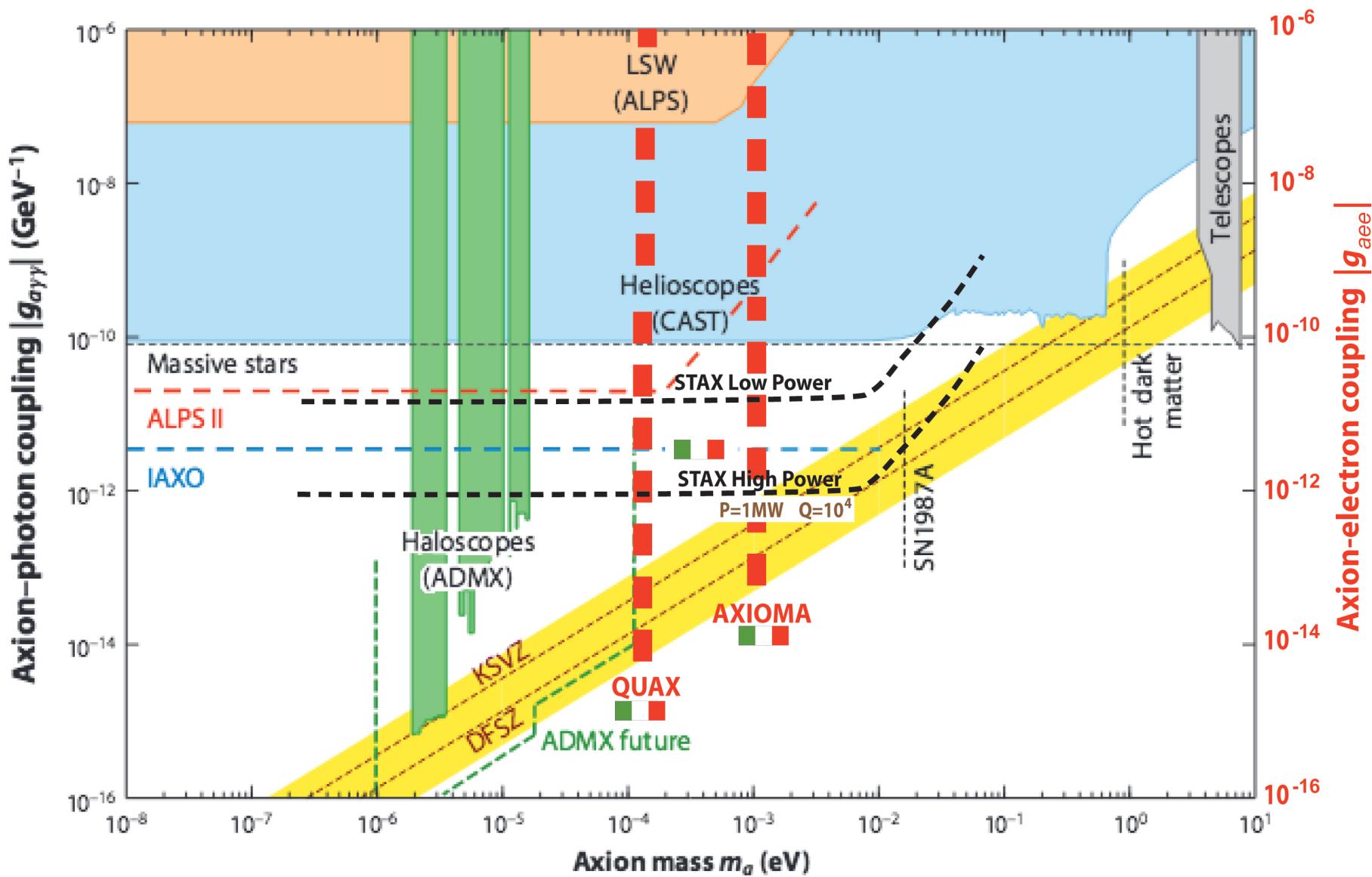


# Fundamental Physics & Technological Goals

- Cosmological Axions & ALPS
- Nuclear Clock based on Isomeric Nuclear States
- Dark Energy & Frequency Comb
- Experimental Gravitation

# Search for Axion and Axion-Like Particles



# Technological Challenges

	Signal power or production probability
<b>ADMX type (vacuum)</b>	$P_{a\gamma\gamma}(W) = 5*10^{-27} \text{ W} \left( \frac{V}{500 \text{ liter}} \right) \left( \frac{B_0}{7 \text{ T}} \right)^2 \left( \frac{g_\gamma}{0.36} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\rho_a}{0.5*10^{-24} \text{ gr/cm}^3} \right) \left( \frac{m_a}{2\pi(\text{GHz})} \right) \text{Min}(Q_l, Q_a)$
<b>QUAX type (material)</b>	$P_{aee}(W) \approx 10^{-27} \text{ W} \left( \frac{n_s}{10^{22} \text{ spin/cm}^3} \right) \left( \frac{V}{100 \text{ cm}^3} \right) \left( \frac{\tau_{\text{rad}}}{10^{-6} \mu\text{s}} \right) \left( \frac{m_a}{10^{-4} \text{ eV}} \right)^3$
<b>STAX type (Regeneration)</b>	$P_{\gamma \rightarrow a \rightarrow \gamma} = 6 * 10^{-38} F_{PC} F_{RC} \left( \frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}}{10^{-10} \text{ GeV}^{-1}} \frac{B}{1 \text{ T}} \frac{l}{10 \text{ m}} \right)^4$

## Techniques to be developed

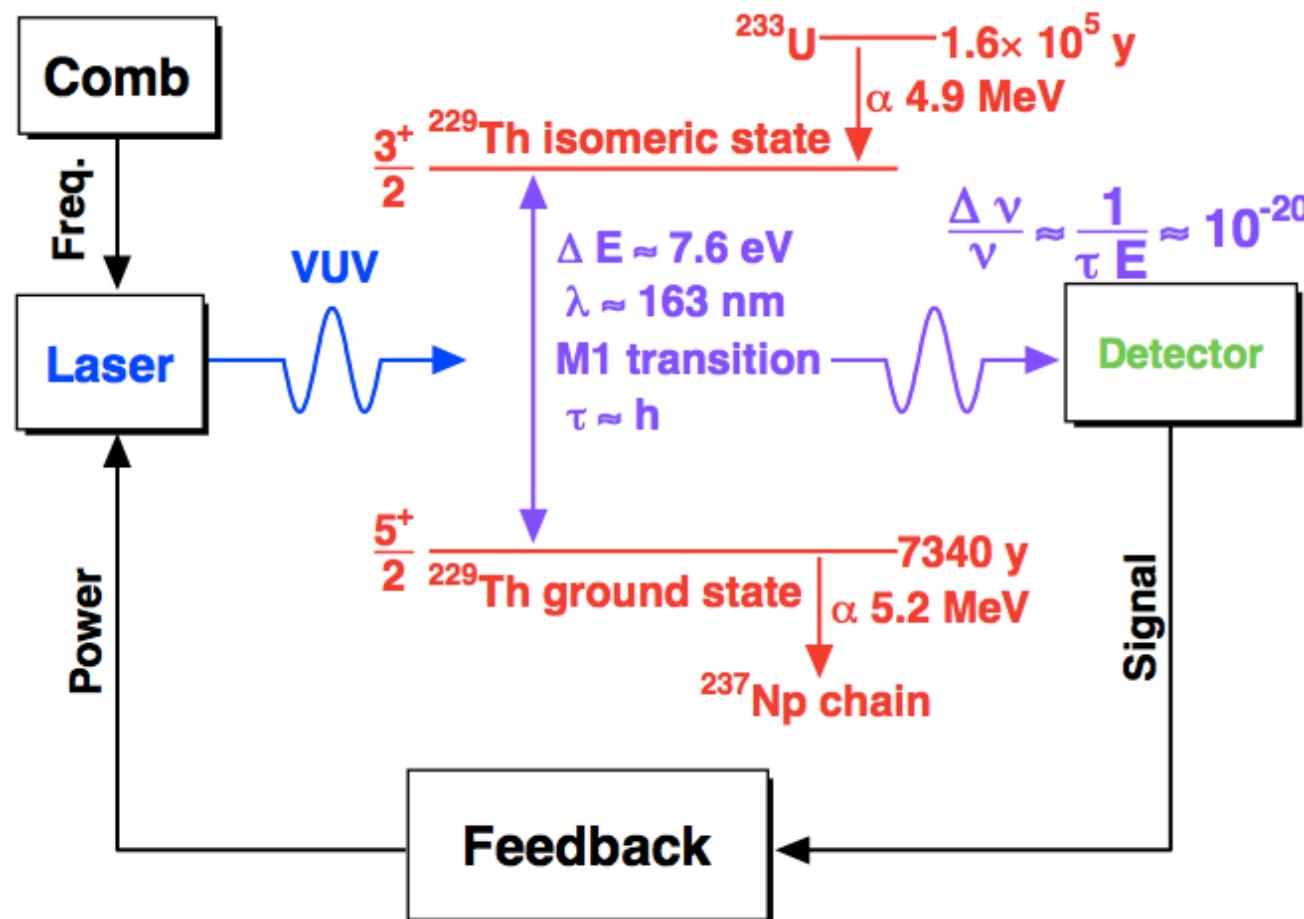
- High dipolar magnetic field
- Millikelvin cryogenics
- High Q microwave cavity in strong magnetic field
- Single photon detector @ microwave energy
- Single spin-flip detection through atomic spectroscopy
- EPR magnetometry

# $^{229}\text{Th}$ -based Nuclear Clock

- ① Lowest nuclear excited state<sup>1</sup>,
- ② only indirect observation<sup>2</sup>,
- ③ VUV-laser excitation,
- ④ very narrow linewidth<sup>3</sup>,
- ⑤  $N = 10^5 \div 10^{12}$  oscillators<sup>4,5</sup>,

$$\text{FoM} = \frac{\nu\sqrt{N}}{\Delta\nu} .$$

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<sup>4</sup> C.Campbell et al., Phys.Rev.Lett.102, 233004 (2009).

<sup>5</sup> R.Jackson et al., J.Phys.Cond.Mat.21, 325403 (2009).

<sup>6</sup> O.Couturier et al., Eur.J.Nucl.Med.Mol.Ima.32, 601 (2005)

# Potential INFN Contribution to $^{229}\text{Th}$ -clock

## ① Production of $^{229}\text{Th}$ :

$^{232}\text{Th}(p, 4n)$  and  $^{232}\text{Th}(n, \alpha)$

at SPES (LNL) applicative line:

35 MeV, 0.5 mA proton beam,

1.5 mm thick  $^{232}\text{Th}$  target (22 g),

production  $\sigma(p, 4n) \simeq 100 \text{ mb}^{-1}$ ,

$8.3 \times 10^{17}$  atoms of  $^{229}\text{Th}$

in 1 week of irradiation.

Disposal of FFs and  $^{227,228}\text{Th}$ .

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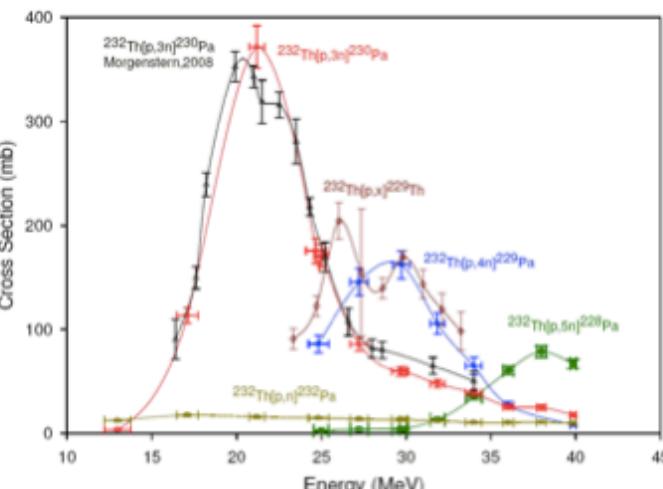
$\sim 2\%$  decay into 7.6 eV level,

$\mu$ calorimeter resolution  $< 0.5 \text{ eV}$ ,

$\sigma_E \sim 0.15 \text{ eV} \sqrt{M_U [\text{ng}]}$ , ( $M_U < 10 \text{ ng}$ ),

calibration with 6.2, 11.6, 19.8 eV U atomic levels, U and enclosure fluorescence background.

