

INFN NUCLEAR PHYSICS ACTIVITIES

AN OVERVIEW

Pasquale Di Nezza



The 4 Research Lines



Quarks and Hadron Dynamics
112 FTE

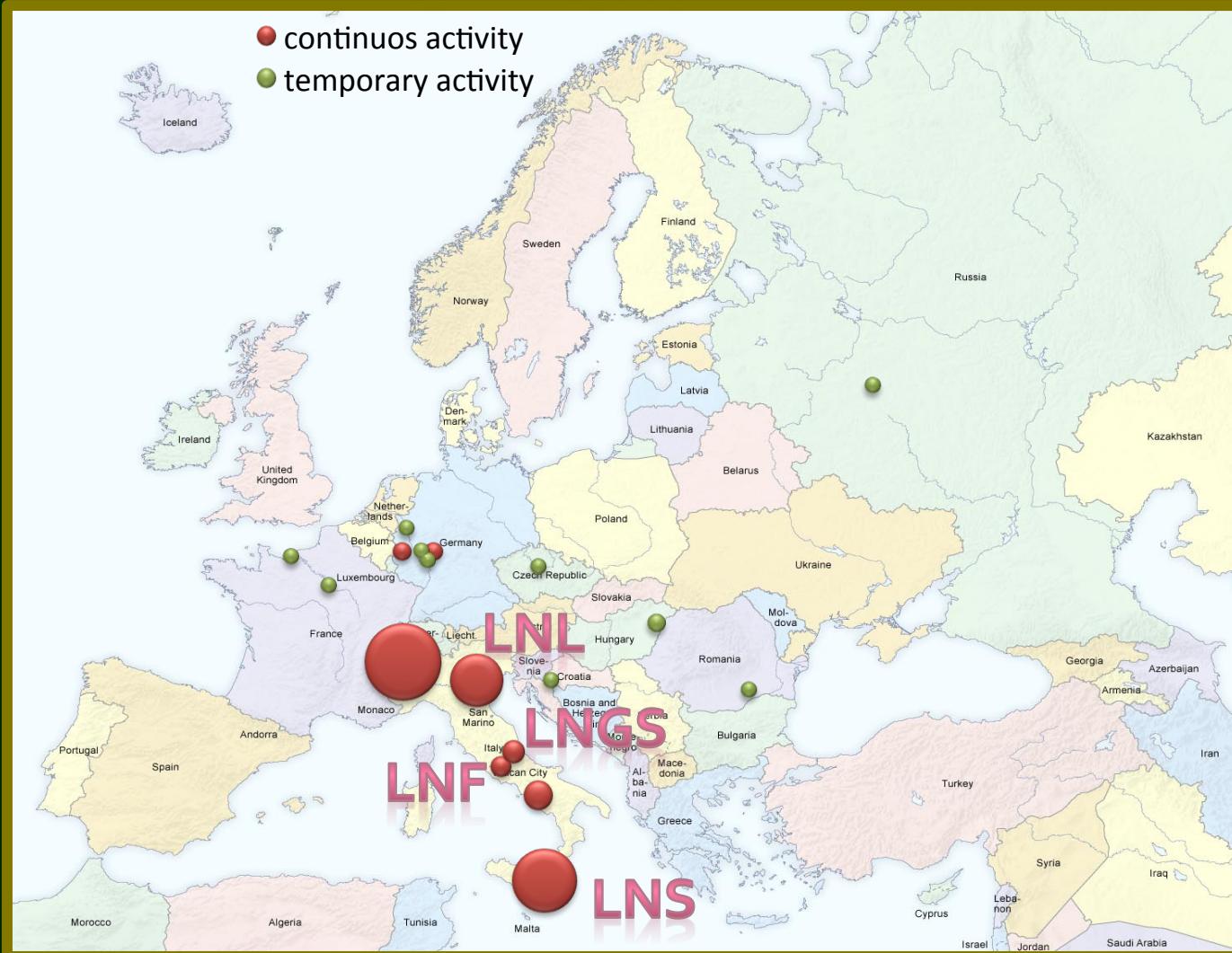
Phase Transitions in Nuclear Matter
142 FTE

CSN3
474 FTE

Nuclear Astrophysics and
Interdisciplinary Research
86 FTE

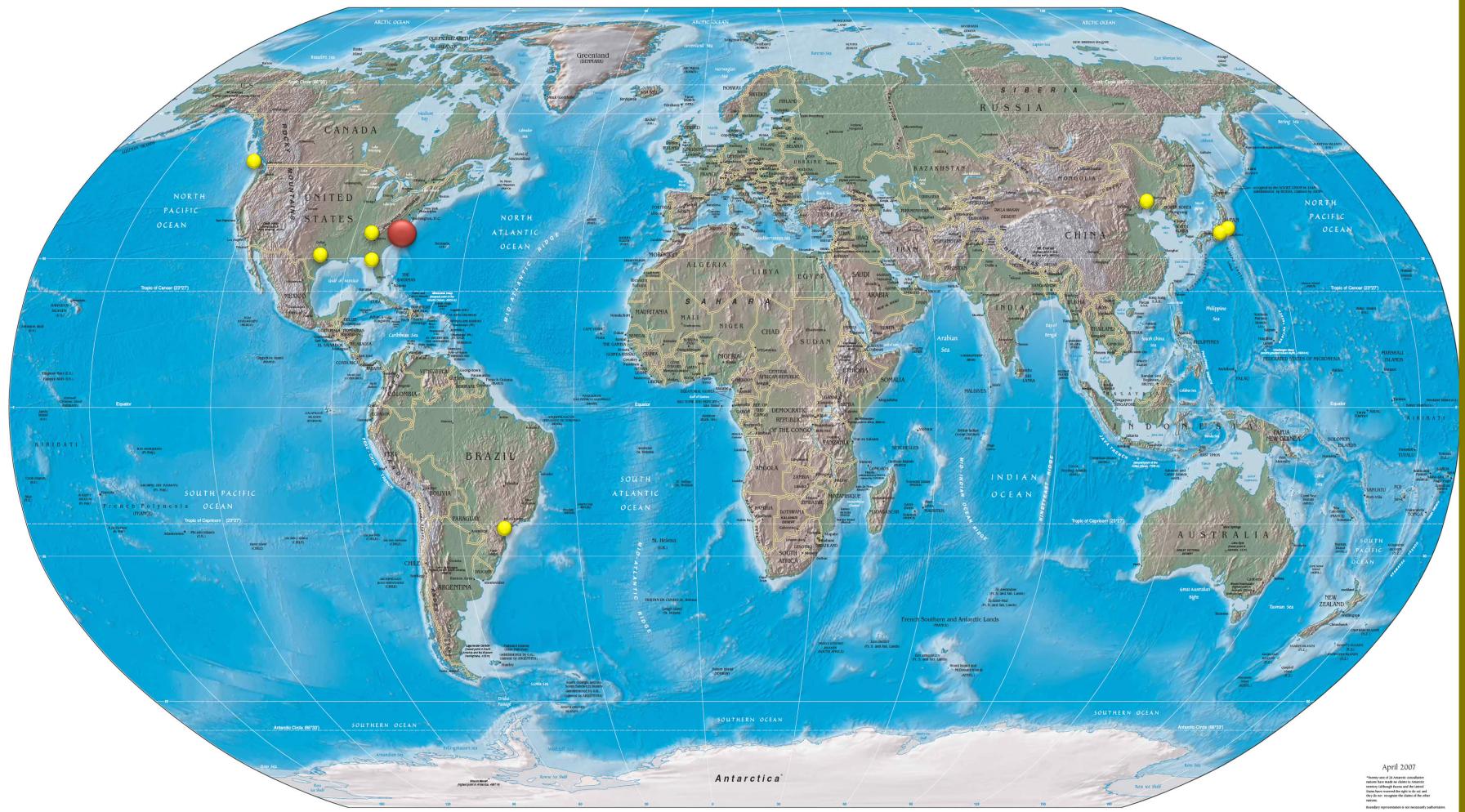
Nuclear Structure and
Reaction Mechanisms
134 FTE

European Facilities



Extra-European Facilities

● continuous activity ● temporary activity



349

- Papers (ISI)

432

- Contribution to Conferences

18

- Doctoral Thesis

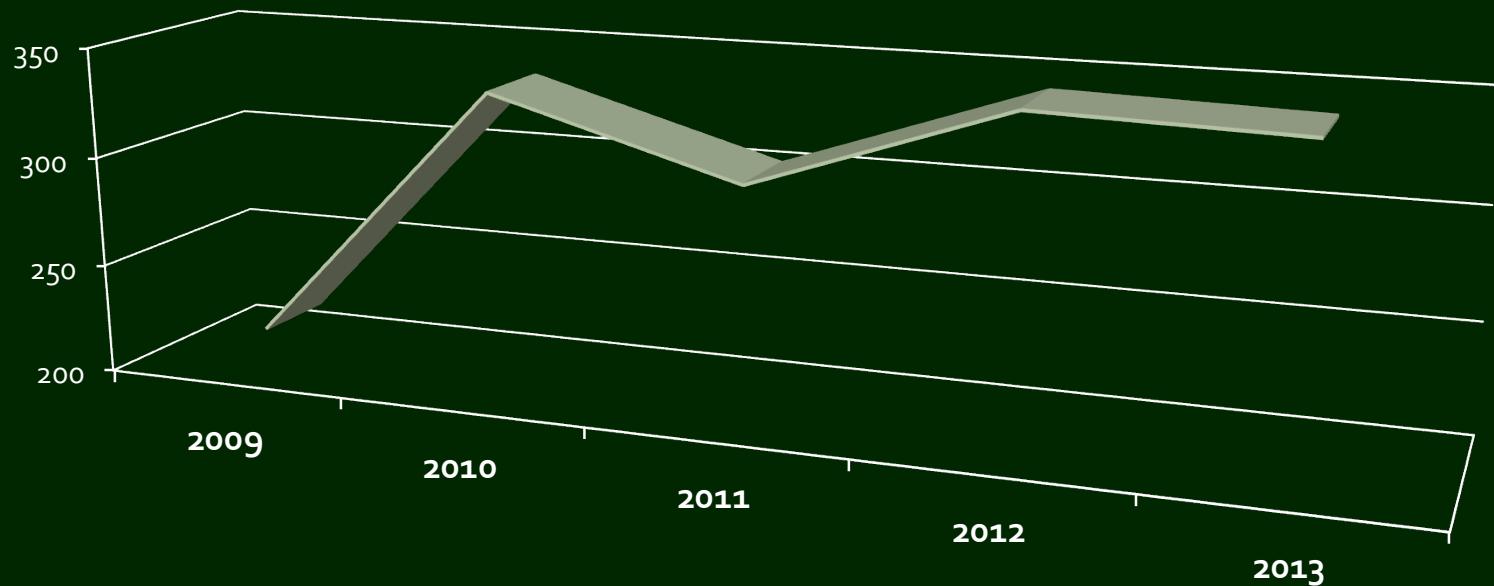
20

- Master Thesis

Papers, Contr. to Conf., ...

Paper Production

CSN3



L1 : Quarks and Hadron Dynamics

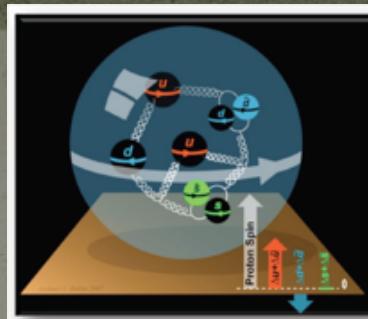
- ✿ Physics performed with Leptonic probes (Jlab, Bonn, Mainz) and Hadronic probes (DA ϕ NE@LNF)
- ✿ Non perturbative QCD (baryons and mesons)
- ✿ NLO pQCD
- ✿ Hadronization phenomena in nuclear matter
- ✿ Strangeness physics in nuclear matter
- ✿ N-N correlations
- ✿ Spin physics

JLAB12 collaboration @ JLab

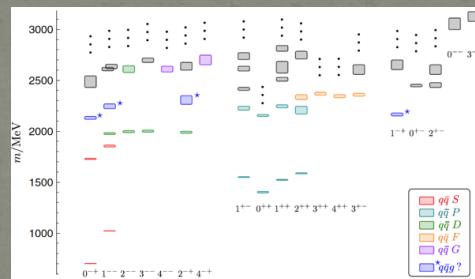
- *JLAB12, 65 scientists (~45 FTE, 14 INFN Units) is supporting the JLab broad experimental program in Hall-A and Hall-B
- *INFN theoretical community, 30 scientists involved in JLAB12 physics is supporting the experimental effort
- *JLAB12 activity supported by the EU FP6-7 (HPH) and linked to the hadron physics experiments in Europe: HERMES, COMPASS, PANDA
- *INFN financial contribution (2009-14): €3.0M
- *Significant INFN responsibilities: spokespersons of 12GeV experiments, chairmen and members of Collaboration Committees, Project-Leaders of major equipments



