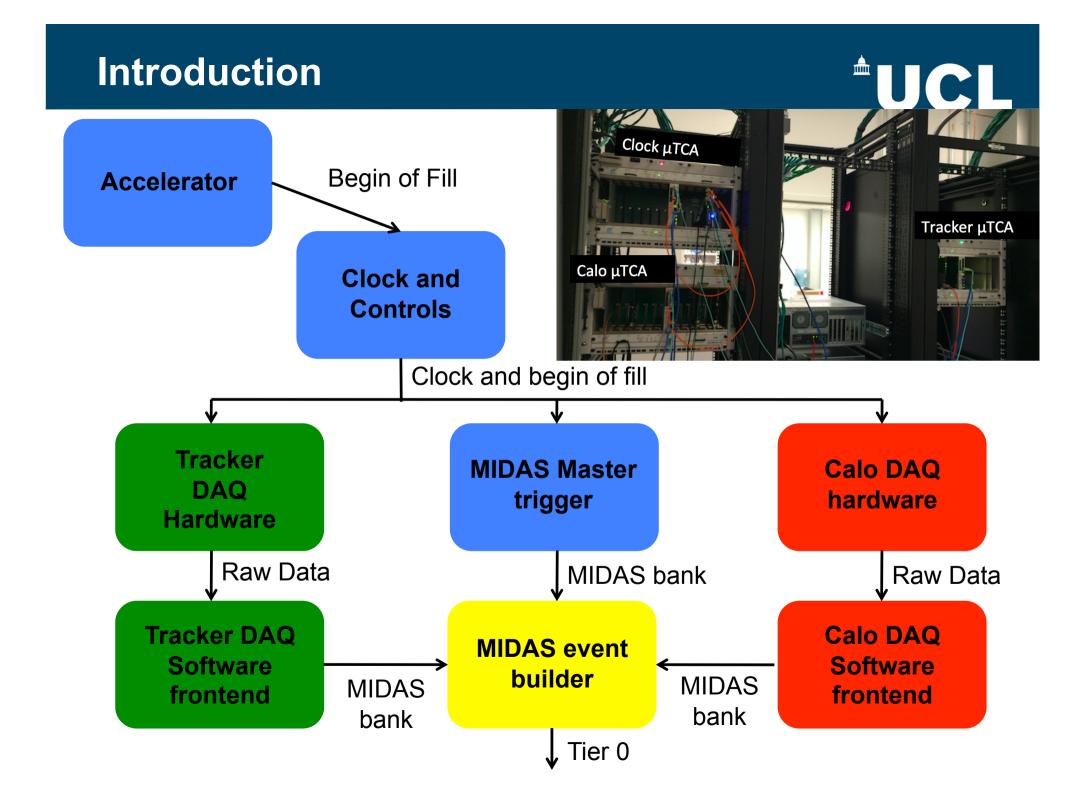


G-2 tracker DAQ

Becky Chislett

MUSE General Meeting 29th September 2016



Tracker Frontend Readout

The tracker readout hardware consists of ASDQs, TDCs, Logic boards, FC7s and an AMC13



 Straw Ends
 Non-readout pin cover



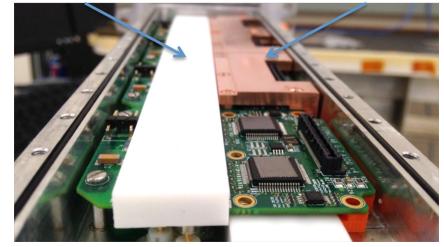
The ASDQs plug onto the end of the straws :

- 8 ASDQs per manifold (4 boards)
- Take care of pulse shaping, baseline restoration and discrimination
- Produce a digital output

Socket cover

Cooling bar

UCL



Tracker Frontend Readout

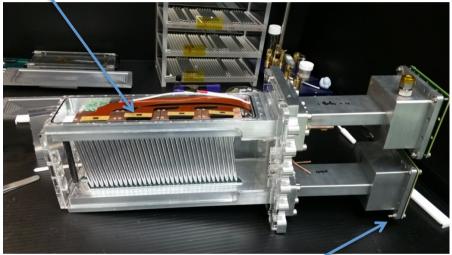
^AUCL

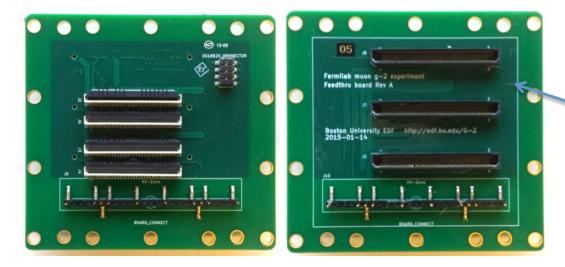
The flexi cables plug onto the ASDQs :

