



# CKM

# 2008

5th Workshop on the Unitary Triangle  
Università degli Studi di Roma, "La Sapienza"

## Experimental Results for $\varepsilon_K$ and $\text{Re}(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon_K)$

Caterina Bloise  
Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati dell'INFN

# CP violation with Kaons

- CP violation established in the K sector through,

- Charge asymmetry in semileptonic decays:  $A_L$ ,  $A_T$

- $K_L \rightarrow \pi\pi$ :  $\eta_{+-}$ ,  $\eta_{00}$

- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\gamma$ :  $\eta_{+-\gamma}$

- $K_L \rightarrow \pi\pi e\bar{e}$ :

$$A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi} = \frac{N_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi > 0} - N_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi < 0}}{N_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi > 0} + N_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi < 0}}$$

- CP violating processes are dominated by mass mixing, described by  $\varepsilon_K$
- Direct CP violation observed by the measurement of a tiny difference between  $\eta_{+-}$  and  $\eta_{00}$
- Described by the  $\varepsilon'$  parameter

$$\frac{|\eta_{00}|}{|\eta_{+-}|} = 0.9950 \pm 0.0008 \cong 1 - 3 \text{Re}(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)$$

# CP-violating observables

$$A_L = \frac{\Gamma(K_L \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu) - \Gamma(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \nu)}{\Gamma(K_L \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu) + \Gamma(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \nu)} \cong 2 \text{Re}(\varepsilon)$$

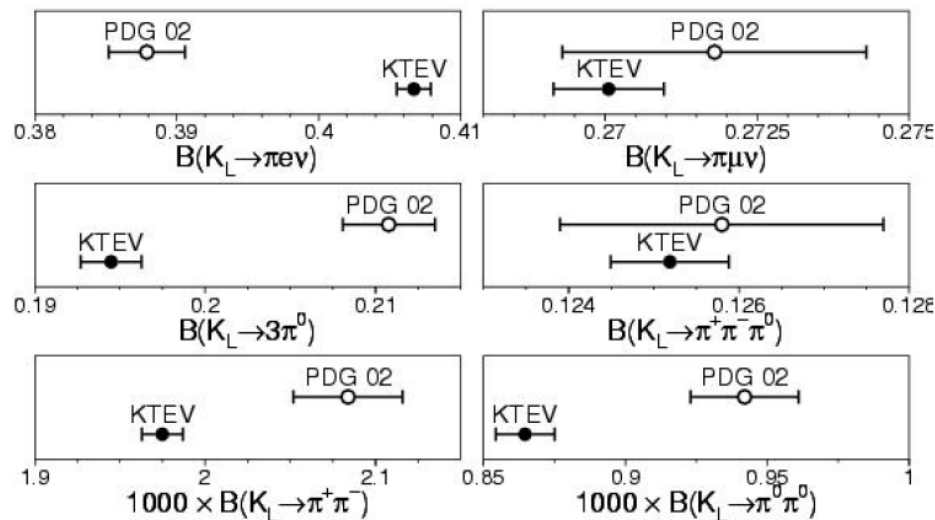
$$A_T = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{K}^0_{(t=0)} \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu) - \Gamma(K^0_{(t=0)} \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \nu)}{\Gamma(\bar{K}^0_{(t=0)} \rightarrow \pi^- e^+ \nu) + \Gamma(K^0_{(t=0)} \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \nu)} \cong 4 \text{Re}(\varepsilon)$$

$$\eta_{+-} = \frac{A(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)}{A(K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)} \cong \varepsilon + \varepsilon' \qquad \eta_{00} = \frac{A(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)}{A(K_S \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0)} \cong \varepsilon - 2 \varepsilon'$$

- Recent measurements include  $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-)$ ,  $\text{Re}(\varepsilon' / \varepsilon_K)$ ,  $A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi}$
- The improvements on  $K_L$ ,  $K_S$  branching fractions, the first measurement of  $A_S$ , the charge asymmetry in  $K_S$  semileptonic decays, contributed to the knowledge of  $\text{Re}(\varepsilon_K)$  (and in testing CPT symmetry) through the constraint imposed by unitarity (Bell-Steinberg relation, BSR)

# CP-violation: recent results

- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ 
  - KLOE: PLB 638 (2006) 140
  - NA48: PLB 645 (2007) 26
- $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$ 
  - KTeV: Moriond Electroweak, La Thuile, March 08, HQL08, Melbourne, June

