

Dark Searches and $\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE

Francesca Curciarello on behalf of KLOE-2 Collaboration

National Laboratories of Frascati (Italy)

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FRANCESCA CURCIARELLO ON BEHALF OF KLOE-2 COLLABORATION

Dark Searches and $\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE



$DA\Phi NE$ and KLOE

DARK KLOE SEARCHES

$\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE

CONCLUSIONS

FRANCESCA CURCIARELLO ON BEHALF OF KLOE-2 COLLABORATION

Dark Searches and $\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE





$DA\Phi NE$ upgrades

New interaction region: large beam crossing angle + sextupoles for crabbed waist optics \rightarrow Increase of luminosity by a factor $2 \div 3$

 e^+e^- collider @ $\sqrt{s} = M_{\Phi} = 1.0194$ GeV

 $2\ {\rm interaction}\ {\rm regions}$

2 separate rings

105 +105 bunches, $T_{RF}=2.7~\mathrm{ns}$

Injection during data taking

Crossing angle: 2×12.5 mrad

Best Performance (running period 1999-2006):

 $L_{\rm peak} = 1.5 \times 10^{32} {\rm cm}^{-2} {\rm s}^{-1}$

THE KLOE DETECTOR





THE KLOE DC







$$\begin{split} & \sigma_{xy} \sim 150 \mu \mathrm{m} \\ & \sigma_z = 2 \mathrm{mm} \\ & \sigma_{p\perp}/p_\perp \sim 0.4\% \text{ (LA tracks)} \\ & \text{vertex resolution } \sim 3 \mathrm{mm} \\ & 12,000 \text{ sense wires} \\ & \text{Stereo geometry} \\ & \text{4m diameter, 3m long} \\ & \text{gas mixture: } 90\% \text{ He } 10\% \\ & iC_4 H_{10} \end{split}$$



Excellent momentum resolution

THE KLOE EMC







End-caps C-shaped to minimize dead zones: 98% coverage of full solid angle

$$\sigma_E/E = 5.7\% / \sqrt{E(GeV)}$$

 $\sigma_T=~54 ps/\sqrt{E(GeV)}\oplus~140 ps$

Barrel + 2 end-caps:

Pb/scintillating fiber, 4880 PM



Excellent time resolution

THE KLOE SUB-DETECTORS



INNER TRACKER:

- ⋆ four layers of cylindrical triple GEM
- \star better vertex reconstruction near IP
- \star higher acceptance to low $p_{\rm t}$ tracks

CCALT:

- $\star~$ LYSO crystal + SiPM
- * increase of angular acceptance to γ 's from IP from 21° to 10°

QCALT:

- ★ W + Scintillator tiles+ WLS/SiPM
- \star QUADS coverage for $K_{\rm L}$ decays

LET and HET :

- * Low and High energy tagger stations for e^+e^- coming from two-photon interaction
- $\star~$ LET: LYSO + SiPM
- * HET: EJ228 plastic scinitllator hodoscope + Xilinx Virtex-5 FPGA





Dark Force Searches at KLOE

minimal hypothesis: visible and prompt U decays

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DARK FORCE @ KLOE

ϕ Dalitz decay:

$$\begin{split} \phi &\to \eta \mathrm{U}, \, \mathrm{U} \to \mathrm{e}^+\mathrm{e}^- \\ \eta &\to \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0(\mathrm{BR}{=}22.7\%) \\ \eta &\to \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0(\mathrm{BR}{=}32.6\%) \\ \mathrm{expected \ signature: \ peak \ in \ the} \\ \mathrm{dielectron \ inv. \ mass} \end{split}$$

U γ events: $e^+e^- \rightarrow U\gamma, U \rightarrow l^+l^-(l = e, \mu, \pi)$ good knowledge of bckgs $\sigma \sim 1/s$: 100 times higher at DA Φ NE w.r.t. B-factories expected signature: resonance peak in the dilepton or dipion inv. mass

$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Higgsstrahlung process:}\\ e^+e^- \rightarrow h' \mbox{U}\\ \mbox{interesting process observed at}\\ \mbox{KLOE if } m_{\rm U} + m_{h'} < m_{\phi}\\ \mbox{expected signature for } m_{\rm H'} < m_{\rm U};\\ \mbox{bump in the } M_{\rm H} \mbox{Vs} M_{miss} \mbox{ plane} \end{array}$









 $\phi \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ ev. sel.