Provide power and reference voltages
 Carry the signal from the ASDQs









The flexi cables connect to the feedthrough board :

- Forms the gas seal
- Acts as a backplane for the boards

Tracker Frontend Readout

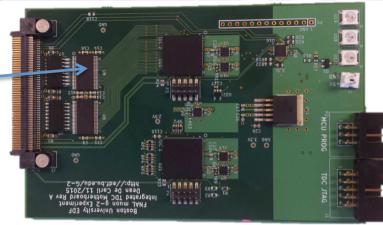
The data is passed to the TDCs :

- 2 TDC boards per manifold each with 2, 16 channel FPGAs
- Convert the digital signals from the ASDQs



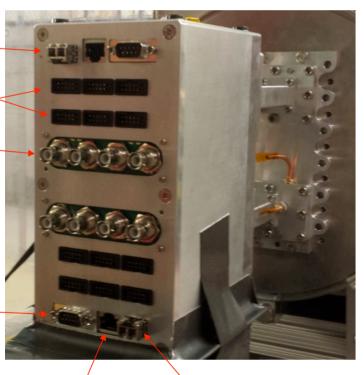
The TDCs pass the data onto the logic boards :

- Buffers and sends out the data from the TDCs
- Slow Control connection for programming settings and loading firmware
 Power
- Regulates voltages from ±5V Low voltage input



Logic Board





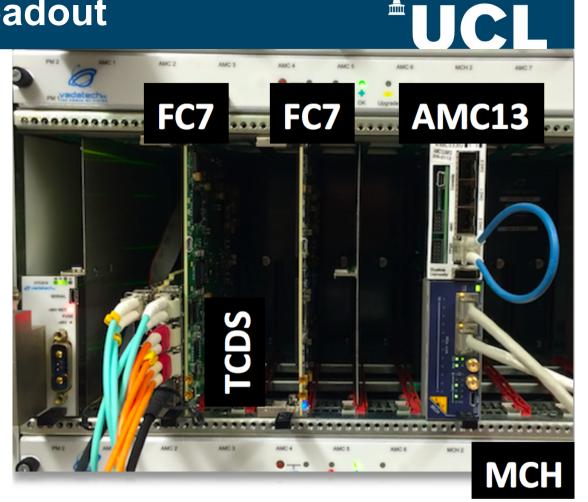
Slow Control CLK/Data

Tracker Backend Readout

The data from the logic board is sent over fibre to the FC7 :

- Takes 16 fibre inputs (1 whole tracker station per FC7)
- Collects the data from all 16 Logic boards and sends it out
- Provides the clock to the logic board





The FC7 sends the data on to the AMC13 :

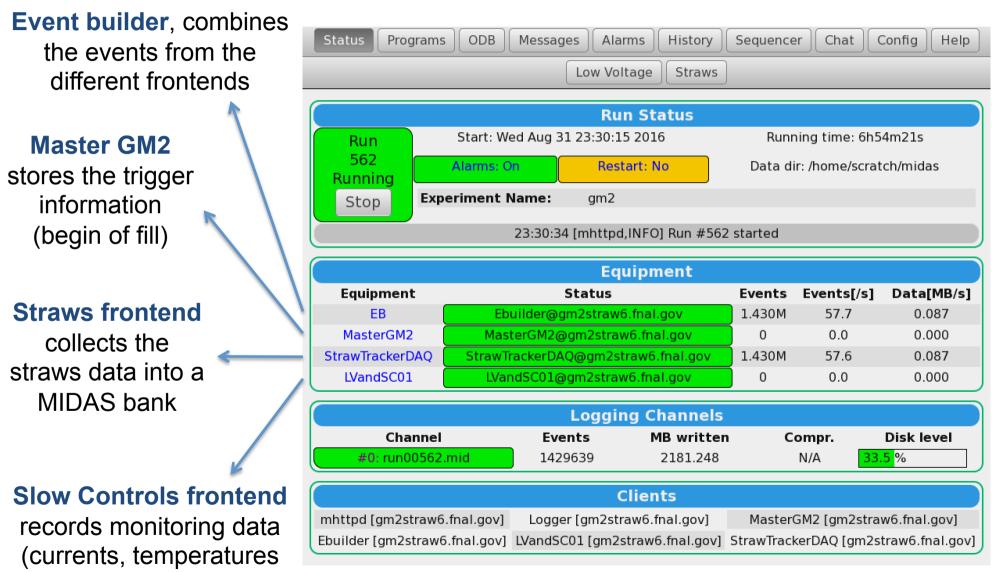
- Forms the connection to the PC via 10Gb ethernet
- Data send out over fibre to a PCIe card in the PC