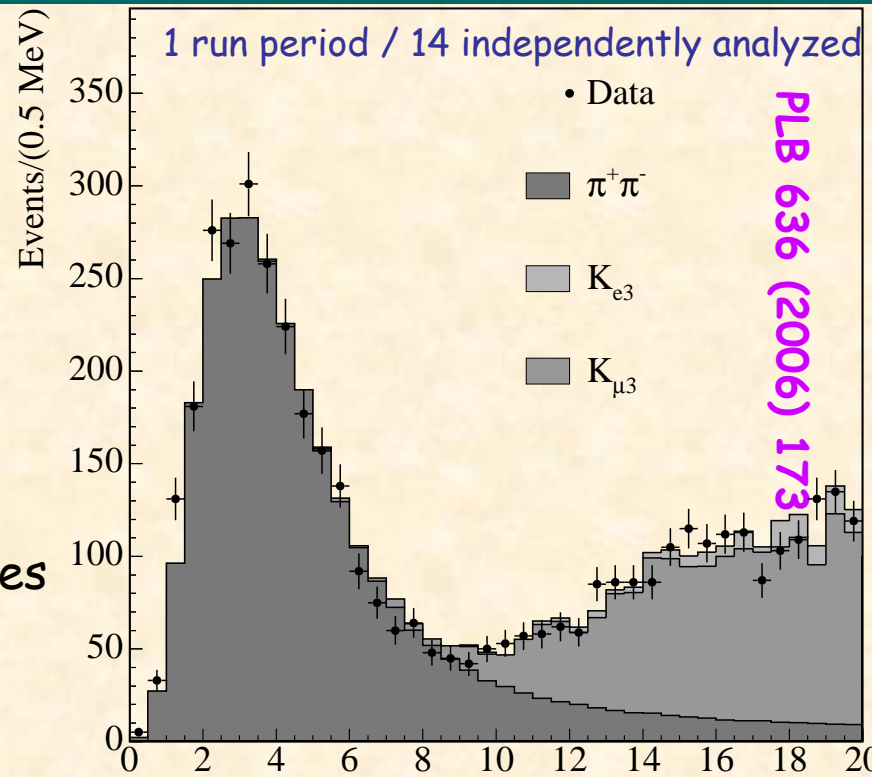


KTeV: PRD70 (2004) 092006

- $\text{Re}(\epsilon)$ 
  - KLOE: JHEP 0612 (2006) 011
  - PDG: PLB 667 (2008) 1 ["CPT invariance tests in Neutral Kaon Decay"]
  - Flavianet: Capri Workshop, June 2008
- CP-violating angular asymmetry  $A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi}$  in  $K_L \rightarrow e^+e^- \pi^+\pi^-$  decays
  - KTeV: PRL 96 (2006) 101801

# KLOE: BR ( $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ )

- Measurement of the ratio  $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) / \text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi\mu\nu)$
- $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$  tagged by  $K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$
- Closest approach to the tagging direction considered for neg/pos tracks separately
- Radiative events (IB and DE contrib.) included in the simulation
- Efficiencies from MC distributions
- MC distrib. corrected for data/MC discrepancy as measured by control samples of  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$  and  $K_L \rightarrow \pi e\nu$
- Systematics from data/MC control procedure include MC and control-sample statistics



**Branching ratio** inclusive of radiative decays (IB and DE)

$$\sqrt{(E_{\text{miss}}^2 + P_{\text{miss}}^2)}$$

$$\text{BR} ( K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- (\gamma) ) = ( 1.963 \pm 0.012_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.017_{\text{syst}} ) 10^{-3}$$

**Amplitude ratio**

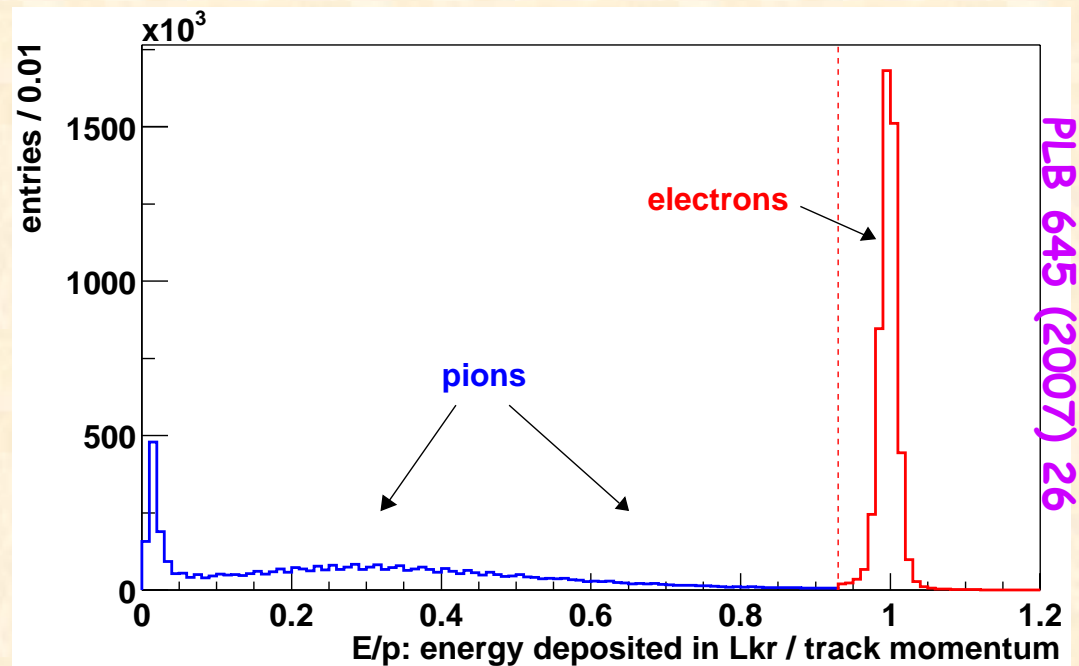
fractional error: 1.1% = 0.6%<sub>stat</sub>  $\oplus$  0.9%<sub>syst</sub>

$$| \eta_{+-} | = ( 2.219 \pm 0.013 ) 10^{-3}$$



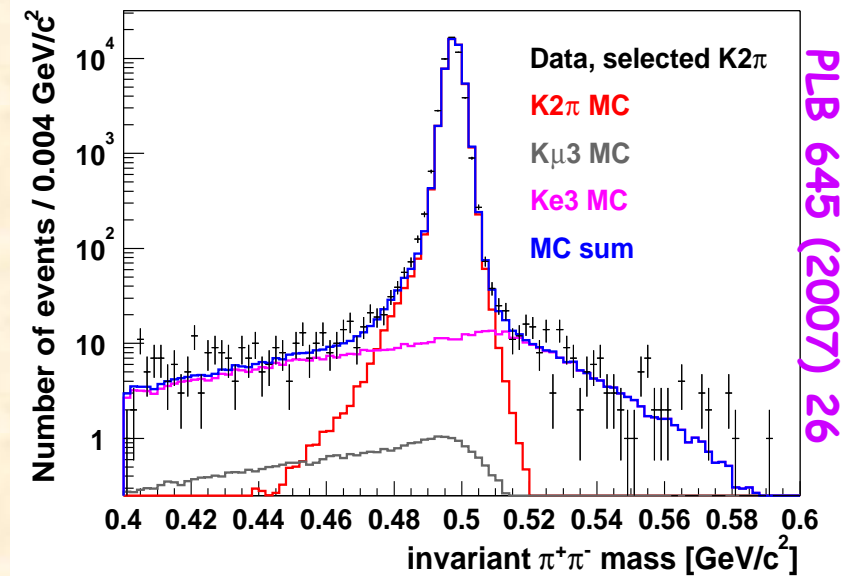
# NA48 results on $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