4 tracks in a cylinder around IP + 2 photon candidates

 $495 < M_{\pi\pi\gamma\gamma} < 600 \text{ MeV}$

 $70 < M_{\gamma\gamma} < 200 \text{ MeV}$

 $535 < M_{\rm recoil(ee)} < 560 {
m MeV}$

ToF cuts

 $\phi \to \pi^0 \pi^0 \pi^0 e^+ e^-$ ev. sel.

2 charged tracks in a cylinder around IP

6 prompt photons candidates: $E_{\gamma} > 7 \text{ MeV}$ and not associated to any track time window expected for a photon $|T_{\gamma} - R_{\gamma}/c| < \text{MIN}(3\sigma_{\text{t}}, 2\text{ns})$ acceptance: $|\cos\theta_{\gamma}| < 0.92$
$$\begin{split} & \mathrm{BR}(\mathrm{X}{\rightarrow}\mathrm{Y}\mathrm{U}) \sim \varepsilon^2 \times |FF_{XY\gamma}|^2 \times BR(X \rightarrow Y\gamma) \\ & \sigma(\phi \rightarrow \eta\mathrm{U}) \sim 40\mathrm{fb} \ \mathrm{for} \ |FF_{\phi\eta}| = 1, \ \varepsilon \sim 10^{-3} \\ & \phi \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 e^+ e^- \ \mathrm{sample} \rightarrow \mathrm{L} = 1.5\mathrm{fb}^{-1} \\ & \phi \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0 e^+ e^- \ \mathrm{sample} \rightarrow \mathrm{L} = 1.7\mathrm{fb}^{-1} \end{split}$$

 $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^-$ MC simulation developed according VMD model

 $\phi \rightarrow \eta {\rm U}$ simulation developed according to JHEP 07 051 (2009)







 $\phi \to \eta U$ MC sample divided in sub-samples of 1 MeV width in 5 $< M_{\rm U} <$ 470 MeV

For each $M_{\rm U}$ sub-sample, average value of $\phi \rightarrow \eta e^+ e^$ background from fit to M_{ee} distribution, excluding the 5 bins centred at M_U

For each $M_{\rm U}$ value, signal hypothesis excluded @ 90% C.L. using the CL_S method (error on bckg included)

Phys. Lett. B 706 (2012) 251 Phys. Lett. B 720 (2013) 111 Limit on $\varepsilon \rightarrow$ formula from Reece and Wang JHEP 07 (2009) $b_{\phi n} \sim 1 \text{GeV}^{-2}$ 10^{-4} 10^{-5} BaBar 2012 °ω F 10^{-6} 10^{-7} 100 200300 400 $M_{\rm H}$ (MeV) $\epsilon^2 < 1.7 \times 10^{-5}$ @ 90% C.L. for $30 < M_{\rm U} < 400 {
m ~MeV}$

 $\varepsilon^2 < 8 \times 10^{-6}$ @ 90% C.L. for the 50 $< M_{\rm U} < 210 \ {\rm MeV}_{11/45}$

Search for $e^+e^- \to U\gamma$, $U \to \mu^+\mu^-$





Statistics: KLOE data collected on 2002 corresponding to $L=240 \text{ pb}^{-1}$.

