

New Developments In Analysis

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Outline

- New features
 - Batch plotting
 - Handling parameters
 - Merging ntuples
 - Other developments & Plans

Batch Graphics

- Introduced in 10.2
- Histograms and profiles plotting can be activated using G4AnalysisManager functions:

```
// Activate plotting of 1D histogram
analysisManager->SetH1Plotting(id, true);
// etc for H2, H3, P1, P2
```

Or via UI command (still to be implemented)

```
/analysis/h1/setPlotting id true|false
/analysis/h1/setPlottingToAll true|false
    ## etc for h2, h3, p1, p2
```

Plotting Style

Can be set via UI command:

```
/analysis/plot/setStyle styleName
```

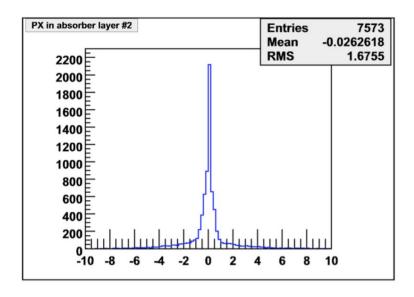
- If Geant4 libraries are built with support for Freetype font rendering, three plotting styles are available:
 - ROOT_default: ROOT style with high resolution fonts (default)
 - hippodraw: hippodraw style with high resolution fonts
 - inlib_default: PAW style with low resolution fonts")
- otherwise only the inlib_default style can be used

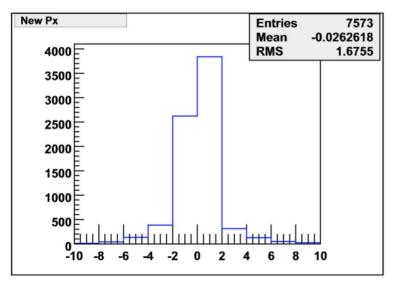
Plot Layout & Dimensions

Can be set via UI commands

```
/analysis/plot/setLayout columns rows
/analysis/plot/setDimensions width height
```

- The page size of the graphics output is fixed to A4 format.
- The plot layout is defined by the number columns and the number of rows in a page.
 - [1, 2, 3] x [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] for the styles with high resolution fonts
 - [1, 2] x [1, 2, 3] for the style with low resolution fonts (inlib_default)
- Plot dimensions represent the plotter window size (width and height) in pixels.
- Opening more configuration parameters for users customisation can be considered in future according to the users feedback.





The test plots from test03 with the default style and layout

Handling Parameters

- The classes for users parameters management were added in 10.2 release for the purpose of simplification of users application code.
 - In analysis category but independent from other analysis classes
- First implementation following the requirements from Luciano Pandola (Advanced Examples WG) and Michel Maire (responsible of B1 and B3 examples)
- Their usage is demonstrated in the basic examples B1 and B3a.
- Further integration in the Geant4 framework in Geant4 10.3 version is under discussion

B1 example

Geant4 10.1.

```
class B1Run : public G4Run {
 public:
   // method from the base class
    virtual void Merge(const G4Run*);
    void AddEdep (G4double edep);
                                                                Geant4 10.2, 10.3.
    // ...
 private:
                            #include "G4Parameter.hh"
    G4double fEdep;
    G4double fEdep2;
                            class B1RunAction : public G4UserRunAction {
                               public:
                                 // method from the base class
                                 void AddEdep (G4double edep);
                               private:
       Run class and
                                 G4Parameter<G4double>
                                                        fEdep;
       Merge() method
                                 G4Parameter<G4double> fEdep2;
       are not needed
                            };
```

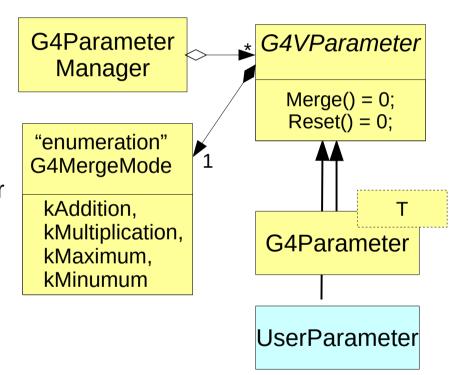
B1 example (cont.)