- Measurement of the ratio  $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) / \text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi e\nu)$
- Data sample for the measurement of  $\text{BR}(K_{e3})$
- Two tracks of opposite charge at small DoCA
- Background from  $K_L \rightarrow \pi e\nu$  and  $K_L \rightarrow \pi\mu\nu$  suppressed by  $p_T$  cut  $E/p$  cut (for  $e^\pm$ ), muon-counter response (for  $\mu^\pm$ )
- Trigger efficiency from downscaled samples
- MC simulation of the relevant distributions for efficiency evaluation of the analysis cuts corrected using control samples



# NA48: BR ( $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ )

- Background subtraction from sidebands of the  $M_{\pi\pi}$  distribution (0.5% correction)
- A final correction to the ratio of +0.04% has been applied and the total systematic error associated to the ratio is 0.33%



$$\frac{\Gamma(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)}{\Gamma(K_L \rightarrow \pi e\nu)} = (4.835 \pm 0.022_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.016_{\text{syst}}) 10^{-3}$$

**Branching ratio** inclusive of IB

$$\text{BR} ( K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- (\gamma) ) = ( 1.941 \pm 0.019 ) 10^{-3}$$

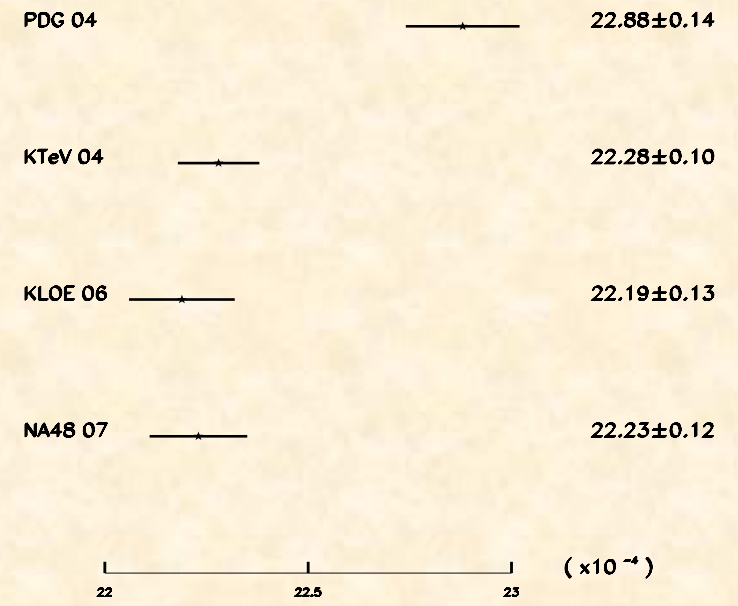
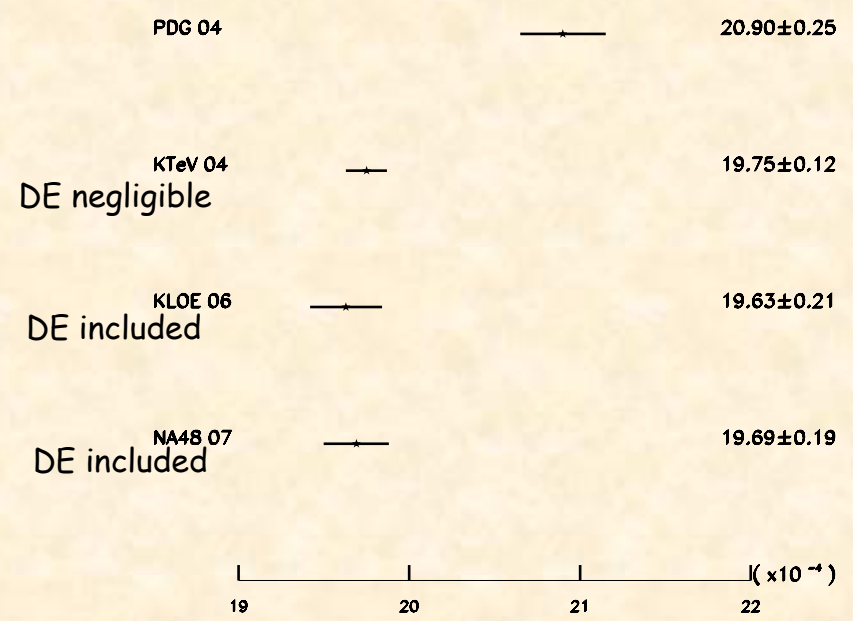
**Amplitude ratio**

$$| \eta_{+-} | = ( 2.223 \pm 0.012 ) 10^{-3}$$

# $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$

## $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma))$

## $|\eta_{+-}|$



- New data are consistent and confirms the KTeV value, 6% lower than the older measurements