Various Excitation Functions for Proton Bombardment of  $^{232}\text{Th}$



**Pa-229**  
1.5 d

(p,4n)

$\epsilon$  (99.5%)

**Th-229**  
7340 y

(p,nt)  
(n,4n)

**Th-232**  
 $1.4 \times 10^{10} \text{ y}$

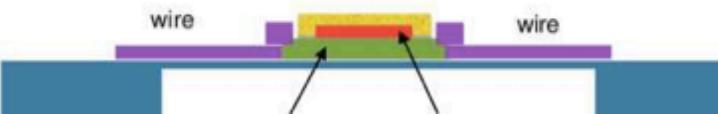
(p, $\alpha$ )  
(n,nt)

**Ac-229**  
63 m

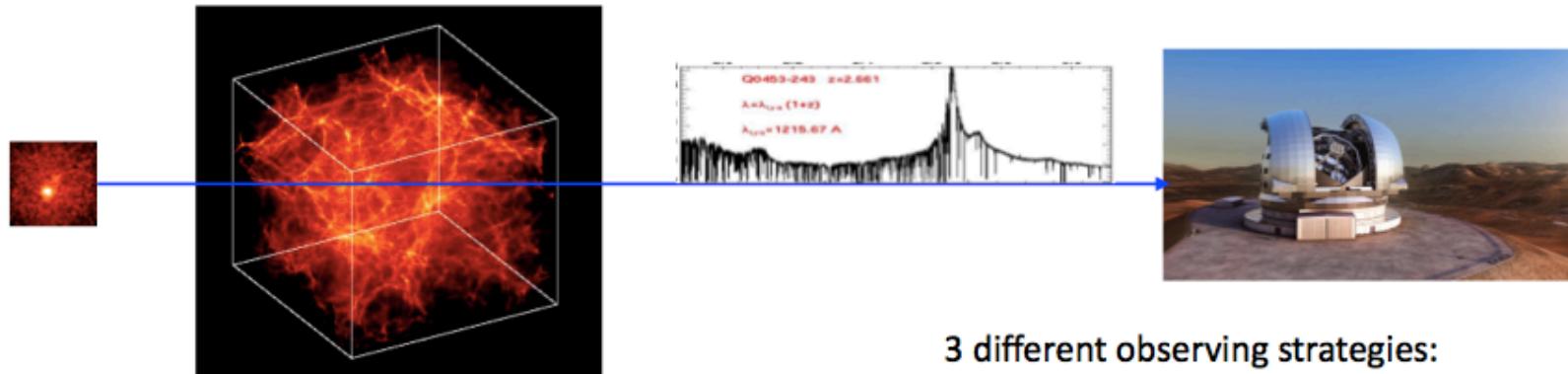
(p,ph)  
(n, $\alpha$ )

**Ra-229**  
4 m

Au Cover



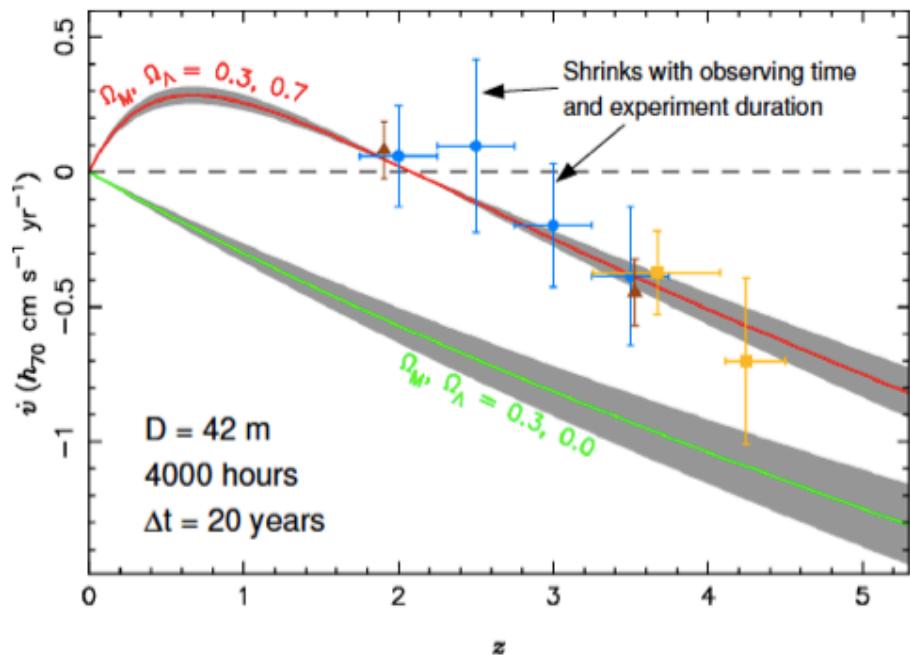
# Dark Energy & Frequency Comb



Cosmic expansion measured in real time by comparing spectra of QSO taken >10 years apart and by looking at shifting of Lyman-alpha forest lines: *unique and model independent probe* of the universe global dynamical state i.e. measure of  $a(t)$

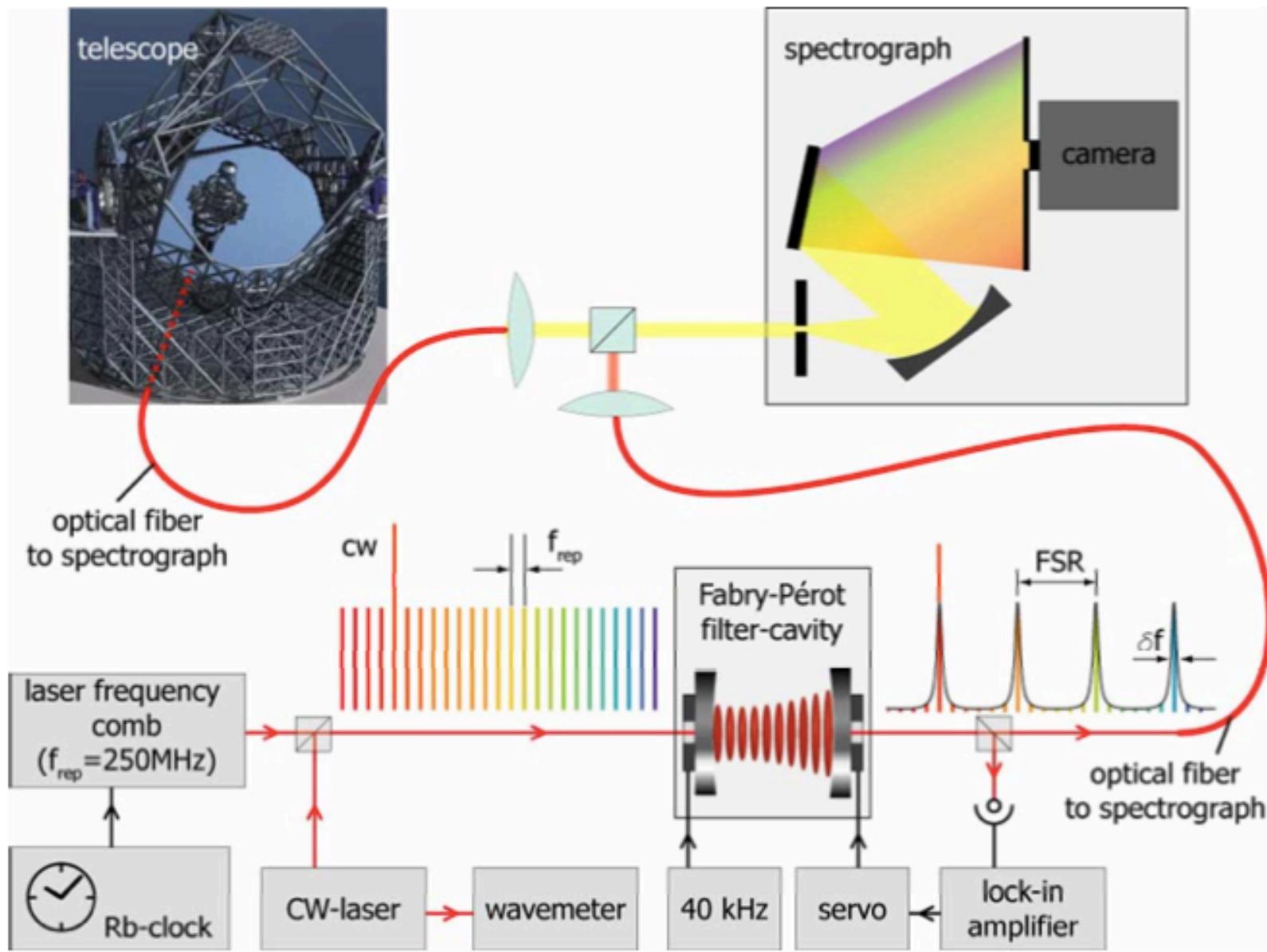
$$\dot{z} = (1+z)H_0 - H(z)$$

$$\dot{v} = \dot{z}c/(1+z) \quad \xrightarrow{\text{blue arrow}}$$



Sandage 1962, Loeb 1998, Liske+ 08

# Setup



# FREQUENCY COMB FOR NEW PHYSICS

---

- High resolution laser spectroscopy
  - testing QED
  - testing special relativity
  - determination of fundamental constants
  - detect or limit slow time evolution of these constants
- Optical atomic clocks
- Controlling the electric field transients of pulses
  - generation attosecond pulses
- Direct comb spectroscopy
  - high resolution XUV laser spectroscopy
- Calibration of astronomical spectrographs
  - detecting extra-solar planets
  - temporal evolution of constants on cosmological time scales
  - confirm or rule out existence of dark energy
  - solar gravitational red shift

# Experimental Gravitation

Axion like bosons with scalar coupling  $g_s$   
search via monopole-dipole interaction

$$V_{\text{md}} = \frac{\hbar g_s g_p}{8\pi m_e c} \left[ (\hat{\sigma} \cdot \hat{r}) \left( \frac{1}{r\lambda} + \frac{1}{r^2} \right) \right] e^{-r/\lambda}$$

Newton Law at small distances :

$$V(r) = -G_N \frac{m_1 m_2}{r} (1 + \alpha e^{-r/\lambda})$$

Extra dimensions tens microns size

Atom Interferometry : Magia approach

Quantum field and gravitation:

$$\vec{F} = \frac{\pi^2 L^2 \hbar c}{720 a^3} \frac{g}{c^2} \vec{e}_r$$

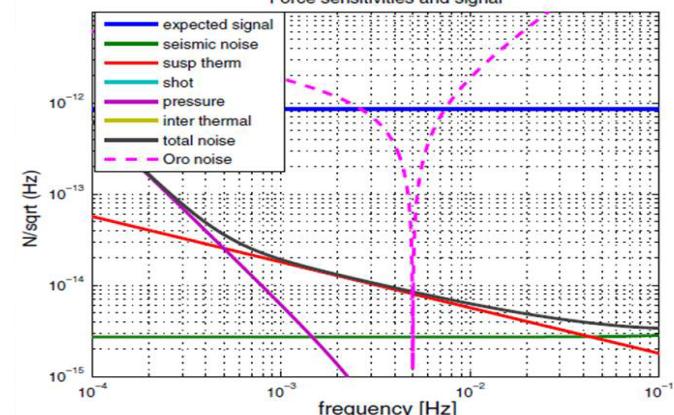
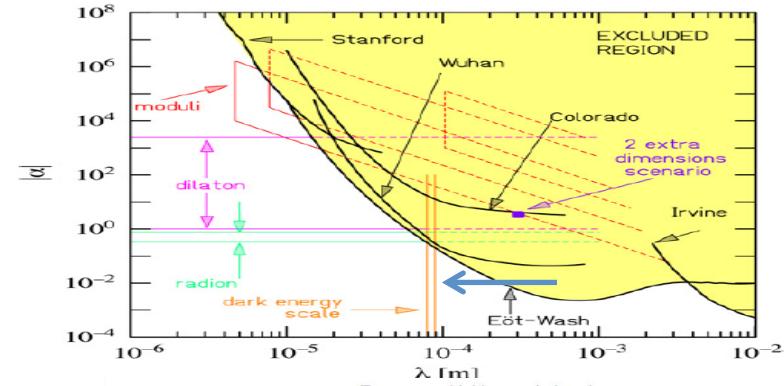
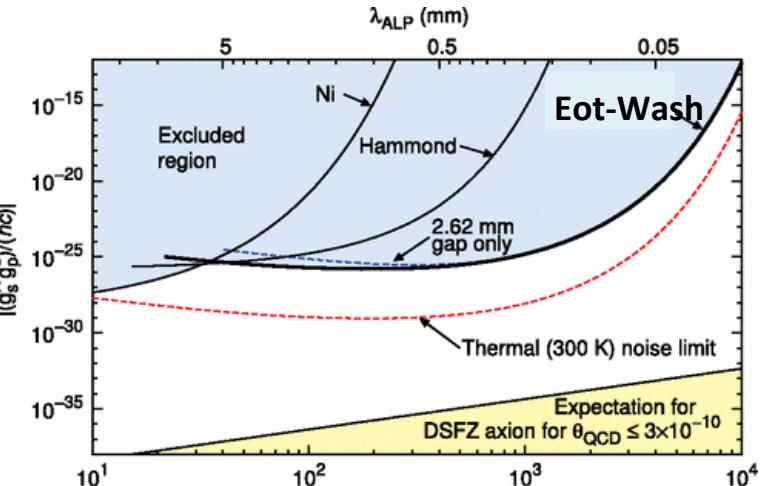
Quantum systems and gravitational effect

Vacuum fluctuations and gravity

Spin-gravity coupling

Quantum gravity and Lagrangian points

MOND test



# Gravitation with Macroscopic Detectors

## The instrumental heritage of few decades of experiments

Best sensitivity to small forces in macroscopic test bodies in 10 – 100 Hz frequency band – Virgo driven (now comparable in LIGO)

Lowest frequency limit, 100 mHz, inertial suspension in the world – Virgo driven (now comparable in LIGO)

Best torsion pendulum torque sensitivity in 1-10 mHz frequency region - LISA driven (Comparable with Eot-Wash)

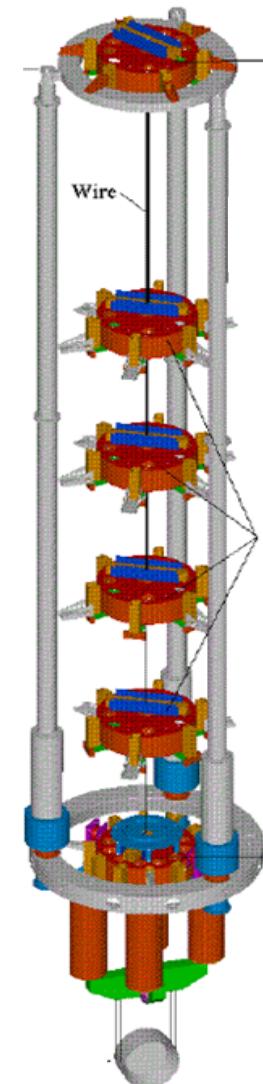
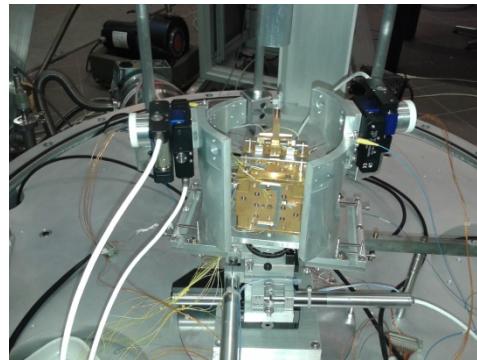
Room temperature and cryogenics acceleration and rotational sensors (Virgo-LISA – .... driven)