Tracker DAQ

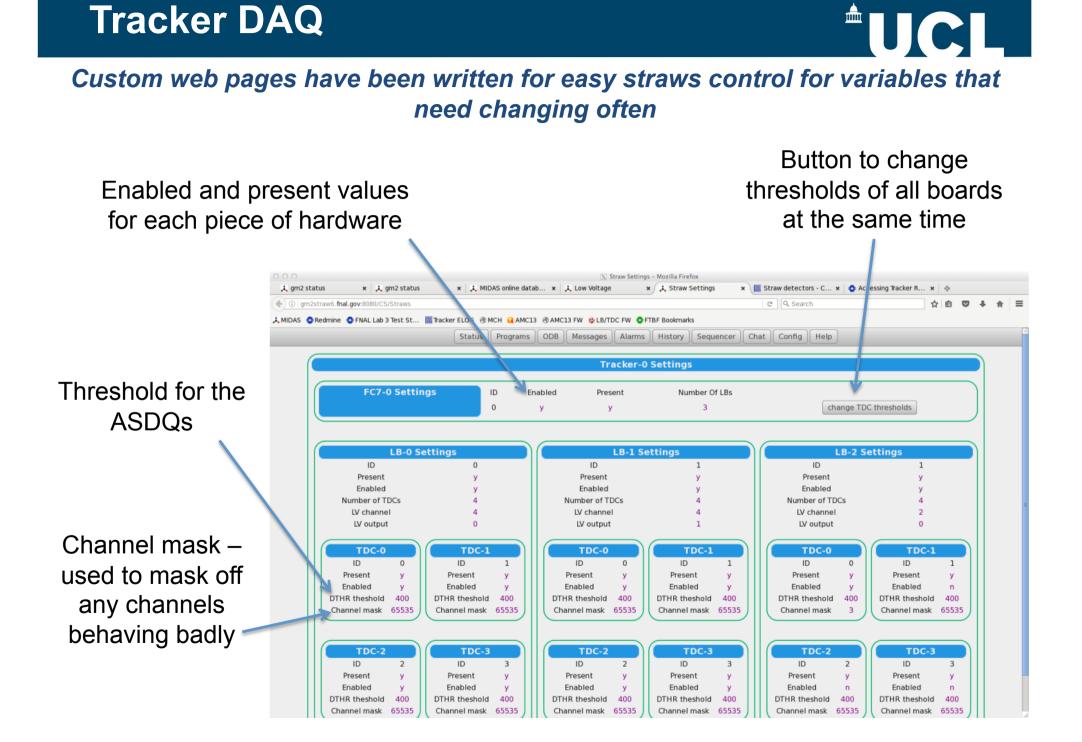
etc.)