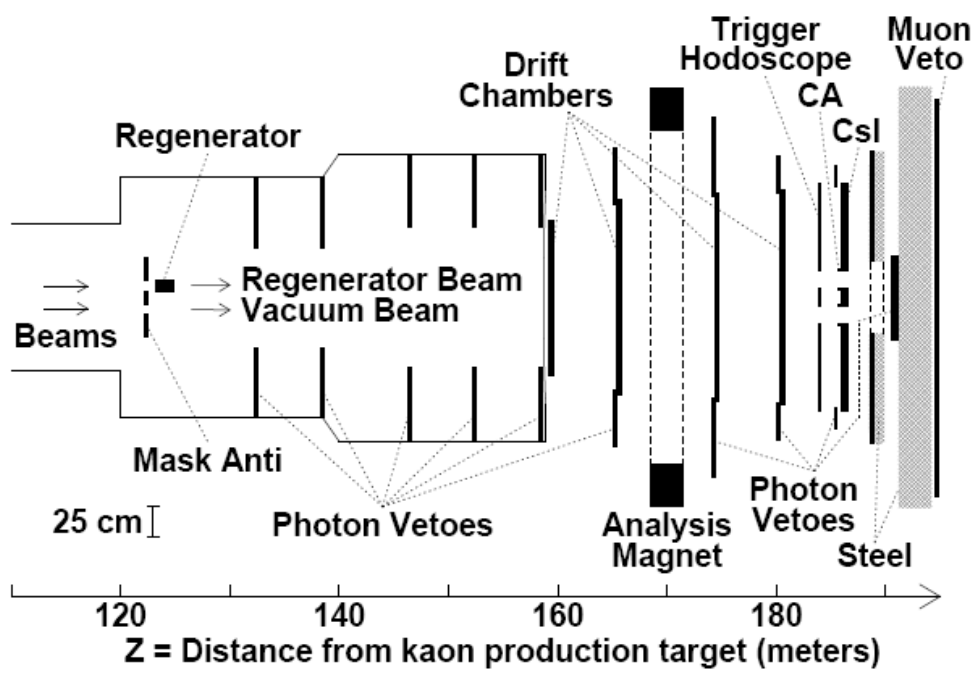
KLOE, NA48:  $|\eta_{+-}|$  from  $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma_{IB}))$ ,  $\tau_S(\text{NA48})$ ,  $\tau_L(\text{KLOE})$ ,  $\text{BR}(K_S \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-)(\text{KLOE})$

KTeV:  $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-(\gamma_{IB}))$ ,  $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0)$ ,  $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$ ,  $\text{BR}(K_L \rightarrow \pi l\nu)$  and CPT assumption



# KTeV final results on $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$

Proceedings: Moriond Electroweak, March 08

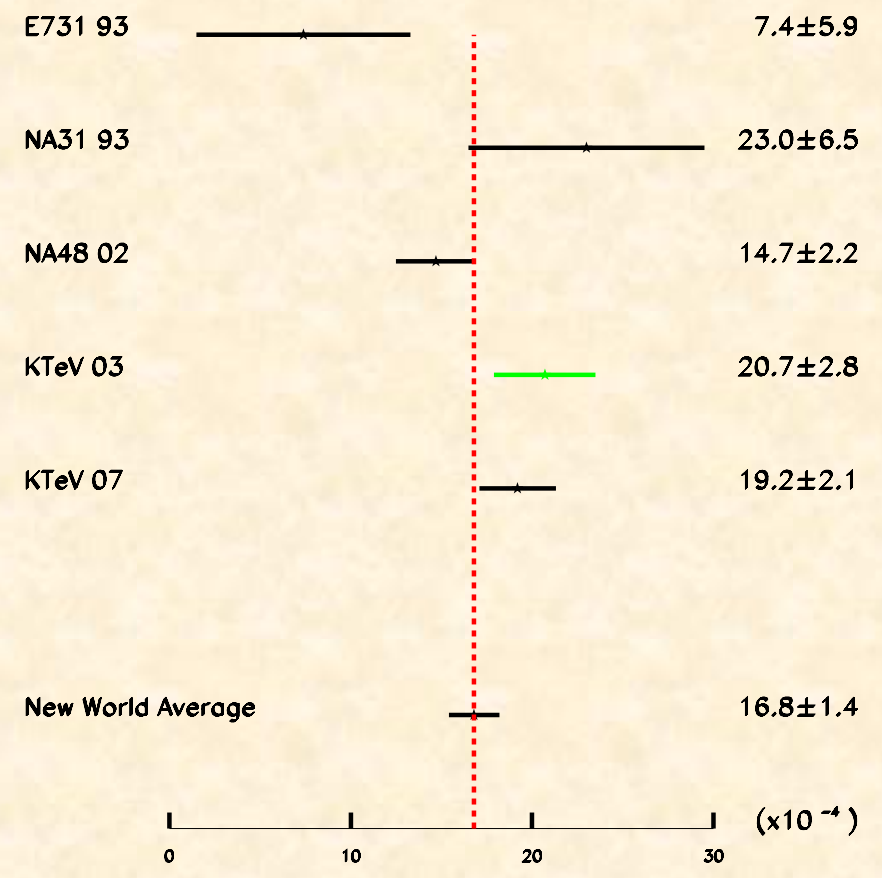


- New results include data from 1999 run, better data-taking conditions and
- Analysis improvements from more detailed detector simulation (both, charged particle, and shower simulation)
- Total systematic error from  $2.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$  to  $1.8 \cdot 10^{-4}$  thanks mainly to the better knowledge of cluster reconstruction and of the detector acceptance reducing data/MC corrections
- Statistical error reduced from  $1.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$  to  $1.1 \cdot 10^{-4}$

$$\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$$

$$\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon) = (1.92 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.18) \cdot 10^{-3}$$