## The possible future instrumental evolution

Enlargement of the detection bandwidth toward 1 Hz region

Inertial suspension lower limit toward 1 mHz

Cryogenic e/o Underground torsion pendulums and beam-balances













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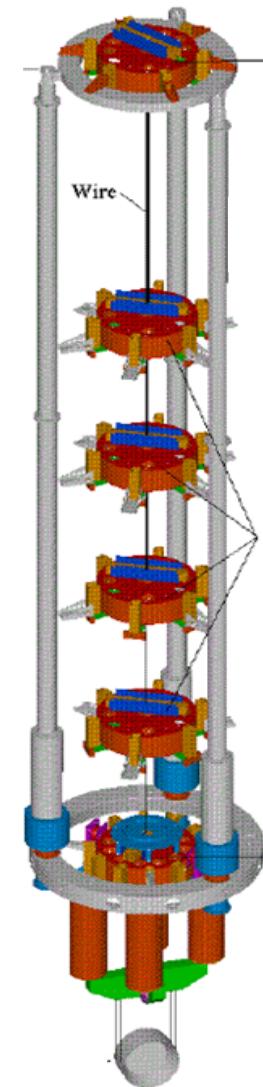
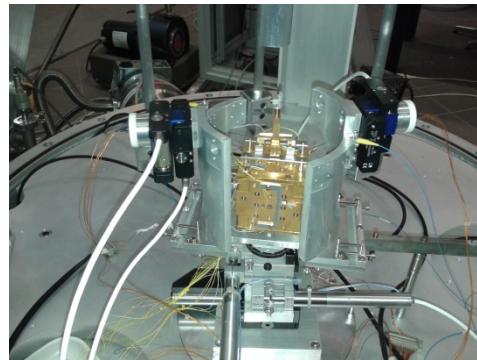
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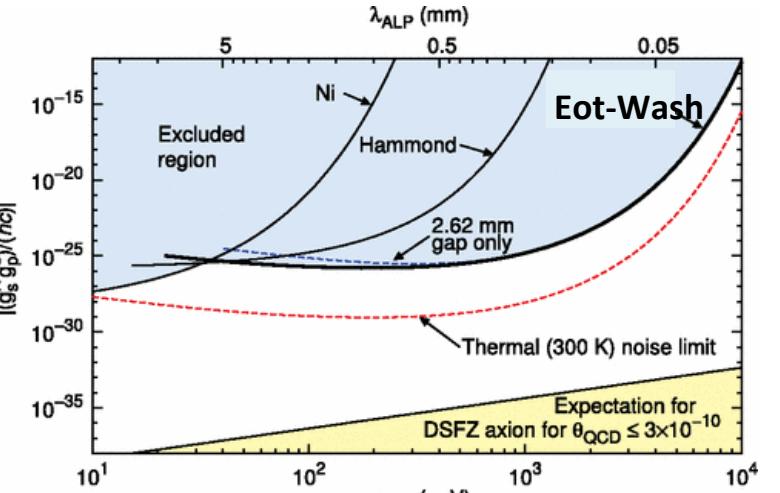
Cryogenic e/o Underground torsion pendulums and beam-balances



# Gravitational and Fundamental Physics Items

Axion like bosons with scalar coupling  $g_s$   
search via monopole-dipole interaction

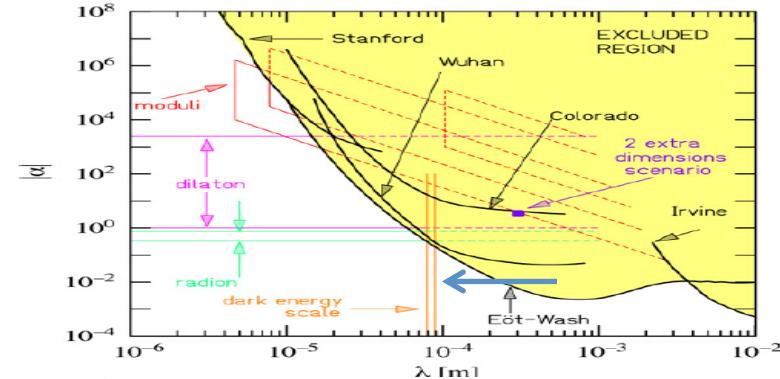
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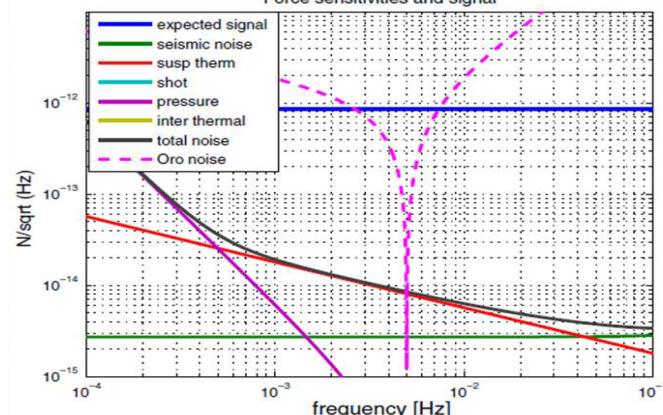
Extra dimensions tens microns size  
Chameleons



Quantum field and gravitation:

$$\vec{F} = \frac{\pi^2 L^2 \hbar c}{720 a^3} \frac{g}{c^2} \vec{e}_r$$

Quantum systems and gravitational effect  
Vacuum fluctuations and gravity  
Spin-gravity coupling  
Quantum gravity and Lagrangian points  
MOND test



$$\lambda_{ALP} (\text{mm})$$

5

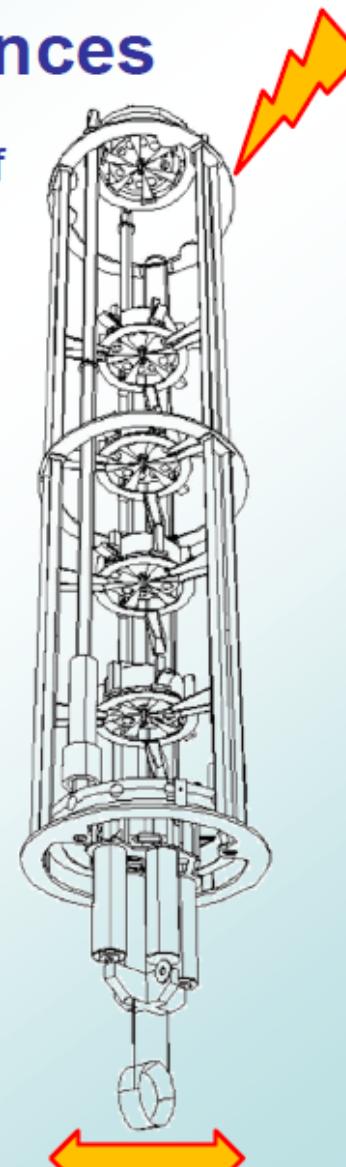
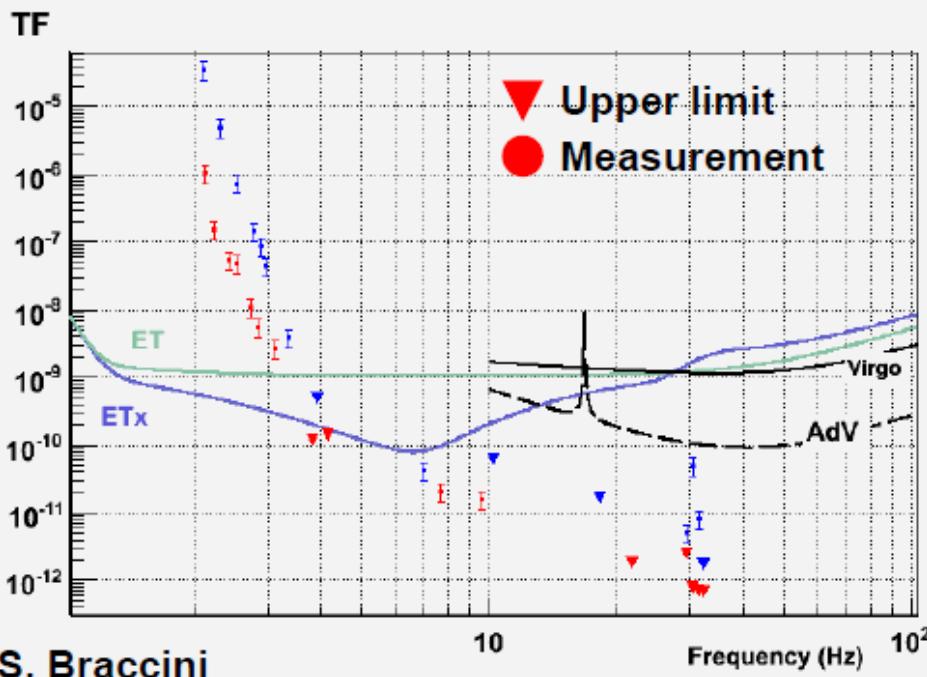
0.5

0.05



## Super attenuator performances

- Direct measurements (or upper limits) of the coupling of excitations at top stage to mirror motion
- Does not include additional effect of inverted pendulum pre-isolation stage (resonance about 40 mHz)