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Small angle event selection} \\ (50 < \theta_{\mu} < 130, \ \theta_{\gamma} < 15 \,, > 165) \end{array}$

High statistics ISR signal

Significant reduction of ϕ resonant and FSR bckgs

Good π/μ separation thanks to kinematical cuts $(M_{\rm trk} \text{ and } \sigma_{M_{\rm trk}} \text{ cuts})$







$$\varepsilon^2 = \frac{N_{CL_{\rm S}}/\epsilon_{\rm eff}}{H \cdot I \cdot L}$$

 $N_{CL_S} = UL$ on number of U-boson candidates at 90% CL (CL_S technique)

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{H} &= \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{\mu\mu\gamma}/\mathrm{d}\mathbf{M}_{\mu\mu}}{\sigma(\mu^+\mu^- \to \mu^+\mu^-, M)} \\ I &= \int \sigma_{\mu\mu}^{U} \mathrm{d}\mathbf{M}_{\mu\mu}, \ \varepsilon^2 = 1 \\ \epsilon_{\mathrm{eff}} &= 2 - 15\% \\ \mathrm{Systematic\ error\ of\ 1.4-1.8\%} \\ \mathrm{L} &= 239.3\ \mathrm{pb}^{-1} \end{split}$$

Phys. Lett. B 736 (2014) 459



 $\varepsilon^2 < 1.6 \times 10^{-5} - 8.7 \times 10^{-7}$ @ 90% C.L. for 520 $< M_{\rm U} <$ 980 MeV





Statistics: KLOE data collected on 2004-05 corresponding to $L = \int \mathcal{L} = 1.5 {\rm fb}^{-1}$ 2 oppositely charged tracks (55
 $\theta_{\rm e} < 125$) Large angle event selection (50
 $\theta_{\gamma} < 130$)

High statistics radiative Bhabha events in KLOE data

background contamination < 1%







$$\varepsilon^2 = \frac{N_{CL_{\rm S}}/\epsilon_{\rm eff}}{H \cdot I \cdot L}$$

 ${\rm N}_{CL_{\rm S}}=$ UL on number of U-boson candidates at 90% CL (CL_{\rm S} technique)

$$\begin{split} \mathrm{H} &= \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{\mathrm{ee}\gamma}/\mathrm{d}\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{ee}}}{\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-, M)} \\ I &= \int \sigma_{ee}^{\mathrm{U}} \mathrm{d}\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{ee}}, \ \varepsilon^2 = 1 \\ \epsilon_{\mathrm{eff}} &= 1.5 - 2.5\% \\ \mathrm{Systematic\ error} < 2\% \\ \mathrm{L} &= 1.54\ \mathrm{fb}^{-1} \end{split}$$

Phys. Lett. B 750 (2015) 633



 $\varepsilon^2 \sim 10^{-6} - 10^{-4}$ @ 90% C.L. for 5< $M_{\rm U} <$ 520 MeV





Statistics:full KLOE statistics corresponding to $L=1.93 \text{ fb}^{-1}$.

Small angle event selection $(50 < \theta_{\pi} < 130, \ \theta_{\gamma} < 15, > 165)$

High statistics ISR signal

Significant reduction of ϕ resonant and FSR bckgs

Good π/μ separation thanks to kinematical cuts $(M_{\rm trk} \, {\rm cut})$







$$\varepsilon^2 = \frac{N_{CL_{\rm S}}/\epsilon_{\rm eff}}{H \cdot I \cdot L}$$

 ${\rm N}_{CL_{\rm S}}={\rm UL}$ on number of U-boson candidates at 90% CL (CL_{\rm S} technique)

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{H} &= \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{\pi\pi\gamma}/\mathrm{d}M_{\pi\pi}}{\sigma(\pi^+\pi^- \to \pi^+\pi^-, M)} \\ I &= \int \sigma_{\pi\pi}^{U} \mathrm{d}M_{\pi\pi}, \ \varepsilon^2 = 1 \\ \epsilon_{\mathrm{eff}} &= 2 - 40\% \\ \mathrm{Systematic\ error\ } &\leq 1\% \\ \mathrm{L} &= 1.93\ \mathrm{fb}^{-1} \end{split}$$

Phys. Lett. B 757 (2016) 356



 $\varepsilon^2 < 1.82 \times 10^{-5} - 1.93 \times 10^{-7}$ @ 90% C.L. for $527 < M_{\rm U} < 987~{\rm MeV}$

DARK HIGGSSTRAHLUNG





Two different scenarios:

 $\begin{array}{l} m_{h'} = 2m_{\mathrm{U}} ; \\ h' \rightarrow UU \rightarrow 4l, \ 2l+2\pi, \ \pi \end{array}$