# $\text{Re}(\varepsilon'/\varepsilon)$



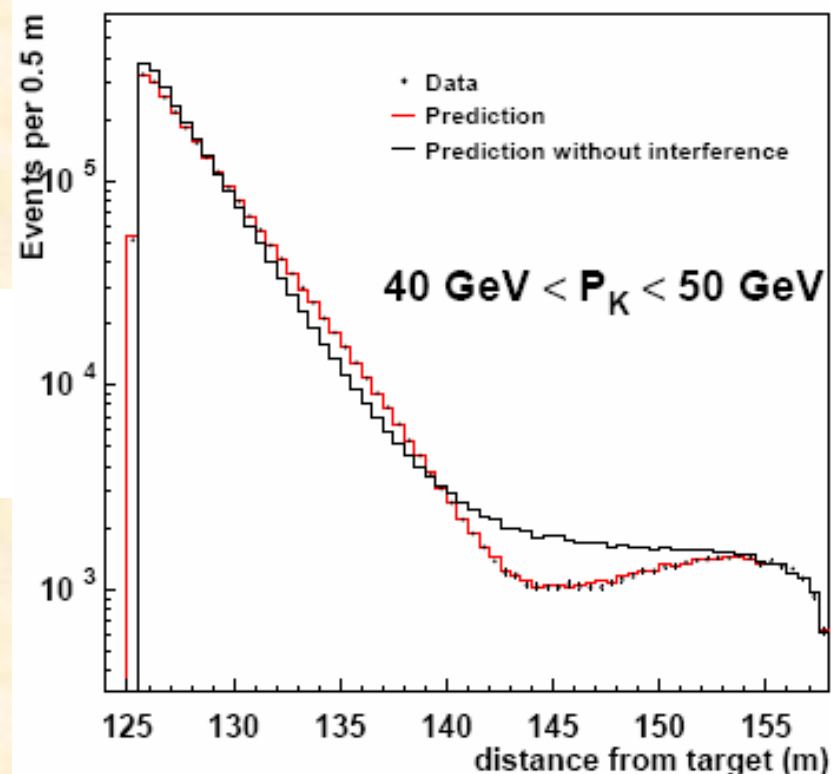
# KTeV results on phases, $\Delta m$ and $\tau_s$

- With the interference in the beam regenerator KTeV has also measured the phases,  $\Delta m$  and  $\tau_s$

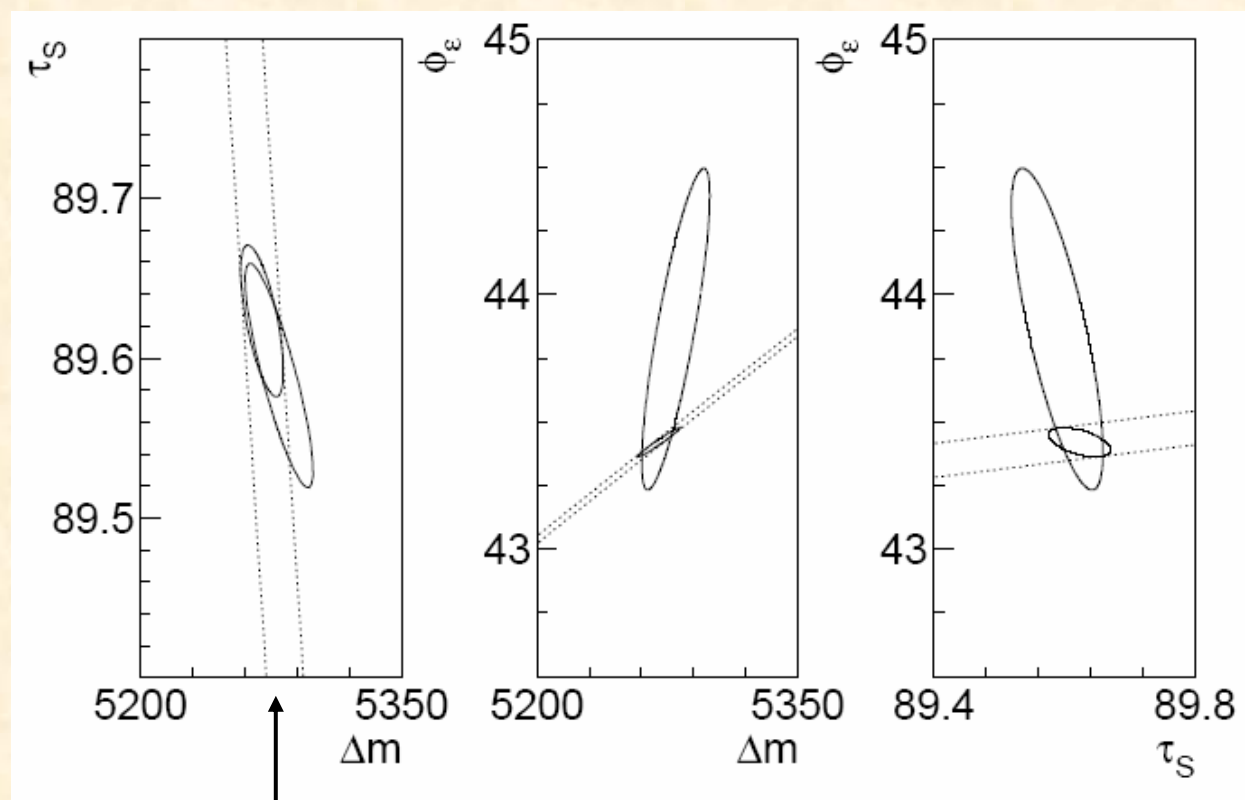
$$N(p, z) \sim |\rho|^2 e^{-\Gamma s t} + |\eta|^2 e^{-\Gamma_L t} + |\rho||\eta| \cos(\Delta m t + \phi_\rho - \phi_\eta) e^{-\bar{\Gamma} t}$$

- Fit for  $\Delta m$ ,  $\tau_s$ ,  $\phi_\epsilon$ ,  $\text{Re}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$ ,  $\text{Im}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$

- $\phi_{+-} \sim \phi_\epsilon + \text{Im}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$
- $\phi_{00} \sim \phi_\epsilon - 2 \text{Im}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$
- $\Delta\phi = \phi_{00} - \phi_{+-} \sim -3 \text{Im}(\epsilon'/\epsilon)$



