

ADVANCED GENERATION OF THz AND X-RAY BEAMS USING COMPACT ELECTRON ACCELERATOR

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(“Advanced Generation of THz and X-ray” AGTaX collaboration)

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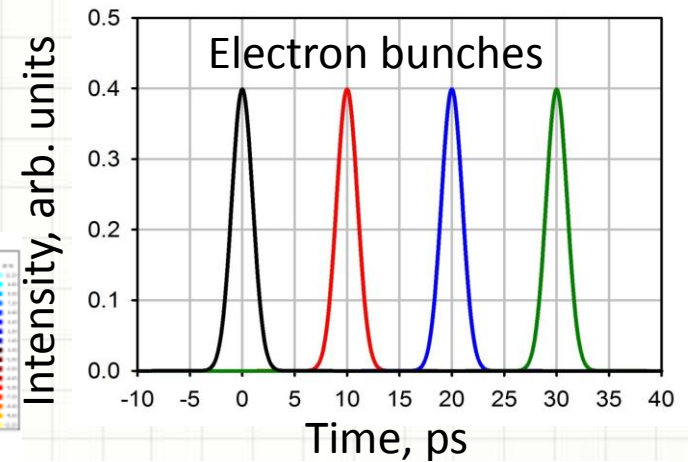
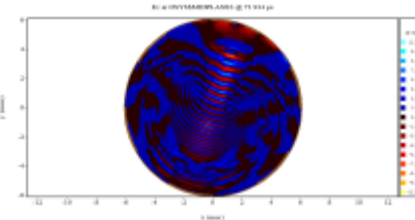
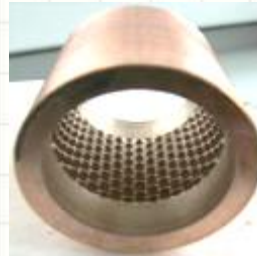
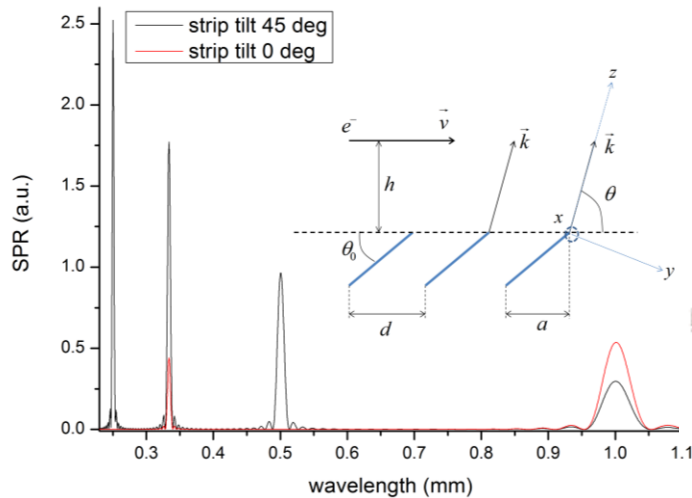
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Channeling 2016, VIII AGTaX, 30 September, 2016

Outline

- FEL introduction
- THz FEL RF Gun laser system
- Pre-bunched beam dynamics
- Pre-bunched beam diagnostics
- THz resonator
- Conclusion, Plans, Schedule

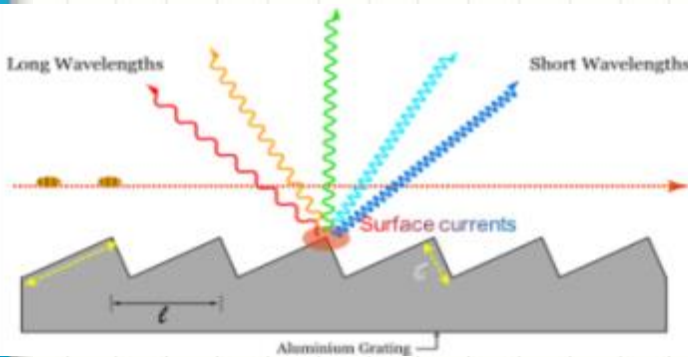
Additional motivation



$$\frac{d^2 W_{tot}^s}{d\omega d\Omega} = \frac{d^2 W_{sing}}{d\omega d\Omega} N_e (1 + (N_e - 1) |f_l(\omega)|^2)$$