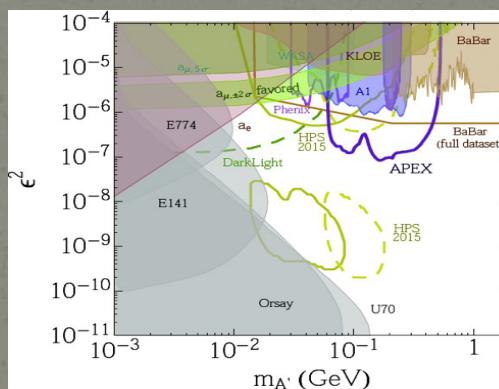
3-D mapping of the nucleon: understanding its spin



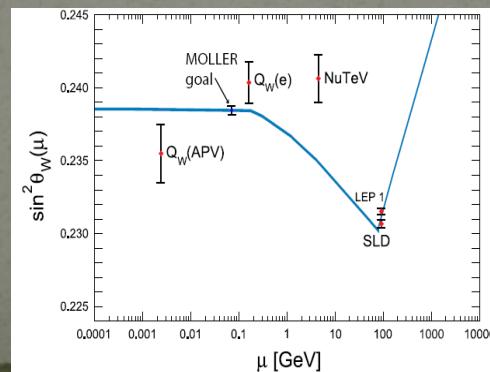
Understanding the origin of the hadrons mass



Physics beyond the Standard Model (I)



Physics beyond the Standard Model (II)



Nucleon Structure

- EM, EW, and Flavor-Separated Form Factors
- Structure functions
- Transverse Momentum Distributions (TMD)

The Physics of Confinement

- Baryon spectroscopy
- Meson spectroscopy

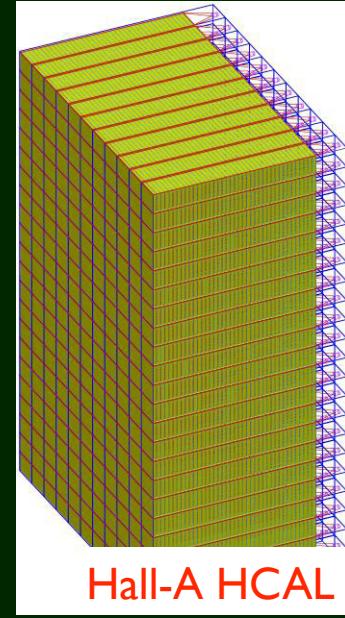
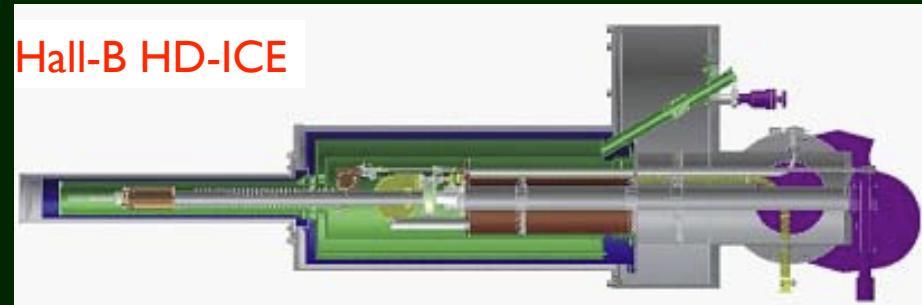
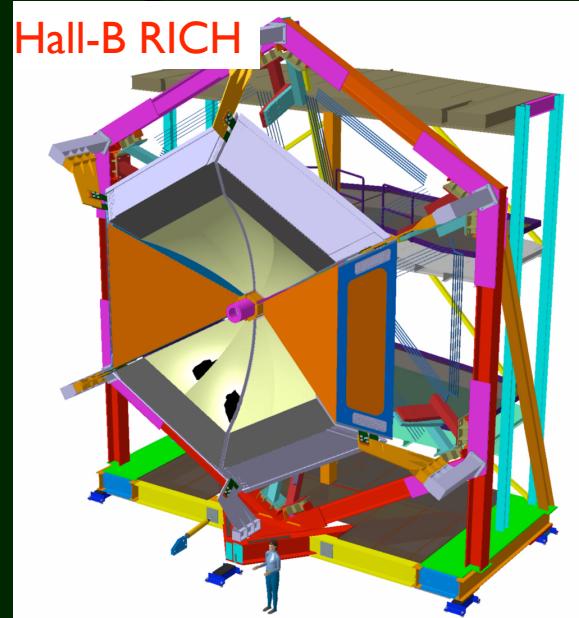
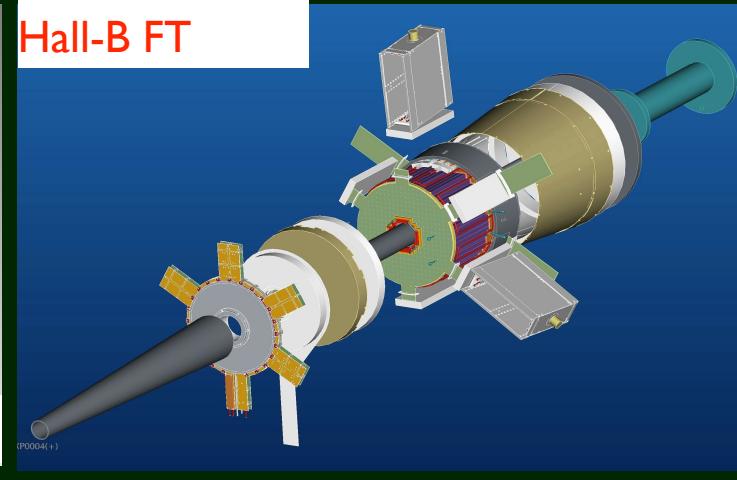
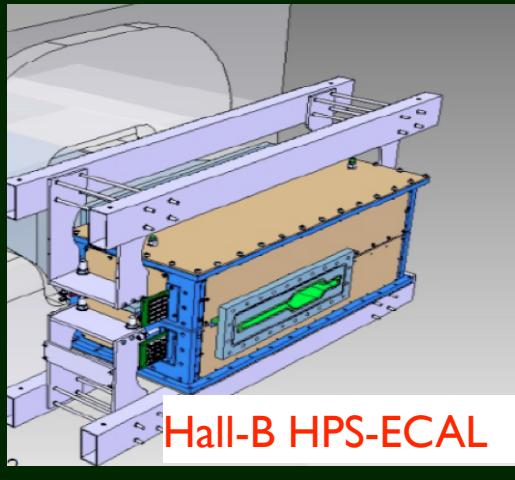
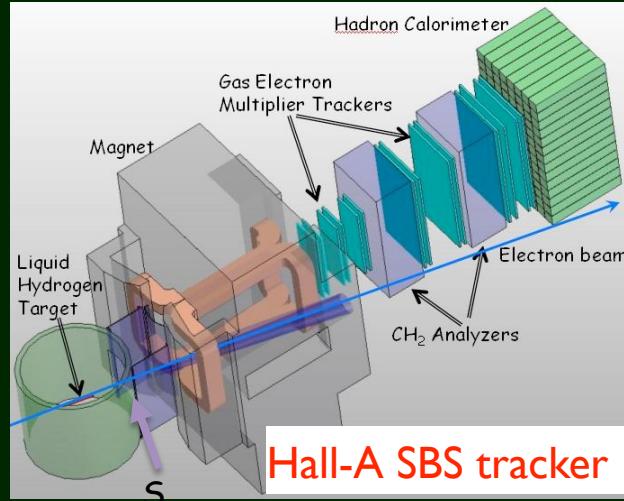
Light Dark Matter searches

- Dark forces (A')
- Beam dump experiments

Standard Model tests

- Weak coupling measurements
- Weak charges determination
- Weinberg angle measurement

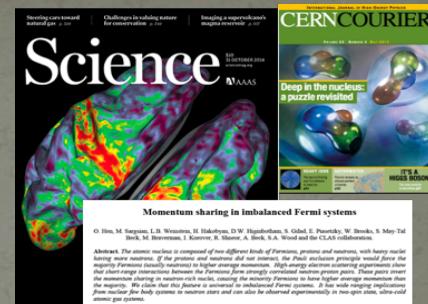
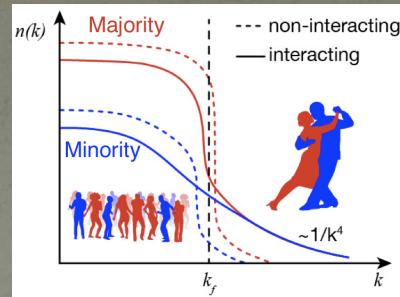
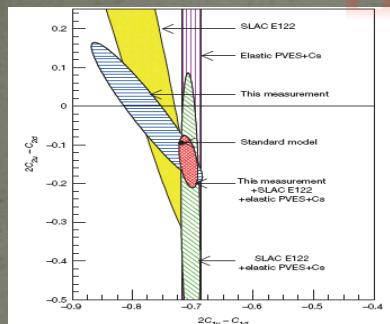
INFN contributions to 12 GeV program



INFN contributions to (past) 6 GeV program

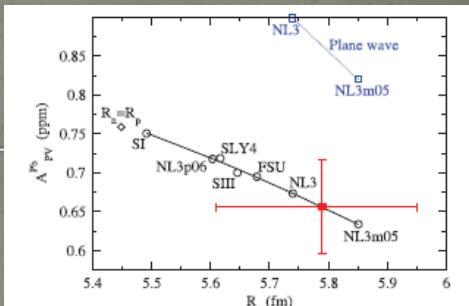
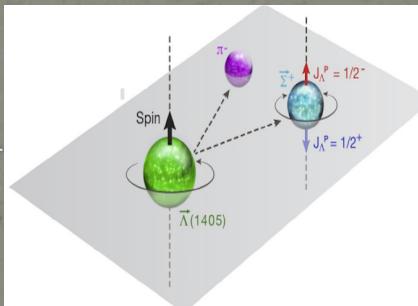
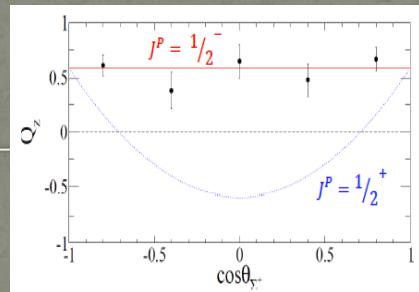
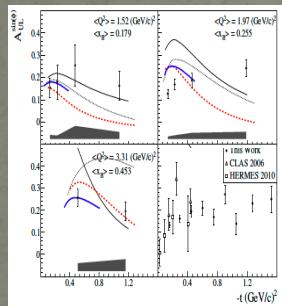


Highlights from the 6 GeV era



Measurement of the weak quark – electron couplings
Nature 506 (2014) 67

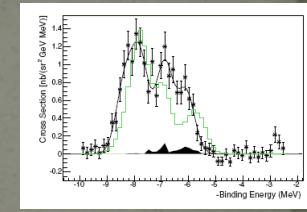
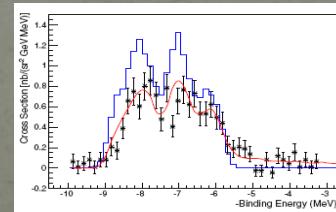
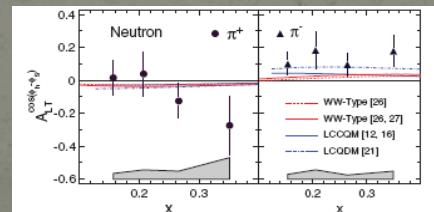
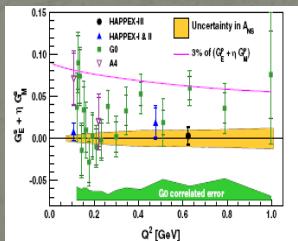
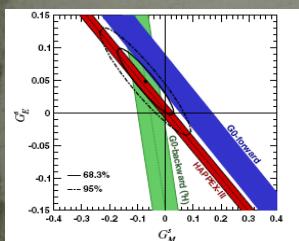
Short Range Correlation in nuclei
Science 31 October 2014: Vol. 346 614-617



Long target spin asymmetries for DVCS
Phys Rev Lett 114, 032001 (2015)

Measurement of the Spin and Parity of the Λ (1405)
Phys Rev Lett 112, 082004 (2014)

Neutron skin in Lead
Phys Rev Lett 108, 112502 (2012)



Strange vector form factors of the proton
Phys Rev Lett 108, 102001 (2012)

Double-Spin Asymmetry in Charged Pion Production from DIS on Transversely Polarized 3He (quark spin-orbit correlations)
Phys Rev Lett 108, 112502 (2012)

Spectroscopy of ^{9}Li
Phys Rev C 91, 034308 (2015)

3 detectors

Baryonic Matter at Nuclotron (BM@N)