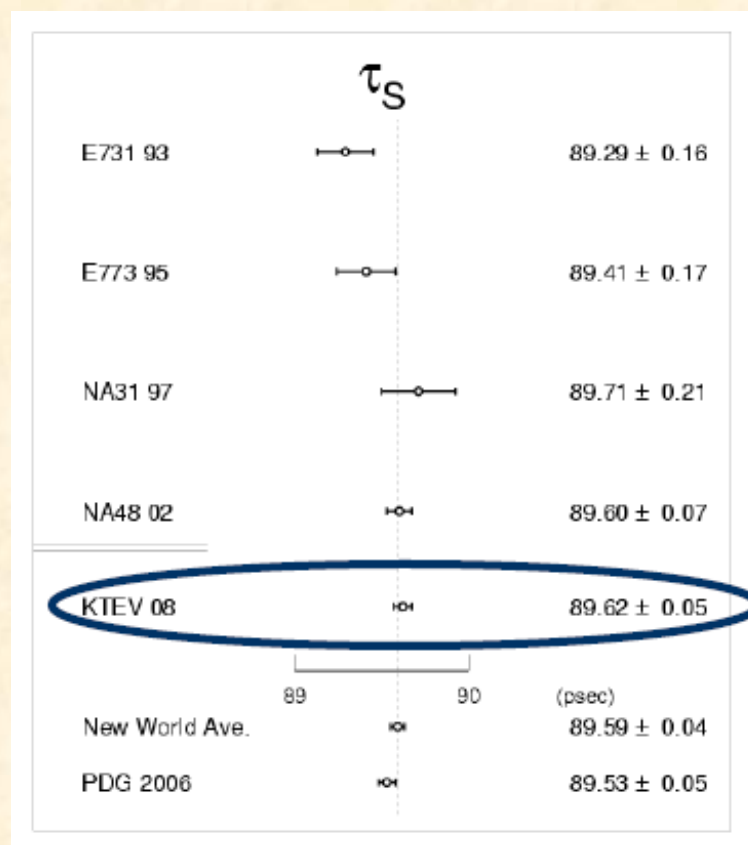
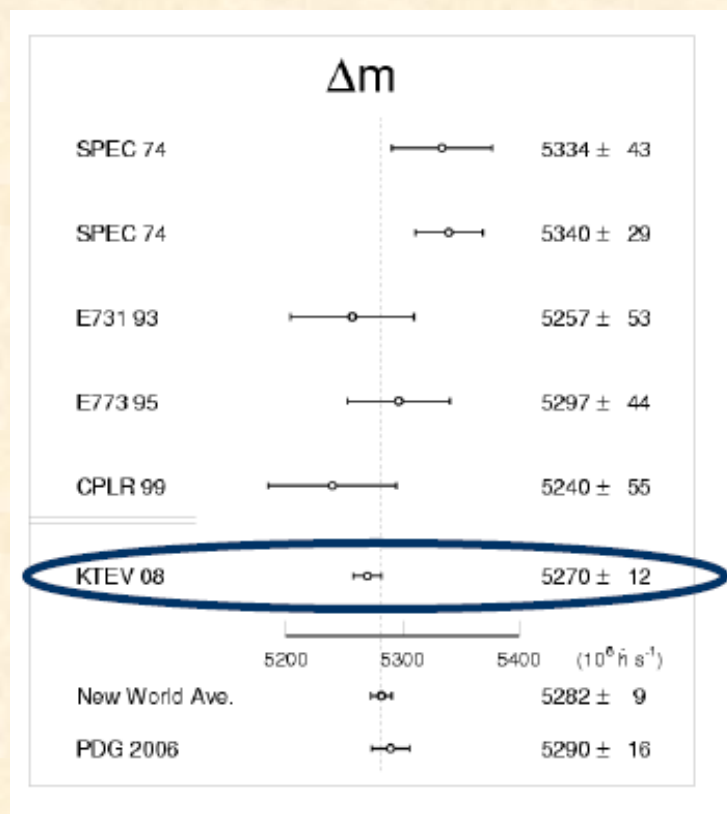
# KTeV results on $\tau_S$ , $\phi_\epsilon$ and $\Delta M$



- Results CPT-constrained have:
  - $\phi_\epsilon = \phi_{SW} = \tan^{-1}( 2 \Delta M / \Delta \Gamma )$

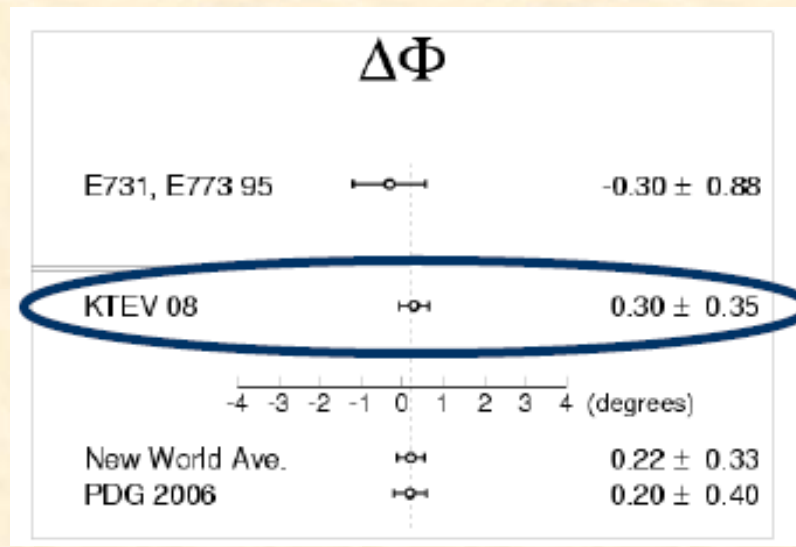
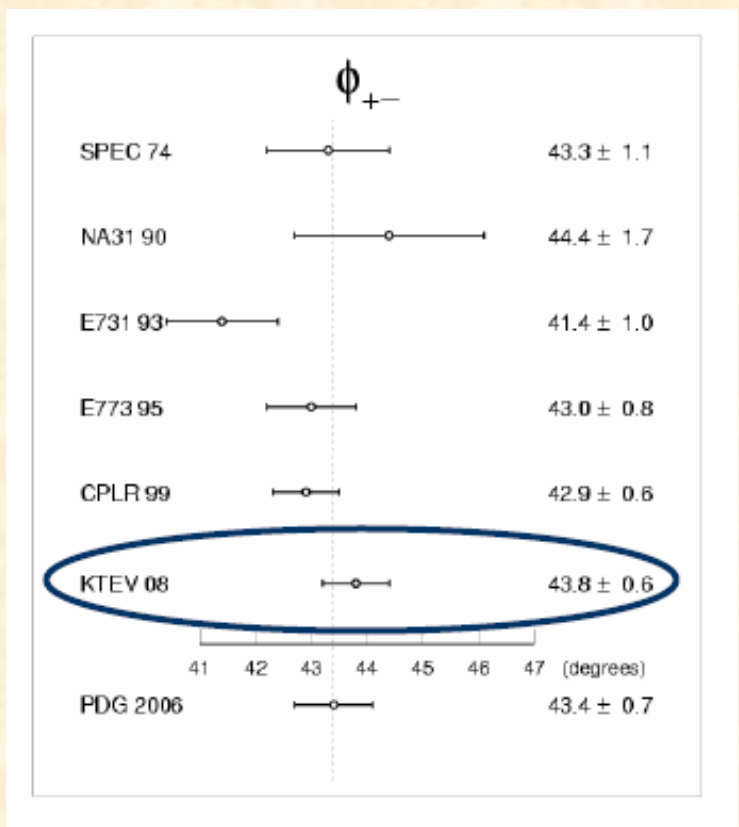
Proceedings: Moriond Electroweak, March 08