^AUCL

The g-2 DAQ software uses MIDAS

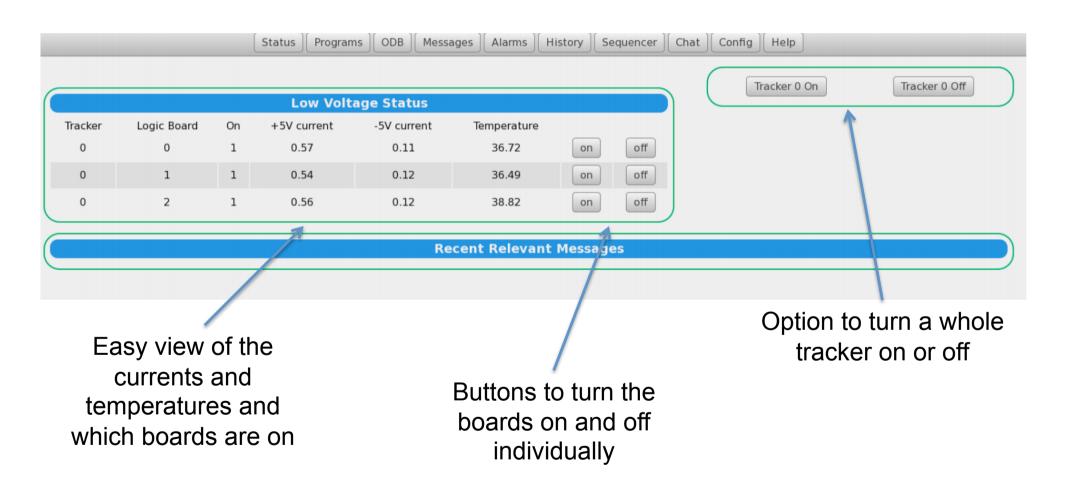


Ran stably for more than 7 hours at 50Hz rate



Tracker DAQ

A custom web page for Low Voltage monitoring and control is also available



Recent error messages are also displayed on the page so it will inform you if the press of the button was unsuccesful

The DAQ systems for the calo and the tracker were integrated along with the clock and controls system

Calo-Tracker DAQ Integration

Tracker DAQ/Calorimeter DAQ comparison

- Same top-level hardware (AMC13)
- Common clock, triggers, event builder
- Different frontend electronics

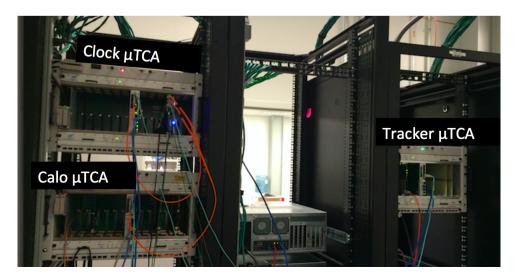
(ASDQ/TDC vs Rider)

- Tracker records hit times, calorimeter records waveforms
- Lower data volume in tracker

 \rightarrow no need for GPUs

• Common protocol for board register read/write (IPbus)

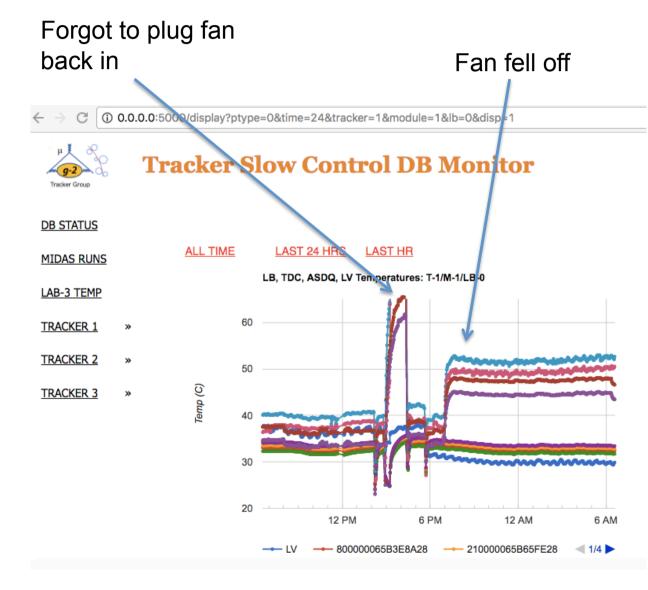
		Ru	n Status				
Run	Start: Fri A	pr 1 09:56:30	2016	Running time: 0h00m42s			
73	Alarms: On	Restart	<mark>t: No</mark> Da	ata dir: /home/gohn/exp.RIDER/			
Running	Experiment	Name: RIDE	R				
Stop							
	, 09	:56:30 [mhttp	d,INFO] Run #7	3 starte	d		
		Eq	uipment				
Equipment		Status	Events Events[/s] Data[M				
MasterGM2 Mas		erGM2@g2be1	.fnal.gov	34	1.0	0.000	
AMC1301 AMC1		301@g2calo07	08.fnal.gov	34	1.0	10.675	
AMC1302 AMC13		302@g2calo07	08.fnal.gov	0	0.0	0.000	
EB	Eb	Ebuilder@g2be1.fnal.gov			1.0	10.603	
StrawTracker	DAQ StrawTrac	kerDAQ@g2cal	o0102.fnal.gov	35	1.0	0.002	
		Loggir	ng Channels	;			
Cha	annel	Events	MB written	Compr.		Disk level	
#0: run	00073.mid	37 384.857		N/A		82.1 %	
			Clients				
aub the d f = D	had feel and				1	Ohed Geel and	
	be1.fnal.gov]	MasterGN			g2be1.fnal.gov		
	2calo0708-priv]	StrawTracker	DAQ [g2calo01	02-priv]	Ebuilder [g2be1.fnal.gov	
AMC1301 [g2	2calo0708-priv]						