Geant4 10.2.

```
#include "G4ParameterManager.hh"
B1RunAction::B1RunAction()
: G4UserRunAction(),
                                                 The parameters are initialized
  fEdep("Edep", 0.),
                                                 with a name and a value
  fEdep2("Edep2", 0.)
  //Register parameter to the parameter manager
  G4ParameterManager* parManager = G4ParameterManager::Instance();
  parManager->RegisterParameter(fEdep);
  parManager->RegisterParameter(fEdep2);
                                                 The parameters not created
                                                 via the manager have to be
                                                 registered to it
void B1RunAction::EndOfRunAction(const G4Run* run) {
  // Merge parameters
  G4ParameterManager* parManager = G4ParameterManager::Instance();
  parameterManager->Merge();
```

Handling Parameters Classes

- G4ParameterManager is a (thread local) singleton
 - Independent from other analysis managers
 - Has std::vector<G4VParameter*> and std::map<G4String, G4VParameter*>
- Provide functions both to create and to register a parameter
- Performs Merge() of all parameters
 - The merge mode can be selected per parameter
- Users can define their own parameters
 - Tested with std::map<G4String, G4int> used for processes counting in TestEm* examples



Handling Parameters Improvements in 10.3

- The parameters names are optional
- The Merge mode is extended with kMaximum, kMinimum
- Added G4ParameterManager functions to access parameters via iterators or ids (the ids are defined in the order of registering)
- Merging is applied via a function defined according to the merge mode
 - Thanks to Jonathan Madsen for providing an example of the code
- New test08
 - It uses the scenario as defined in basic/B1 example with added use-cases for testing the parameters framework.

B1 example (cont.)

Geant4 10.3.

```
#include "G4ParameterManager.hh"
B1RunAction::B1RunAction()
: G4UserRunAction(),
                                                   The parameters name may be
  fEdep(0.),
                                                  omitted.
  fEdep2(0.)
  //Register parameter to the parameter manager
  G4ParameterManager* parManager = G4ParameterManager::Instance();
  parManager->RegisterParameter(fEdep);
                                                   The parameters not created
  parManager->RegisterParameter(fEdep2);
                                                  via the manager have to be
                                                  registered to it
void B1RunAction::EndOfRunAction(const G4Run* run) {
                                                   The call to Merge() may be not
                                                  necessary if called by kernel
```

Requirement for Merging Ntuples

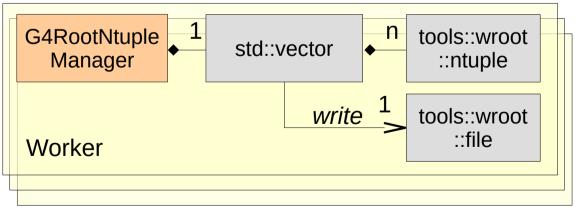
- From A. Dotti
- The current strategy not to merge ntuples is the correct one for small/ moderate number of workers (being both threads or MPI ranks).
- Both MPI and MT are being used more and more often (see Hypernews):
 - In 2016 I will useTachyon2 supercomputer for physics validationO(100) workers per job
 - It is now an "easy" reality to run with O(1000) workers
- Number of output ntuple files will become an issue

Merging Ntuples

- The optimal number of output files depends on the application:
 - One file per thread inconvenient for users with small applications, problematic for large application running on supercomputers when running MT + MPI
 - The only possibility in 10.2.
 - One file per application may be more suitable for small applications
 - Working with g4tools 2.0.0-beta, not yet committed in SVN
 - Flexible solution: user can choose the number of ntuple output files
 - In development for 10.3
- New function in G4AnalysisManager:
 - SetNofNtupleFiles(G4int nofNtupleFiles)
 - Applicable in MT (MPI) mode
- This feature is planned to be available in 10.3 only for ROOT output type

