A Universal Class in Geant4 For The Patient Geometry Model Construction from DICOM files

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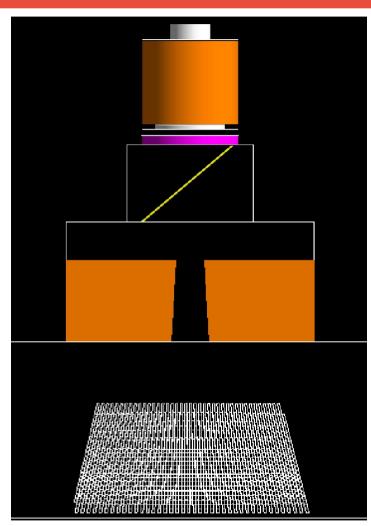
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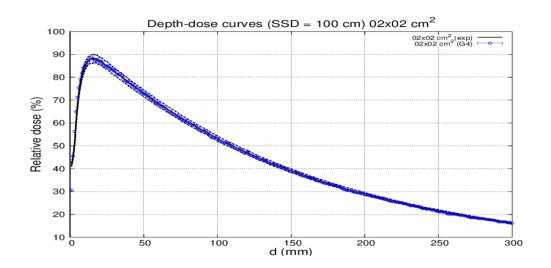
INTRODUCTION

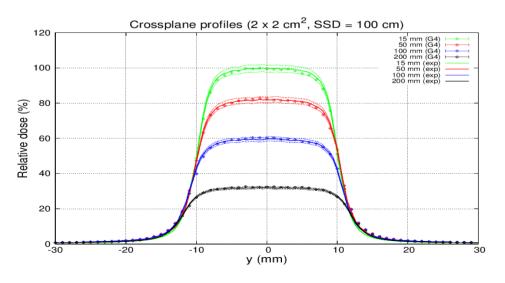
 PhD Thesis: Assess potential inaccuracies on the dose calculated with commercial Treatment Planning Systems (TPS) under extreme density variations, using Monte Carlo calculations as benchmark.

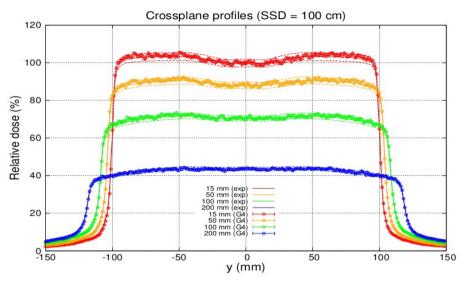
•This talk: Implementation in the clinical routine of a tool which can establish the patient anatomy in the Geant4 simulation.

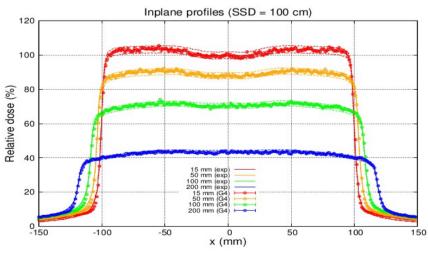


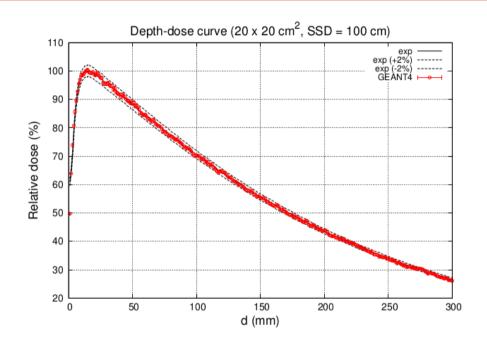
M. A. Cortés-Giraldo, PhD Thesis. Universidad de Sevilla, 2011









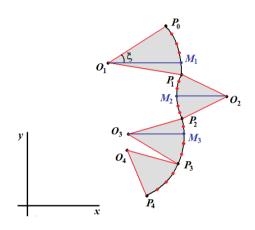


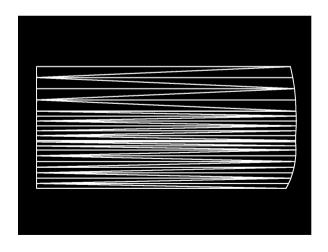
Beam Parameters:

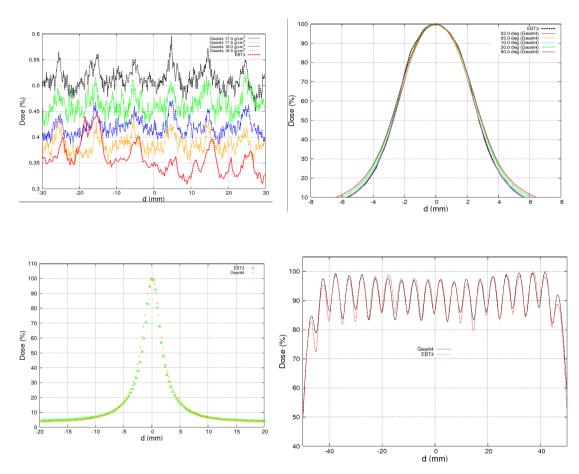
*6.2 MeV

*FWHM(E) = 14%

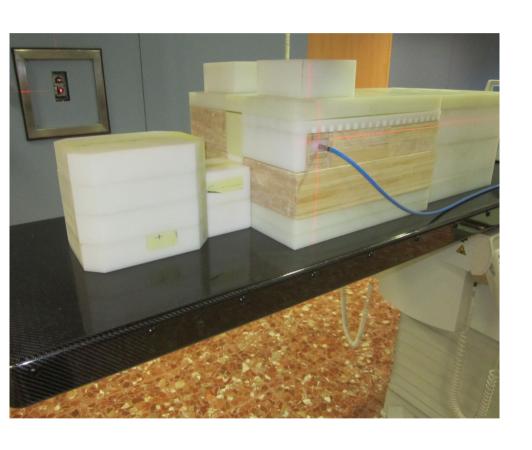
*FWHM(r)=1.5 mm

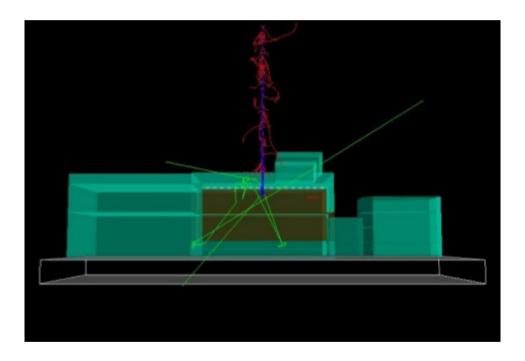






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DEVELOPMENT OF THE CODE

- Reading Dicom Files using dcmtk libraries. Allows users any format.
- Tested in different Treatment Planning Systems (TPS):
 - Phillips Pinnacle.
 - Varian Eclipse.
 - Flekta Oncentra.
- Graphical representation using Qt.
- Output file with voxel dose information.
- Our point of depature is the DICOM example present at the Geant4 distribution (/examples/extended/medical/DICOM).
- The new classes are fully portable and were included into our existing Siemens Oncor Code.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE CODE

Class for the construction of the Geant4 patient geometry model.

DPatientConstruction

*Geometry Patient Construction *Sensitive Detector

*DICOM Dir
*CT Calibration Curve
*Colour Map
*Navegation Type
*Compression
*Remove Couch CT
*Patient Orientation

DNestedParameterisation

DRegularParameterisation

DicomPrinter

*Output:

run_Maps.out (ASCII)