on  
ce

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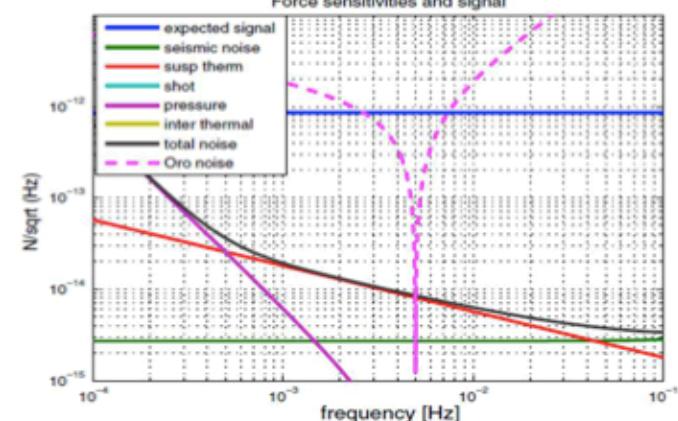
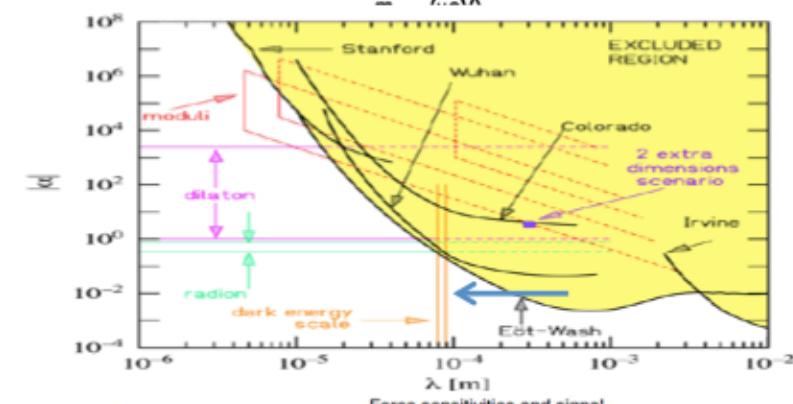
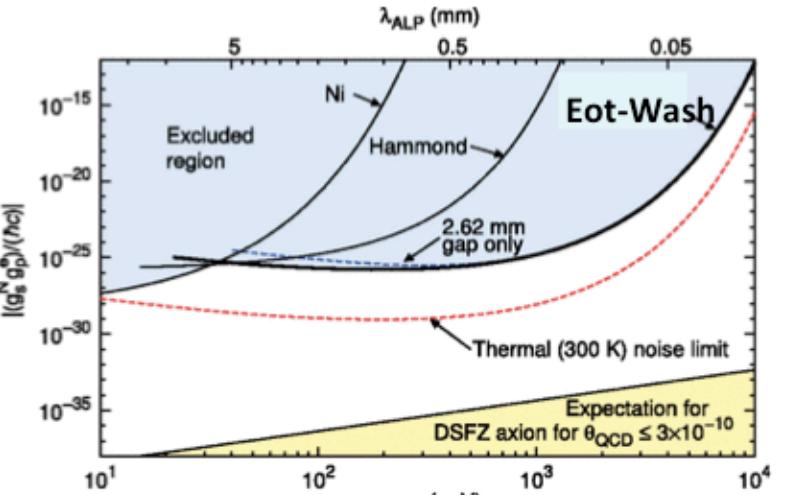
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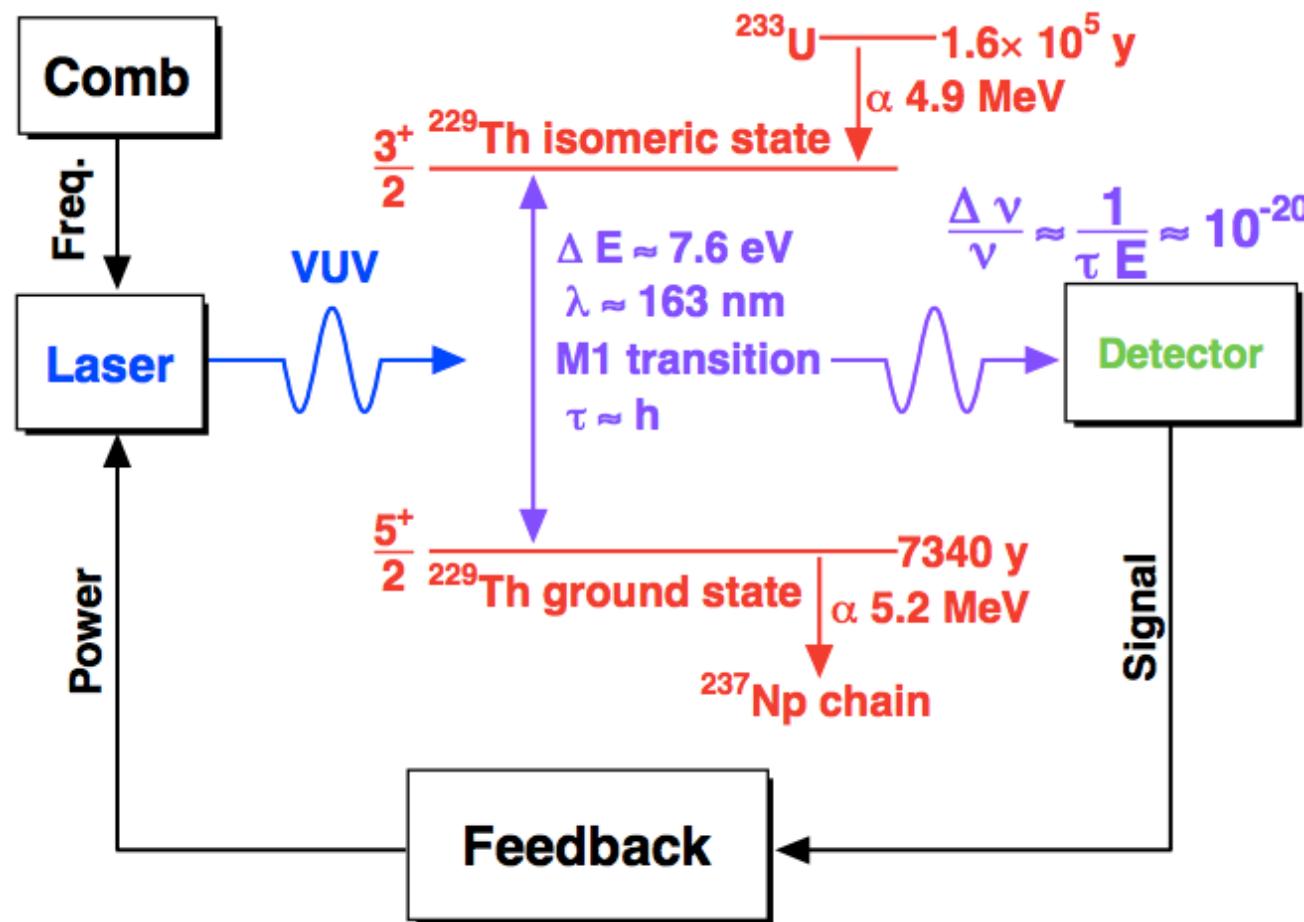
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$$\text{FoM} = \frac{\nu\sqrt{N}}{\Delta\nu}$$
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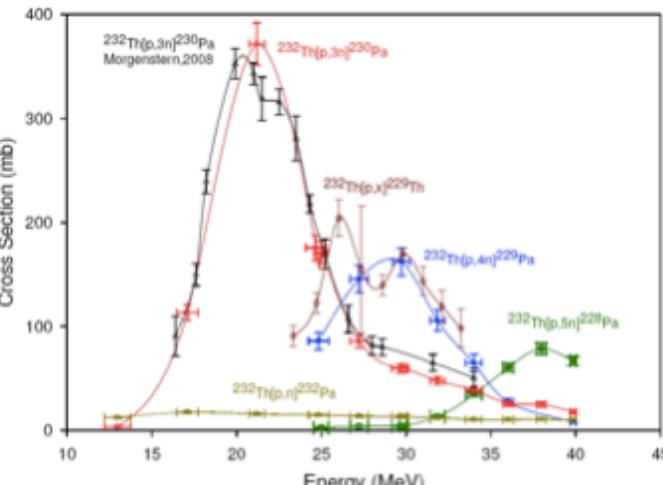
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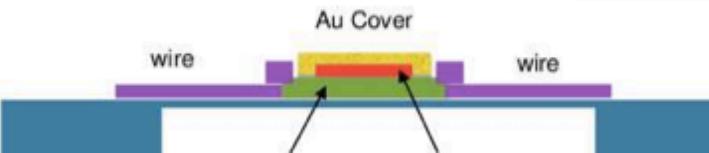
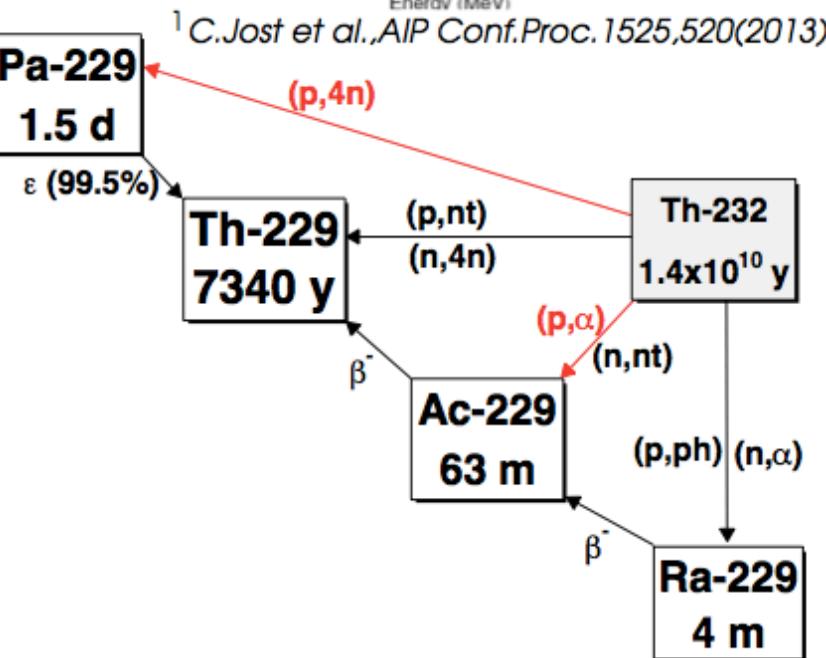
$\sigma_E \sim 0.15 \text{ eV} \sqrt{M_U [\text{ng}]}$ , ( $M_U < 10 \text{ ng}$ ),

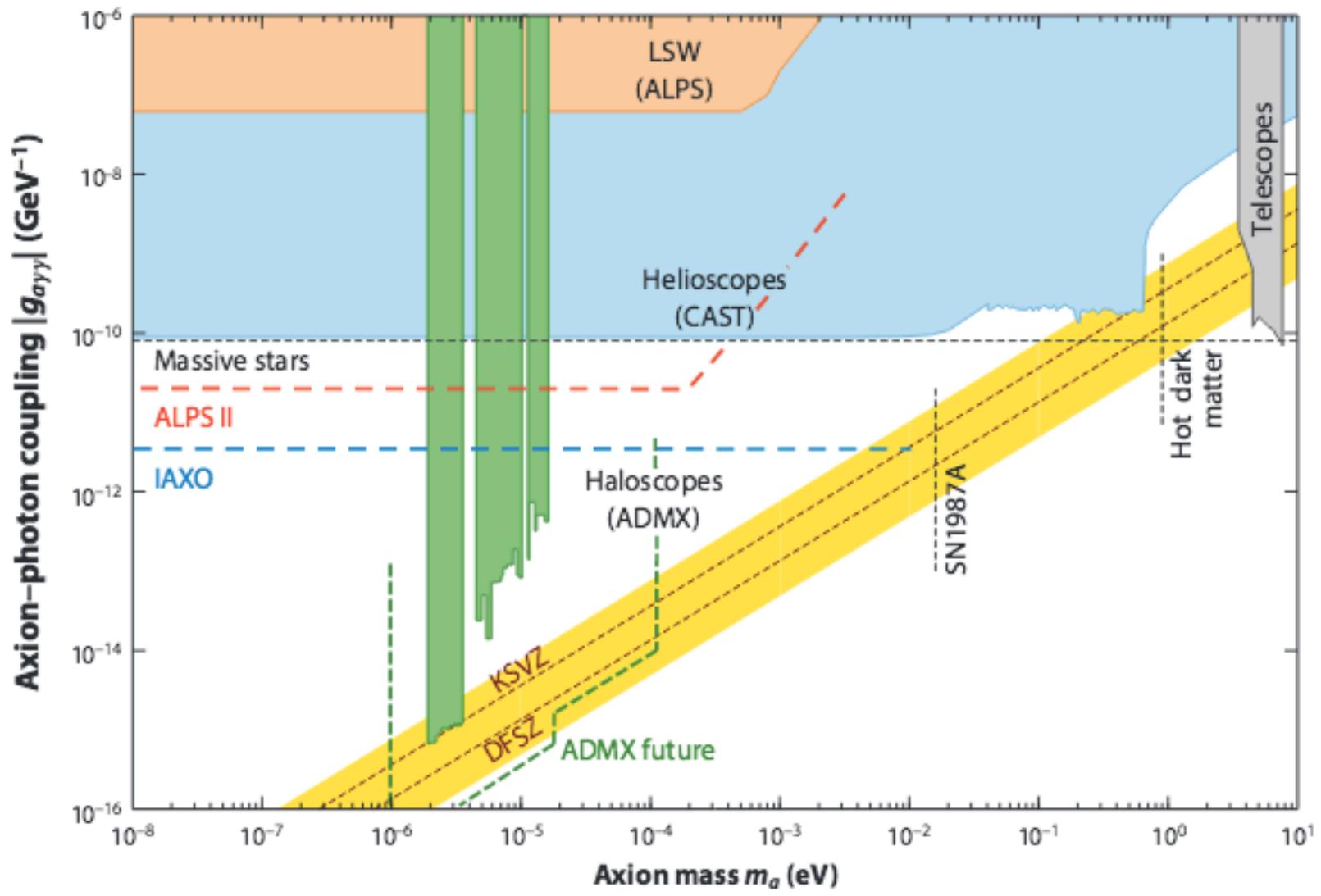
calibration with 6.2, 11.6, 19.8 eV U atomic levels, U and enclosure fluorescence background.

Various Excitation Functions for Proton Bombardment of  $^{232}\text{Th}$



**Pa-229**  
1.5 d



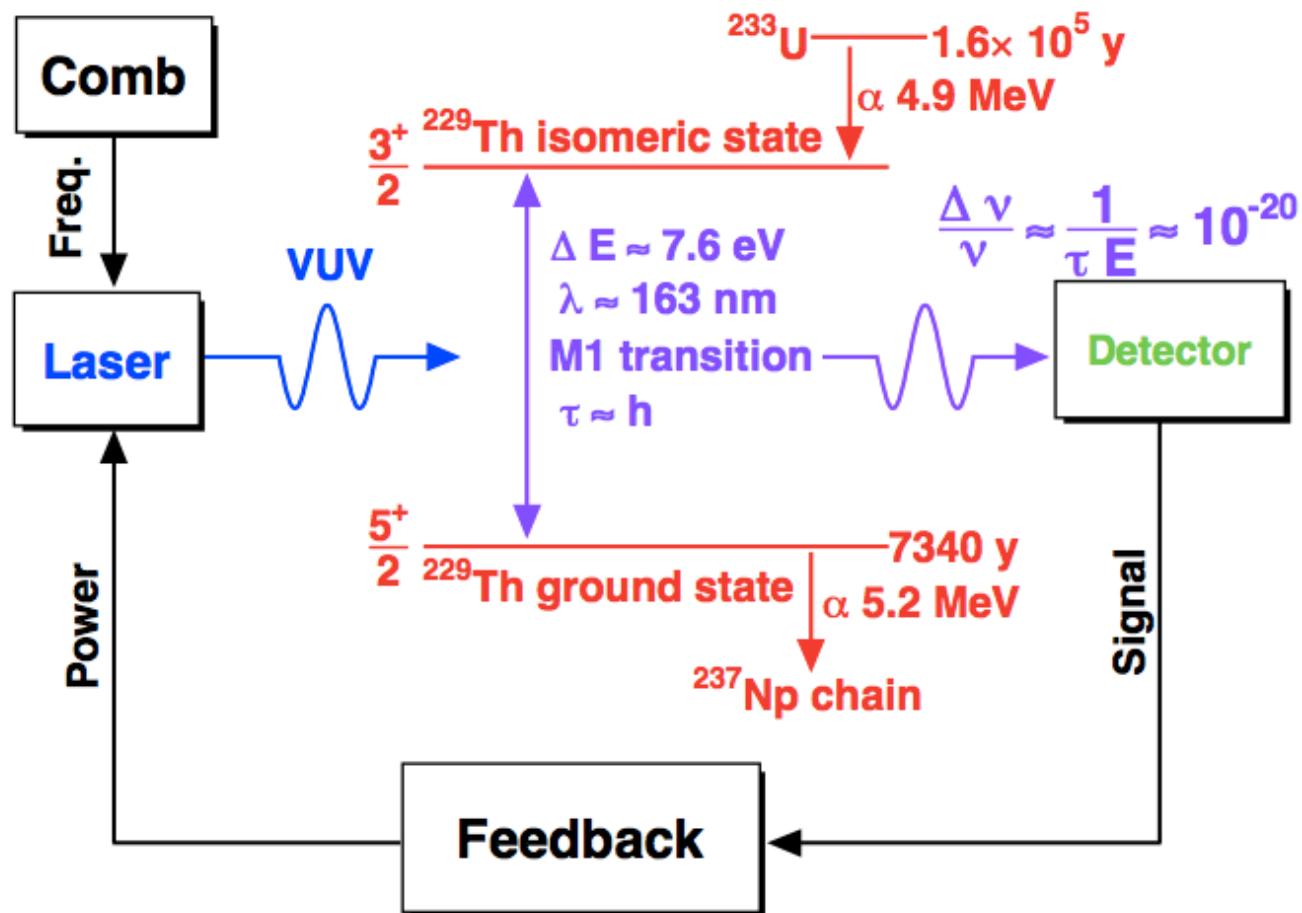




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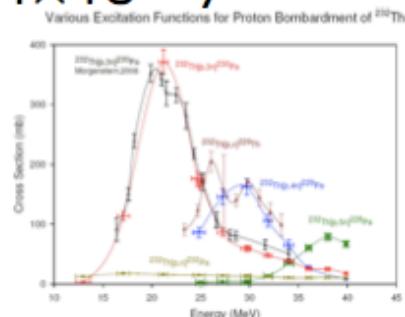
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# Production of $^{229}\text{Th}$

