

# General considerations

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***For the charged vetoes working group***

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***PADME Collaboration meeting***

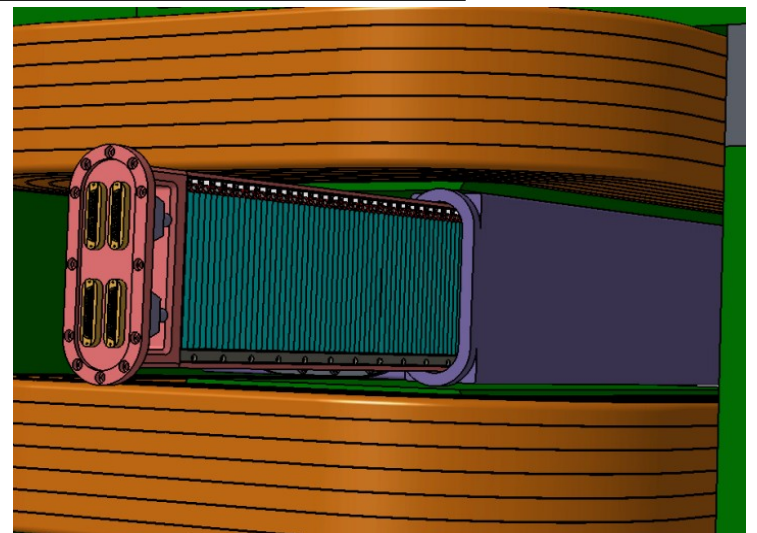
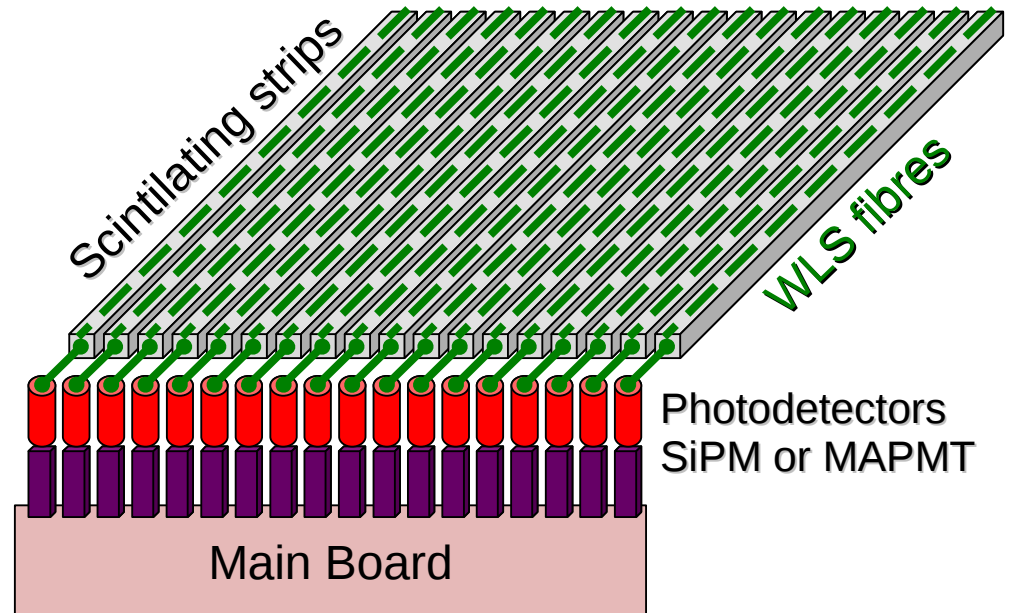
***LNF-INFN***

# Outline

- Scintillator choice
  - FNAL/NICADD
  - UNIPLAST/Vladimir
- Scintillator arrangement
- High energy positron veto
- Conclusions

# Basic design

- Plastic scintillator
- Light read out by SiPM?
  - WLS vs direct coupling
- $O(1000)$  photons
- $\sim 0.5 - 1$  cm thickness
- $\sim 1$  cm wide
- With time resolution better than **500 ps** ...

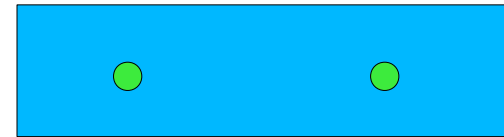


# FNAL NICADD

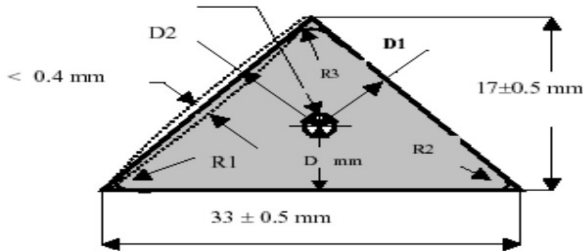
- Scintillator co-extruded with a hole and  $\text{TiO}_2$  coating
- Different possibilities
  - 1 cm x 1 cm - 1 hole
  - 1 cm x 4 cm - 1 hole
  - 1 cm x 4.1 cm - 1 groove
  - 1 cm x 4.5 cm - 2 holes
  - 1 cm x 5 cm - 1 hole
  - 1 cm x 5 cm - 2 holes