 $m_{h^{\prime}} < m_{\mathrm{U}}$ with h' invisible

Invisible scenario :

 $\begin{array}{l} \varepsilon \sim 10^{-3}, \alpha_{\rm D} = \alpha_{\rm em}, m_{\rm U} \sim \\ 100 {\rm MeV} \rightarrow \tau_{\rm h'} < 5 \mu {\rm s} \\ \rightarrow \beta \gamma {\rm ct} < 100 {\rm m} \rightarrow {\rm h'} \mbox{ invisible at} \\ {\rm KLOE} \mbox{ up to } \varepsilon \sim 10^{-2} - 10^{-1} \\ {\rm depending \ on } \ m_{\rm h'} \end{array}$

Final state signature: 2 muons+missing energy \rightarrow bump in the $M_{\text{miss}} - M_{\mu\mu}$ plane

Event Selection:

Two oppositely charged tracks with vertex inside a $4\times 30 \mathrm{cm}$ cylinder around IP

EMC cluster associated to each track

Momentum direction inside the barrel: $|\cos \theta| < 0.75$

 $P_{\text{track}} < 460 \text{ MeV}$ $|P_{\text{miss}}| > 40 \text{ MeV}$ E_{miss} : calorimeter veto PID: two muons vtx-IP cut (anti K⁺K⁻)

Results for on-peak (1.65 ${\rm fb}^{-1}$) and off-peak (0.2 ${\rm fb}^{-1}){\rm samples}$



DARK HIGGSSTRAHLUNG



 $m_{0} = 500 \text{ MeV}$

m = 700 MeV

m" = 900 MeV

Combined UL from on- and off-peak samples: $\varepsilon^2 \sim 10^{-6} \div 10^{-8}$ (if $\alpha_D = \alpha_{\rm em}$)

Phys. Lett. B 747, 365 (2015)

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90% CL bayesian UL $N_{90\%}$ on number of events converted in terms of $\alpha_{\rm D} \times \varepsilon^2$ by using:

 $\alpha_{\rm D} \varepsilon^2 = \frac{N_{90\%}}{\epsilon_{\rm eff}} \frac{1}{L \cdot \sigma_{\rm h\,U} (\alpha_{\rm D} \varepsilon^2 = 1)} \sigma_{\rm h\,U} \sim \frac{1}{s} \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{m_{\rm U}^2}{\sigma_{\rm U}^2})^2}$

L and signal efficiency information $\epsilon_{\rm eff}$

 $\sigma_{\rm hU}$ and BR of the U $\rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

Combined UL takes into account the different L, Batell, Pospelov, Ritz , Phys. Rev. D 79, samples (2009)

Syst. errors included



New dark analysis will profit of:

 $\star\,$ an increased luminosity

(factor $2 \div 3$)

 \star an IT-DC combined tracking(in progress) \rightarrow better mass resolution and vertex reconstruction

Some new ideas under study:

- * B boson search in two channels: $\phi \to \eta B, B \to \pi^0 \gamma$ and $\eta \to B\gamma, B \to \pi^0 \gamma$ (leptophobic, in progress)
- * Invisible U decays to light dark matter(with or without the single γ trigger)

 2.5 fb^{-1} of data recorded from November 2014 up to July 2016



final goal: $5fb^{-1}$ by the end of 2017



$\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE

$\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE: Motivations



CELLO

CLEO

Q² [GeV]²



KLOE HIGH ENERGY TAGGERS



The HET stations are located 11m away the IP after the bending dipoles acting like a spectrometer \rightarrow

position detector (acceptance 425-490 MeV)



28+1 scintillators of different length



Front End PMT Plastics Board Light Guide Scintillators Leptons are tracked along machine optics with BDSIM package (GEANT4 appl.), MC validation in progress: Babayaga, BBBrem for Bhabha's, Ekhara for $\gamma\gamma$ events



Energy of leptons vs Distance from the nominal orbit



Operation of the HET detector

The HET has been operated since the very beginning of the KLOE-2 data-taking

Hit delay distribution between HET ele-pos Fit performed with 13 Gaussian of same σ