Reactor based:

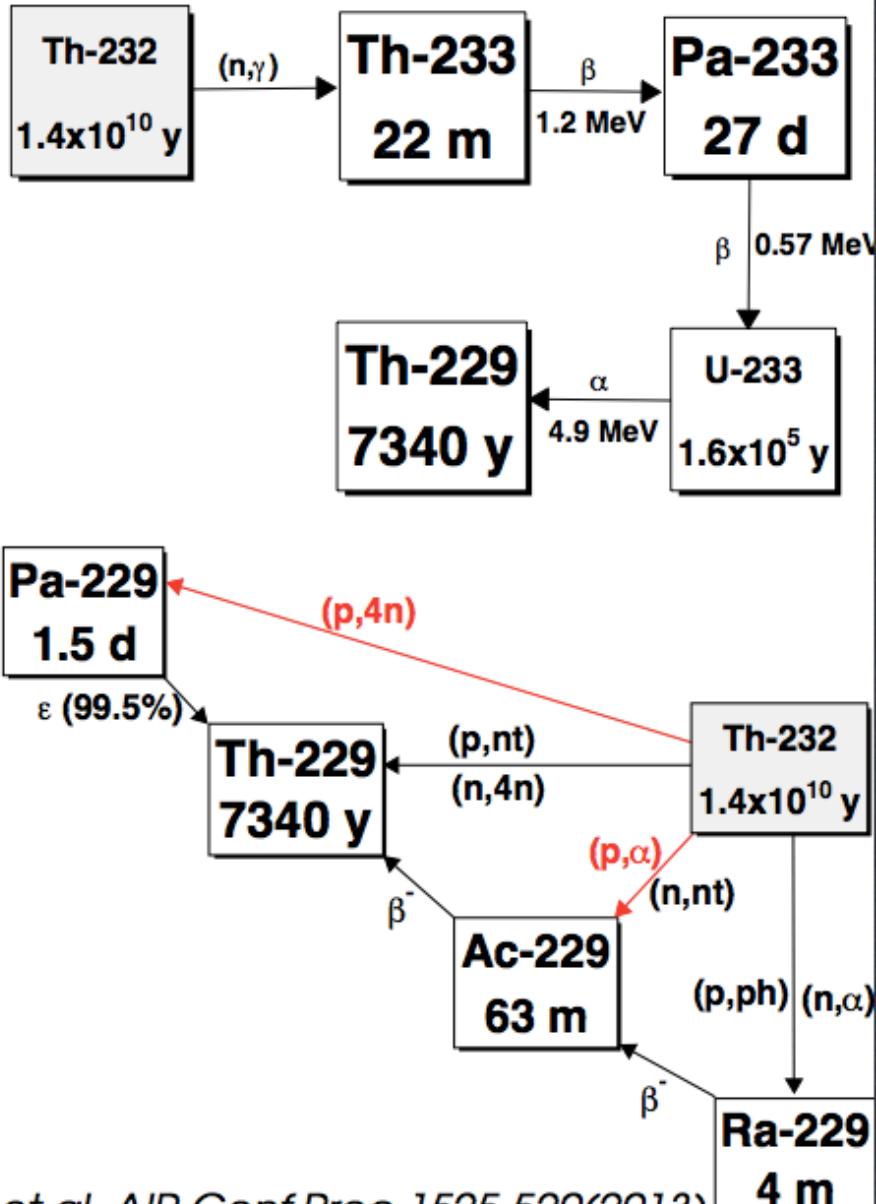
- ① from  $^{233}\text{U}$  stockpiles,  
e.g. from HTGR (Germany,89)  
or PWR (USA,80) reactors,  
in 10 y aged material  
fraction of  $^{229}\text{Th}$  is  $4 \times 10^{-5}$ ,



Accelerator based:

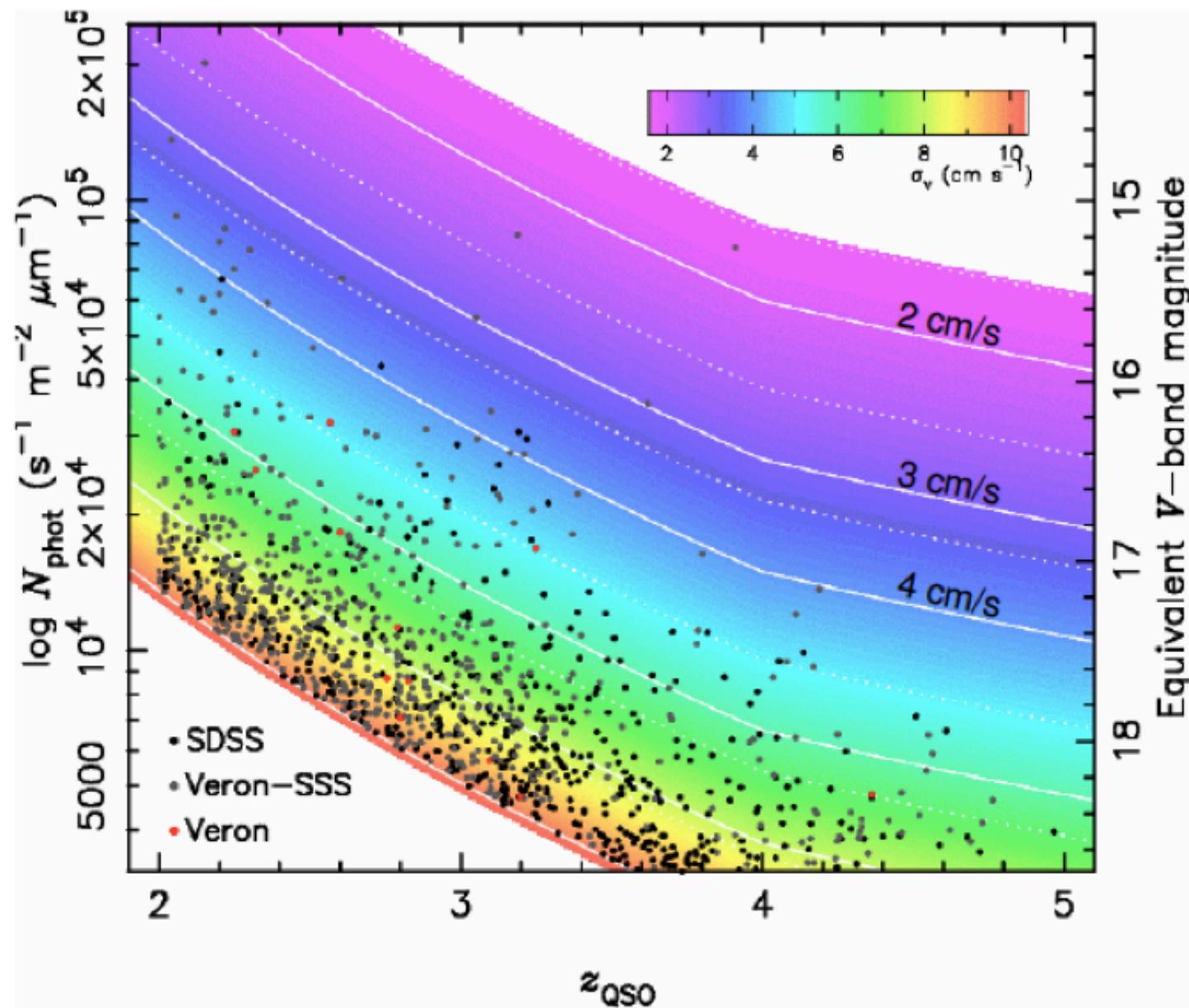
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at SPES (LNL) applicative line:  
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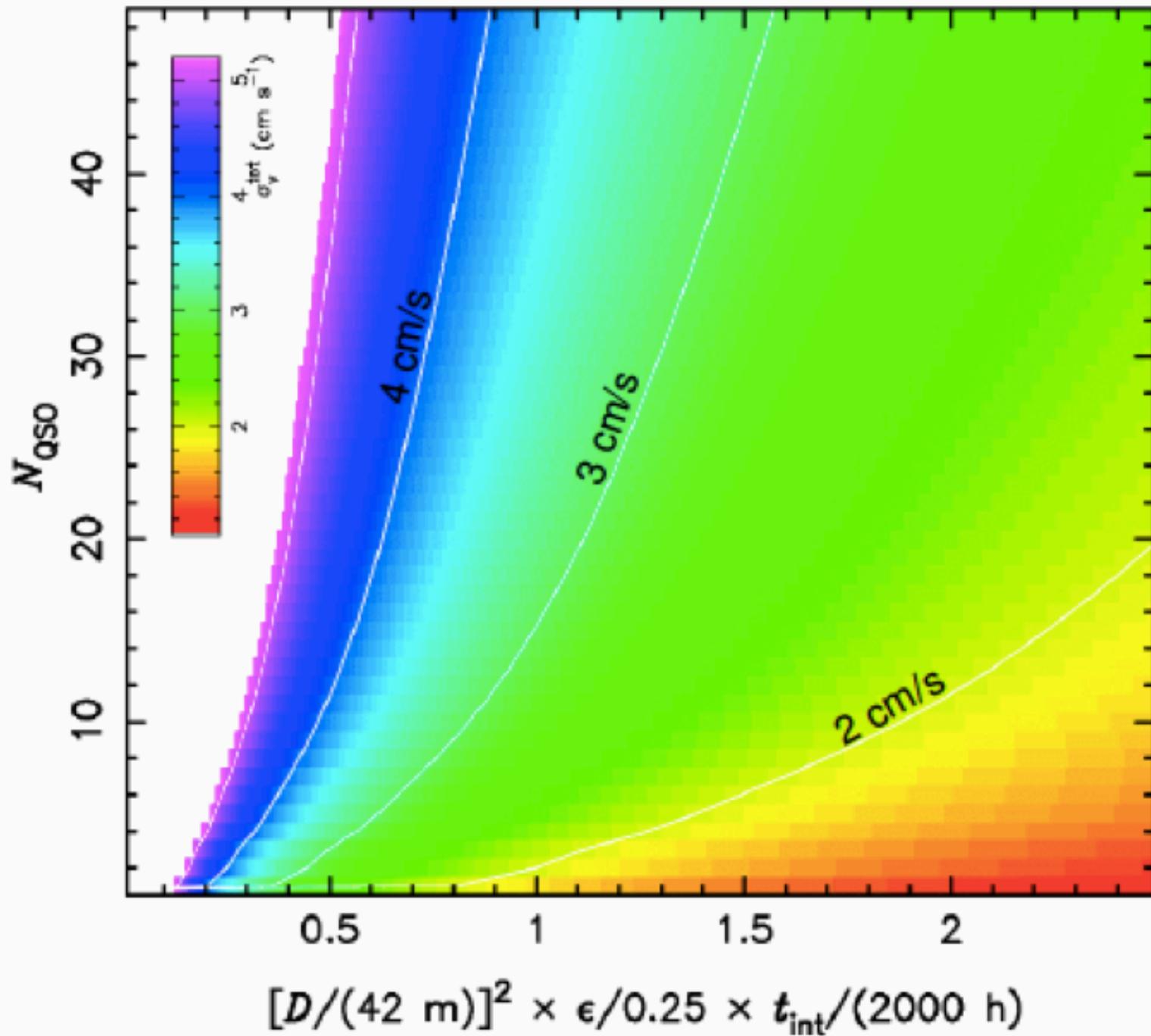
Disposal of FFs and  $^{227,228}\text{Th}$ .<sup>1</sup> C.Jost et al., AIP Conf.Proc. 1525, 520(2013).