Tracker Slow Controls

The Low Voltage and Slow Controls frontend reads temperatures, currents, voltages etc. from the electronics boards and stores them in the ODB and an sql database



The information put into the database is displayed on a webpage which auto updates once a minute

UCL

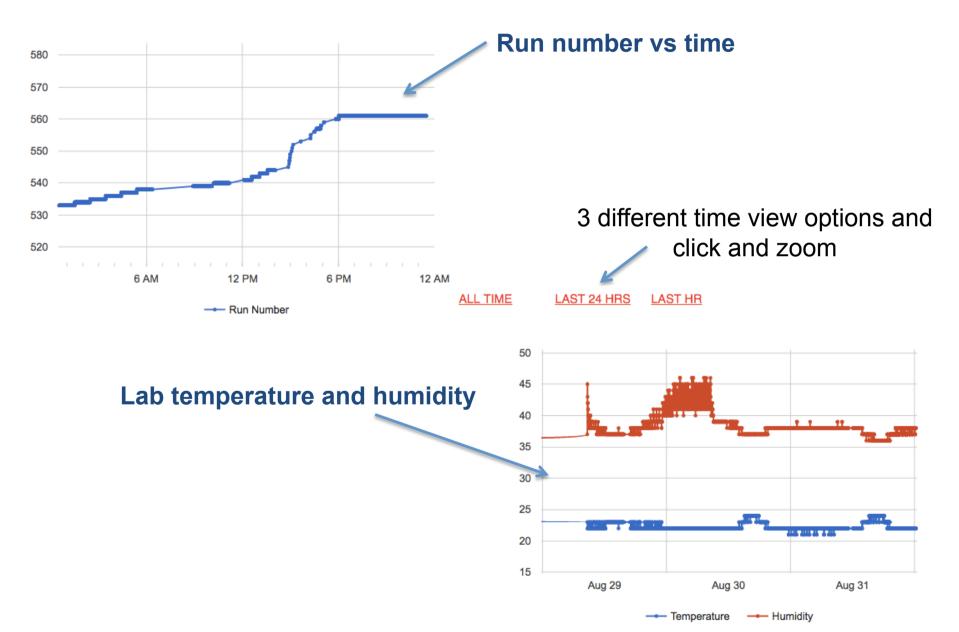
Displays :

- Temperatures
- Currents
- Voltages
- DAQ errors
- MIDAS runs

The DAQ throws an warning/ error if these values get too large

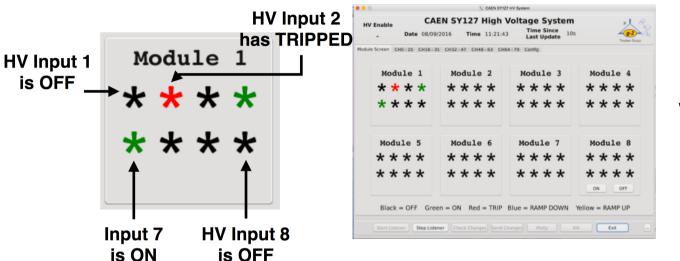
Tracker Slow Controls

ALL TIME LAST 24 HRS LAST HR



High Voltage control

An HV GUI is available for HV control and monitoring



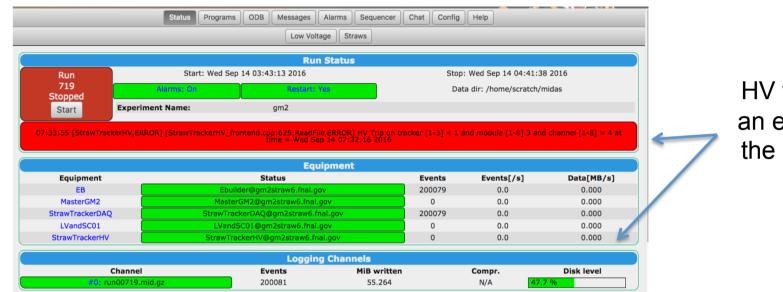
An easy display to see which HV channel are on or have tripped

There is also a page which allows the user to turn channels on/off and change the voltages