$$\frac{d^2 W_{tot}^s}{d\omega d\Omega} = \frac{d^2 W_{sing}}{d\omega d\Omega} N_e \left(1 + (N_e - 1) \frac{\sin^2 \left[\frac{N_b \omega \lambda_{RF}}{2\beta c} \right]}{\sin^2 \left[\frac{\omega \lambda_{RF}}{2\beta c} \right]} |f_l(\omega)|^2 \right)$$



GI & TaX collaboration network

- “Advanced Generation of THz and X-ray” collaboration started in 2013.
- It brings together different communities working on the simulation, generation and experimental investigation of high-brightness THz and Compton X-ray beams.
- Based on several MoUs the following research strategy was agreed:
 - Construction of a stable and tunable laser system for RF gun development and THz radiation sources tests based on modern technology.
 - Build a broad collaborative network among leading institutions worldwide.
 - Develop state-of-the-art tunable coherent THz radiation sources on the basis of a compact (preferably table-top) accelerator.
- Collaboration experiments were started in 2015 at KEK LUCX.
- Seven collaboration meetings were held 2 times a year at almost every collaborator’s institutions: KEK – 2013.03, RREPS13 (conference session) – 2013.09, MEPhI – 2014.05, SPbSU – 2014.10, Oxford – 2015.03, RREPS15 (conference session) – 2015.09 and KEK -2016.03.
- Future meetings are considered as follows: 2016.09 – Channeling2016 (conference session), 2017.02 – IUAC, 2017.09 – Wuhan University.
- Collaboration supported by:
 - Leverhulme Trust Network “Advanced Research on Generation of THz and X-ray Radiation” (IN 2015 012)
 - JSPS KAKENHI grant numbers 23226020 and 24654076 (Finished April 2016)
 - JSPS – RFBS bi-lateral research program

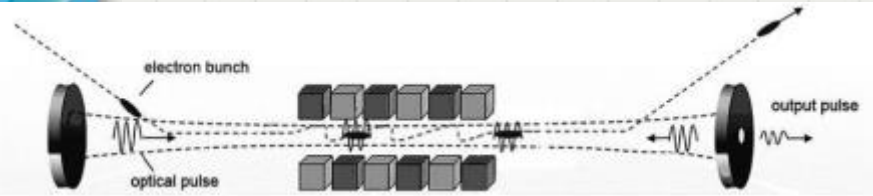


Channeling 2016, VII GI & TaX, 30 September, 2016

Pre-bunched THz FEL introduction

Madey, John, "Stimulated emission of bremsstrahlung in a periodic magnetic field". J. Appl. Phys. 42, 1906 (1971)

Madey, John, Stimulated emission of radiation in periodically deflected electron beam, US Patent 38 22 410,1974



Wavelength of FEL radiation:

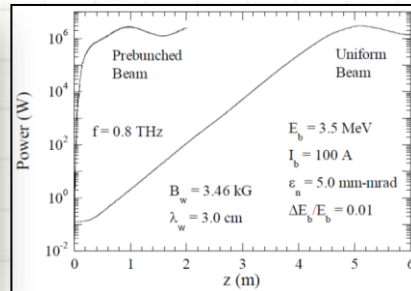
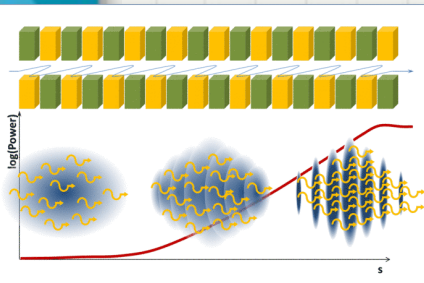
$$\lambda (cm^{-1}) = \frac{\lambda_w}{2\gamma^2} \left(1 + \frac{K^2}{2}\right)$$

λ_w – period of undulator (cm)