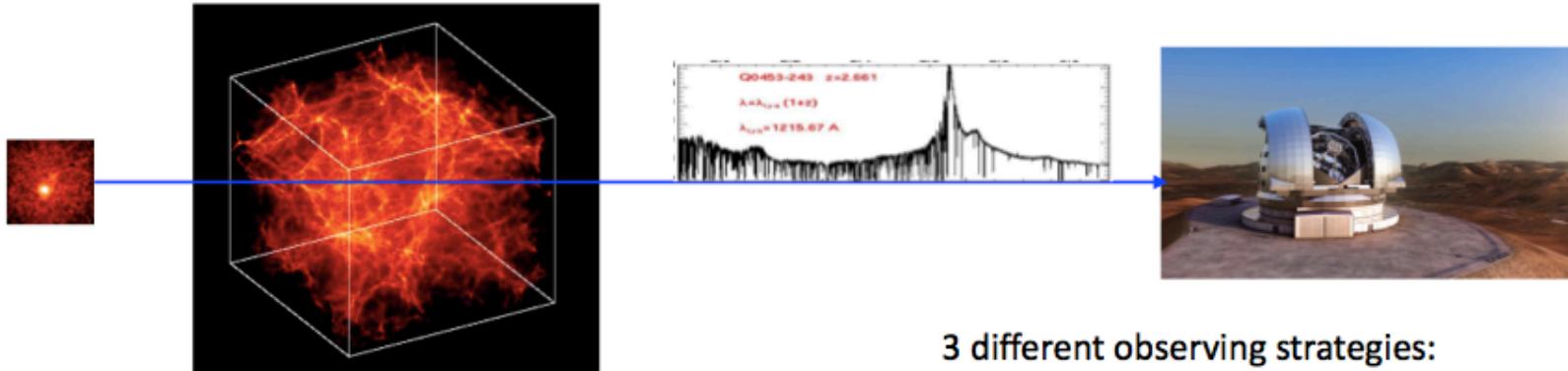




## Are there enough photons?



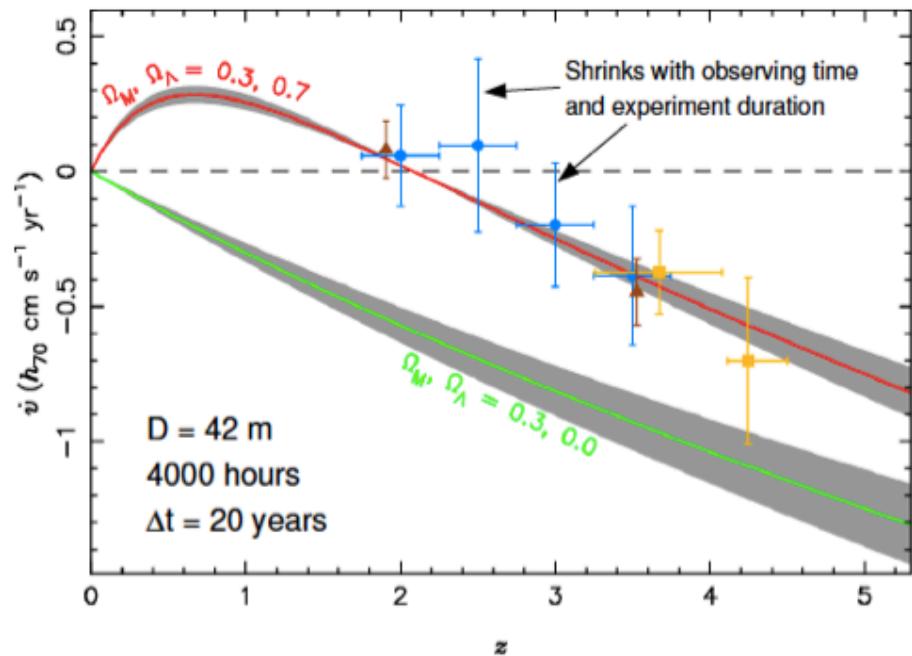




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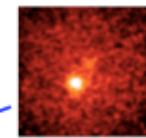
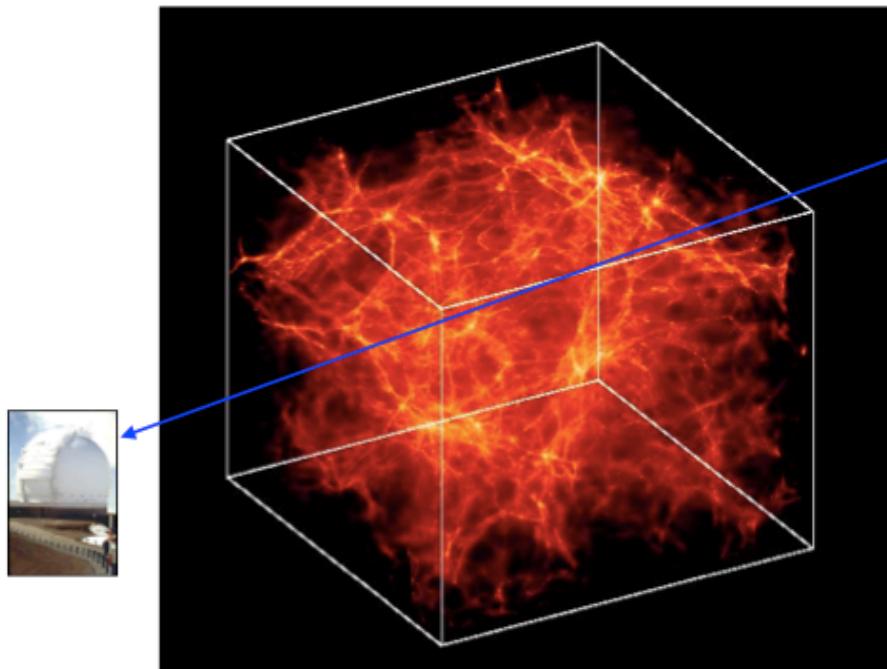
$$\dot{z} = (1+z)H_0 - H(z)$$

$$\dot{v} = \dot{z}c/(1+z) \quad \xrightarrow{\text{blue arrow}}$$



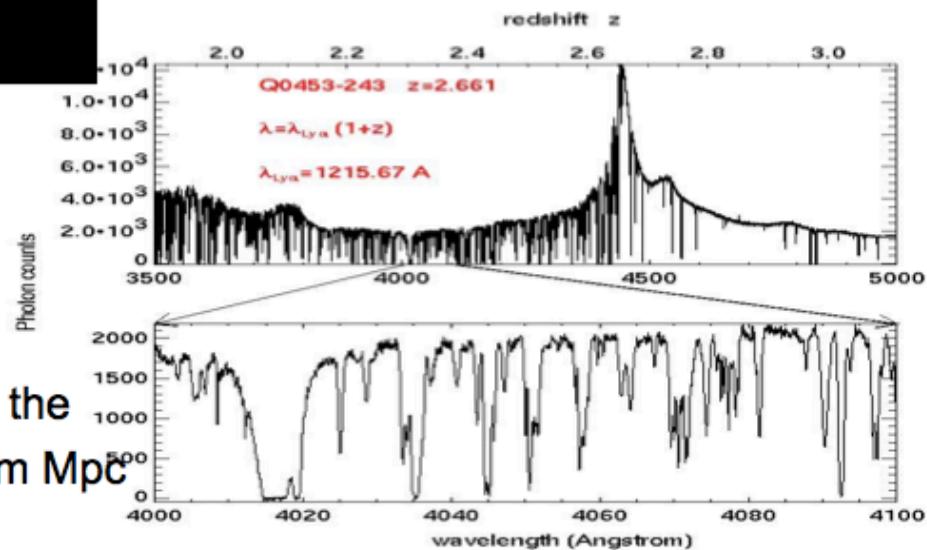
Sandage 1962, Loeb 1998, Liske+ 08

## The Intergalactic Medium: Theory vs. Observations



80 % of the baryons at  $z=3$   
are in the **Lyman- $\alpha$  forest**

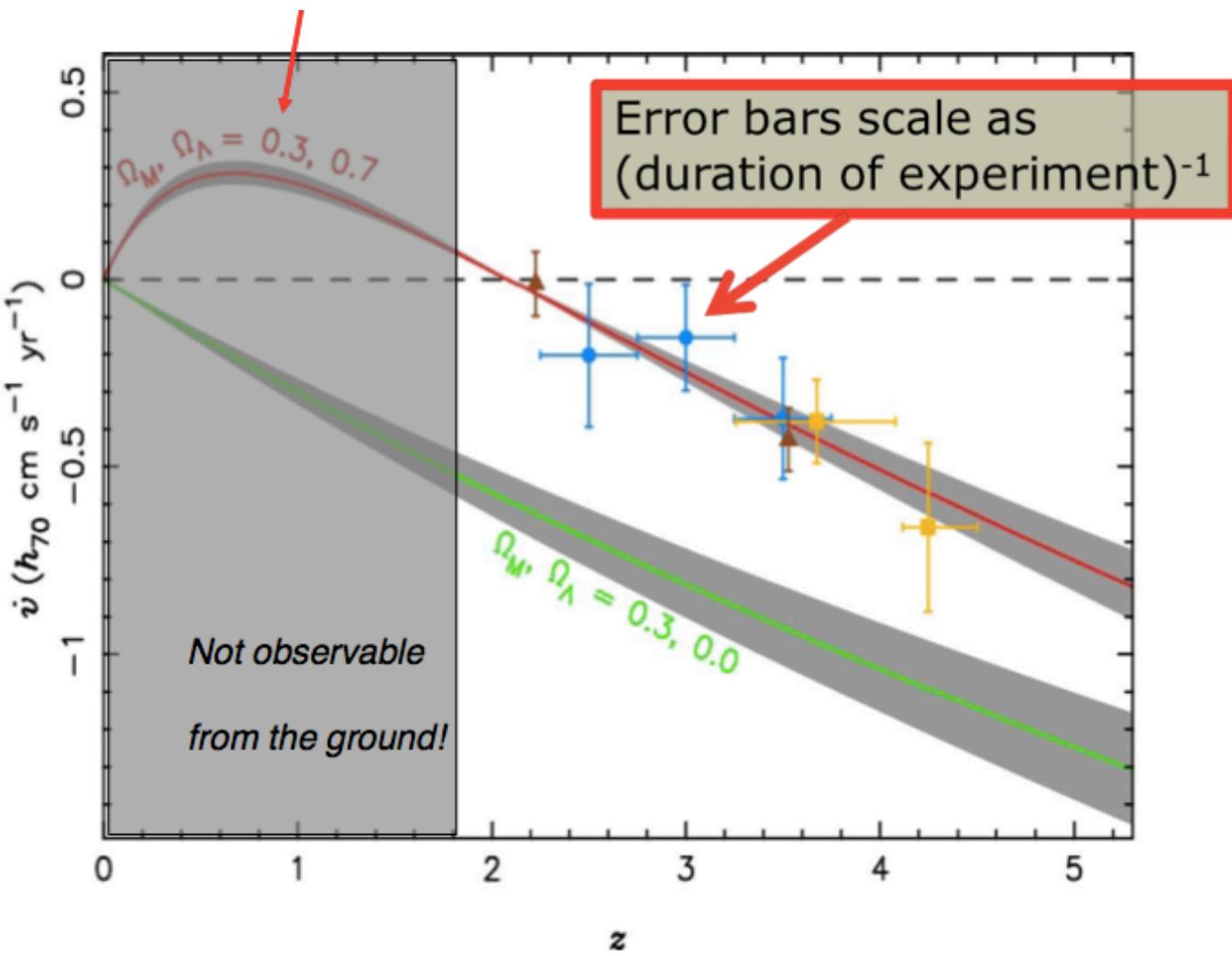
Bi & Davidsen (1997), Rauch (1998)  
Review by Meiksin (2009)



baryons as tracer of the dark matter density field

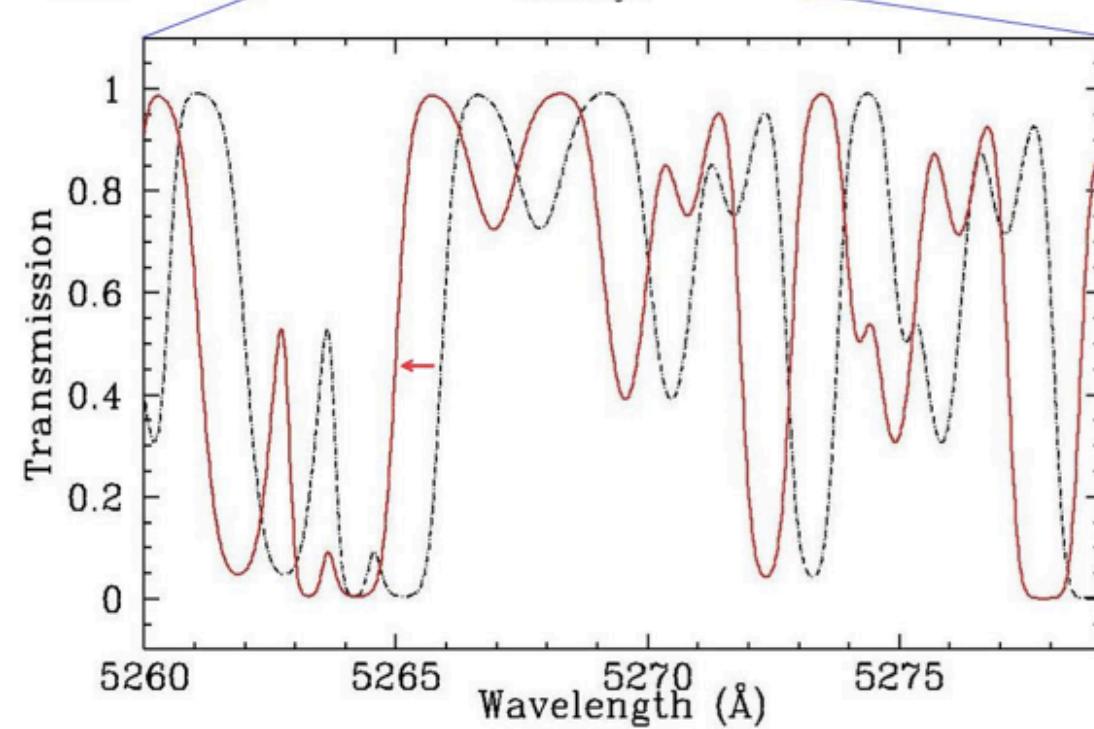
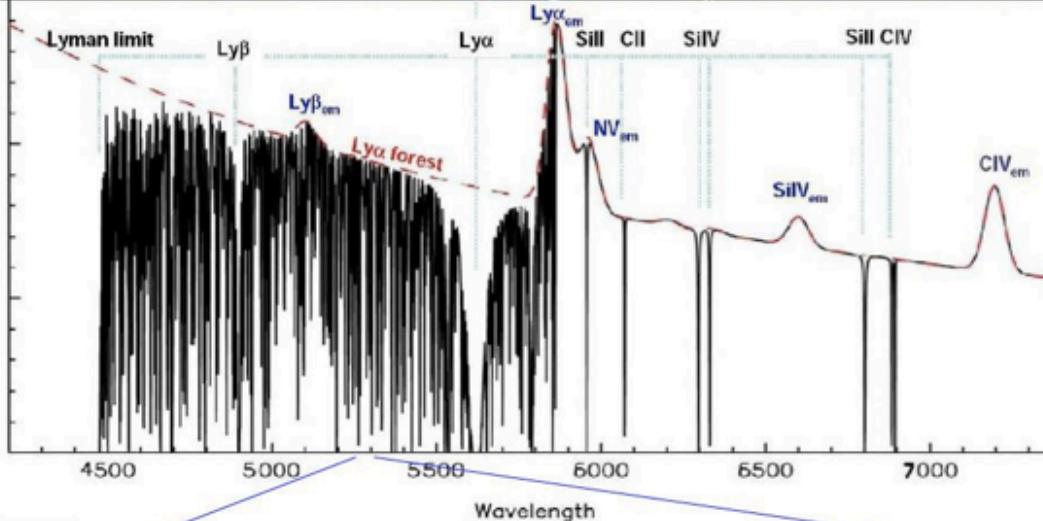
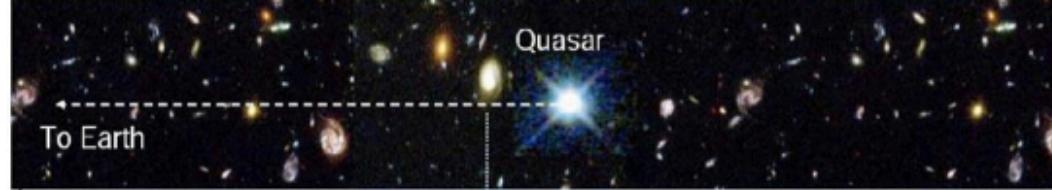
$\delta_{\text{IGM}} \sim \delta_{\text{DM}}$  at scales larger than the  
Jeans length  $\sim 1 \text{ com Mpc}$