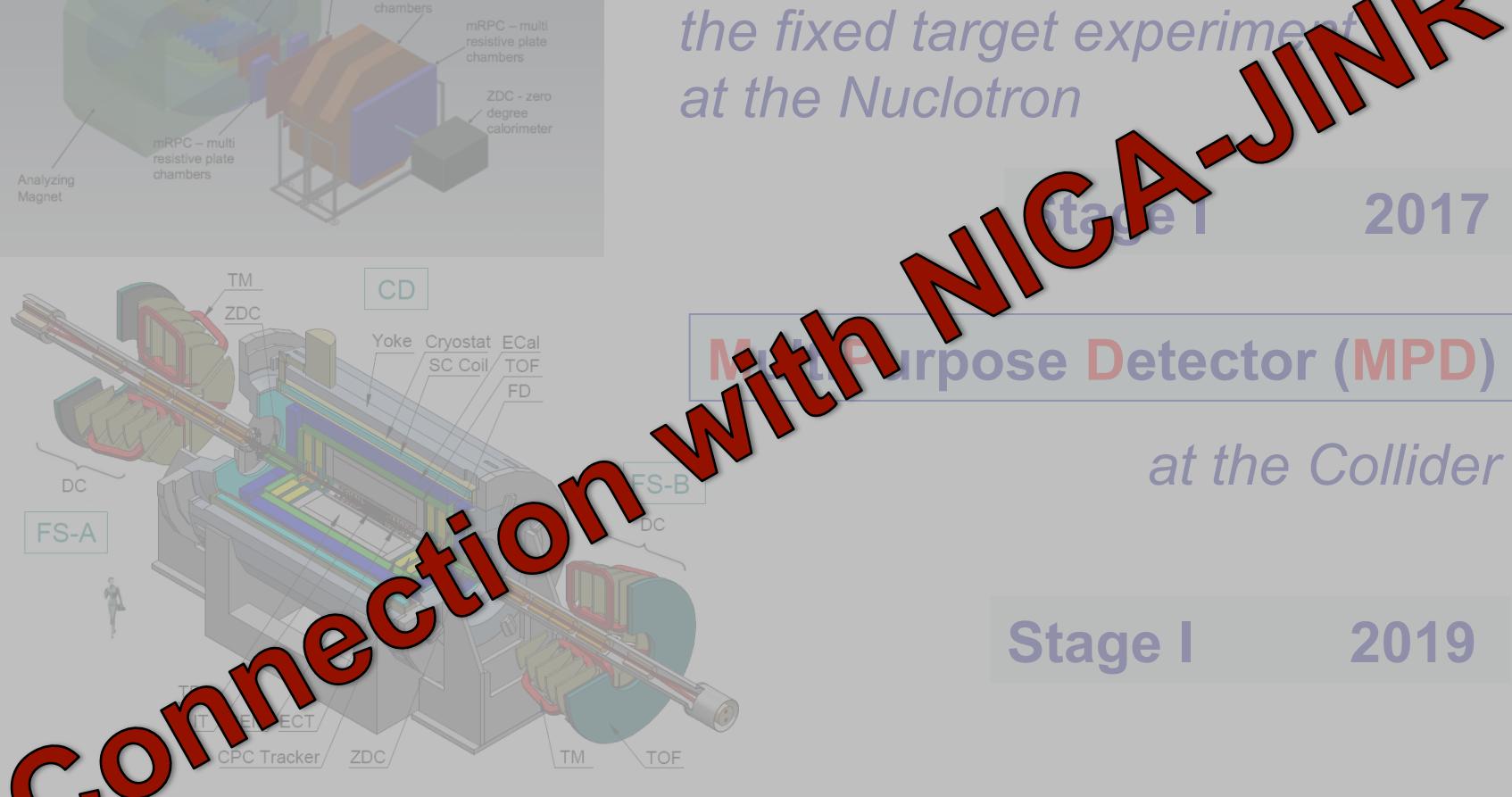
*the fixed target experiment
at the Nuclotron*

Stage I 2017

Multipurpose Detector (MPD)

at the Collider

Stage I 2019



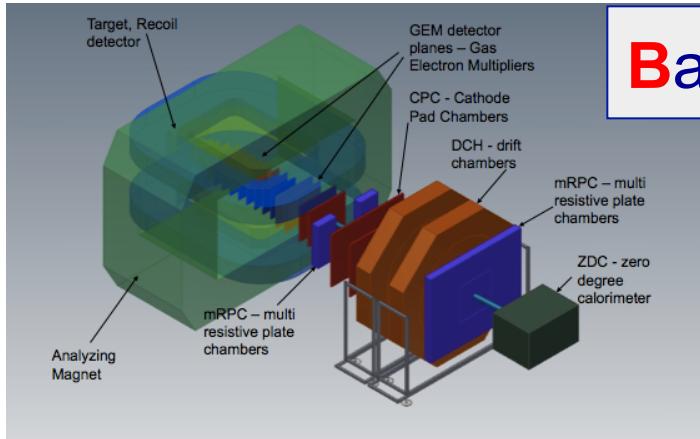
SPD (Spin Physics Detector) at the Collider

project is under preparation

3 detectors

Baryonic Matter at Nuclotron (BM@N)

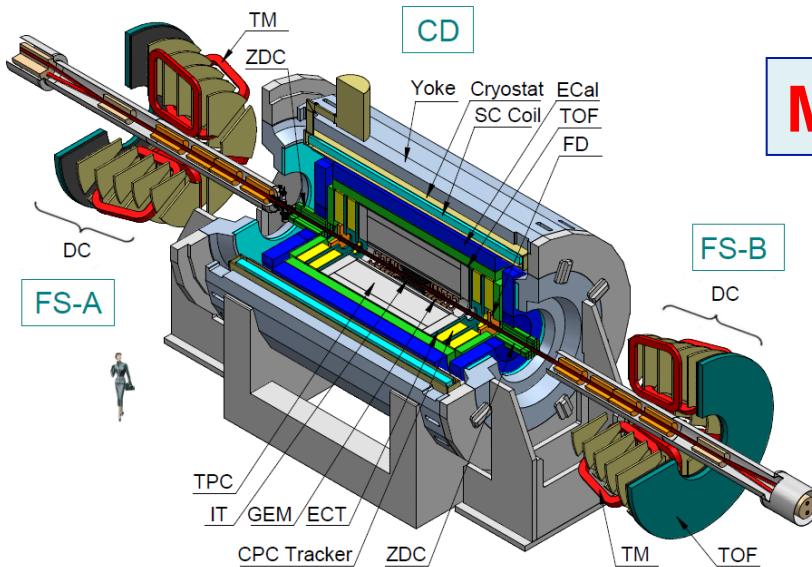
*the fixed target experiment
at the Nuclotron*



Stage I 2017

MultiPurpose Detector (MPD)

at the Collider

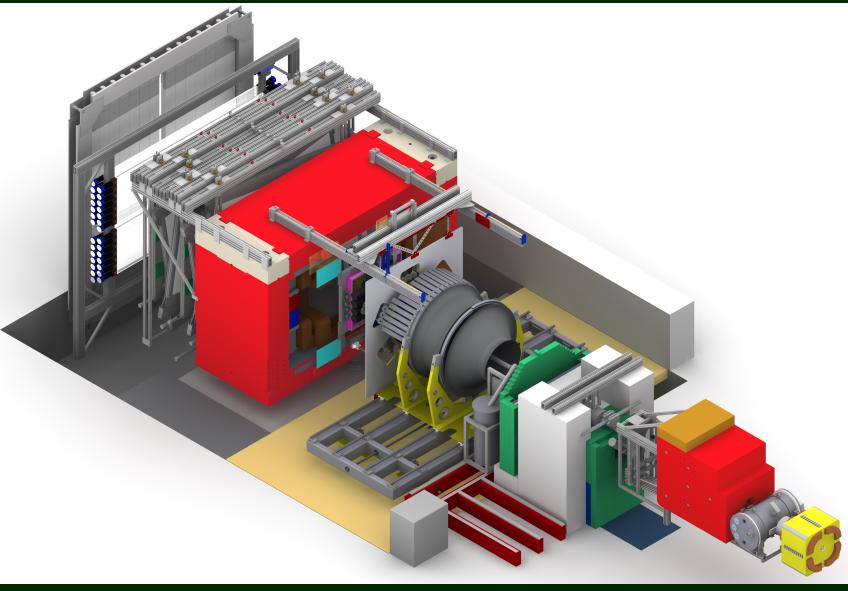


Stage I 2019

SPD (Spin Physics Detector) at the Collider

project is under preparation

BGO-OD EXPERIMENT @ ELSA



Energy tagged bremsstrahlung photon beam up to 3 GeV (linear polarisation up to 1.8 GeV). 5 Mev tagging resolution

BGO calorimeter in the central region and Open Dipole spectrometer in the forward direction

High momentum resolution, excellent neutral and charged particle ID

- Experimental program: meson photoproduction (η , η' , ω , Φ , open strangeness) off proton and off neutron (bound in D). η' mesic nuclei (C target)

Detector: commissioned (~90%)

Beam: commissioned

Data taking: starting

Collaboration: Bonn PI, Bonn HISKP, Gießen, ISS, LNF, Messina, Pavia, Roma2, Torino, Glasgow, Basel, PNPI Gatchina, INR Moscow, IHENP Kharkov, Iowa State U

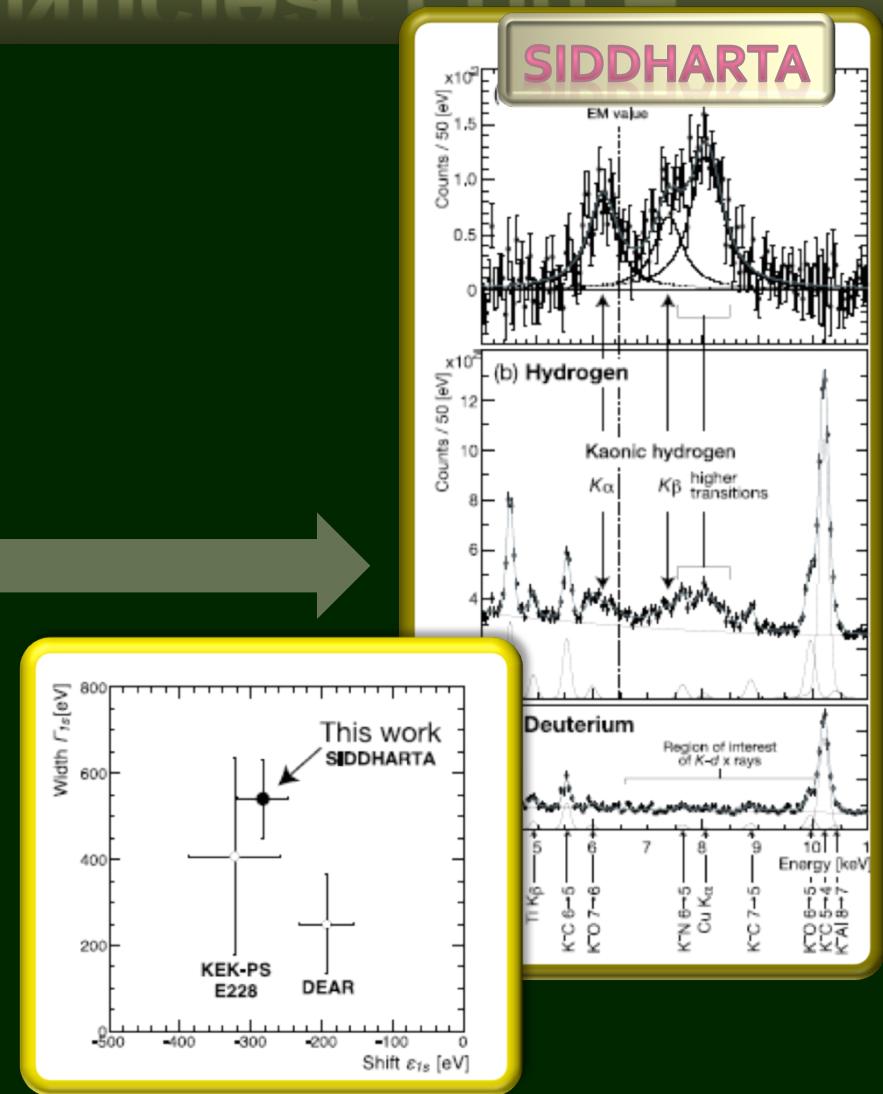
Strangeness and Nuclear Force

- **SIDDHARTA @DAΦNE
(LNF-INFN)**

- Kaonic atoms: KH, KD,
KHe₃, KHe₄

Measurement of the energy for
the level $1s$ for the kaonic
hydrogen (most precise ever)