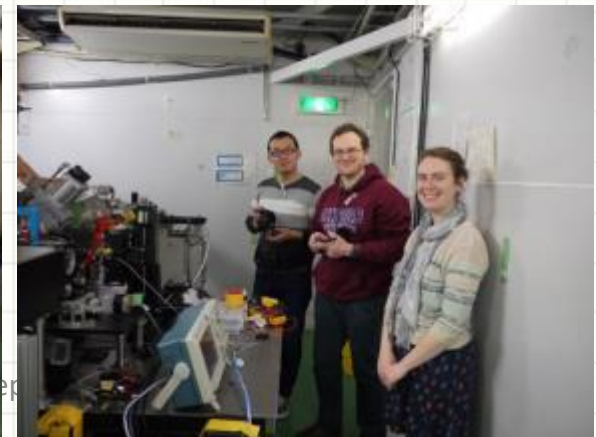
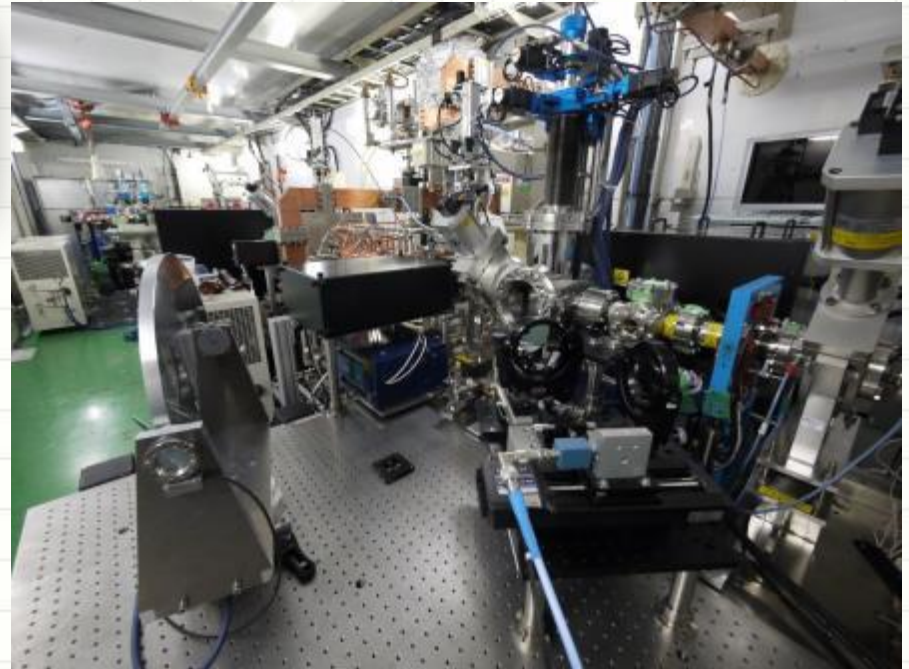
$\gamma = E/E_0$ – relativistic factor

$K = 0.93 B_0 \lambda_w$

B – magnetic field in undulator (T)