# Improvement on $\tau_S, \Delta M$



HQL08, Melbourne, June 08

# Improvement on $\phi_{+-}$



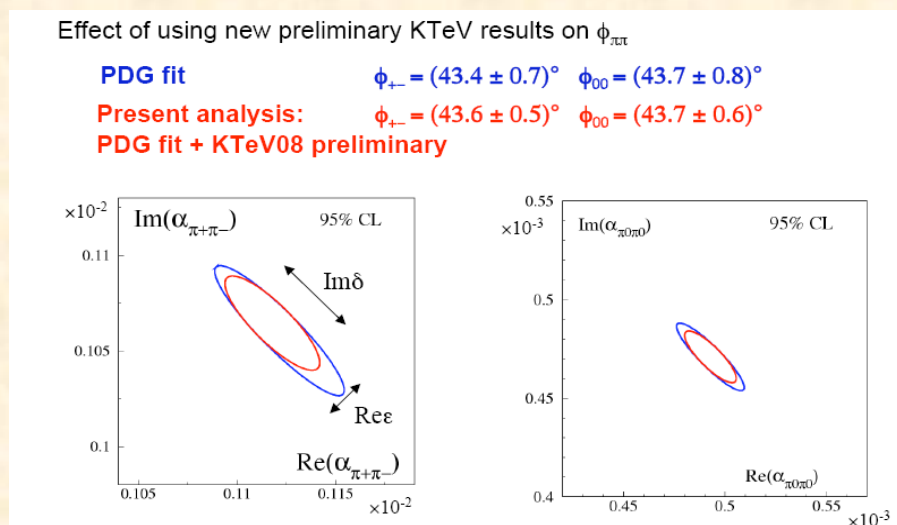
HQL08, Melbourne, June 08



# Re( $\epsilon$ ) from Bell-Steinberger

$$\left( \frac{\Gamma_S + \Gamma_L}{\Gamma_S - \Gamma_L} + i \tan \phi_{\text{SW}} \right) \left( \frac{\text{Re}(\epsilon)}{1 + |\epsilon|^2} - i \text{Im}(\delta) \right) = \frac{1}{\Gamma_S - \Gamma_L} \sum_f \mathcal{A}_L(f) \mathcal{A}_S^*(f)$$

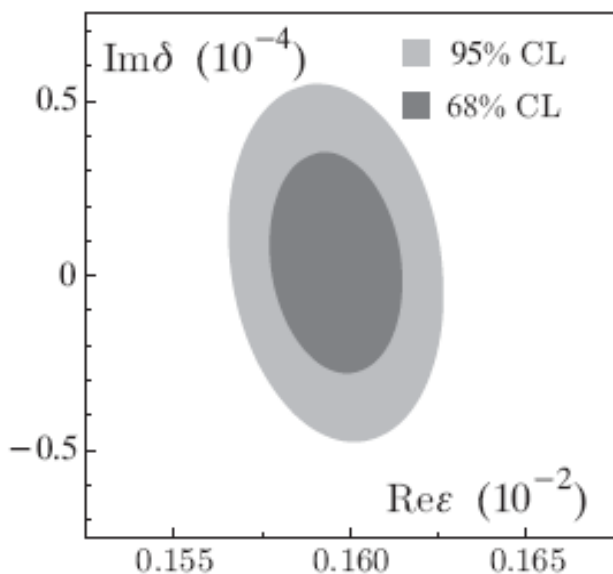
- Unitarity allows to express the CP-violating parameter  $\text{Re}(\epsilon)$ , and  $\text{Im}(\delta)$  in terms of combination of decay amplitudes
- $2\pi$ ,  $3\pi$  and semileptonic modes contribute to the sum
- Contribution from  $\pi\pi$  channel:



M. Palutan - Flavianet, Capri Workshop, June08

# Results from BSR

JHEP 0612 (2006) 011

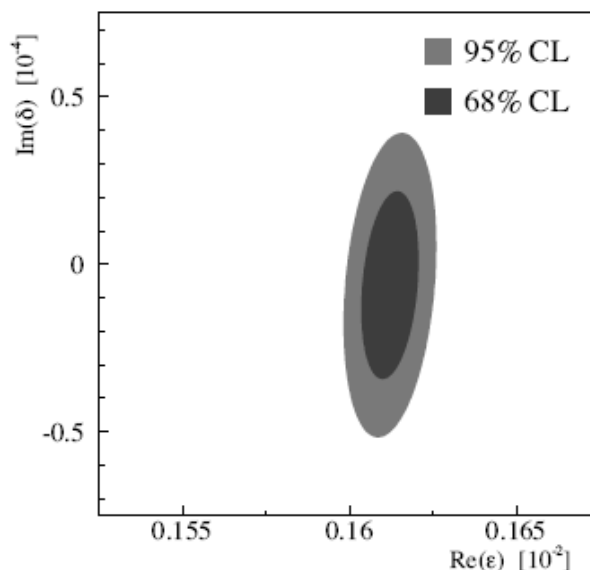


$$\text{Re}(\epsilon) = (159.6 \pm 1.3) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Im}(\delta) = (0.4 \pm 2.1) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