First peak is at -16.23 ns \rightarrow time offset between stations of 24.10 ps Time resolution is σ_t =550(1)ps

${\rm DA}\Phi{\rm NE}$ Bunch structure as measured by the HET and KLOE central detector



New discriminators will be installed by the end of December 2016



OPERATION OF THE HET DETECTOR

Luminometer detector: fast and reliable feedbacks on the machine operation Rates dominated by single-arm Bhabha's (Touschek ~ 45%(15%) for $e^-(e^+)$)

$$R_{\rm HET} = \frac{R_{\rm trig}}{\rm kHz} (\alpha_{\rm Le,p} \frac{\rm Lumi}{0.2\rm nb^{-1}s^{-1}} + \beta_{\rm e,p} \frac{I_{\rm e,p}^2}{A^2}$$

0









$\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE: π^0 search



About 500 $\rm pb^{-1}$ of integrated lumi have been processed so far and 2TB of pre-filtered data have been produced

Double-Arm events (DA) \rightarrow

coincidence b
tw HET stations (± 1 bunch expected from resol studies,
 $\Delta T_{\rm bunch} \sim 2.7 {\rm ns}$, <1% of KLOE triggers)

control sample of events with $2 \leq \Delta T_{ep} \leq 7$ bunches

Single-Arm events (SA) \rightarrow

in time with KLOE trig (-3 $\leq \Delta T_{\rm tri-clu} \leq 8$ bunches)

in time with a bunch with 2 clu in the barrel 20 $< E_{clu} < 300 {\rm ~MeV}$
 $\Delta T_{\rm KLOE_{clu}-\rm HET} \leq 4$ bunches

Fine inter-calibration of HET and KLOE TDCs based on bunch structure seen by the KLOE EMC and HET (shift of $\pm 1 - 2$ bunches induced by the EMC time calib)

A sample of ${\sim}330~{\rm pb^{-1}}$ of DA events is being analyzed to search for π^0 production almost at rest

$\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE: π^0 search



Statistics: 10^8 fully-reconstructed events \rightarrow 350 $\gamma\gamma$ events expected from EKHARA and BDSIM simu + trig (65%) and detector eff.



Bckg simulation based on machine bckg meas is in progress

Bckg meas is being done run-by-run selecting events out of the coincidence window with taggers Analysis of the π^0 candidates requires:

(a) coincidence btw taggers hits : $|\Delta_{ep}| < 2$ bunches and in time with the KLOE trig 2 KLOE clu associated with the same bunch with $\Delta T_{\text{KLOE}_{clu}-\text{HET}} \leq 4$ bunches $E_{\gamma} < 300 \text{ MeV}$

(b) $E_{\gamma} > 20$ MeV (events that can trigger the KLOE DAQ)

(c) $30 < E_{\gamma} < 135 \text{ MeV}$

 $\begin{array}{l} (\mathrm{d}) \ P_{\pi^0} < 90 \ \mathrm{MeV} \\ \cos \alpha_{\gamma\gamma} < -0.8 \\ 80 < M_{\gamma\gamma} < 230 \mathrm{MeV} \\ |\Delta T - \Delta R/c| < 1.1 \ \mathrm{ns} \end{array}$

$\gamma\gamma$ Physics at KLOE: π^0 search



Statistics: 10^8 fully-reconstructed events \rightarrow 350 $\gamma\gamma$ events expected from EKHARA and BDSIM simu + trig (65%) and detector eff.



Bckg simulation based on machine bckg meas is in progress

Bckg meas is being done run-by-run selecting events out of the coincidence window with taggers Analysis of the π^0 candidates requires:





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Ptot of the photon pairs (MeV)

resce 20 events at 13pb-1 resol. Included minary Bckg estimation done by using a sub-data sample of DA events $(18pb^{-1})$ out of the coincidence window with taggers

We are extending the bckg estimation to all analyzed data sample to measure the background of random coincidences on a run-by-run basis and perform a precision subtraction on the HETele*HETpos*KLOE coincidences

The planned measurement of the time overlap between the two asynchronous DAQs will allow to optimize the time cuts for the definition of HET*KLOE time coincidences and reduce the background.