$\tau \sim (\delta_{\text{IGM}})^{1.6} T^{-0.7}$



- Different coloured points reflect different targeting strategies
- 4000 hrs on 39-m E-ELT over 21.5 years, or
- 1200 hrs on 39-m E-ELT over 40 years

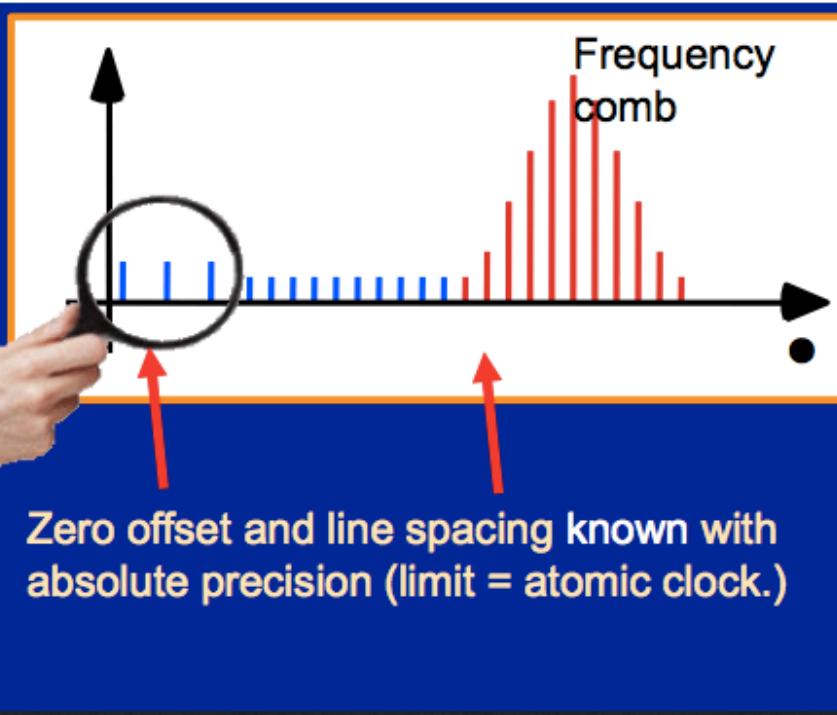
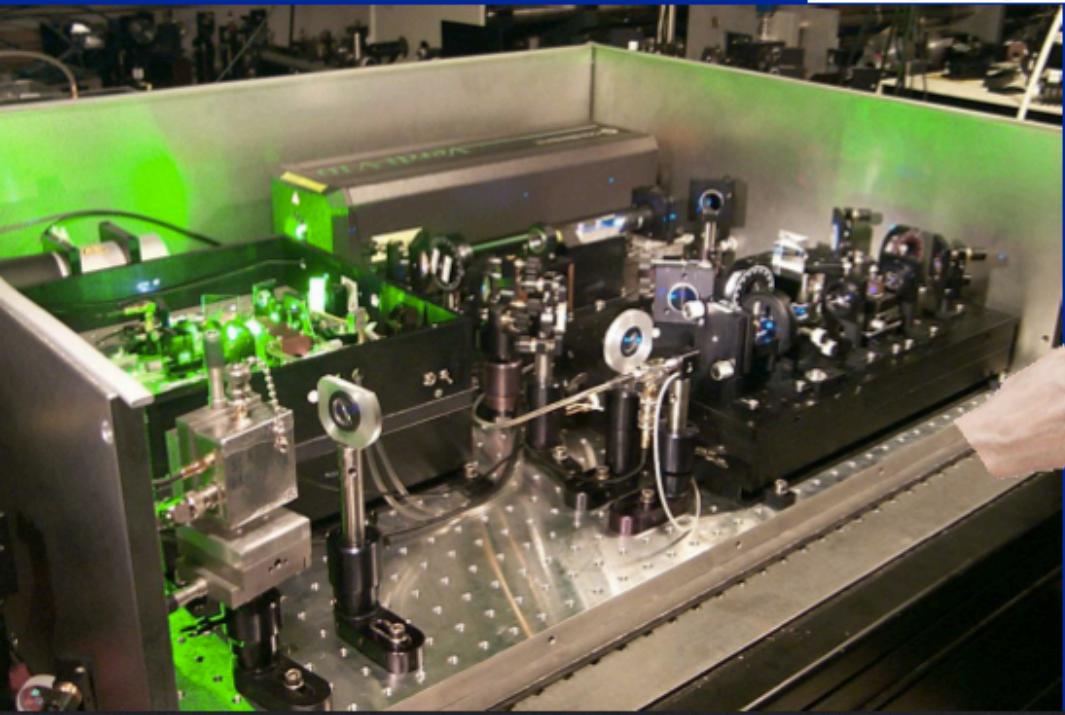
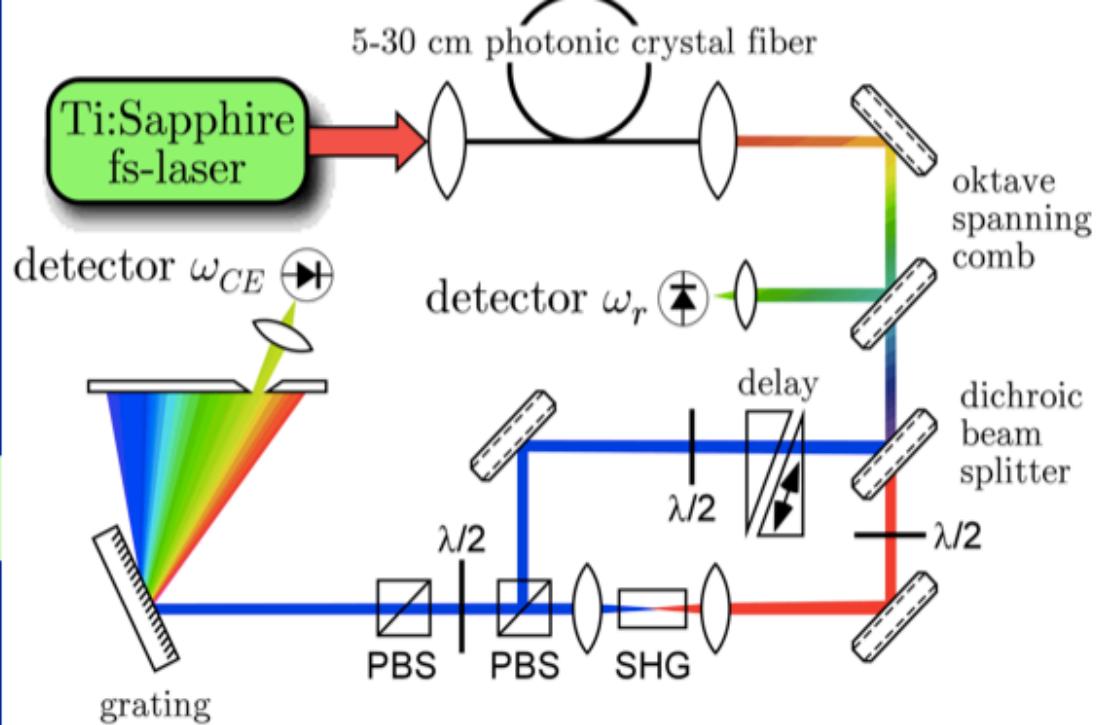
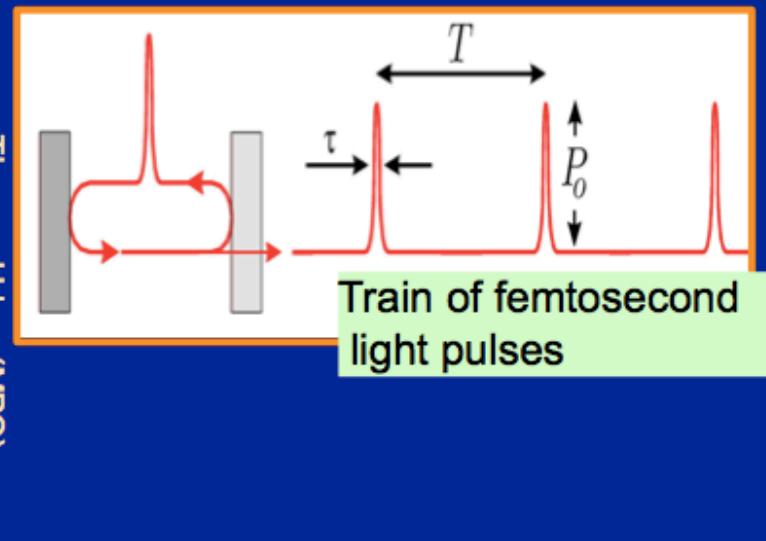
Pasquini et al. 2005, Cristiani et al. 2007, Liske et al. 2008



The Lyman Forest  
Today and ...  
... years after

# Laser Comb

Thomas Udem (MPQ)



# Measurement of lowest $^{229}\text{Th}$ level

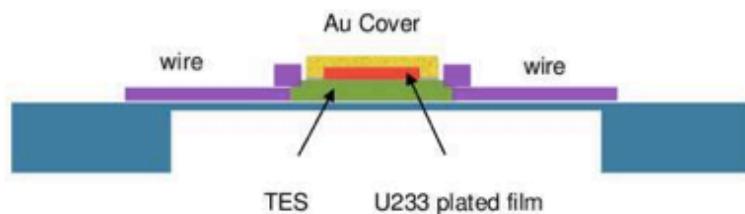
- 1  $^{233}\text{U}$  target activity,

$$A_\alpha = 0.35 \times M_U[\text{ng}] .$$

- 2 ~2% decay into 7.6 eV level,
- 3  $\mu$ calorimeter,
- 4 signal length 1 ms ( $R < 100 \text{ Hz} \rightarrow M_U < 300 \text{ ng}$ ),
- 5 resolution  $< 1 \text{ eV}$  ( $M_U < 43 \text{ ng}$ ),

$$\sigma_E \sim \sqrt{kT^2 C} \sim 0.15 \text{ eV} \sqrt{M_U[\text{ng}]} .$$

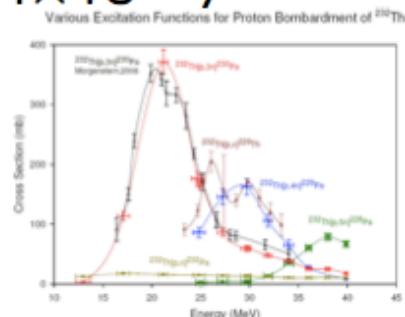
- 6 calibration 6.2, 11.6, 19.8 eV U atomic levels,
- 7 background.



