

How to use the INFN Torino Cloud

Torino Cloud Users Mini-workshop, May 26 2016

Speaker: Sara Vallero



Rationale



Administrator dashboard





User dashboard...



- we should think about the real CPU usage... (later)
- real memory usage is not meaningful
- not all the resources you see (network, images) you can actually use... we will do some clean-up



... continued

🗮 User Quotas	🚍 Group Quotas
VMs	VMs
10/-	747-
CPU	CPU
45 / 45	318 / -
Memory	Memory
112.5GB / -	760.2GB / -
Volatile disks	Volatile disks
898.9GB / -	6.4TB / -

• blue line means: quota enforced











- very useful to troubleshoot if you cannot ssh to the VM
- add security exception to your browser if asked
- Sunstone supports Internet Explorer (>= 9), Firefox (> 3.5) and Chrome browsers





- use the images we agreed upon (others are not guarantee to work)
- minimal OS images + contextualisation (see later)
- if you need a **snapshot** or custom image ask us (we put it in the right datastore)



OpenNebula Sunstone	ì	OpenNebula Marketplace			💄 sfarm 👻	n 😭 Op	oenNebula 👻
Dashboard	C			Impor	t Search		
Virtual Resources							
Virtual Machines		Name	Publisher		Hypervisor	Arch	Format
Templates		ttylinux - kvm	OpenNebula.org		KVM	x86_64	raw
Images		ttylinux - VMware	OpenNebula Systems		VMWARE	i686	vmdk
Files & Kernels		Carina Environment Manager	Research In Motion		KVM	X86_64	qcow2
-		Testing gUSE installations (on SL5)	MTA SZTAKI LPDS	(KVM	x86_64	raw
Infrastructure		gUse v3.5.2	MTA SZTAKI LPDS		KVM	x86_64	raw
Datastores		Vyatta Core 6.5R1 - kvm	МАСТО		KVM	i386	raw
Virtual Networks		gUSE CloudBroker Wrapper	MTA SZTAKI LPDS		KVM	x86_64	raw
🐂 Marketplace		debian-7.1-amd64-kvm	Demo-TIC		KVM	x86_54	raw
🖧 OneFlow		Hadoop 1.2 Master	OpenNebula Systems		KVM	x85_64	qcow2
~		Hadoop 1.2 Slave	OpenNebula Systems		KVM	x86_64	qcow2
	Show	ing 1 to 10 of 46 entries		« 1	2 3 4	5 »	10 -

- you can download pre-built images from the marketplace and save them in the **default datastore** for testing
- choose KVM hypervisor and x86_64 architecture
- prefer qcow2 images (expandible)



OpenNebula client

- a set of **command-line tools** to operate and monitor the Cloud
- provide access to infrastructural resources (datastores, hypervisors, network...)
- although unprivileged users have a restricted functionalities
- basically the same informations/functionalities provided by the Sunstone GUI
- create VM through templates (not recommended, see the ON documentation if you really want to)
- ssh your_user_name@one-acess.to.infn.it ... (Linux credentials)
- ... and run cloud-enter (Cloud credentials)

<pre>[root@one-access ~]# clo cloud user: sfarm password for cloud user authenticatingok</pre>	oud-enter "sfarm": ٭٭٭٭٭	yokokok						
EC2 commands start with	EC2 commands start with euca-*, OpenNebula commands start with one*							
Use [lab] to complete.		•						
Type exit to return to y	our normal snel	ι.						
	_							
cloud@inthto user: star								
root@one-access.to.infn	it [~] > onevm	list						
warning: peer certificat	warning: peer certificate won't be verified in this SSL session							
warning: peer certificate won't be verified in this SSL session								
ID USER GROUP	NAME	STAT U	ICPU	UMEM	HOST		TIME	
23767 sfarm ec2	SFARM-HEAD	runn	2	15G	one-kvm-06	114d	06h27	
24298 sfarm ec2	ec2-m1-large	runn	0	15G	one-kvm-31	15d	12h30	
24301 sfarm ec2	ec2-m1-large	runn	0	15G	one-kvm-60	14d	08h54	
24302 sfarm ec2	ec2-m1-large	runn	0	15G	one-kvm-66	14d	08h54	
24303 sfarm ec2	ec2-m1-large	runn	0	15G	one-kvm-59	14d	08h54	
24344 sfarm ec2	ec2-m1-large	runn	0	15G	one-kvm-34	1d	07h18	

Torino Cloud Users Mini-workshop, May 26 2016

Try out:

- onehost
- onevm
- oneimage
- onedatastore
- oaneacct
- ... followed by:
- |s
- show <id>
- ...