- Unique facility. Next: LNF
phase-II: SIDDHARTA2 and
JPARC



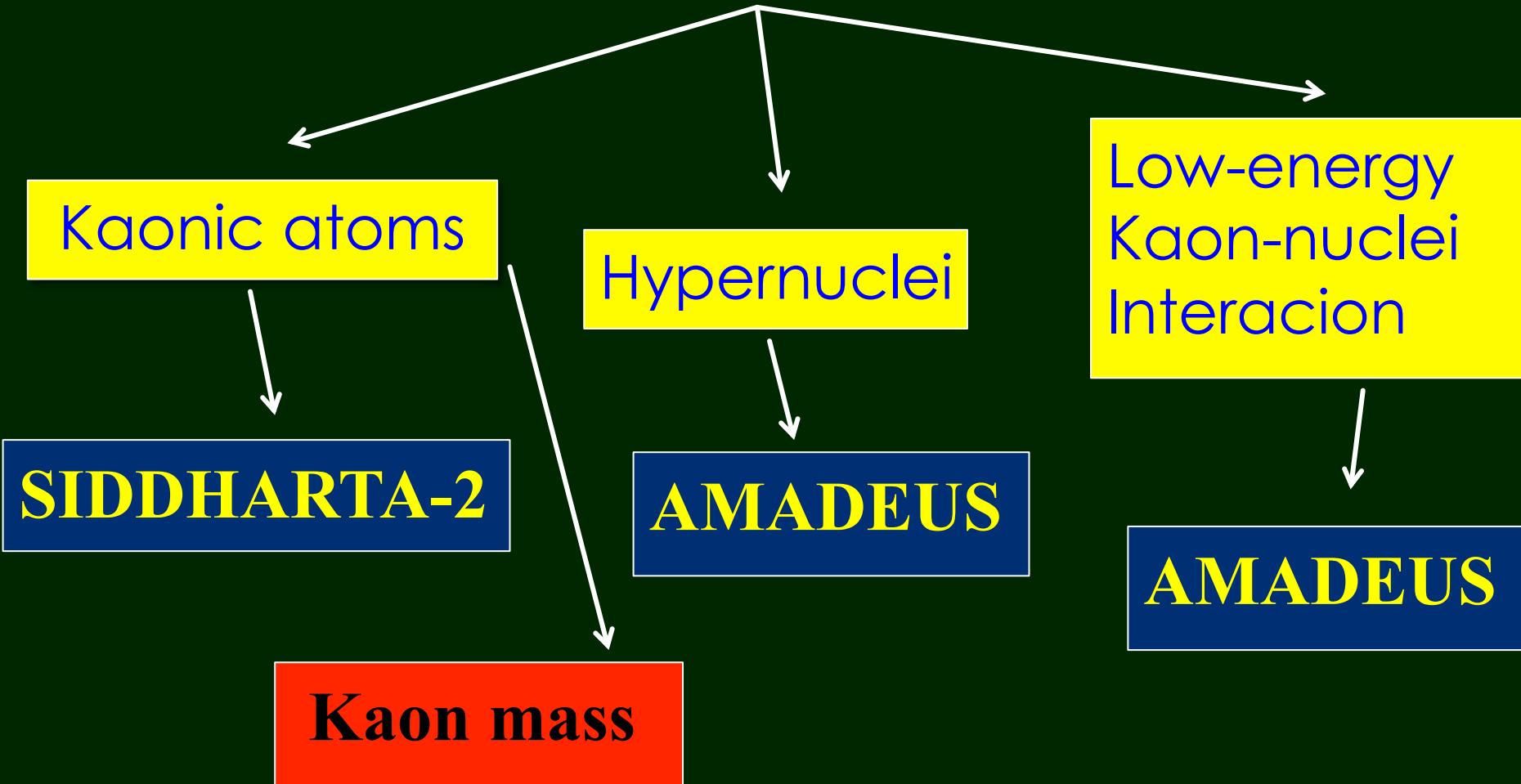
Experimental program of AMADEUS

The DAFNE collider the best possible beam of low energy kaons

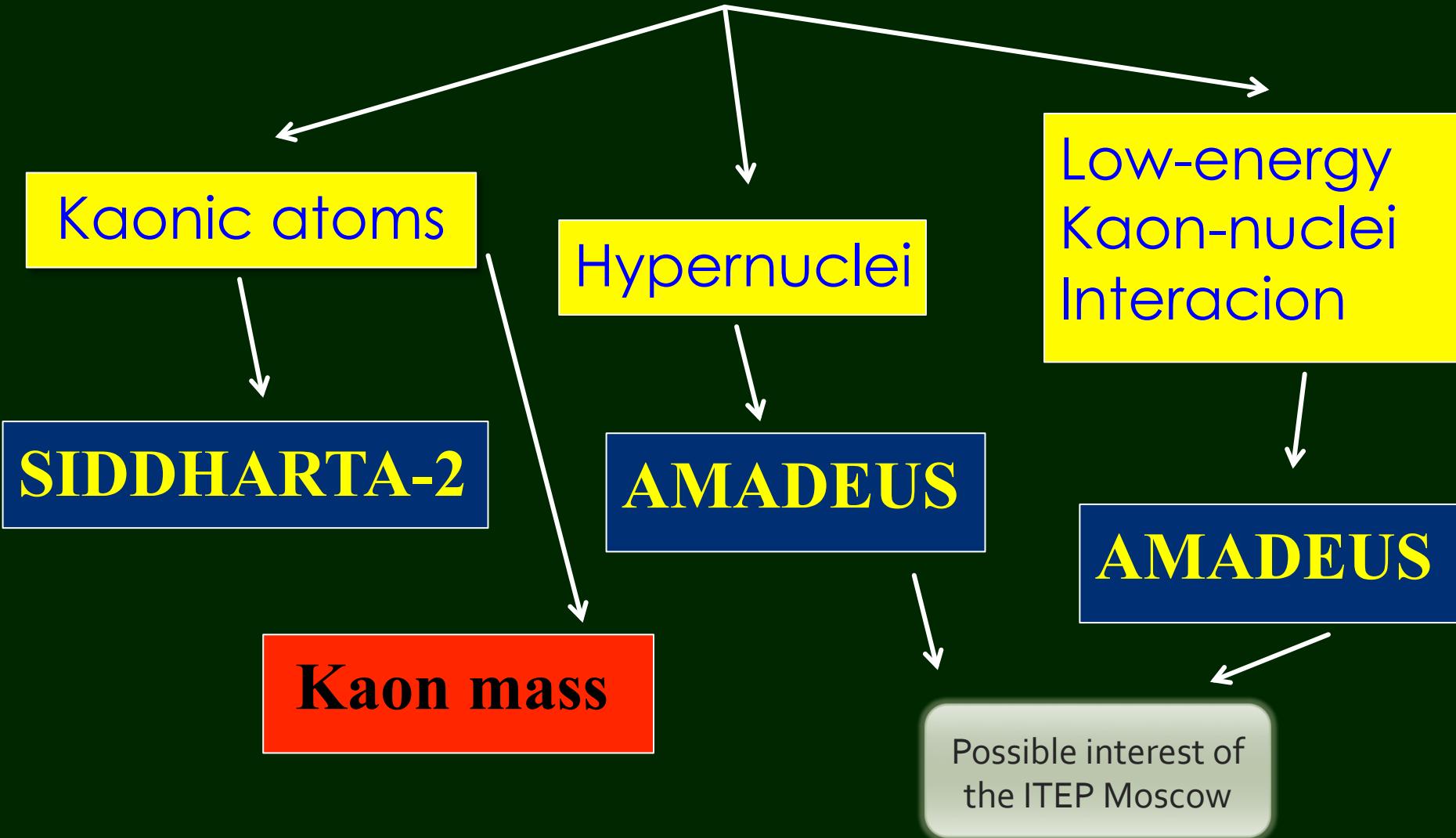
Unprecedented studies of the low-energy charged kaons interactions in nuclear matter: solid and gaseous targets (d , ${}^3\text{He}$, ${}^4\text{He}$) in order to obtain unique quality information about:

- Nature of the controversial $\Lambda(1405)$
- Possible existence of **kaonic nuclear clusters** (deeply bound kaonic nuclear states)
- Interaction of K^- with **one and two nucleons**.
- Low-energy charged kaon **cross sections** for momenta lower than 100 MeV/c (missing today)
- Many other processes of interest in the low-energy QCD in strangeness sector -> implications from particle and nuclear physics to astrophysics (dense baryonic matter in **neutron stars**)

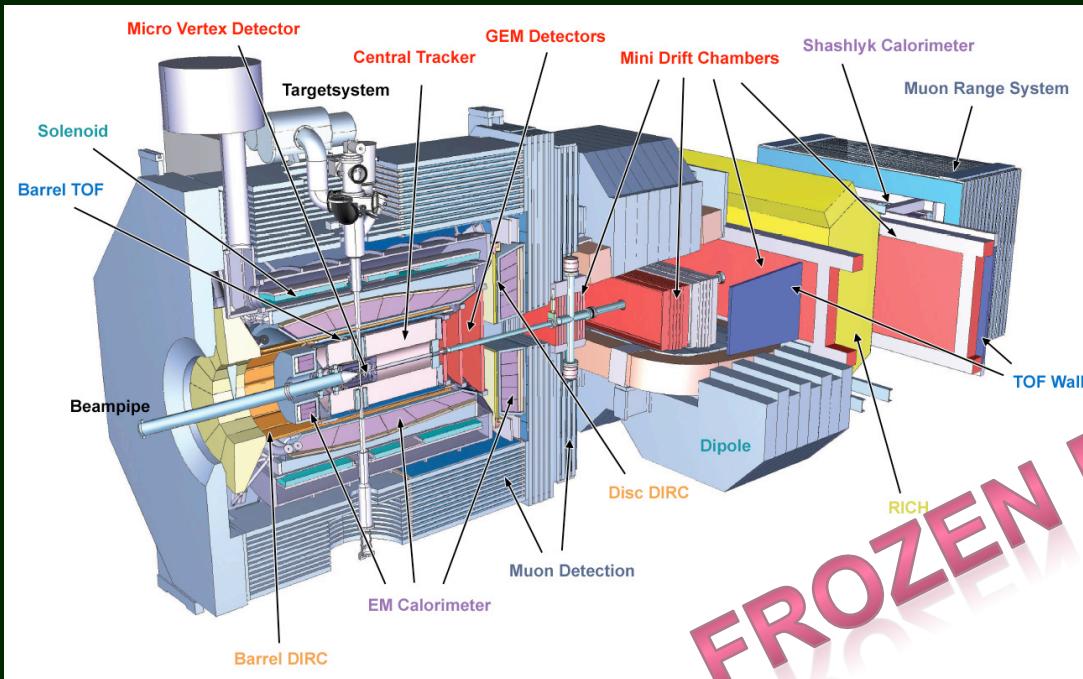
(Possible) Future @ Daphne - LNF



(Possible) Future @ Daphne - LNF



PANDA @GSI



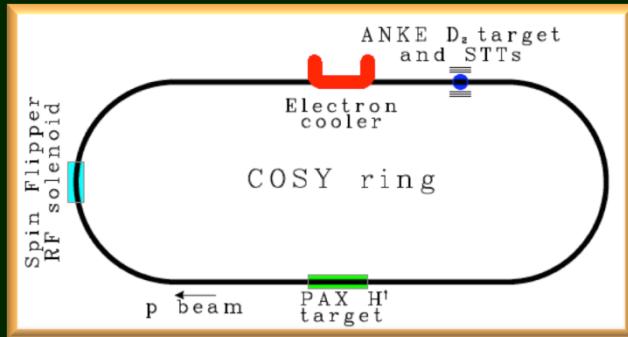
FROZEN PROJECT

...prolific collaboration INFN-JINR

- Magnets
- Instrumented iron
- Software packages (simulation, track reconstruction, online muon selection, calibration)

PAX @ COSY

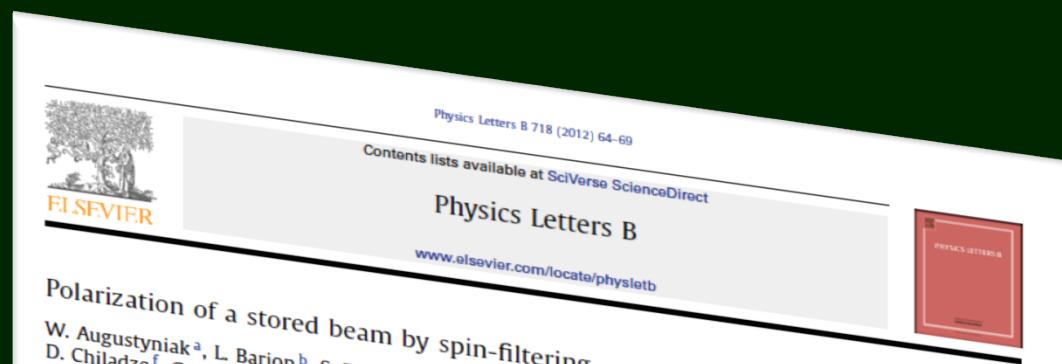
Spin filtering for anti-proton
(transverse) polarization



Possible extension to preparatory
studies for EDM measurements

INFN-JINR collaboration for:

- Electron cooling
- Data analysis



Polarization of a stored beam by spin-filtering

W. Augustyniak^a, L. Barion^b, S. Barsov^c, U. Bechstedt^{d,e}, P. Benati^b, S. Bertelli^b, V. Carassiti^b, D. Chiladze^f, G. Ciullo^b, M. Contalbrigo^b, P.F. Dalpiaz^b, S. Dymov^{g,h}, R. Engels^{d,e}, W. Erwen^{e,i}, M. Fiorini^b, M. Gaisser^{d,e}, R. Gebel^{d,e}, P. Goslaswski^j, K. Grigoriev^{c,d,e}, G. Guidoboni^b, A. Kacharava^{d,e}, A. Khoukaz^j, A. Kulikov^h, H. Kleines^{i,e}, G. Langenberg^{d,e}, A. Lehrach^{d,e}, P. Lenisa^{b,*}, N. Lomidze^f, B. Lorentz^{d,e}, G. Macharashvili^{h,d,f}, R. Maier^{d,e}, B. Marianski^a, S. Martin^{d,e}, D. Mchedlishvili^f, S. Merzliakov^{h,d,e}, I.N. Meshkov^h, H.O. Meyer^k, M. Mielke^j, M. Mikirtychiants^{c,d,e}, S. Mikirtychiants^{c,d,e}, A. Nass^{d,e}, M. Nekipelov^{d,e}, N. Nikolaev^{d,e,l}, M. Nioradze^f, D. Oellers^{b,d,e}, M. Papenbrock^j, L. Pappalardo^b, A. Pesce^b, A. Polyanskiy^{h,d}, D. Prasuhn^{d,e}, F. Rathmann^{d,e}, J. Sarkadi^{d,e}, A. Smirnov^h, H. Seyfarth^{d,e}, V. Shmakova^{h,d}, M. Statera^b, E. Steffens^g, H.J. Stein^{d,e}, H. Stockhorst^{d,e}, H. Straatman^{n,e}, H. Ströher^{d,e}, M. Tabidze^f, G. Tagliente^o, P. Thörngren-Engblom^{b,p}, S. Trusov^{r,q}, A. Trzcinski^a, Yu. Valdau^{d,e,c}, A. Vasiliev^c, K.M. von Württemberg^s, Chr. Weidemann^{b,d,e}, P. Wüstner^{i,e}, P. Zupranski^a