# Production of $^{229}\text{Th}$

Reactor based:

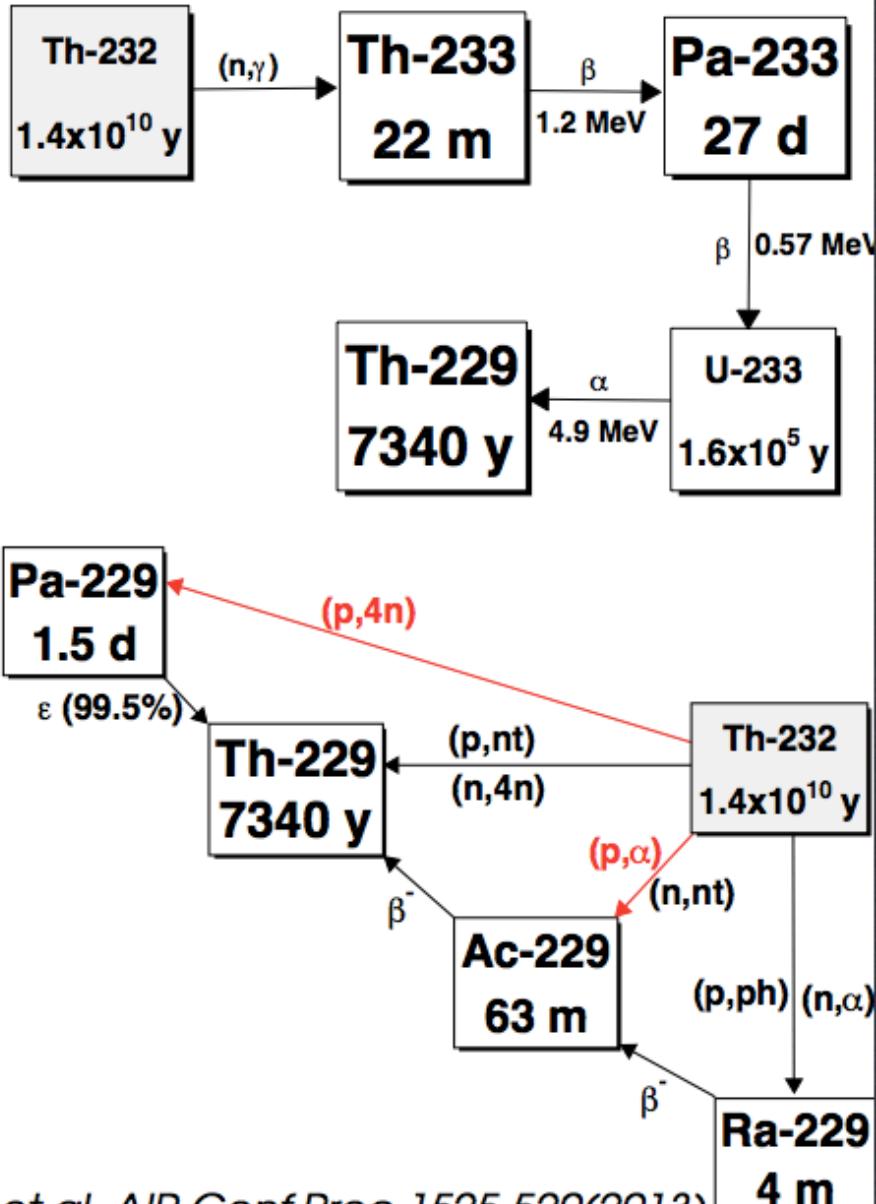
- ① from  $^{233}\text{U}$  stockpiles,  
e.g. from HTGR (Germany,89)  
or PWR (USA,80) reactors,  
in 10 y aged material  
fraction of  $^{229}\text{Th}$  is  $4 \times 10^{-5}$ ,



Accelerator based:

- ②  $^{232}\text{Th}(p, 4n)$  and  $^{232}\text{Th}(n, \alpha)$   
at SPES (LNL) applicative line:  
35 MeV, 0.5 mA proton beam,  
1.5 mm thick  $^{232}\text{Th}$  target (22 g),  
production  $\sigma(p, 4n) \simeq 100 \text{ mb}^{-1}$ ,  
 $8.3 \times 10^{17}$  atoms of  $^{229}\text{Th}$   
in 1 week of irradiation.

Disposal of FFs and  $^{227,228}\text{Th}$ .<sup>1</sup> C.Jost et al., AIP Conf.Proc. 1525, 520(2013).



$$\lambda_{ALP} (\text{mm})$$

5

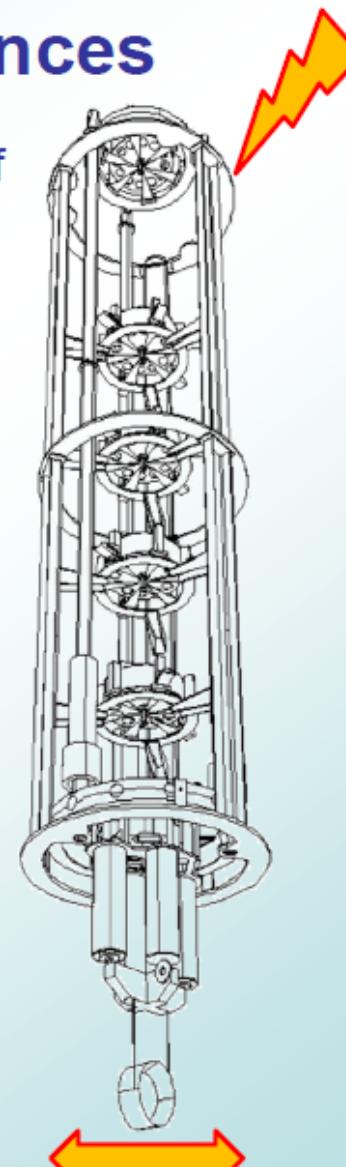
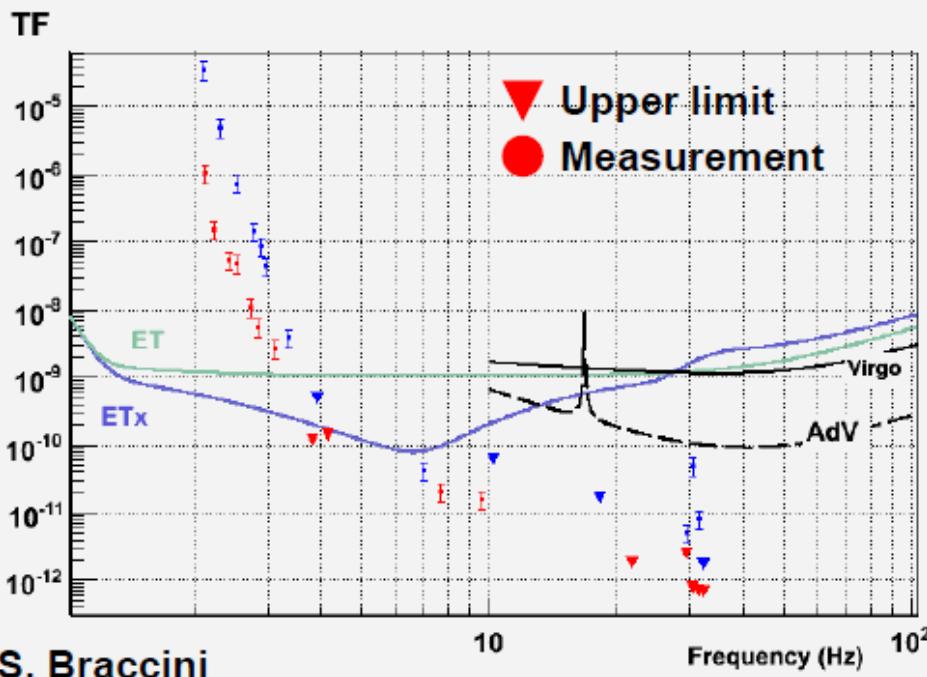
0.5

0.05



## Super attenuator performances

- Direct measurements (or upper limits) of the coupling of excitations at top stage to mirror motion
- Does not include additional effect of inverted pendulum pre-isolation stage (resonance about 40 mHz)



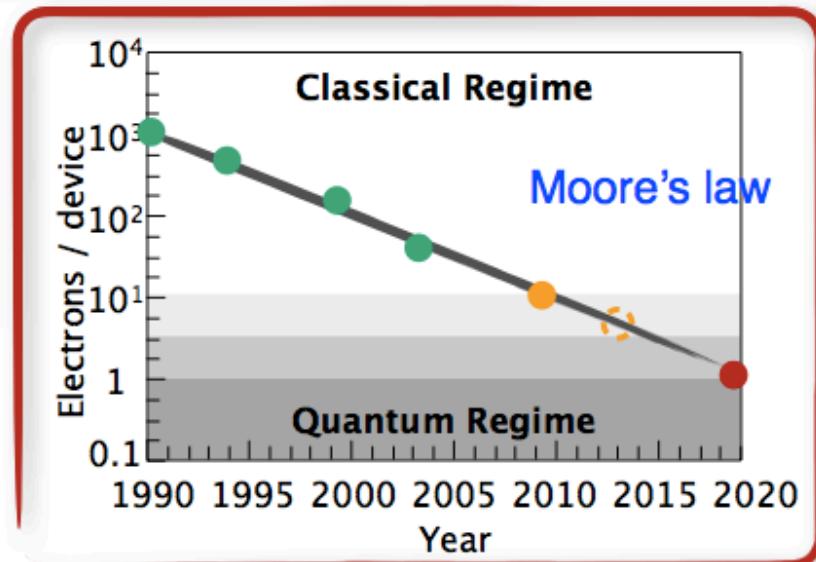
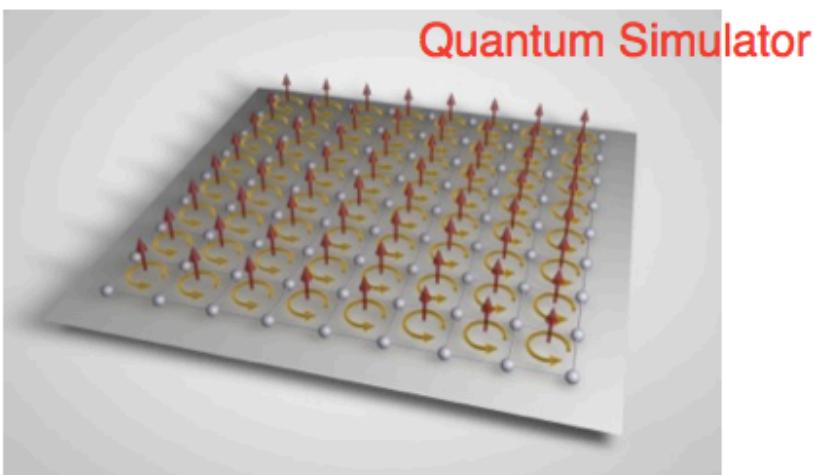
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# Fundamental Physics

- Cosmological Axions & ALPS
- Experimental Gravitational
- Nuclear Clock based on Isomeric Nuclear States
- Dark Energy : Frequency Comb & NIR TES

# Quantum Simulations

- Lattice Gauge Theories
- Quantum Technologies
- Role of European and Italian collaborations



# Topics to discuss

- Quantum Metrology
- Quantum Imaging
- Quantum Communication
- Spintronics
- Photonics
- Quantum Opto-Mechanics

# Vacuum Energy?

$$\rho_{vac} \propto \int_0^{L_p} d^3k \frac{\hbar\omega}{2} \approx 5 \times 10^{93} \frac{\text{Kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

where to cut off?

Planck length:  $L_p = \sqrt{\frac{G\hbar}{c^3}} = 4.1 \times 10^{-35} \text{ m}$

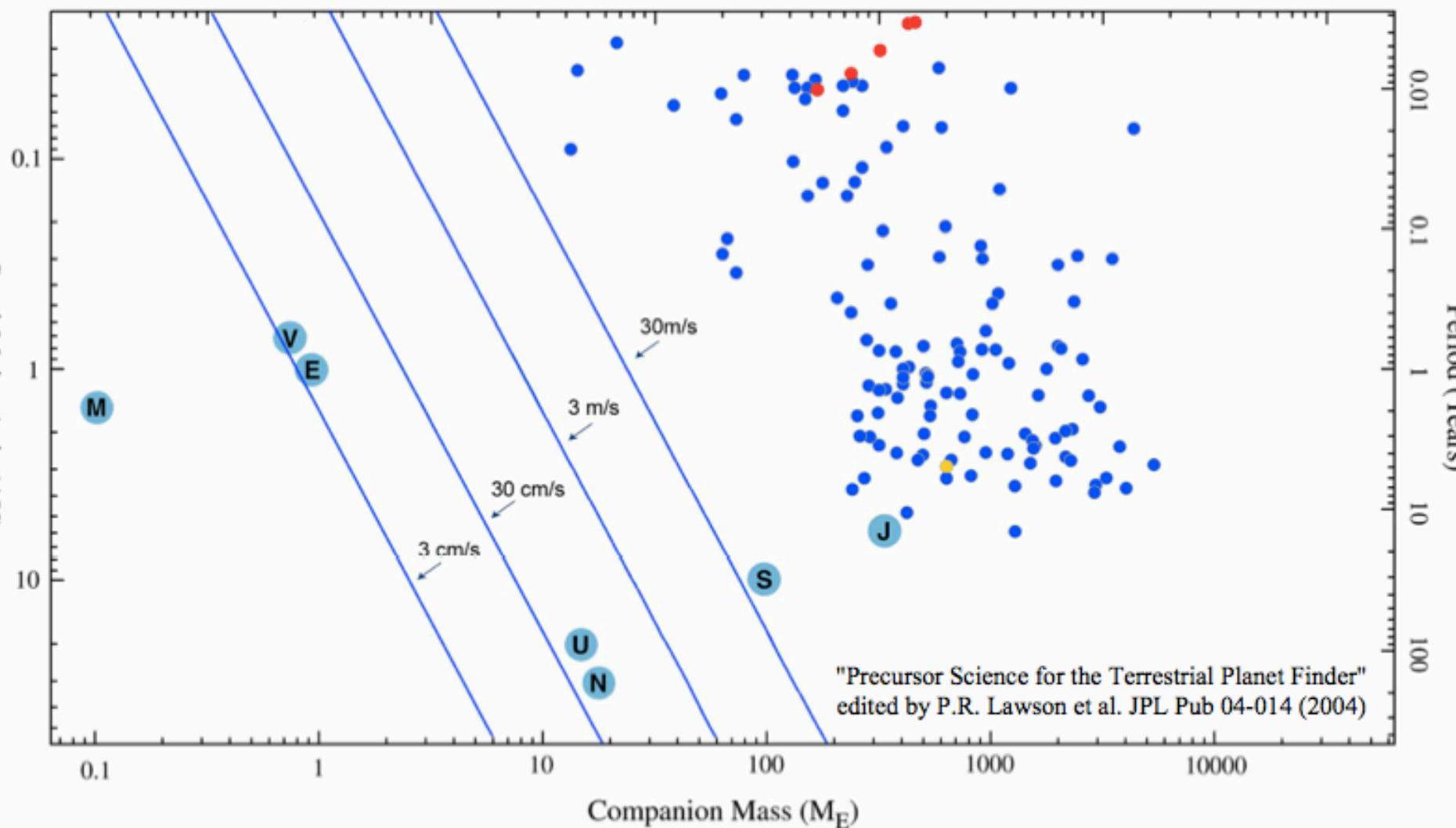
about 120 orders of magnitude too large!\*

\*Greatest embarrassment in all of theoretical physics. (Michael Turner *Physics Today* 4/2003)

cosmic acceleration  $\sim 1 \text{cm/sec per year.}^{**}$

\*\*might be measurable with good calibration

# Extrasolar Planets discovered so far



Planets discovered by radial velocity (blue), transit (red) and microlensing (yellow)

# Possible Drift of the Fine Structure Constant