BR's from KLOE

PLB 667 (2008) 1

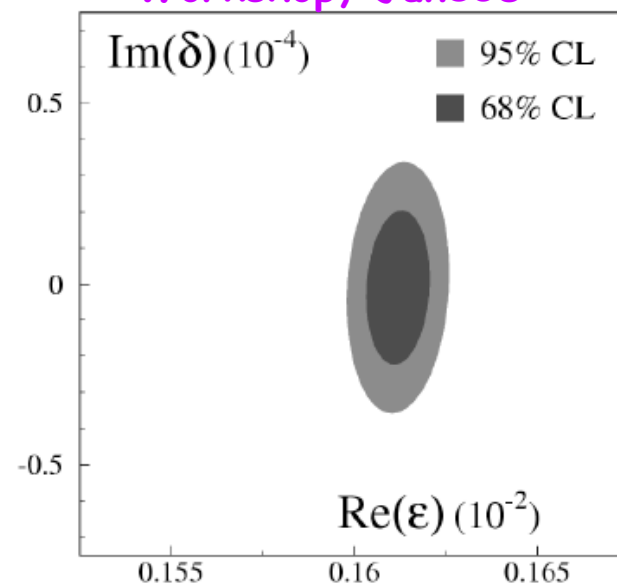


$$(161.2 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$(-0.6 \pm 1.9) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

BR's from KLOE, KTeV, NA48

Flavianet, Capri Workshop, June08



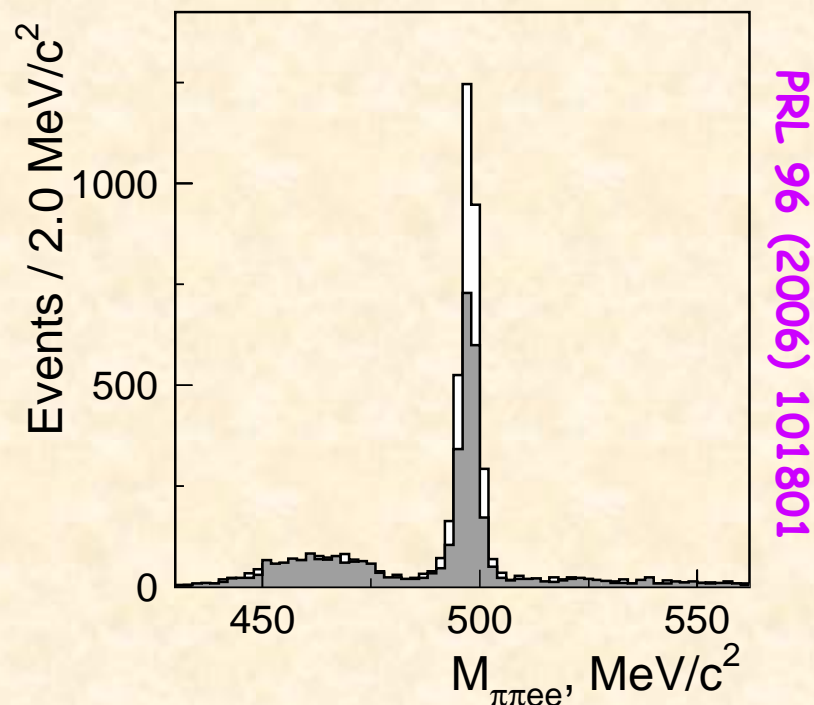
$$(161.2 \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

$$(-0.1 \pm 1.4) \cdot 10^{-5}$$

KTeV08 phases included

# Angular asymmetry in $K_L \rightarrow e^+e^- \pi^+\pi^-$

- Results from the entire data set
- 5241 candidates including  $204 \pm 14$  background events
- 2 neg and 2 pos tracks required, pointing to a good quality, common vertex
- Calorimeter PID (e vs  $\pi$ ) based on  $E/p$
- Cut on  $p_T$  for background rejection
- Major background from  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0_D$
- Background under the invariant-mass peak determined by sidebands in the  $M_{\pi\pi e\bar{e}}$  distribution
- Acceptance using a fit to theoretical predictions
- Control sample of  $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0_D$  decays used to rule out detector effects in creating false asymmetries



# KTeV results on $A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi}$

- Large CP-violating angular asymmetry expected due to the interference between M1 direct emission process and the IB radiation
- It was observed by KTeV and NA48
- The new analysis confirms previous results on the CP-violating angular asymmetry  $A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi}$ , where  $\phi$  is the angle between  $e\bar{e}$  and  $\pi\pi$  planes in the  $K_L$  rest frame

$$A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi} = \frac{N_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi > 0} - N_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi < 0}}{N_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi > 0} + N_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi < 0}}$$

$$A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi} = (13.6 \pm 1.4_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.5_{\text{syst}}) 10^{-2}$$

- OLD:
- NA48-03:  $A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi} = (14.2 \pm 3.0_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.9_{\text{syst}}) 10^{-2}$
- KTeV-00:  $A_{\cos\phi \cdot \sin\phi} = (13.6 \pm 2.5_{\text{stat}} \pm 1.2_{\text{syst}}) 10^{-2}$

# Conclusions

- In recent years the knowledge of  $CP$ -violation parameters in the Kaon sector has been improved by precision experiments
- Data are consistent with  $CPT$  symmetry and unitarity
- Present generation of experiments, KTeV, NA48 and KLOE have obtained precision results in disagreement with older data
- Present results are limited to the mixing and the direct-decay phenomena
- To investigate  $CP$ -violation in the interference between mixing and direct-decay transition with Kaons, a challenging experimental program on the very rare  $K \rightarrow \pi\nu\nu$  channel (and 2 generations of experiments) has to be pursued