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^g Laboratory of Nuclear Problems, Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, 141980 Dubna, Russia

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^k Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics, 117218 Moscow, Russia

^l BIPM, Sezione di Bari, 70126 Bari, Italy

^m Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, 119991 Moscow, Russia

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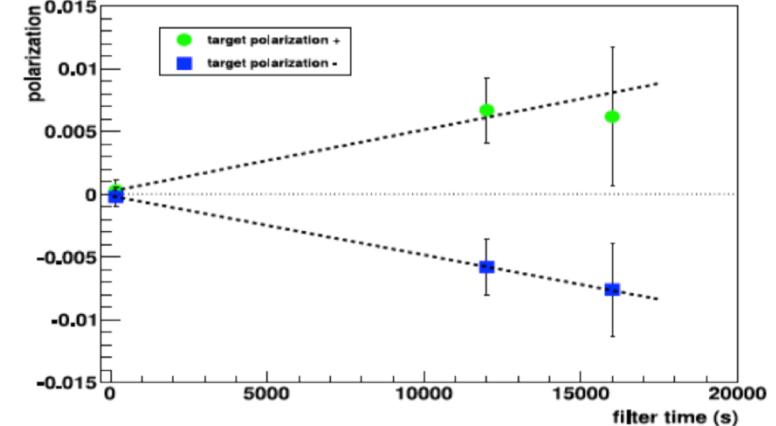
^o Institut für Kern- und Hadronenphysik, Forschungszentrum Rossendorf, 01134 Dresden, Germany

^p Department of Physics, Stockholm University, SE-10691 Stockholm, Sweden

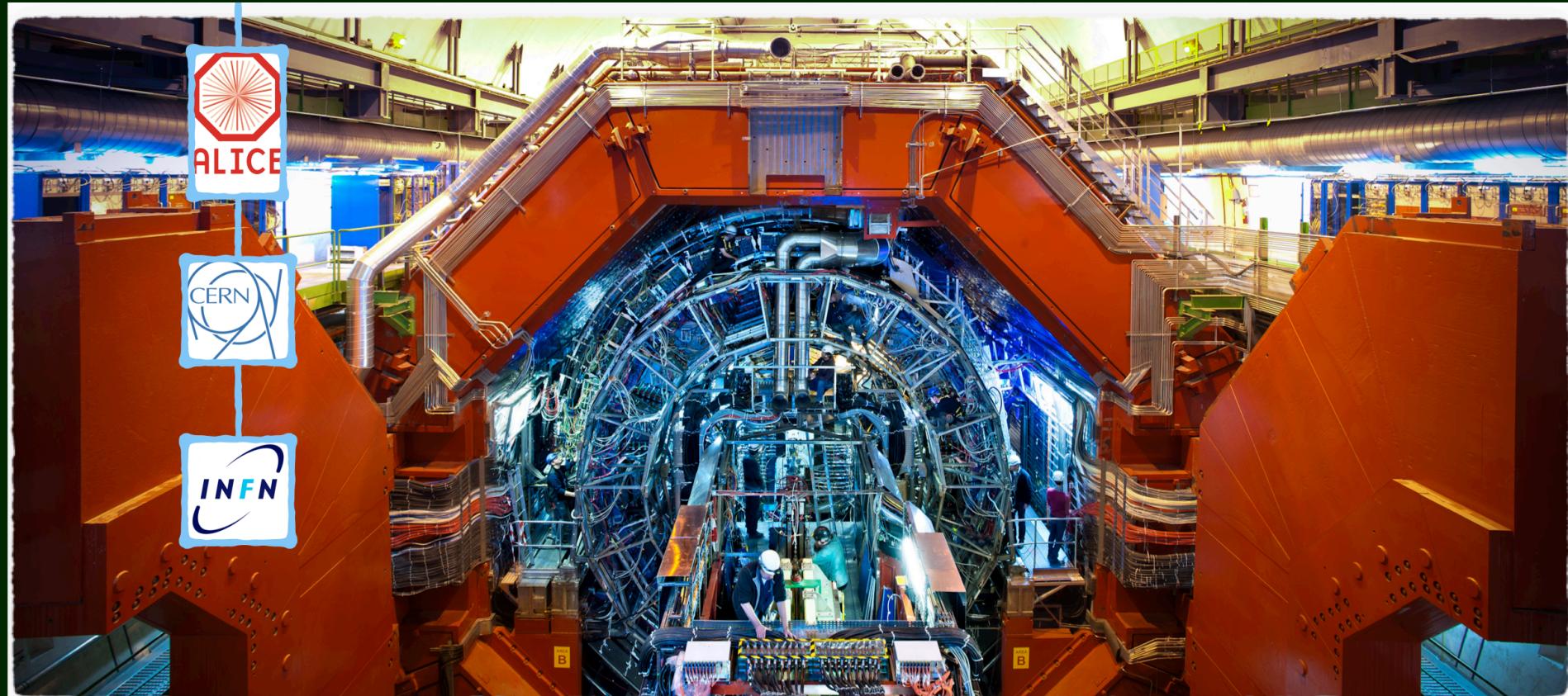
^q Department of Physics, Stockholm University, SE-10691 Stockholm, Sweden

^r Institut für Kern- und Hadronenphysik, Forschungszentrum Rossendorf, 01134 Dresden, Germany

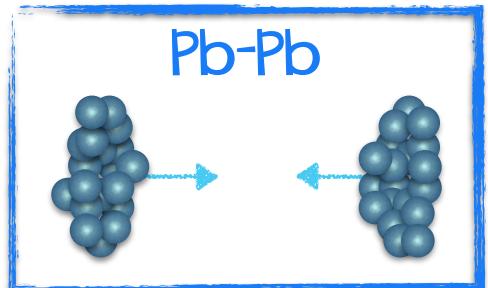
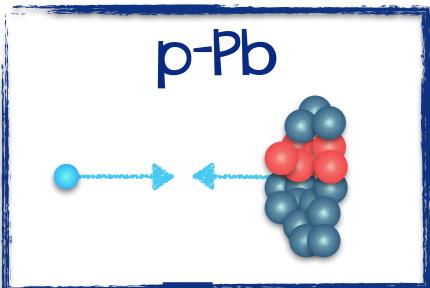
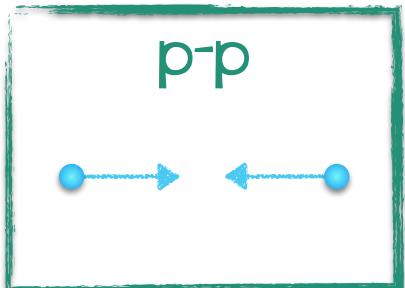
^s Department of Physics, Stockholm University, SE-10691 Stockholm, Sweden



L2 - Phase Transitions in NM



ALICE, not only QGP



No nuclear matter

Soft QCD and pQCD, fragmentation in vacuum
Reference for p-Pb and Pb-Pb

No medium was expected, Cold Nuclear Matter (CNM) effects

Initial and final state effects due to nuclear matter

Reference for Pb-Pb

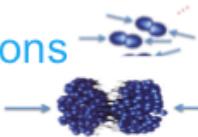
Hot and dense medium produced, Quark-Gluon Plasma (QGP)

In-medium effects: thermal production, collective flow, energy loss, jet quenching, recombination, fragmentation in the medium

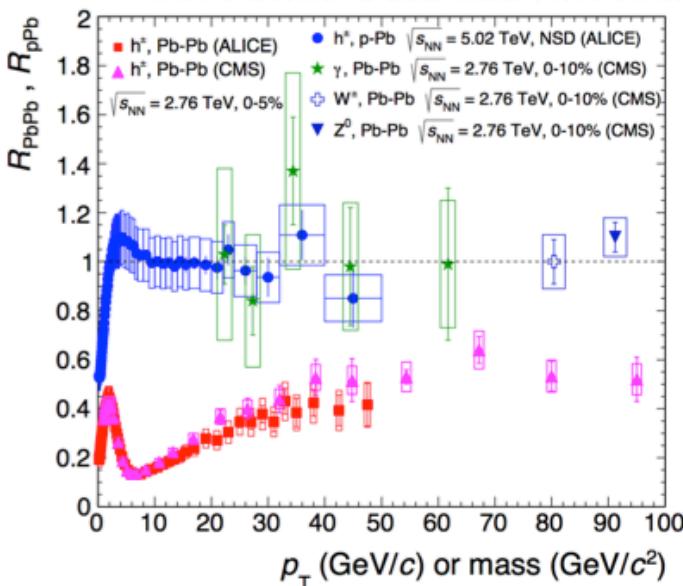
Medium Characterization

$$R_{AA}(p_T) = \frac{dN^{AA}/dp_T}{\langle N_{coll} \rangle dN^{pp}/dp_T}$$

$=1 \rightarrow$ binary scaling, no nuclear modifications
 $<1 \rightarrow$ suppression, nuclear modifications



- R_{pA} deviation from binary scaling due to COLD NUCLEAR MATTER EFFECTS
 - \rightarrow modifications in PDFs, gluon saturation
- R_{AA} deviation from binary scaling due to HOT NUCLEAR MATTER EFFECTS
 - \rightarrow partonic energy loss, suppression/(re)generation in the hot and dense medium

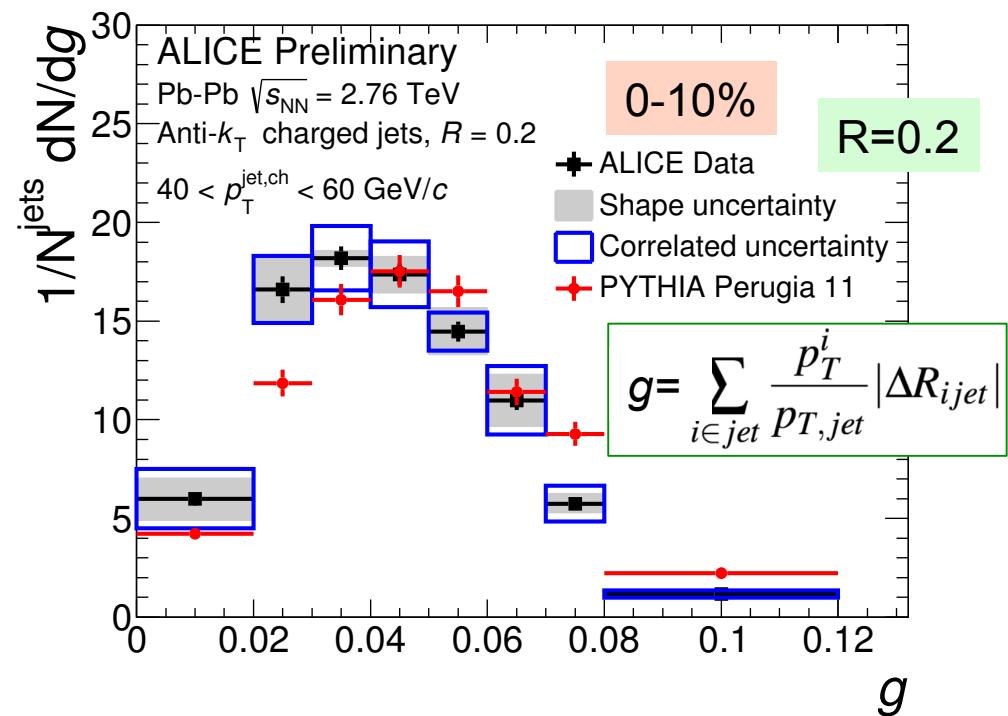
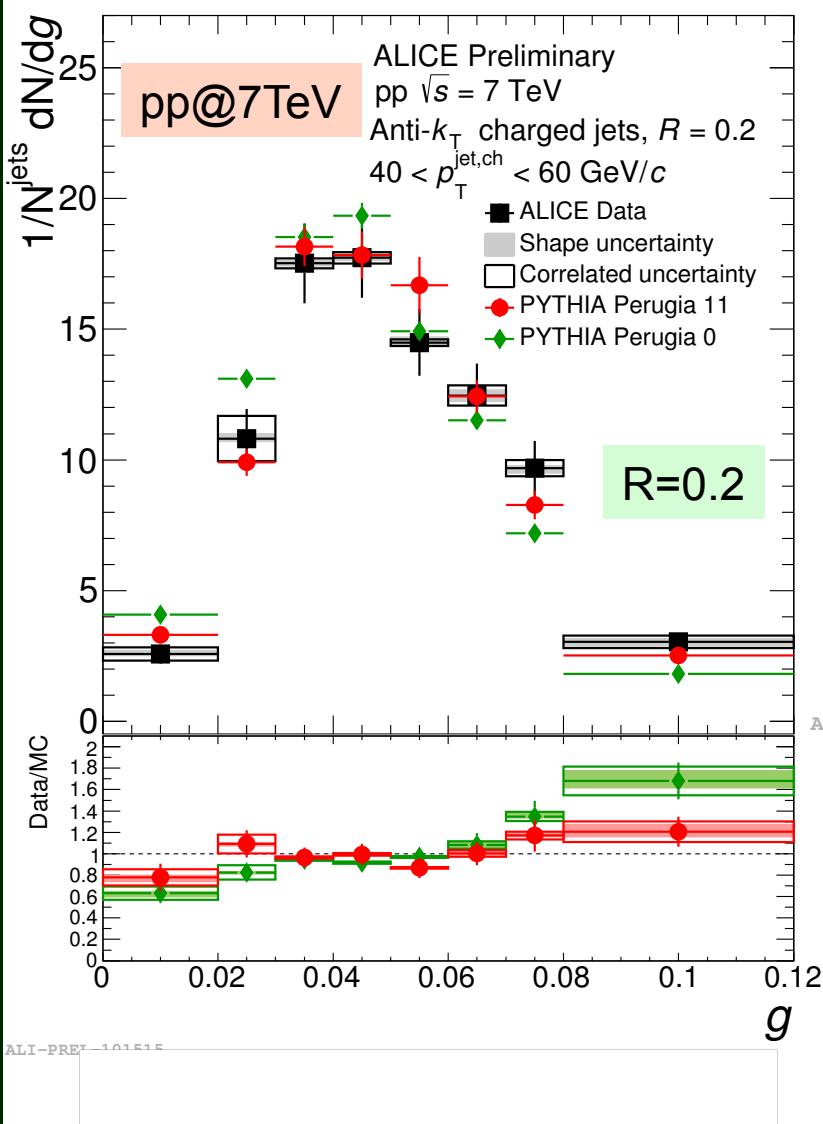