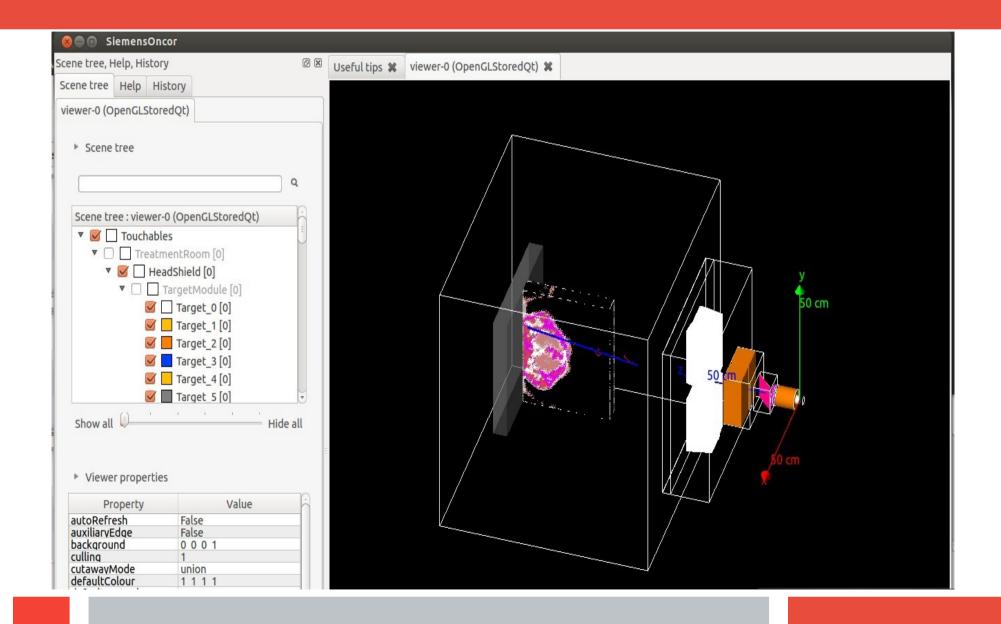
sumDicomMaps

*Output:

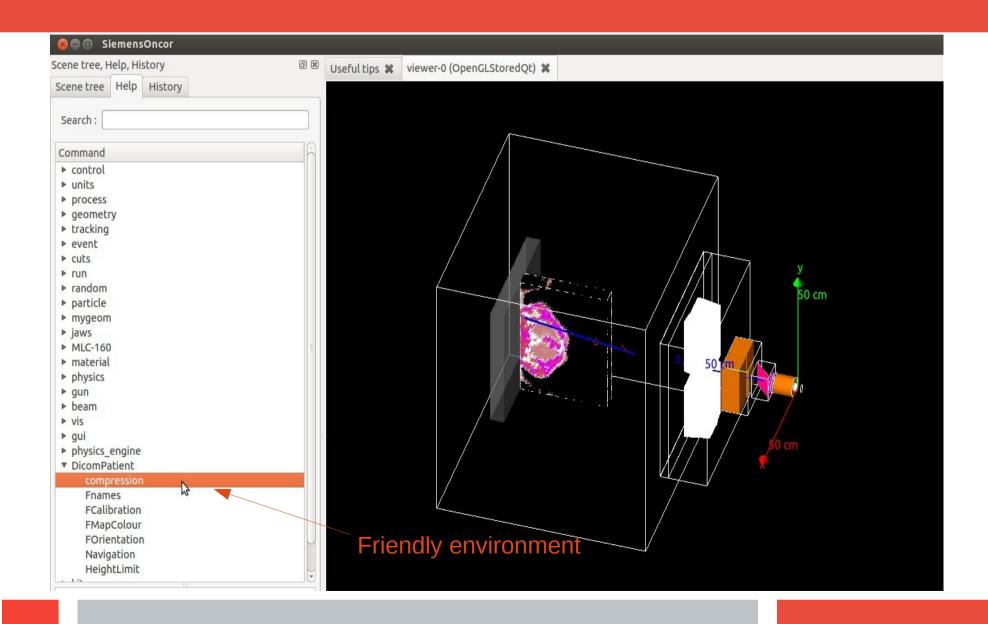
Global *run_Maps.out*

*Input: .mac File

RESULTS



RESULTS



RESULTS

ASCII Output adaptable
 3ddose format.

 Spatial information of the Dicom Images.

Voxel dose information.

```
runMaps 0.out 🗱
\# nEvt = 10
\# nMaps = 1
# XM: 239.872 mm
# Ym: -187.4 mm
# YM: 187.4 mm
# Zm: -2.5 mm
# ZM: 57.5 mm
# NVx: 64
# NVv: 50
# NVz: 4
# runHitMapID = 0
# fullName = DicomPatientSD/DoseDeposit
# no. entries = 13
      31 9.787816e-21 9.932424e-42
      95 1.398666e-20 2.163766e-41
      96 1.050991e-21 1.104582e-42
     159 1.443788e-20
                        2.37487e-41
     223 1.079465e-20 1.223171e-41
     287 9.369552e-21 8.909562e-42
     351 1.113869e-20 1.326666e-41
     415 1.025828e-20 1.164763e-41
     478 3.521463e-22
                       1.24007e-43
     479 6.795425e-21 5.643649e-42
     541 1.587607e-22 2.520496e-44
     542 3.320417e-22 1.102517e-43
     543 1.565976e-21 9.059952e-43
```

CONCLUSIONS

- We have created a tool for the implementation of the patient geometry in the Geant4 simulation.
- Inputs exported from various TPS were read succesfully. Universality achieved.
- •Parameters of the geometry can be controlled by the user thanks to the UI commands.
- •Classes are fully adaptable to any Geant4 User Applications (provided that Detector Construction class is modified accordingly).
- Important tool developed for our dosimetric studies in patient which are ready to share.