New production necessary

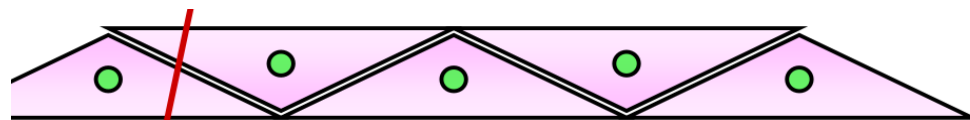
Available now



- Minerva shape



Minerva specs



$R1, R2 = < 1 \text{ mm}$

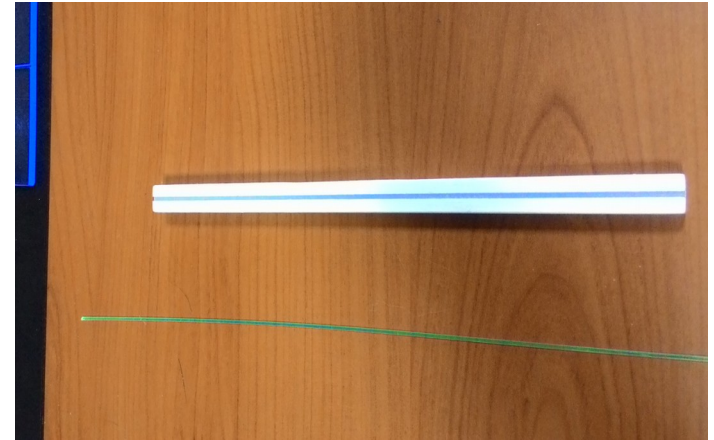
$R3 = < 1.2 \text{ mm}$

$D, D1, D2 = 7 \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$

*From talk of Victor Rykalin*

Possibility to reconstruct the position using energy sharing

# UNIPLAST, Vladimir



- Production of practically anything that has one of the sides 1 cm is possible
- Price: ~2 euro per piece, almost no matter the dimension
- PADME needs ~ 100 (x2) + 100 (x2) + 50 (x2) scintillator bars
- Price is not an issue!

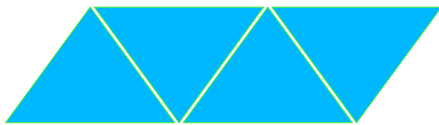
# Different solutions

- NICADD, FNAL, USA
  - New production for scintillator with cross section  $1 \times 1 \text{ cm}^2$  necessary
  - Alternative: Minerva shape - triangles
    - Used by CHANTI in NA62
- UNIPLAST – Vladimir, Russia
  - Cut from larger plates
  - 0.7 mm, 10 mm, etc...
  - Production is available NOW!
  - Precision on dimensions, uniformity, etc...

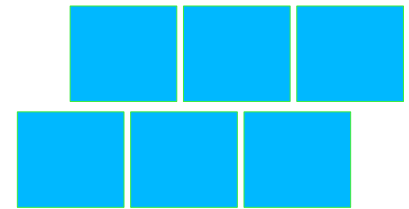
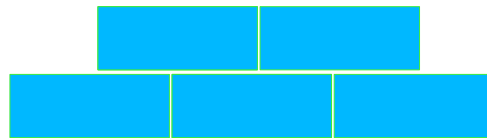
# Possible solutions

- The thickness of the co-extruded (or chemically etched) coating is  $\sim 250$   $\mu\text{m}$ 
  - Dead region between the bars  $\sim 0.5$  mm – 5% of the total scintillator width
  - Difficult to be translated into inefficiency due to different angles
    - And the ineff. will depend on beam divergency, etc
- Possible “efficient” designs