EM probes \rightarrow no modification since they do not interact with the medium formed in A-A collisions

p-A collisions \rightarrow used to disentangle hot nuclear effects since only COLD MATTER EFFECTS expected to occur

\rightarrow If no suppression is observed in p-A collisions, then the suppression in A-A collisions is a HOT MATTER EFFECT due to the hot and dense medium

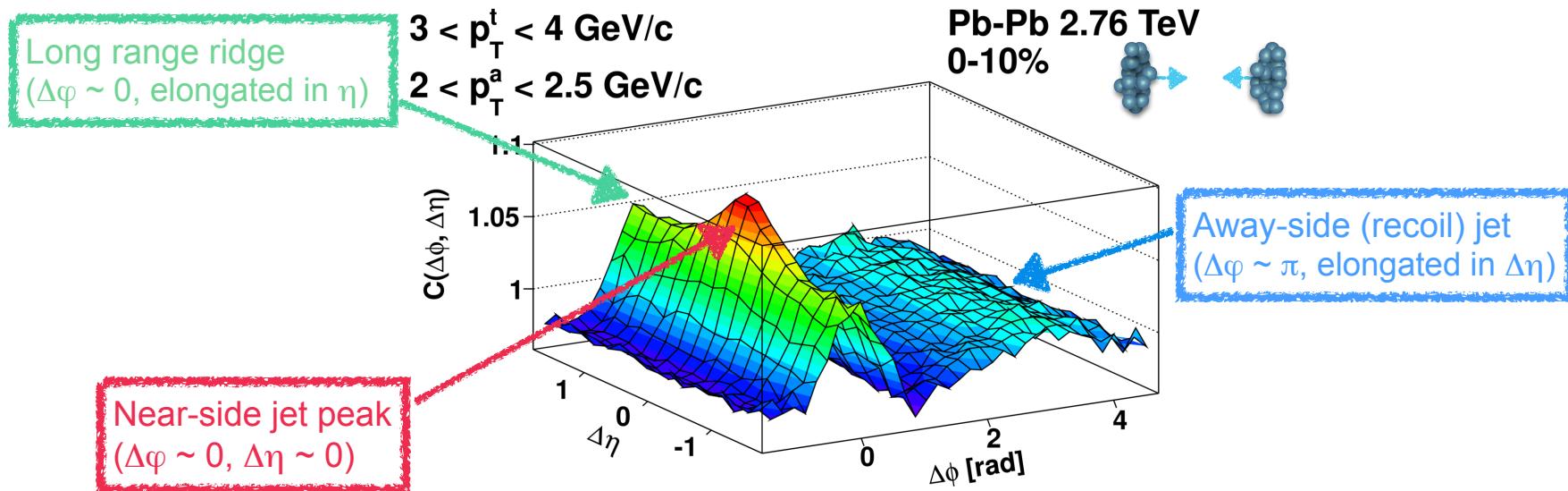
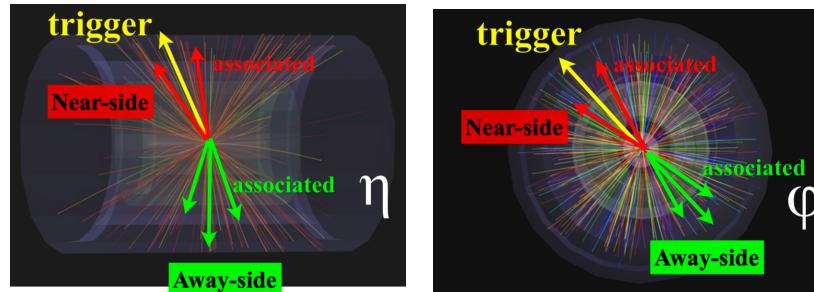
Selected result: Jet Shape



- New variables to characterize Jet-core shapes (constituents in $R=0.2$)
 - ✓ Radial moment (g), Dispersion in p_T , leading-sub leading p_T
- Consistent with PYTHIA in pp
- Core of Pb-Pb jets more collimated than pp jets

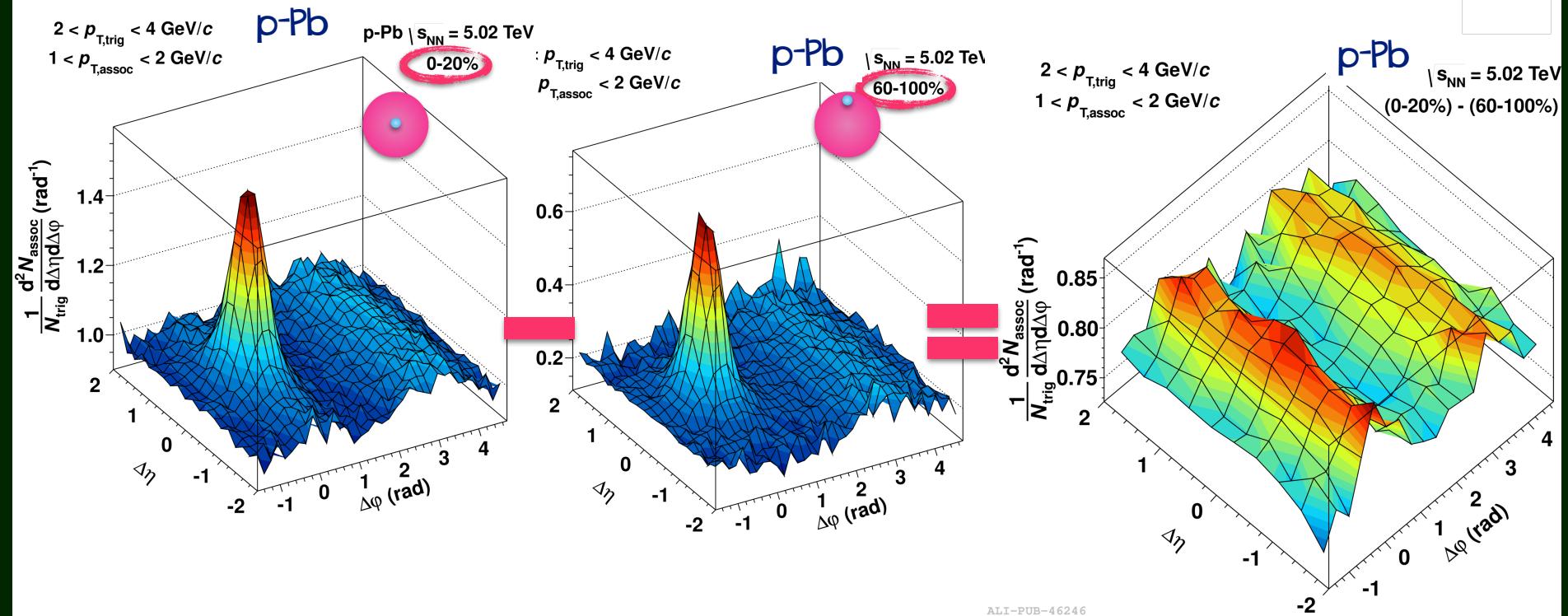
Selected result: 2-particle correlation

Distributions of relative angles $\Delta\phi$ and $\Delta\eta$ between pairs of particles: “trigger” particle in a certain transverse momentum $p_{T,\text{trig}}$ interval and “associated” particles in a $p_{T,\text{assoc}}$ range



► long range “ridges” are interpreted as evidence of collective behavior in the dense medium

Selected result: 2-particle correlation



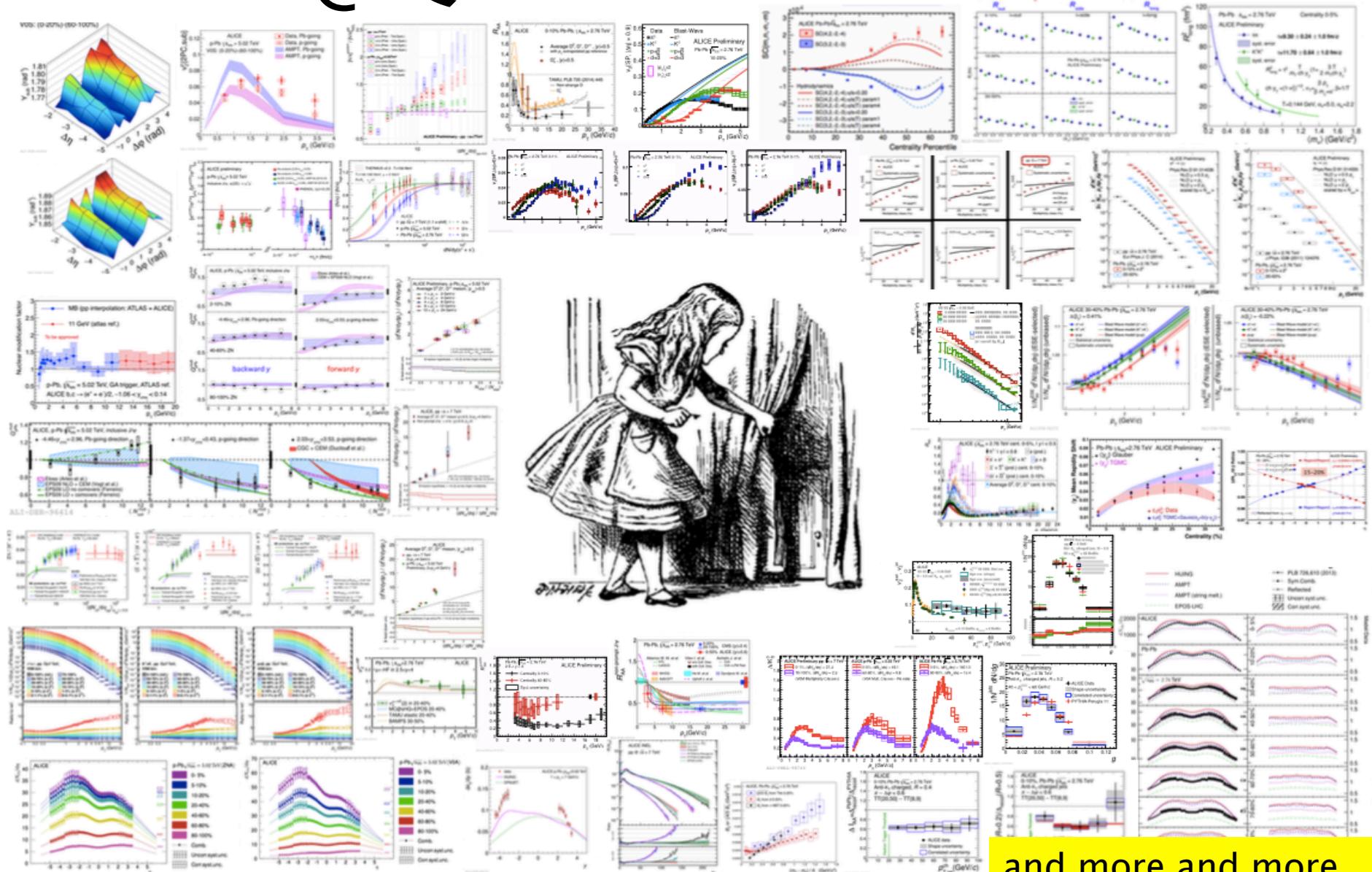
ALICE-PUB-46246

- ▶ symmetric double ridge observed in p-Pb collisions where collective behaviors were not expected (no flowing medium is expected to be formed)!
- ▶ Proposed (and debated) explanations of the double ridge:
 - correlations established in initial high gluon dense state through partonic interactions
 - hydrodynamic flow

... and intriguing pp results



ALICE @ QM2015



and more and more....



