





Software and Computing

Emanuele Leonardi

PADME General Meeting - LNF 1-2 March 2016





Computing Infrastructure 1

- Second hand computing nodes/storage from CERN
- Shared with LHCb
- To be installed in KLOE computing room
- 48 blades Dell (384 cores)
 - 2 x Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5420 @ 2.50GHz 4core, 16 GB RAM
- NetApp FAS3240 with O(500 TB) storage (raw)
- A good starting point for the PADME computing infrastructure

Computing Infrastructure 2

- Survey of the KLOE computing room Monday, Feb 29th
- Need to buy:

INFN

- 6-8 racks \rightarrow LNF
- Network switch
 - probably 32 x 10Gbps ports

CNAF

• \rightarrow shared LHCb-PADME



E/ALDIMIE





- Existing PADME simulation moved to GIT repository

 https://github.com/eleonardi/padme → PadmeMC
- Modular design with subdirs dedicated to each detector
 - Magnet (including magnetic field)
 - Target
 - EVeto + PVeto
 - HEPVeto + TPix
 - ECal + SAC
- Geometry controlled via G4 datacards
 - Can change position and dimension of relevant parts (more on that later)



Reference coordinates

- Origin of the coordinate system: center of the magnet yoke
- X axis: horizontal pointing in the direction of the e⁺ bending
- Y axis: vertical pointing up
- Z axis: along the beam axis pointing forward









- Yoke and coils modeled according to Cesidio's survey on CERN magnet
- Cooling pipes not there (needed?)









- Magnetic field is defined inside a volume which extends 50cm before and after the magnet yoke
- Target, EVeto, and PVeto are positioned inside this volume
- Current magnetic field map:
 - based on old CERN measurements
 - Y component only
 - Varies only along Z
 - Constant inside yoke
 - Gaussian tails at yoke borders





Magnetic Field 2

5000

4500

S 3500

field (Gau

2500

2000 1500 1000

500

- New field map being measured at LNF:
 - Scan along Z with 1cm steps
 - Scan along X with 10cm steps
 - Scan along Y with 5 cm steps
 - Measure only Y component inside yoke
 - Measure X,Y,Z components at yoke borders



-400

TYAL DINIE

500





- Target is a homogeneous diamond box
 - Size: 2cm x 2cm x 100 μ m
 - Position: 20 cm before the front face of the magnet yoke
- More details were discussed on a dedicated talk at Target working group





- O(100) 1 cm x 1 cm x 18 cm scintillator fingers vertically positioned along Z inside the magnet yoke
 - Exact number will depend on final layout.
 Currently 96.
- EVeto at X = -20 cm, PVeto at X = 20 cm
- Small tilt (10°) around Y axis
 - Allows a support structure which guarantees correct positioning of fingers
 - Reduces cracks for low energy e^+/e^-





HEPVeto



- Row of 1 cm x 1 cm x 18 cm scintillator fingers to collect e⁺ with energy "just below" beam energy
- Length (i.e. number of fingers) depends on requirement of overlap with PVeto
 - Currently 50 fingers
- Exact position/angle to be defined
 - Currently: Z aligned with ECal, X = 93 cm, rotated by 56° around Y
- Will probably add a small tilt to fingers (P/EVeto style) to eliminate cracks









- Set of silicon chips to «take a snapshot» of the beam spot
 - Final design still to be defined
 - Currently: 2 x 5 chips, 14 mm x 14 mm x
 100 μm, 256 x 256 pixels





ECal

- «Box» of 29x29 BGO crystals 2 cm x
 2 cm x 22 cm each
- Central squared hole 5 x 5 cry
- External circle at r = 28.5 cm
- Inter-crystal gap of 100 μm
 - Currently Vacuum
 - To be replaced with paint
- Crystal positions can be specified:
 - 1. Algorithmically, by defining inner and outer radius
 - 2. With a detailed crystal map







- Box of 7 x7 «crystals»
 - PbGl or Barium fluoride
 - -2 cm x 2 cm x 10 cm each
- Placed behind the Ecal central hole
- Inter-crystal gap of 100 μm
 - Currently Vacuum
 - To be replaced with paint