Minerva



2 cm wide, staggered

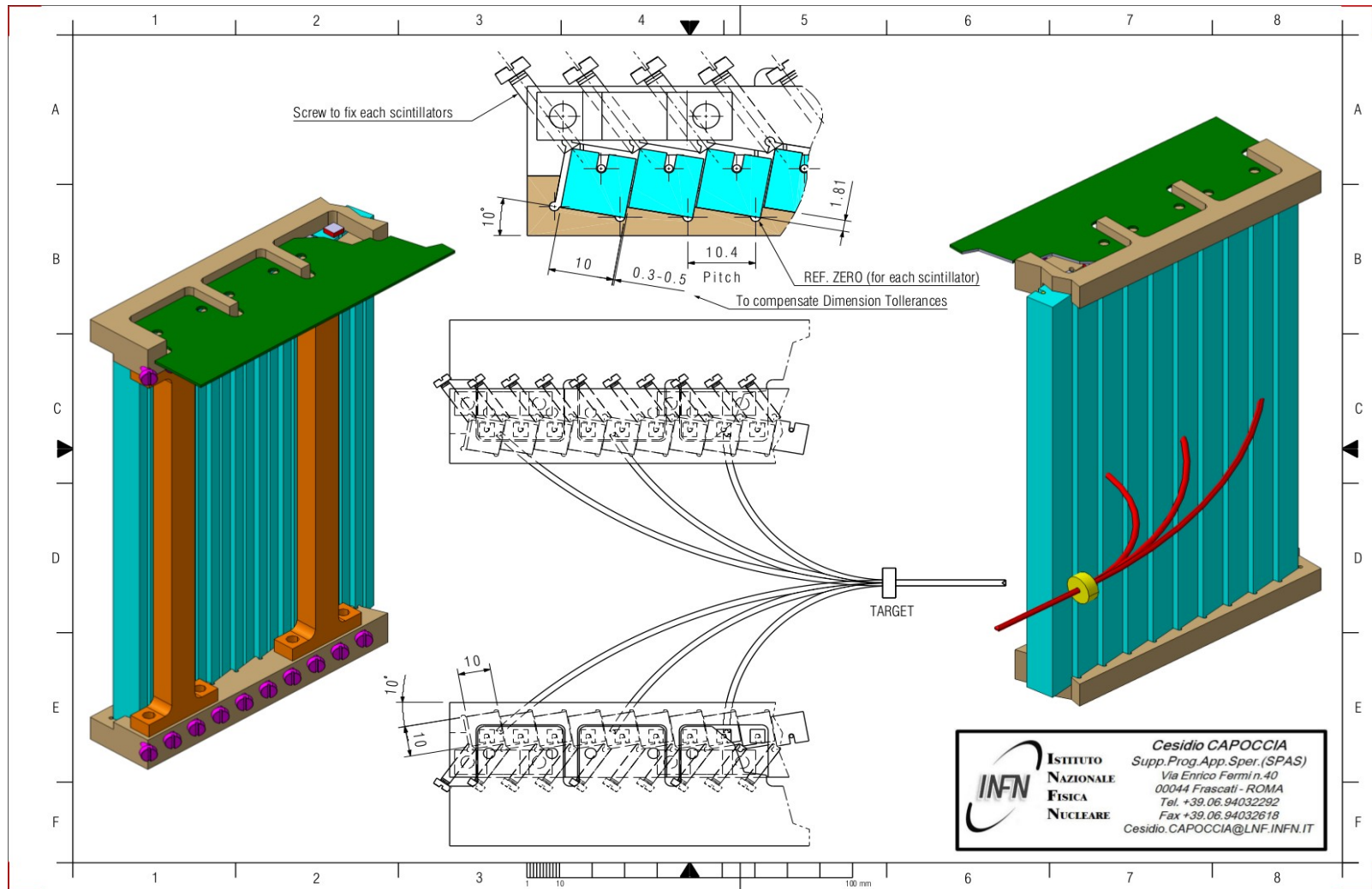


1 cm wide, staggered

- Single layer vs double layer
  - double the number of channels?
  - Rely of energy sharing for position resolution – complicates the RO

# Possible solutions

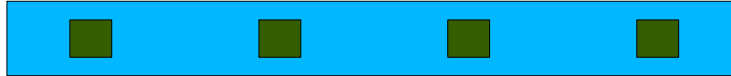
- Rotate each single bar at  $> 100$  mrad





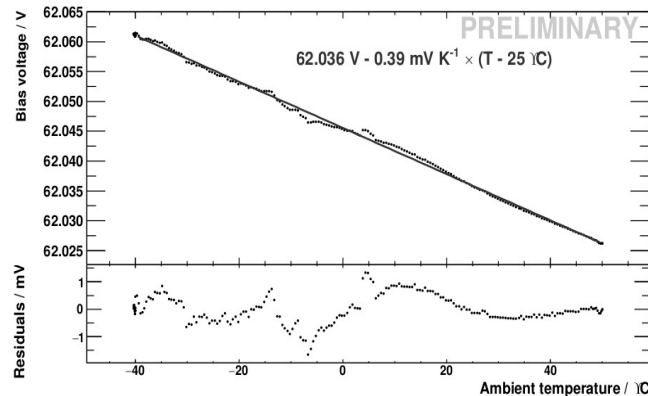
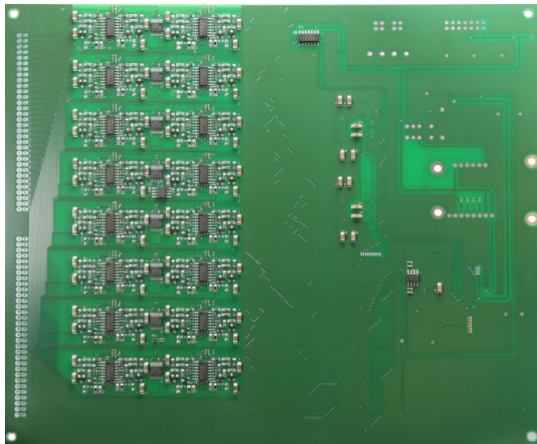
# Readout: PS & FE

- SiPM PCB?



