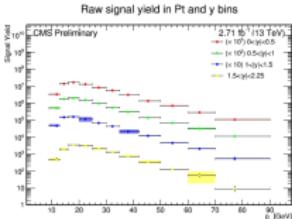
- Convener & co-convenre
- Trigger office
- Tracking contact
- ARC

# Backup

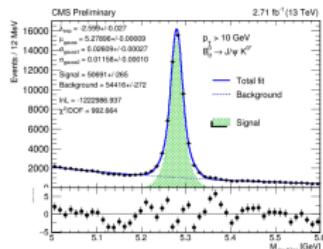
# Double differential $B^0$ and $B_s^0$ cross section

$$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*0}(K^+ \pi^-)$$

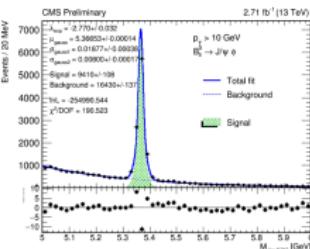
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi(K^+ K^-)$$



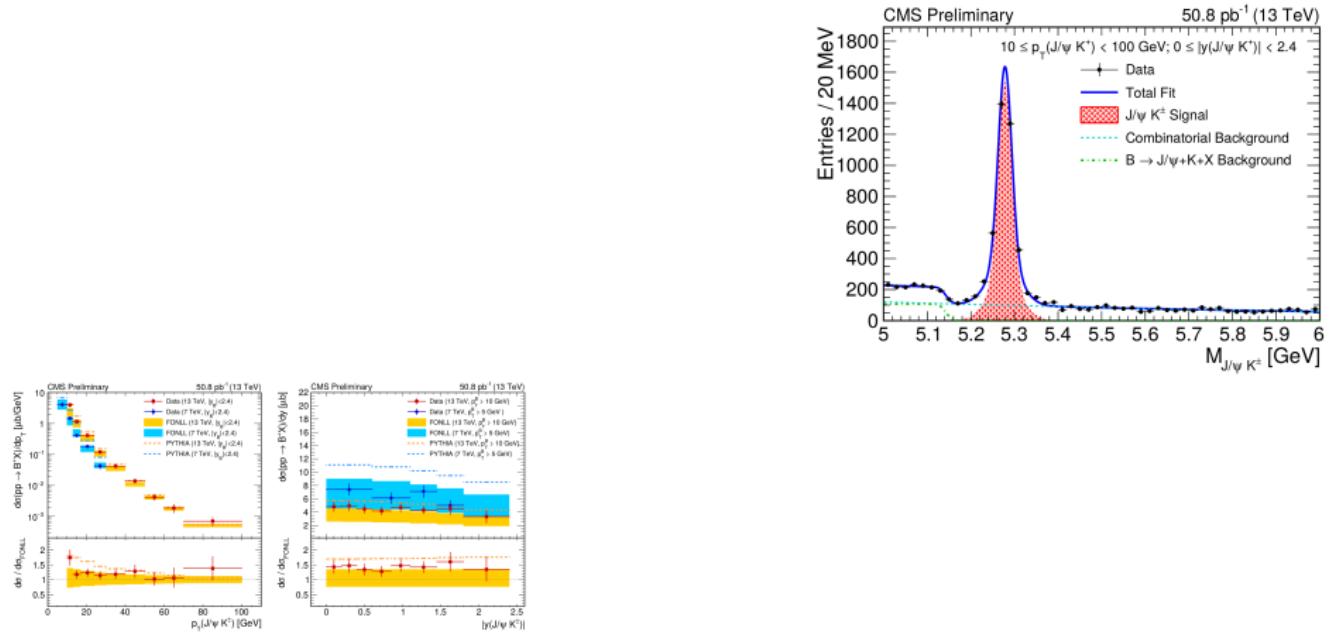
$$B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi K^{*0}(K^+ \pi^-)$$



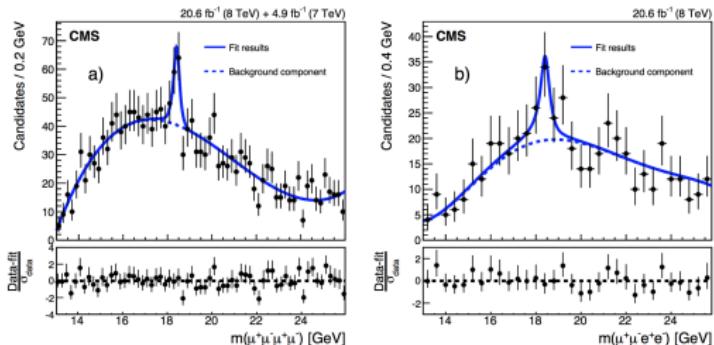
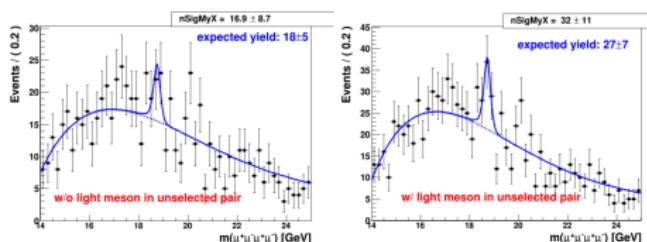
$$B_s^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \phi(K^+ K^-)$$



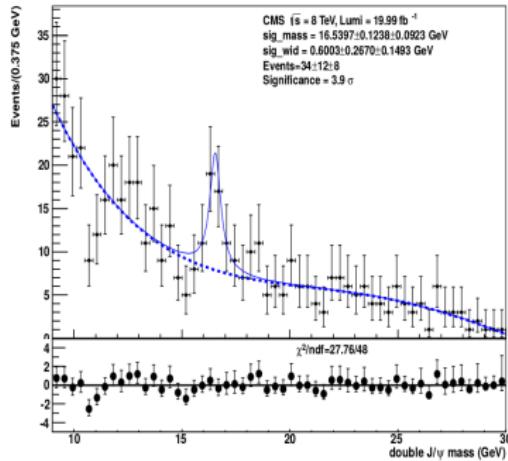
# $B^+$ cross section



# Evidence of $\mu\mu\mu$ resonance in $\Upsilon\mu\mu$ channel



# $\Upsilon\Upsilon$ and $J/\psi J/\psi$ production



$Z \rightarrow J/\psi \ell^+ \ell^-$ 