EC2 interface and Euca2ools

- query the Cloud in an Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2) fashion (portability)
- service exposed by the OpenNebula econe-server
- use any Amazon Web Services (AWS) compatible tool to query the Cloud:
 - econe-* (default, not recommended)

• euca-*

• VMs categorised according to *flavours*: (if you need a custom flavour, ask us)

Flavour	CPUs	RAM	Disk		
m1.tiny	1	512 MB	3 GB		
m1.small	1	2.6 GB	20 GB		
m1.medium	3	7.7 GB	60 GB		
m1.large	6	15.4 GB	120 GB		





EC2 interface and Euca2ools

Getting ready to use the Cloud:

• create a pair of public/private ssh keys:

```
euca-create-keypair -f privkey.pem your_key_name
```

• allocate the elastic IP (only the first time):

```
euca-allocate-address
```

• list the available images:

euca-describe-images

root@on	e-accessits infn.	<pre>it [~] > euca-describe-i</pre>	images						
IMAGE	ami-00000297	Ubuntu Server 12.10	oneadmin	available	public		i386	machine	
IMAGE	ami-00000317	WorkerNode-SLC53-BESIII	oneadmin	available	public		i386	machine	
IMAGE	ami-00000344	WN-Cent0S6-CloudInit-v2	oneadmin	available	public		i386	machine	
IMAGE	ami-00000363	WN-Cent0S6-CloudInit-ser	rvices oneadmir	n availab	le p	public		i386	m
achine									
IMAGE	ami-00000370	WN-SLC53-BESIII oneadmin	n availabl	le public	:	i386	machine		
IMAGE	ami-00000380	ubuntu-server-14.04-v3	oneadmin	available	public		i386	machine	
IMAGE	ami-00000402	ucvm-1.18-1 oneadmir	n availabl	le public		i386	machine		
IMAGE	ami-00000406	WN-Cent0S6-CloudInit-v9	oneadmin	available	public		i386	machine	
IMAGE	ami-00000547	ubuntu-server-14.10-32bi	it-v1 oneadmir	n availab	le p	public		i386	m
achine									
IMAGE	ami-00000560	WN-Cent0S6-CloudInit-v10) oneadmir	n availab	le p	public		i386	m
achine									



EC2 interface and Euca2ools

• run your first instance:

```
euca-run-instances ami-<id> -k <keyname> \
```

-f /path/to/user-data.txt -t m1.<flavour>

• check out your elastic IP:

euca-describe-address

• associate the elastic IP to an istance:

euca-associate-address -i i-<instance id> <elastic ip>





Contextualisation

- start with basic images
- complex configuration at boot time (contextualisation)
- use CloudInit
- user-data.txt can be in *cloud-config* (.ccfg) format or a simple *bash script* (.sh):

```
#cloud-config
# vim: syntax=yaml
### Contact: stefano.bagnasco@to.infn.it
. . .
mounts:
 - [ "/dev/vdd", "/home", "xfs", "defaults", "0", "0" ]
groups:
 - users
users:
 - default
# Extra packages
packages:
 - emacs
. . .
runcmd:
- [bash, -c, *custom_config_script]
```

#!/bin/sh
echo "Hello World." | tee /root/output.txt

We provide more complete examples!





When to use the GUI:

- monitor your instances
- attach/detach disks

When to use the euca-tools:

- create new instances
- attach the elastic IP

- after testing new configurations, add it to your contextualisation file (the Cloud is a volatile environment)
- do not snapshot, save on the persistent disk instead



Documentation

- OpenNebula user guide: <u>http://docs.opennebula.org/4.8/user/</u>
 - OpenNebula Client: <u>http://docs.opennebula.org/4.8/user/references/cli.html</u>
- Euca2ools: <u>http://personalpages.to.infn.it/~berzano/cloud/user_guide.html#euca2ools-</u> <u>managing-vms-keys-and-ip-addresses</u>
- CloudInit: https://cloudinit.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

And above all: browse, play around, (do not) break it, ask... report bugs and requests!

Torino Cloud Users Mini-workshop, May 26 2016



16