Simulation of Henry Freund



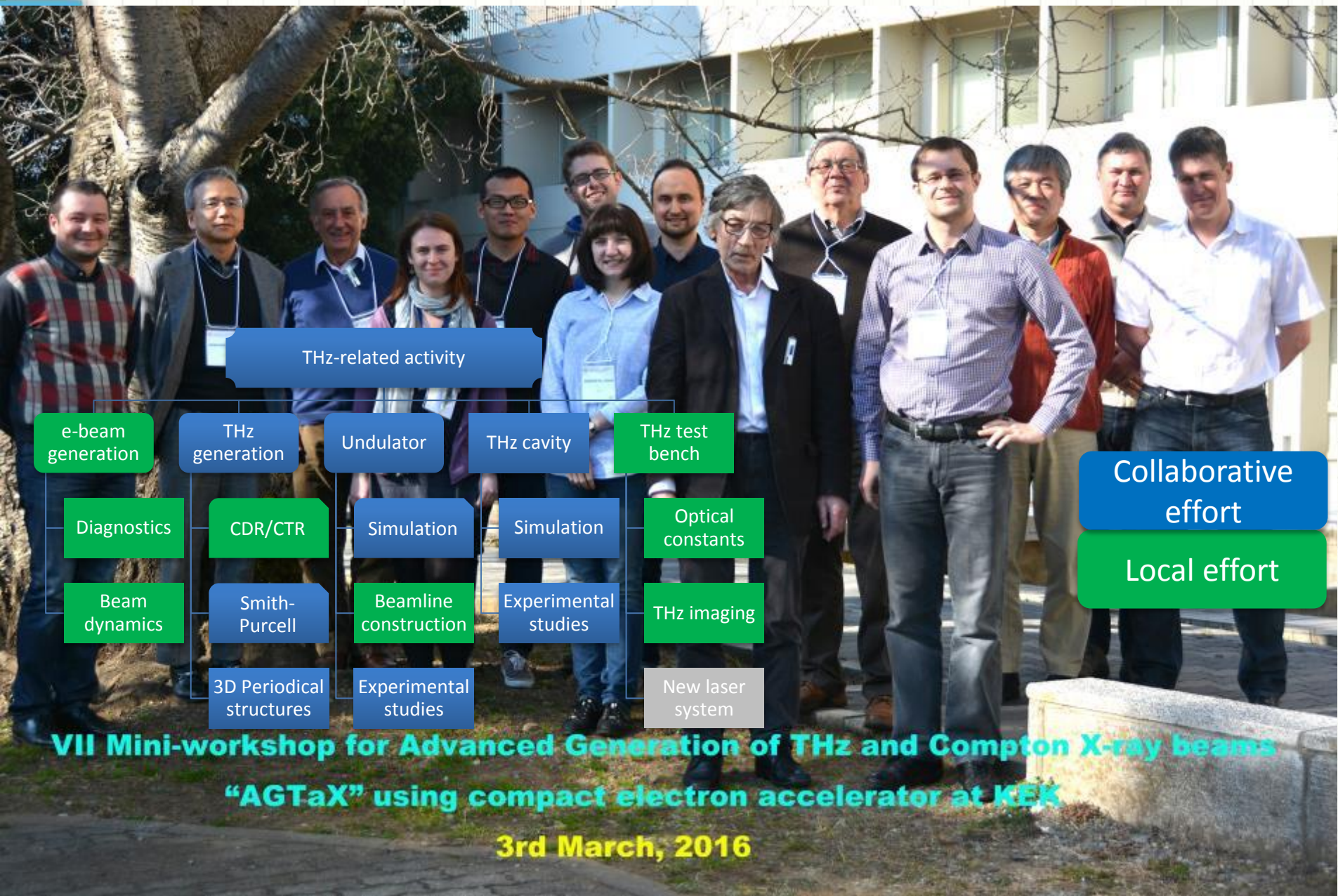
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- Ti:Sa laser
- e-bunch rms length $\sim 100\text{fs}$
- e-bunch charge $< 100\text{pC}$
- Single bunch train, Micro-bunching 4-16 (4 is confirmed)
- Typical Rep. rate 3.13 Hz
- Experiments: THz program

- “Picosecond mode”

- Q-switch Nd:YAG laser
- e-bunch rms length $\sim 10\text{ps}$
- e-bunch charge $< 0.5\text{ nC}$
- Multi-bunch train 2- few 10^3
- Max Rep. rate 12.5 Hz
- Experiments: Compton, CDR





Conclusion & Summary

- Following electron beam parameters @ THz station were confirmed:
 - Energy ~ 8.5 MeV
 - Energy spread < 1 % rms
 - Transverse rms beam size @ THz station $\sim 500 \times 500$ μm
 - Bunch length ~ 250 fs (4 micro-bunch average)
 - Number of micro-bunches – 4
 - Minimum micro-bunch time separation ~ 250 fs
 - Micro-train charge (4 micro-bunches) ~ 100 pC

Resources

- Skype
 - Aryshev Alexander : alarkek
- E-mails
 - Aryshev Alexander : alar@post.kek.jp

Thank you for your attention