ALICE @ QM2015

27 talks and 50 posters in QM2015
ALICE's Adventure continues.

Correlations and Fluctuations

- Rashmi Raniwala: Longitudinal Asymmetry in Pb-Pb
- Ludmila Malinina: Femtoscopy in Pb-Pb
- Evgeny Kryshen: F-C correlations in p-Pb
- Panos Christakoglou: Balance function

Quarkonia

- Marco Leoncino: Psi(2S) in p-Pb
- Hugo Denis Antonio Pereira Da Costa: Charmonium in Pb-Pb
- Gines Martinez-Garcia: Low pT J/psi in Pb-Pb
- Indranil Das: Upsilon production in ALICE

Open Heavy Flavors and Strangeness

- Alessandro De Falco: ϕ in p-Pb and Pb-Pb
- Natasha Sharma: (anti-)(hyper-)nuclei and exotics
- Andrea Dubla: Heavy flavors in Pb-Pb
- Jeremy Wilkinson: Heavy flavors in p-Pb
- Fabio Filippo Colamaria: Heavy flavors in pp and correlations

QGP in small systems

- Antonio Ortiz Velasquez: Light flavors in p-Pb
- Livio Bianchi: Strangeness production in p-p

Jets and High pT Hadrons

- Leticia Cunqueiro Mendez: Jet structure in Pb-Pb
- Redmer Alexander Bertens: Charged jet anisotropy
- Astrid Morreale: High p_T photons and π^0 in Pb-Pb

Collective Dynamics

- Ramona Lea: (anti-)deuteron in Pb-Pb
- Anthony Robert Timmins: Event shape engineering
- You Zhou: Correlations of flow harmonics
- Naghmeh Mohammadi: Higher harmonics in Pb-Pb

Initial State Physics and Approach to Equilibrium

- Valentina Zacco: Multiplicity over wide rapidity in p-p

Electromagnetic probes

- Baldo Sahlmueller: Direct photons in Pb-Pb
- Patrick Simon Reichelt: Low mass dielectrons

Future Experimental Facilities, Upgrades, and Instrumentation

- Petra Riedler: ALICE ITS upgrade
- Chilo Garabatos Cuadrado: ALICE TPC upgrade

Including the new results @ 13 TeV

Italian Participation

ALICE has >1300 members (960 authors)
from 156 institutes

The Italian participation has 180 members

Spokesperson
Physics Coordinator
Management Board

Tech. Board

Collaboration Board

Conf. Committee
Editorial Board
Run Coordinator/
Consolidation task
DQM coordinator
Working Group Conveners/
Members Physics Board

P. Giubellino (To)
F. Antinori (Pd)
R. Nania (Bo), E. Vercellin (To), E. Scomparin (To), A. Zichichi (Bo), F. Ronchetti (LNF)
G. De Cataldo (Ba), N. De Marco (To), M. Gagliardi (To), V. Manzari (Ba), P. Mereu (To), R. Nania (Bo), F. Prino (To), A. Rashevsky (Ts), G. Scioli (Bo), F. Ronchetti (LNF), C. Cicalo (Ca)

F. Antinori (Pd), C. Cicalo (Ca), S. De Pasquale (Sa), M. Masera (To), S. Piano (Ts), A. Mazzoni (Roma), P. Antonioli (Bo), V. Manzari (Ba), L. Ramello (Al), F. Riggi (Ct), P. Di Nezza (LNF), M. Biasotto (LNL) + ex-officio membri del Management Board

E. Vercellin (To), L. Ramello (Al)
A. Dainese (Pd), E. Scomparin (To), G. Usai (Ca)

F. Ronchetti (LNF)
D. De Gruttola (Sa)

G.E. Bruno (Ba), R. Preghenella (Bo), E. Bruna (To), A. Dainese (Pd), C. Zampolli (Bo)
+ ex-officio F. Antinori (Pd), E. Vercellin (To), E. Scomparin (To)

Physics Analysis Group Coordinators

B. Alessandro (To), P. Antonioli (Bo), R. Arnaldi (To), E. Bruna (To), L. Cunquerio (LNF), A. de Falco (Ca), M. Gagliardi (To), C. Oppedisano (To), F. Bellini (Bo), C. Zampolli (Bo), S. Bufalino (To)
S. Bagnasco (To), A. De Caro (Sa), D. Elia (Ba), M. Masera (To), C. Oppedisano (To)
D. Elia (Ba)
D. Elia (Ba)
S. Bagnasco (To), A. Masoni (Ca)

Comp. Board:

LCG Collaboration Board:

Comitato di gestione Tier-1:

FN Grid EB:

ALICE Upgrade for Run 3

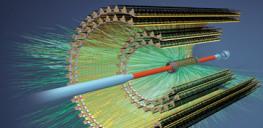
ALICE

Technical Design Report

CERN-LHCC-2013-024
ALICE-TDR-017
December 2, 2013



Upgrade of the
Inner Tracking System
Technical Design Report

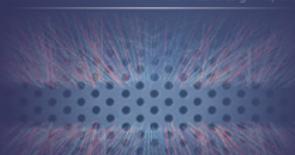


ALICE
Technical Design Report

CERN-LHCC-2013-025
ALICE-TDR-018
December 4, 2013



Upgrade of the
Time Projection Chamber
Technical Design Report

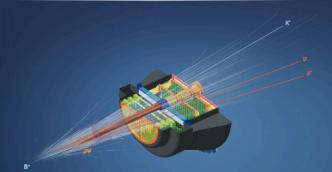


ALICE
Technical Design Report

CERN-LHCC-2015-001
ALICE-TDR-018
May 30, 2015 - Version 4



Muon Forward Tracker
Technical Design Report



ALICE
Technical Design Report

CERN-LHCC-2013-019
ALICE-TDR-015
November 4, 2013



Upgrade of the
Readout & Trigger System
Technical Design Report



ALICE
Technical Design Report

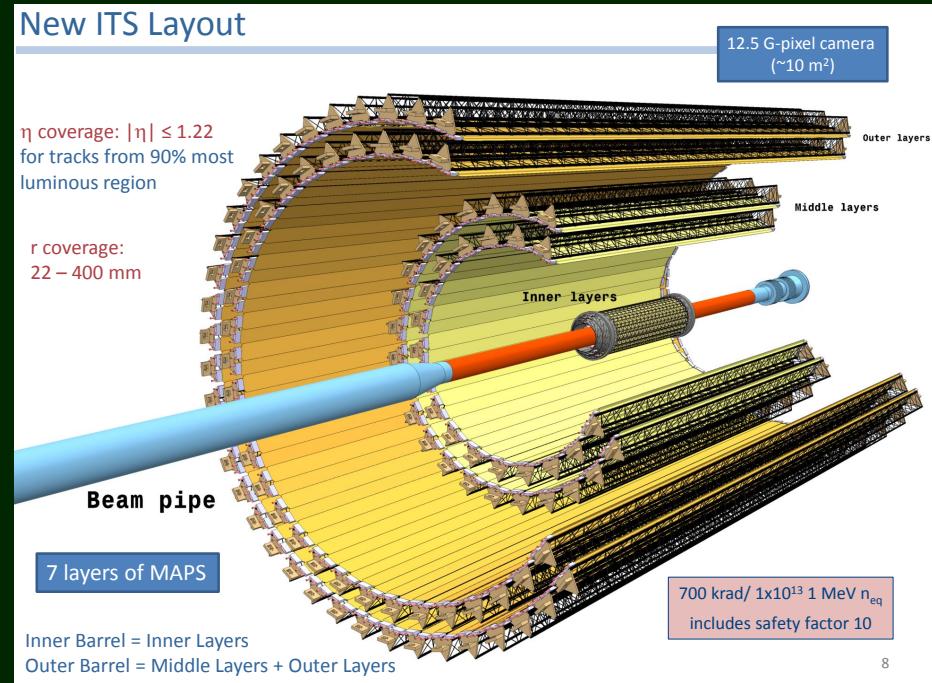
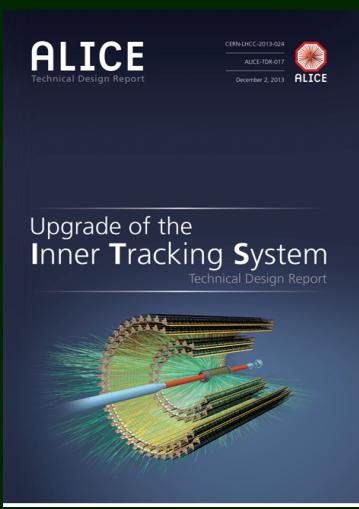
CERN-LHCC-2019-006
ALICE-TDR-019
June 8, 2019



Upgrade of the
Online - Offline computing system
Technical Design Report



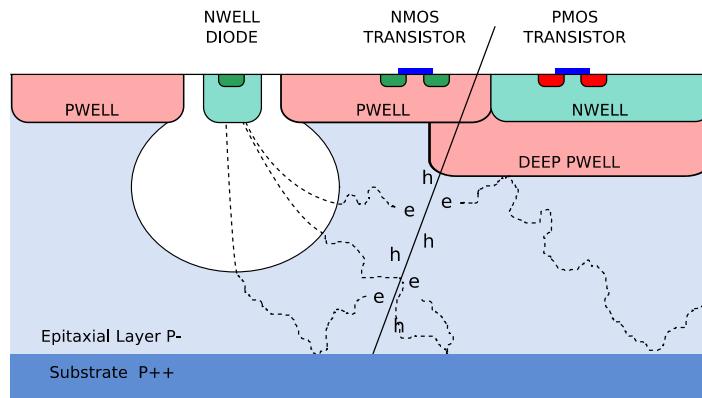
ALICE Upgrade for Run 3



PIXEL Chip

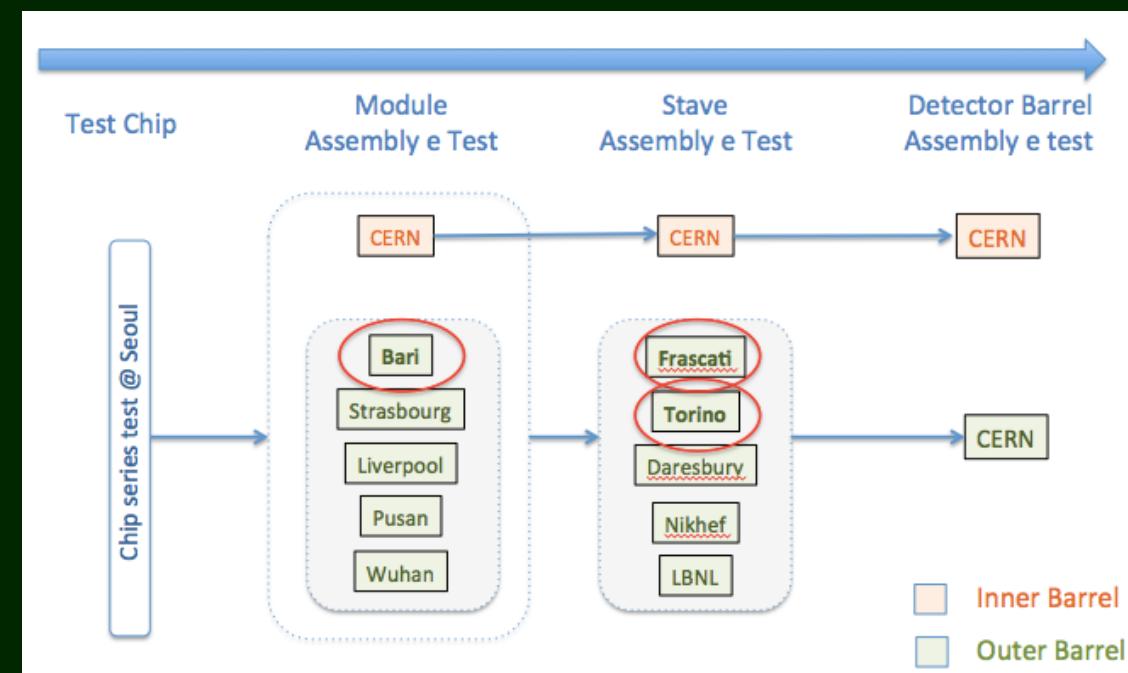
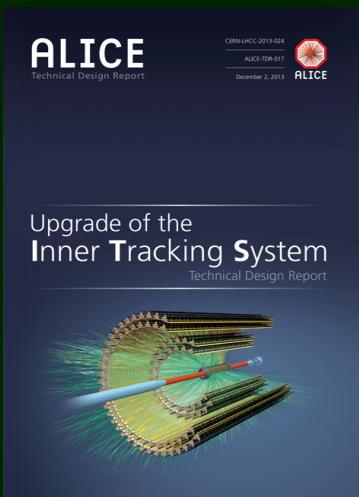
Monolithic PIXEL chip using Tower Jazz CMOS 0.18 μm