CONCLUSIONS (1)



KLOE searched for a new light gauge boson in three processes in six different reactions:

 $\phi \to \eta \mathbf{U}, \mathbf{U} \to \mathbf{e^+e^-}, \eta \to \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0, \eta \to 3\pi^0$ **PLB 720 (2013) 111** $e^+e^- \to \mathbf{U}\gamma$

$$\begin{array}{c} e^+e^- \to {\rm U}\gamma, \, {\rm U} \to \mu^+\mu^- \\ e^+e^- \to {\rm U}\gamma, \, {\rm U} \to e^+e^- \\ e^+e^- \to {\rm U}\gamma, \, {\rm U} \to e^+e^- \\ e^+e^- \to {\rm U}\gamma, \, {\rm U} \to \pi^+\pi^- \end{array} \begin{array}{c} {\rm PLB} \ 736 \ (2014) \ 459 \\ {\rm PLB} \ 750 \ (2015) \ 633 \\ {\rm PLB} \ 757 \ (2016) \ 356 \\ e^+e^- \to {\rm Uh}' \to \mu^+\mu^- + {\rm E}_{\rm miss} \end{array}$$

We found no evidence of U-boson signature and set limits on the mixing parameter ε^2 ($\alpha_{\rm D} \times \varepsilon^2$) as function of U (h') mass of $10^{-5} \div 10^{-7}$ depending on the process.

 ${\rm DA}\Phi{\rm NE}$ increased luminosity + KLOE-2 sub-detectors are expected to improve our sensitivity by a factor ${\sim}2$ or better

Conclusions (2)



- \star HET stations are completely noiseless
- ★ The timeline of the counting rate for electron AND positron stations shows only 2 visible contributions : from luminosity and from Touschek particles
- \star Machine background reaches a maximal relative contribution of 45% for electron and 15% for positron beams
- $\star\,$ The total rate dominated by Bhabha scattering is at the level of 500-600 kHz
- $\star\,$ The rate of uncorrelated time-coincidences between KLOE and HET requires full reconstruction of a large fraction of the KLOE triggers
- ★ We have pre-filtered candidates of single- π^0 production from $\gamma\gamma$ scattering. A total of about 500 pb⁻¹ are being analyzed

PLANS FOR THE FUTURE



On the hardware side we plan:

The replacement of the discriminators, planned for December 2016 that will allow to reliably use the counting rate of single scintillators for an in-depth study of the energy acceptance.

On the analysis side we plan:

To measure the background of random coincidences on a run-by-run basis to perform a precision subtraction on the HETele*HETpos*KLOE coincidences

To carry out the analysis of SA events.

Thank You!

SPARES

$$\phi \to \eta U, U \to e^+e^-$$



$$\begin{split} \sigma(e^+e^- \to \phi \to \eta \mathbf{U}) &= \varepsilon^2 |\mathbf{F}_{\phi\eta(\mathbf{m}_U^2)}|^2 \frac{\lambda^{3/2}(\mathbf{m}_\phi^2, \mathbf{m}_\eta^2, \mathbf{m}_U^2)}{\lambda^{3/2}(\mathbf{m}_\phi^2, \mathbf{m}_\eta^2, \mathbf{0})} \sigma(\mathbf{e^+e^-} \to \phi \to \eta \gamma) \\ \lambda(m_1^2, m_2^2, m_3^2) &= [1 + m_3^2/(m_1^2 - m_2^2)]^2 - 4m_1^2 m_3^2/(m_1^2 - m_2^2)^2 \\ F_{\phi\eta}(q^2) &= \frac{1}{1 - q^2/\Lambda^2} \quad q = M_{ee} \end{split}$$

FF slope:

$$\begin{split} b &= dF/dq^2|_{q^2=0} \\ b_{\phi\eta} &= \Lambda_{\phi\eta}^{-2} \approx 1/m_{\phi}^2 \approx 1 {\rm GeV}^{-2} \rightarrow \end{split}$$