- HV possibilities:

- Fabio suggestion for custom made HV circuit on the SiPM PCB
- SiPM PS module, developed at RWTH Aachen University



**64 channels**  
**~ 10€ /channel**

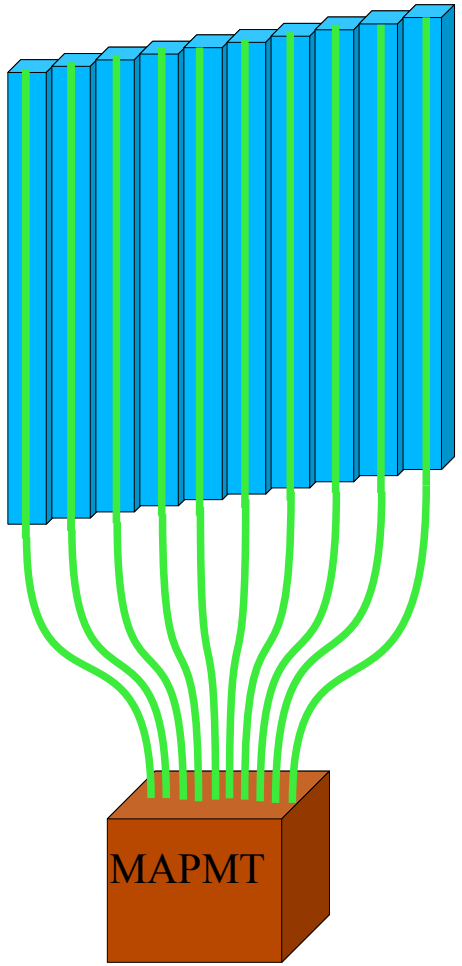
*Johannes Schumacher et al,  
proceedings of ICRC2015*

- Good temperature stability, only linear regulators on board, 1 mV voltage precision
- Ethernet communication
- Already in use (2 at south pole, 1 in Aachen)
- Group contacted to understand if new production is possible...
- However both solutions need an extra transimpedance preamplifier

**At present it seems difficult to avoid the construction of a custom made circuit...**

# High energy positron veto

- Bars + fibers + MAPMT: Hamamatsu H9500, 256, from Paolo



P1 → P16

78	78	86	79	83	92	92	92	93	90	91	93	88	87	77	84	P16	
79	77	77	74	81	87	91	91	87	85	80	80	69	69	74	83	↓	
72	43	74	77	86	91	96	99	100	97	90	76	54	59	80	85		
63	61	66	67	71	77	80	89	94	90	84	74	51	51	79	87		
52	52	57	58	63	69	74	80	83	84	84	77	63	59	78	88		
50	48	52	53	61	66	67	76	78	78	79	83	71	68	79	89		
46	44	48	49	57	57	61	69	74	71	74	84	73	73	82	90		
43	41	44	46	54	55	59	66	71	72	75	84	78	72	79	93		
42	38	43	45	51	54	57	62	69	70	76	86	77	71	77	92		
39	39	43	44	50	53	55	63	71	71	73	85	71	67	77	94		
39	39	42	44	51	56	55	65	73	71	75	83	68	58	77	94		
39	39	42	42	49	57	64	70	78	79	79	79	64	53	75	91		
38	39	44	44	50	56	64	71	82	81	81	79	64	55	74	84		
38	42	48	52	58	63	72	79	83	80	79	80	71	69	72	79		
35	38	48	51	54	56	61	62	71	69	68	71	63	59	55	66		
29	40	53	52	55	57	58	55	65	60	59	65	61	61	52	48		P256

TOP VIEW

- Far from the magnetic field
- Enough? room for support/mechanics, etc...
- Many things to be checked:
  - Photocathode response, ph.e. yield
  - Time resolution (RO with FADC)
- Tolerates even thicker scintillator

# Conclusions

- Production at UNIPLAST started even before we ordered anything ...
  - 400 pcs available for transportation, waiting for the contract to be signed.
- Things to be tested
  - Efficiency
  - Resolution (mainly time)
  - Photoelectric yield (H9500)
  - Uniformity
  - Scintillator/WLS assembly quality
- Assemble a prototype ASAP when the scintillator arrives
  - And possibly use it continuously at BTF