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A new measurement of the 6Li(p,gamma)7Be cross section at LUNA

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% % Nuclear Physics in Astrophysics 8 template for abstract % % Format: LaTeX2e. % % Rename this file to name.tex, where 'name' is the family name % of the first author, and edit it to produce your abstract. % \documentstyle[11pt]{article} % % PAGE LAYOUT: % \textheight=9.9in \textwidth=6.3in \voffset -0.85in \hoffset -0.35in \topmargin 0.305in \oddsidemargin +0.35in \evensidemargin -0.35in %\renewcommand{\rmdefault}{ptm} % to use Times font $\label{eq:longdef} $$ \eqref{1}}\ong\eqref{1} $$ \ong\eqref{1} $$ \ong\e$ $\log\left(\frac{1 \#2}{1 \#2}\right)$ \begin{document} {\small \it Nuclear Physics in Astrophysics 8, NPA8: 18-23 June 2017, Catania, Italy} \vspace{12pt} \thispagestyle{empty} \begin{center} %%% %%% Title goes here. %%% $TITLE{A new measurement of the {}^{6}Li(p,\gamma)^{7}Be cross section at LUNA}{[3mm]}$ %%% %%% Authors and affiliations are next. The presenter should be %%% underlined as shown below. %%% \AUTHORS{R. Depalo^{1,2} for the LUNA collaboration } %%% {\small \it \AFFILIATION{1}{Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, Università degli Studi di Padova, Padova, Italy} \AFFILIATION{2}{INFN - Sezione di Padova, Padova, Italy}

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The detection of ^6Li in stars is a powerful tool for understanding the Big Bang nucleosynthesis, as well as the early stellar structure and evolution.

In stars, lithium is quickly destroyed during the pre-main sequence and main sequence phases, at temperatures of about 2 MK. Theoretical predictions of lithium abundances in the stellar surface are strongly dependent on the input physics and in many cases non-standard processes are required to explain the observed abundances [1].

The ⁶Li depletion proceeds mainly through the ⁶Li(p, α)³He reaction. This reaction has been studied by many groups, and in order to explain the angular distribution of the emitted alpha particles, an R-matrix fit of the experimental data requires the contribution of both negative and positive parity excited states [2]. \\

Although the existence of positive parity excited states in ⁷Be has never been confirmed experimentally,

a recent measurement of the $^{6}\text{Li}(p,\gamma)^{7}\text{Be}$ cross section revealed a possible resonance-like structure at center of mass energy of 195 keV [3]. The observed S-factor is reproduced by an R-matrix fit assuming the existence of an excited state with E \approx 5800 keV and J^{π} = (1/2⁺, 3/2⁺).\\

A new measurement of the ${}^{6}\text{Li}(p,\gamma){}^{7}\text{Be}$ cross section at proton energies between 50 and 400 keV has been performed at the Laboratory for Underground Nuclear Astrophysics. The poster provides a description of the experimental setup and preliminary results of the data analysis. \bigskip

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\noindent [1] E. Tognelli et al. A\&A \textbf{548}, A41 (2012)\\
\noindent [2] J. Cruz et al. J. Phys. G Nucl. Part. Phys. \textbf{35}, 014004 (2008)\\
\noindent [3] J. J. He et al. Phys. Lett. B \textbf{725}, 287-291 (2013)\\
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