VMD expectation

UL on Number of event (top) UL on BR($\phi \rightarrow \eta U \rightarrow \eta e^+e^-$) for the two eta decays and the combined one (bottom)





Trackmass variable, $M_{\rm trk}$, defined by momentum and energy conservation laws, by requiring that the tracks belong to particles of the same mass m_x in the process: $e^+e^- \rightarrow x^+x^-\gamma$, $x = \mu, \pi, e$

$$\left(\sqrt{s} - \sqrt{|\mathbf{p}_{+}|^{2} + M_{\text{trk}}^{2}} - \sqrt{|\mathbf{p}_{-}|^{2} + M_{\text{trk}}^{2}}\right)^{2} - \left(\mathbf{p}_{+} + \mathbf{p}_{-}\right)^{2} = 0$$

 $80\,{\rm MeV} < M_{\rm trk} <~115$ MeV for muons $M_{\rm trk} > 130\,{\rm MeV} ~{\rm for~pions}$

 $-70 \,\mathrm{MeV} < M_{\mathrm{trk}} < 70 \,\mathrm{MeV}$ for electrons





$\mu\mu\gamma$ channel: cut on $\sigma_{M_{\mathrm{trk}}}$



Motivation: M_{trk} -distribution left tail of $\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ that contaminates the signal region is mainly due to poorly reconstructed tracks

 $\sigma_{\mathbf{M}_{trk}}$ **cut** : quality cut based on the error on the M_{trk} obtained by the helix fit of both DC tracks (cut efficiency: 70-80%)

Effect: Suppression of the $\pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ fractional bckg of about 40% depending on $M_{\mu\mu}$ slice





$$\sigma^2_{M_{\rm trk}} = \sum_{i,j} \frac{\partial M_{\rm trk}}{\partial x_i} \mathbf{M}_{i,j} \frac{\partial M_{\rm trk}}{\partial x_j}$$

 $\sigma^2_{M_{\rm trk}}:$ error of a function of many variables, $x_i~(x_j):~i_{th}~(j_{th})$ variables of the function

covariance matrix ${\bf M}$ with elements: ${\bf M}_{i,i}=\sigma_{x_i}^2, \quad {\bf M}_{i,j}=\rho_{x_ix_j}$

$$\sigma_{M_{\mathrm{Trk}}}^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial k_1} & \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial \cot \theta_1} & \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial \varphi_1} & \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial k_2} & \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial \cot \theta_2} & \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial \varphi_2} \end{pmatrix} \times \\ \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{k_1}^2 & \rho_{k_1} \cot \theta_1 & \rho_{k_1} \varphi_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \rho_{\cot \theta_1 k_1} & \sigma_{\cot \theta_1}^2 & \rho_{\cot \theta_1} \varphi_1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \rho_{\varphi_1 k_1} & \rho_{\varphi_1} \cot \theta_1 & \sigma_{\varphi_1}^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \sigma_{k_2}^2 & \rho_{k_2} \cot \theta_2 & \rho_{k_2} \varphi_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \rho_{\cot \theta_2 k_2} & \sigma_{\cot \theta_2}^2 & \rho_{\cot \theta_2 \varphi_2} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \rho_{\varphi_2 k_2} & \rho_{\varphi_2} \cot \theta_2 & \sigma_{\varphi_2}^2 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial k_1} \\ \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial \varphi_1} \\ \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial \varphi_1} \\ \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial \varphi_1} \\ \frac{\partial M_{\mathrm{trk}}}{\partial \varphi_1} \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

No correlation assumed between variables associated to different tracks Available information: Error on track curvature k, on polar and azimuthal angle and on $\sigma_{x_i}^2, \rho_{x_i x_j}$