ни	Enable		CAEN	SY12	27 Hig	h Voltag				₽ <u>₹</u> %
-		Date	08/09/20	16 Time 11:28:56			Time Since Last Update 2s			Tracker Group
Module	Screen	CH0 - 15	CH16 - 31	CH32 - 47	CH48 - 63	CH64 - 79 Con	ifig			
CH #	Power	VMon (V	IMon (uA	V0 (V)	10 (uA	RUP (V/s)	RDW (V/s)	Trip (ms)	Status	Ramp Stat
0		0	0	1	1	3	4	0	OFF	-
1		0	0	50	1	3	4	0	TRIP	
2		0	0	1	1	3	4	0	OFF	-
3	v	0	0	0	1	3	4	0	ON	
4	v	0	0	1	1	3	4	0	ON	
5		0	0	1	1	3	4	0	OFF	
6		0	0	1	1	3	4	0	OFF	
7		0	0	0	1	10	20	0	OFF	
8		0	0	0	1	10	20	0	OFF	
9		0	0	0	1	10	20	0	OFF	
10		0	0	0	1	10	20	0	OFF	
11		0	0	0	1	10	20	0	OFF	
12		-	-						-	
13		-	-						-	
14		-	-							
15			-						-	

High Voltage control

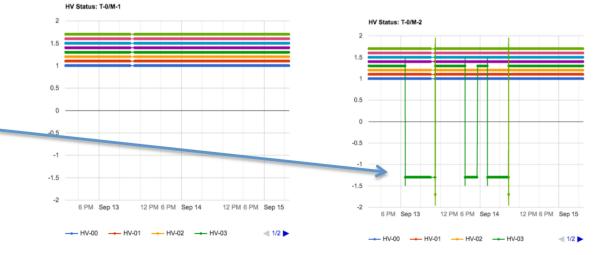
The information from the HV GUI is read by the HV frontend and displayed in the Slow Control Monitoring pages



HV frontend throws an error to MIDAS if the HV trips to alert the user

UCL

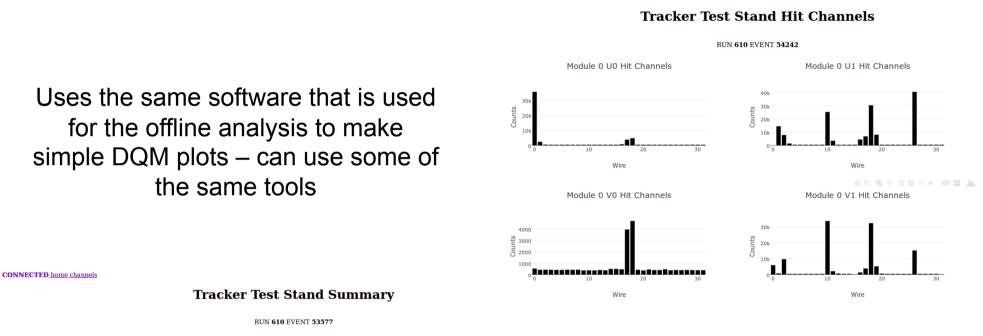
The Slow Control monitoring allows you to see when the HV tripped – good to know when analysing the data!



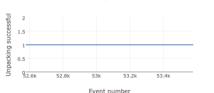
Straw Tracker DQM

The DQM for the experiment will use MIDAS-to-art online which is sent to a node web client

CONNECTED home channels

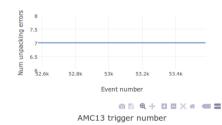


Event unpacking successful or not



AMC13 event size

oit



53k

Event number

53.4k

53.2k

Num unpacking errors in event



Have some basic useful plots in there currently but work is ongoing – need to decide on the exact plot combination

Summary



The Straw Tracker DAQ system is generally running well and is being well tested at FNAL and Liverpool

- The g-2 DAQ system uses MIDAS with µTCA hardware communicating via IPBus
- There are many tools available for monitoring of SCs, LV, HV and the data
- The tracker DAQ has been integrated with the calorimeter DAQ and clock and controls systems
 - ----> Further and longer tests of this will be performed
- A system with 2 tracker modules is currently running well
 Allowed for testing using 2 different FC7s successfully
- Continuing data taking is allowing **infrequent errors to be picked up** and solved and for **small improvements for increased usability**
- The system has **proved to be robust**, running over night for runs of up to 12 hours without error