Beam



- A precise simulation of the BTF beam is mandatory
- Beam of primary positrons currently generated with:
 - 40 ns bunch time structure
 - flat within 150 ps micro-bunch
 - 350 ps delay between micro-bunches
 - Number of e⁺ with Poisson distribution
 - E_{beam} =550 MeV with Gaussian distribution (σ = 55 MeV)
 - Central (x,y=0,0) position with Gaussian distribution (σ = 0.7 mm)
 - Horizontal with Gaussian emittance ($\sigma = 1 \text{ mrad}$)
- Beam is generated at the front face of the Target
- Will move to a more realistic beam model (see Paolo's slides)



Special beams



- UBoson decays
 - One of the primary e⁺ is replaced with a Uboson + γ decay within the Target (decay of Uboson not simulated, can be easily added)
- Three photons events
 - One of the primary $e^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$ is replaced with a 3γ final state within the Target
 - 3γ final states are generated independently and read during run time
 - Need rotation to direction of primary e⁺ (now horizontal boost)
- Calibration
 - Single γ of given energy generated just after the Target and pointing to selected zones of ECal/SAC
 - Will add a single e⁺/e⁻ with tunable energy to calibrate P/EVeto



Datacards

- Relevant simulation parameters can be changed via datacards
 - Detectors positions
 - Size of main detector components (e.g. length of crystals/fingers)
 - Magnetic field on/off and magnitude
 - Beam type and parameters
 - Switch on/off single detectors
- Full set of available datacards shown in vis.mac file in PadmeMC



Primary positrons setup #/beam/n e+ poisson on false #/beam/bunch structure on false #/beam/bunch time length 40. ns #/beam/ubunch time length 150 ps #/beam/ubunch time delay 350 ps #/beam/position x 0. cm #/beam/position y 0. cm #/beam/position spread on false #/beam/position x spread 0.7 mm #/beam/position y spread 0.7 mm #/beam/momentum 550. MeV #/beam/momentum spread on false #/beam/momentum spread 55. MeV #/beam/direction 0. 0. 1. #/beam/emittance on false #/beam/emittance x 0.001 #/beam/emittance y 0.001



Persistency



- A ROOT-based persistency infrastructure is being created
- Each detector must define its own definition of «MC hit» based on the G4 simulated energy deposits
 - Need collaboration with people working on each detector
- The MC persistency classes will be included into the PADMERoot library
 - MC files will be directly readable by interactive ROOT



Physics Lists

FADME

- Full review of the G4 physics lists used in the simulation
- Move to the new G4.10 physics list schema

#include "G4ComptonScattering.hh"
#include "G4GammaConversion.hh"
#include "G4PhotoElectricEffect.hh"

#include "G4eMultipleScattering.hh"
#include "G4MuMultipleScattering.hh"
#include "G4hMultipleScattering.hh"

#include "G4elonisation.hh"
#include "G4eBremsstrahlung.hh"
#include "G4eplusAnnihilation.hh"
#include "G4MuIonisation.hh"
#include "G4MuBremsstrahlung.hh"
#include "G4MuPairProduction.hh"

#include "G4hlonisation.hh"

//#include "G4EmExtraPhysics.hh" //M. Raggi 17/07/2014
//#include "G4VModularPhysicsList.hh" //M. Raggi 17/07/2014
//#include "G4PhysicsListHelper.hh" //M. Raggi 17/07/2014

// INTRODUCING NUCLEAR REACTIONS
#include "G4GammaNuclearReaction.hh" //M. Raggi 17/07/2014
#include "G4PhotoNuclearProcess.hh" //M. Raggi 17/07/2014

#include "G4QGSModel.hh"
#include "G4ExcitedStringDecay.hh"
//#include "SetFragmentationModel.hh"
#include "G4TheoFSGenerator.hh"

nardi - PADME G.M. - Softwa ECC ECC ECC

02/03/20







- Same SW as november
- Need to clean data on HP server
- Need input from L.Foggetta to have access to beam parameters
- Will try to merge TPix DAQ into general DAQ
 - SW has just arrived: will look into it