dE/dx in FastSim

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Motivation

- The energy loss by ionization is simulated in FastSim to compute the trajectory of particles through the detector
- However, the measurement of dE/dx for particle Id is not simulated
- The measurement of dE/dx is an urgent ingredient for Physics and detector optimization studies

dE/dx of track hits

Loop over the hits of the track, compute dE/dx for each hit and save it

- PmcDeDx module (in PacMC/PmcDeDx.hh/cc):
 - loops over the 'measurement' PacSimHits of PacSimTrack
 - takes hit efficiency into account
 - computes the pathlength within each measurement layer (e.g., DCH cell) as a straight line
 - computes the mean <dE> and its fluctuation, saves dE/dx in the corresponding PacSimHit (dE/dx_i)
 - in current implementation PmcDeDx is called before PmcMergeHits and PmcReconstruct



measurement of dE/dx

- In PacMicroAdapter::buildPidQual()
 - Takes PacSimTrack from recoTrk and loops over its PacSimHits
 - Compute dE/dx_meas as the average of {dE/dx_i≠0}
 - dE/dx_meas is Gaussian-distributed with $\sigma \sim \sigma$ (dE/dx_i)/sqrt(n_{samples}), n_{samples}=#hits with dE/dx_i \neq 0
 - Set dE/dx_meas and n_{samples} in BtaPidQual → Information accessed by the BtaCandidate
 - Code designed to be compatible with alternative models (e.g., computation of truncated mean of Landau-generated {dE/dx_i} distribution)

Output of reconstruction

Example of measured dE/dx vs. p in DCH (80:20 He-Ibu) for different particles



Considerations

- Important to have something working, though imperfect, as a starting point
- Now will focus on next steps:
 - Detach dE/dx_i from PacSimHit, which is designed as truth-related class, i.e. shouldn't own reco. quantities. Integrate dE/dx simulation with hit-reconstruction (e.g., share the same reco. efficiency etc.)
 - Use studies performed by the DCH group (Garfield+Magboltz+Heed) to tune the external parameter(s)
 - Explore alternative models for dE/dx_i generation and dE/dx measurement
 - Implement dE/dx measurement for SVT
 - Connect the energy loss responsible for the change of particle trajectory to the *measured* dE/dx: at present they're treated independently
 - it implies an ad hoc change of the detector description (e.g., separation of passive and active material, etc.)

• ...

We don't need everything finalized to start using dE/dx in FastSim. First usable version expected to be available soon

Change of default DCH configuration

> Inner radius of BaBar DCH limited by the support tube (r = 21.7cm, carbon fiber, 0.79% X_0)



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- No support tube in SuperB detector design: space can be used to match inner radius of DCH with outer radius of SVT



Change of default DCH configuration

- Inner radius of BaBar DCH limited by the support tube (r = 21.7cm, carbon fiber, 0.79% X_0)
- No support tube in SuperB detector design: space can be used to match inner radius of DCH with outer radius of SVT
- In Dch_SuperB.xmlV0.0.3 the support tube is removed but radii are BaBar-like. Plan to reduce inner radius of DCH and add wire layers (details to be defined in the DCH group). Scenario with larger SVT outer radius discussed in DGWG



Summary and plans

- First version of dE/dx measurement implemented in FastSim
 - all main elements are in place
 - dE/dx usable at analysis level (BtaCandidate)
 - it requires external input for resolution function
- Some changes needed to optimize its integration with other parts of simulation. Discussion in progress
- Code design compatible with alternative approaches
 - example: 'realistic' simulation of dE/dx within FastSim from elementary principles (e.g., truncated mean of Landau or other distribution functions). How much realistic and flexible can it be?
- Plan to update the default DCH xml layout. More configurations will be considered by the DCH group in the context of the detector geometry WG
- Expect to commit the new code to SVN soon