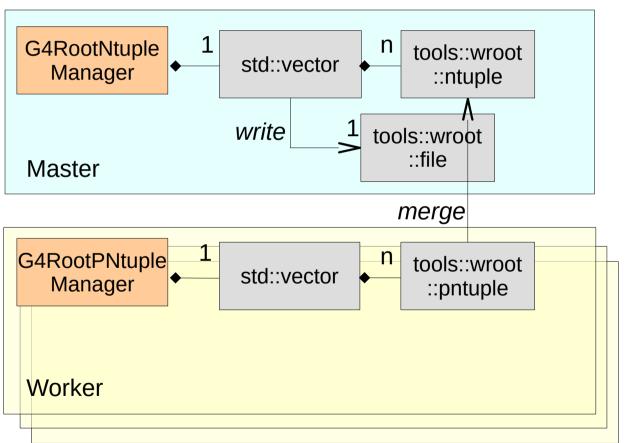
Design 10.2 No Merging





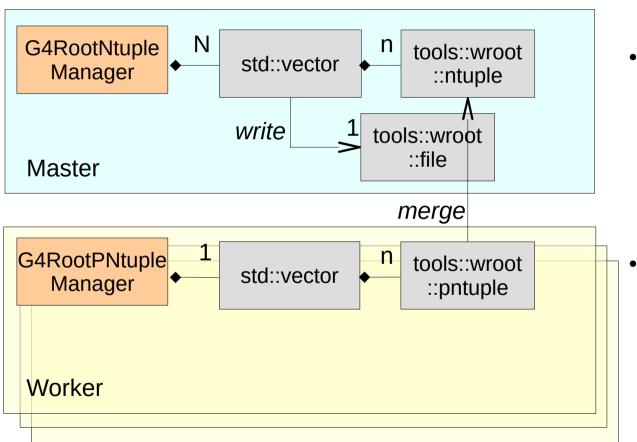
- The ntuple objects are created and handled by G4RootNtupleManager on each worker
- One ntuple file is created by each worker
- The number of ntuple output files = the number of threads

Design 10.3 Merging Ntuples in One File



- The master **ntuple** objects are created and handled by G4RootNtupleManager on master
- The pntuple objects (of new type) are created and handled by G4RootPNtupleManager (new class) on workers
 - Associated with an ntuple on master
- Merging to the master ntuple happens on AddNtupleRow() call if the pntuple buffer is full and on Write() call
 - Requires locking

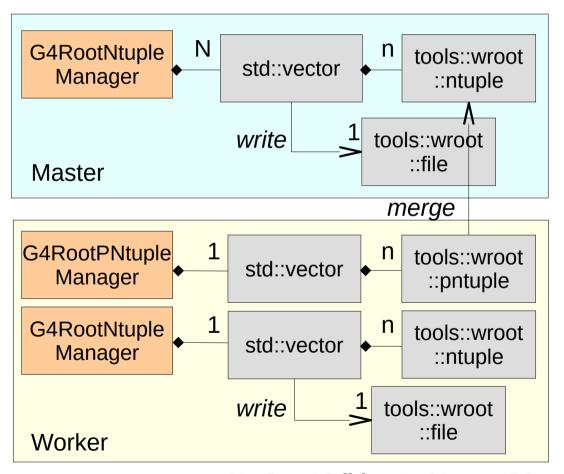
Design 10.3 Merging Ntuples in N Files



- N vectors of cloned master ntuple objects are created and handled by G4RootNtupleManager on master
 - Each vector on master is associated with one file
- The G4RootNtupleManager class has to be extended to handle N vectors of ntuples

Design 10.3

Optional Merging Ntuples in N Files



- The new design combined with the old one
- The file(s) are created either by master (if merging is enabled)
 - The number of files can be selected by the user'
- Or by workers (if merging is disabled)
 - The number of files = the number of threads

Other Developments & Plans

- An example of usage of ntuple columns of vector type was provided in basic example B5 (in 10.2)
- Stop support for HBOOK in 10.3
 - The development and support for CERNLIB is stopped at CERN
 - The binaries are not provided for new platforms
- Features requested by users
 - Handling more files by analysis manager still to be considered
- Continue addressing new requests from users