Missing information: $\vec{p_1}$ and $\vec{p_2}$ components





$$H(s,s_l,\cos\theta)=\frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{ll\gamma}}{\mathrm{d}s_l}/\sigma(e^+e^-\rightarrow l^+l^-,s_l)$$

$$\begin{split} s_l &= M_{ll}^2 \; s = E_{\rm cm}^2 \, l = e, \mu \\ H &= \frac{\alpha}{\pi s} \left[\frac{s^2 + s_l^2}{s(s - s_l)} \log \frac{1 + c_{\rm min}}{1 - c_{\rm min}} - \frac{s - s_l}{s} c_{\rm min} \right] \\ c_{\rm min} &< \cos \theta_\gamma < c_{\rm min} \\ \sigma(e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-, s_\mu) = \frac{4\pi \alpha^2}{3s_\mu} \frac{\beta_\mu (3 - \beta_\mu^2)}{2} \\ \beta_\mu &= \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_\mu^2}{s_\mu}} \\ \beta_{\mu} &= \sqrt{1 - \frac{4m_\mu^2}{s_\mu}} \\ N_{QED} &= \sigma_l^{ll\gamma, \rm QED} \cdot L = \\ &= \int_{\Delta_l} \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{ll\gamma}}{\mathrm{d}s_l} \mathrm{d}s_l \cdot L = \left\langle \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{ll\gamma}}{\mathrm{d}s_l} \right\rangle \Delta_i \cdot L \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} N_{\mathrm{U}} &= \sigma_{i}^{ll\gamma,\mathrm{U}} \cdot L = \left\langle \frac{\mathrm{d}\sigma_{ll\gamma,\mathrm{U}}}{\mathrm{d}s_{l}} \right\rangle \Delta_{i} \cdot L = \\ &= \left\langle \sigma_{\mathrm{U}} H \right\rangle_{i} \Delta_{i} \cdot L \approx \left\langle H \right\rangle_{i} \frac{\int_{\Delta_{i}} \sigma_{\mathrm{U}}^{ll} \mathrm{d}s}{\Delta_{i}} \Delta_{i} \cdot L = \\ &\int_{i} \sigma_{\mathrm{U}}^{ll} \mathrm{d}s_{l} \cdot HL = I_{l}' \cdot H \cdot L \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} I'(s_l) &= \int_i \sigma_U^{ll} ds_l \\ &= \int \frac{12\pi\Gamma(U \to e^+e^-)\Gamma(U \to \mu^+\mu^-)}{(s_l - m_U^2)^2 + M_U^2 \Gamma_{\rm tot}^2} ds_l = \\ &= \frac{12\pi^2\Gamma(U \to e^+e^-)\Gamma(U \to \mu^+\mu^-)}{M_U \Gamma_{\rm tot}} \\ I'(\sqrt{s_l}) &\approx I'(s_l)/2\sqrt{s_l} \quad I' = \varepsilon^2 I \\ &\frac{N_U}{\sqrt{N_{\rm QED}}} = \frac{\int_i \sigma_U^{ll} ds_l \cdot HL}{\sqrt{N_{\rm QED}}} = 1 \\ &\frac{\varepsilon^2 I \cdot HL}{N_U} = 1 \end{split}$$

$$arepsilon^2 = rac{N_{
m U}/L}{H\cdot I} \,\,\, N_{
m U} = N_{
m CL_S}/\epsilon_{
m eff}$$

HIGGSSTRAHLUNG PROCESS: $M_{\mu\mu}$ and M_{miss} SPECTRA



HIGGSSTRAHLUNG PROCESS: OFF-PEAK SAMPLE-BIDIMENSIONAL LIMITS





off-peak results (0.2 fb^{-1})



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OPERATION OF THE HET DETECTOR







Upper plots : Timelines of HET counting rate from a no-collision run. Red lines are expectation(* for L=0) assuming stable DA Φ NE operation and a dependence from the Touschek contribution $\propto I_{\rm e,p}^2$. Lower plots : timelines of the circulating current for the same run.



Energy, momenta and time resolutions on 70 MeV energy photons. The study was performed by means of a control sample of radiative Bhabhas





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TRIGGER EFFICIENCY



Study based on a control sample of radiative Bhabhas



Trigger eff on 70 MeV energy photons is of about 80%

Stability of the trigger threshold over the running period November 2015–January 2016

EKHARA SIMULATION





The simulated experimental distributions take into account calorimeter energy resolution and trigger threshold as measured on control samples of radiative Bhabhas.

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