- Chip size: 15mm x 30mm
- Pixel pitch $\sim 30 \mu\text{m}$
- Spatial resolution $\sim 5 \mu\text{m}$
- Power density $< 100 \text{ mW/cm}^2$
- Architectures: MISTRAL, ALPIDE



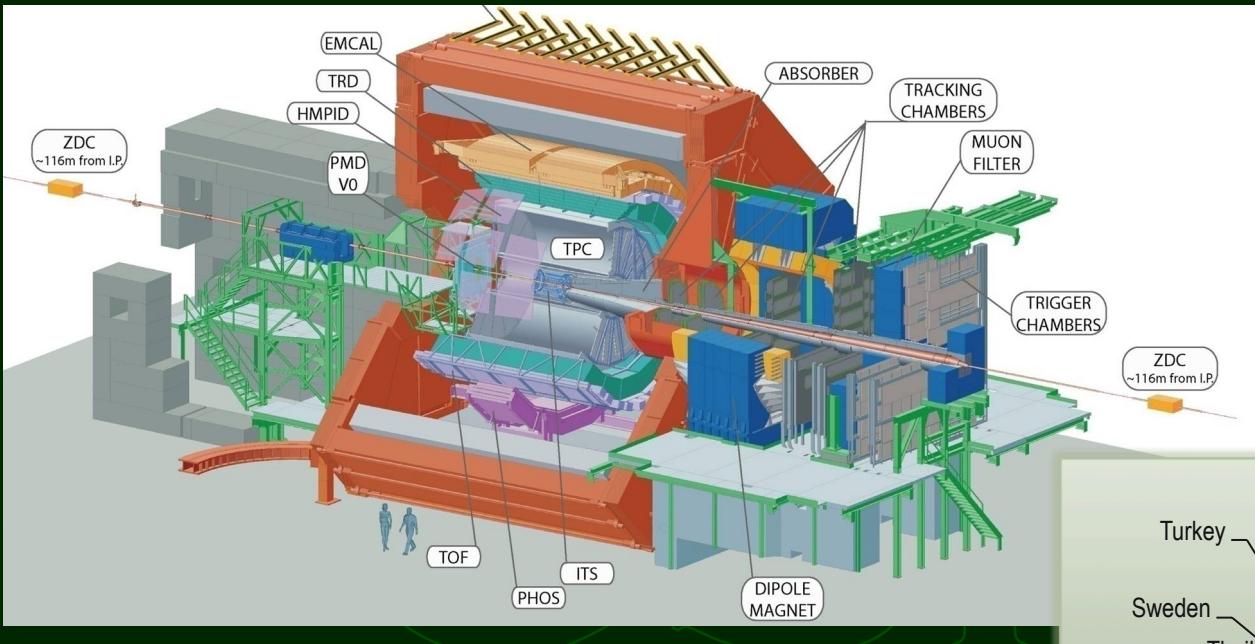
Deep p-well allows truly CMOS circuit inside pixel

ALICE Upgrade for Run 3



INFN Units	Main responsibilities
Bari	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OB module production Module ans Stave test system Power Supply System
Cagliari	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chip architecture (Priority encoder & R/O Interface) Pixel Chip test system
Catania +Trieste	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Production and test for the OB-FPC
LNF +Roma	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OB Stave production LNF Beam Test Facility
Padova	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OB Integration: End-wheels, Conical Structural Shell, Half-Layer e Half-barrel
Torino+ Alessandria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> PLL & DTU of the Pixel Chip FPC Design OB Stave production

RUSSIA IN ALICE



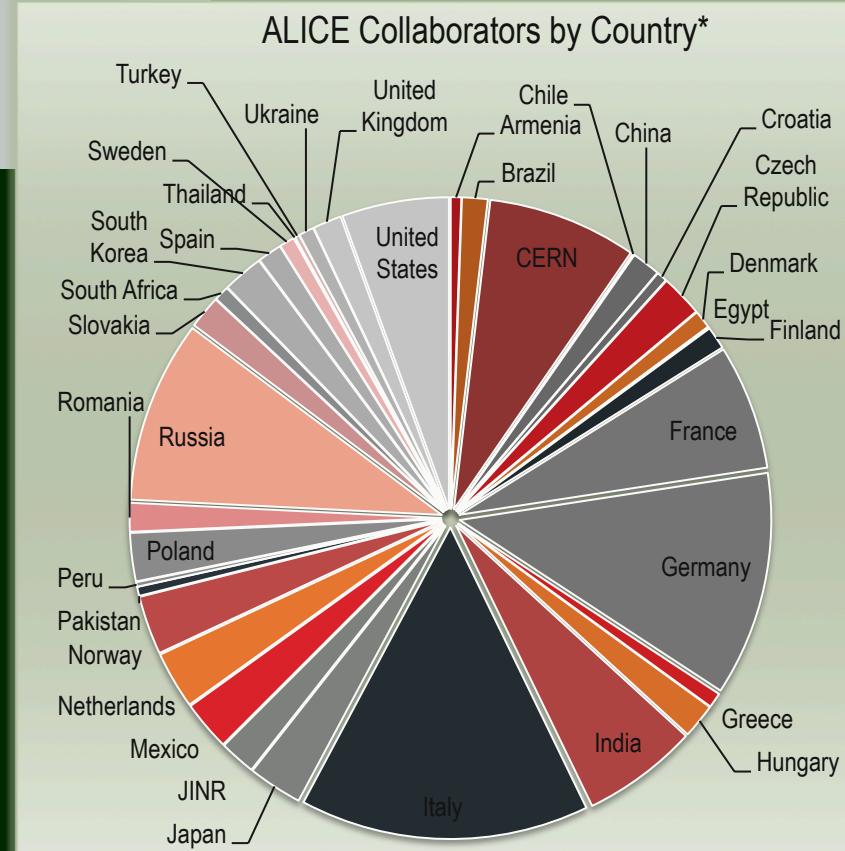
Inner Tracking System (ITS)

Inner Tracking System – Silicon Drift Detector (SDD)

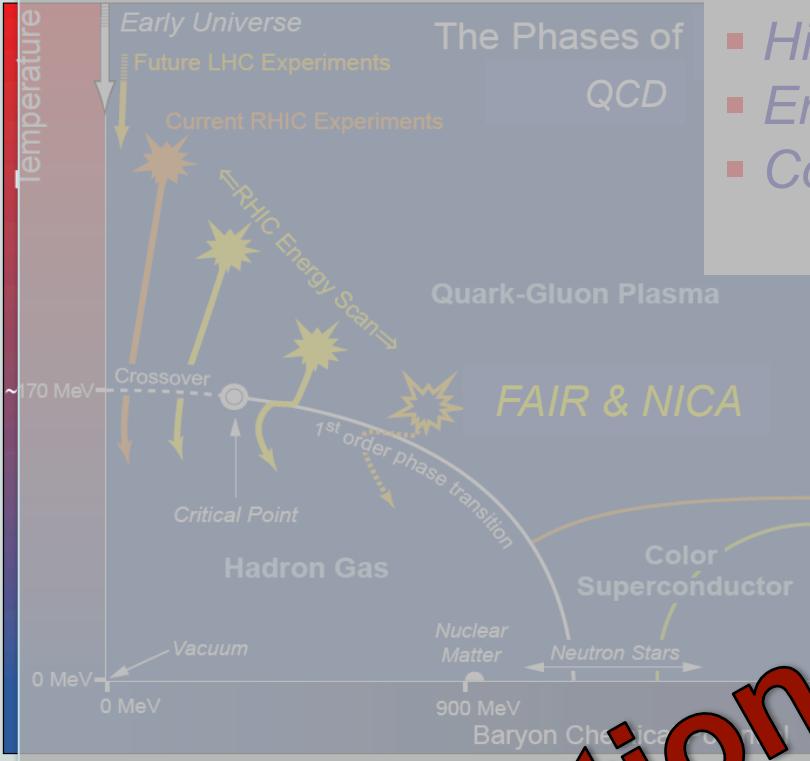
Inner Tracking System – Silicon Strip Detector (SSD)

Photon Spectrometer (PHOS)

Muons Tracking



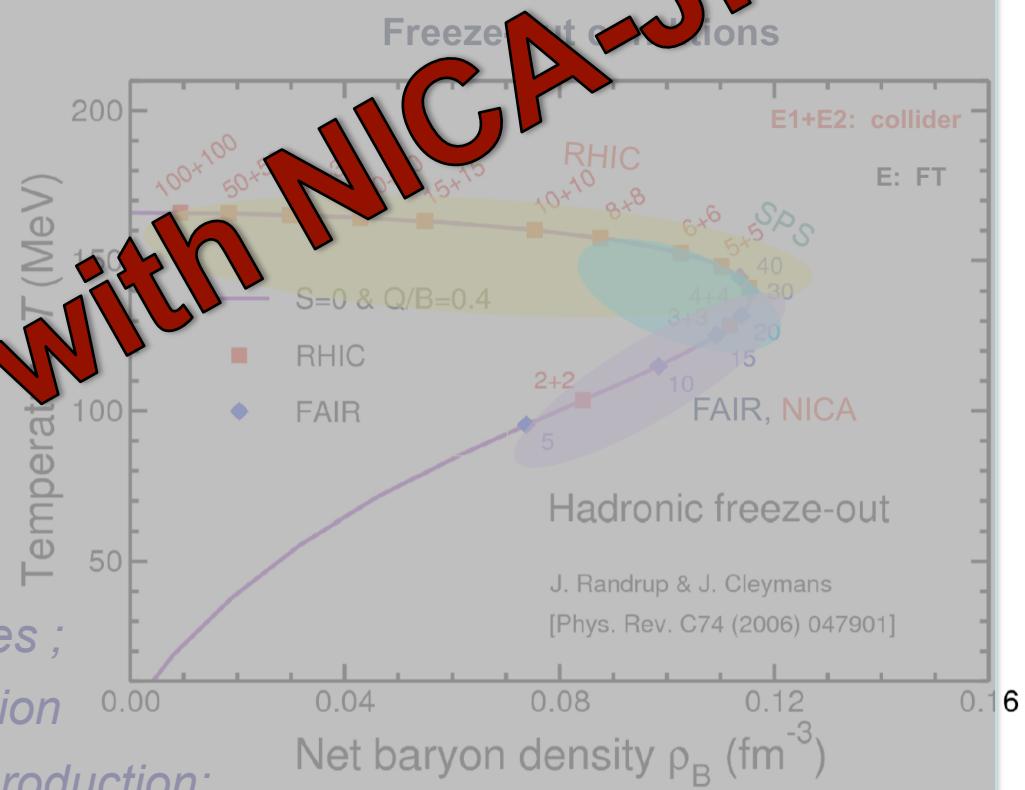
QCD matter at NICA



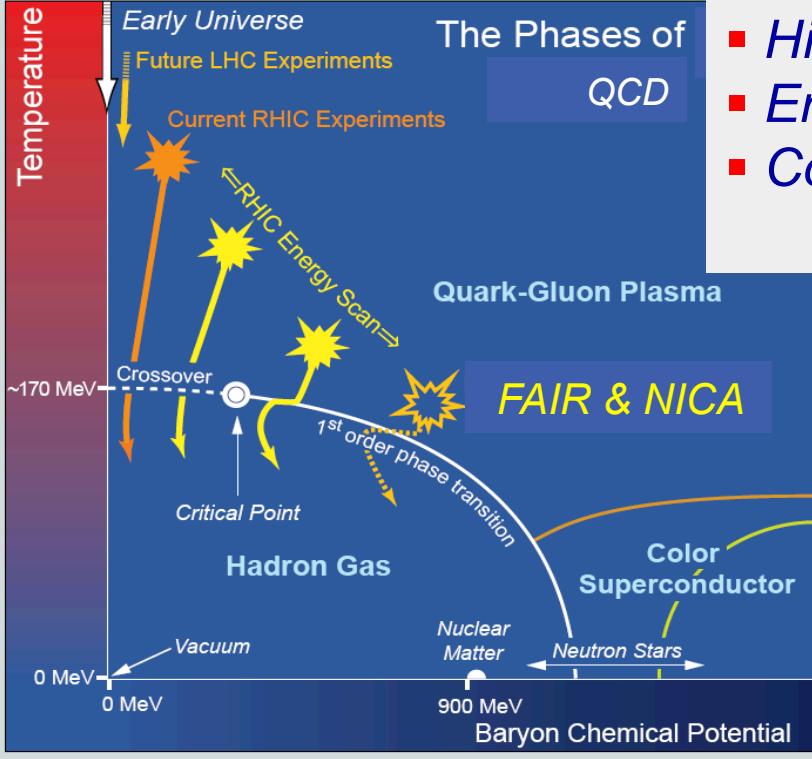
- Highest net baryon density
- Energy range covers onset of deconfinement
- Complementary to the RHIC/BES, FAIR, and CERN experimental programs

Connection with NICA-JINR

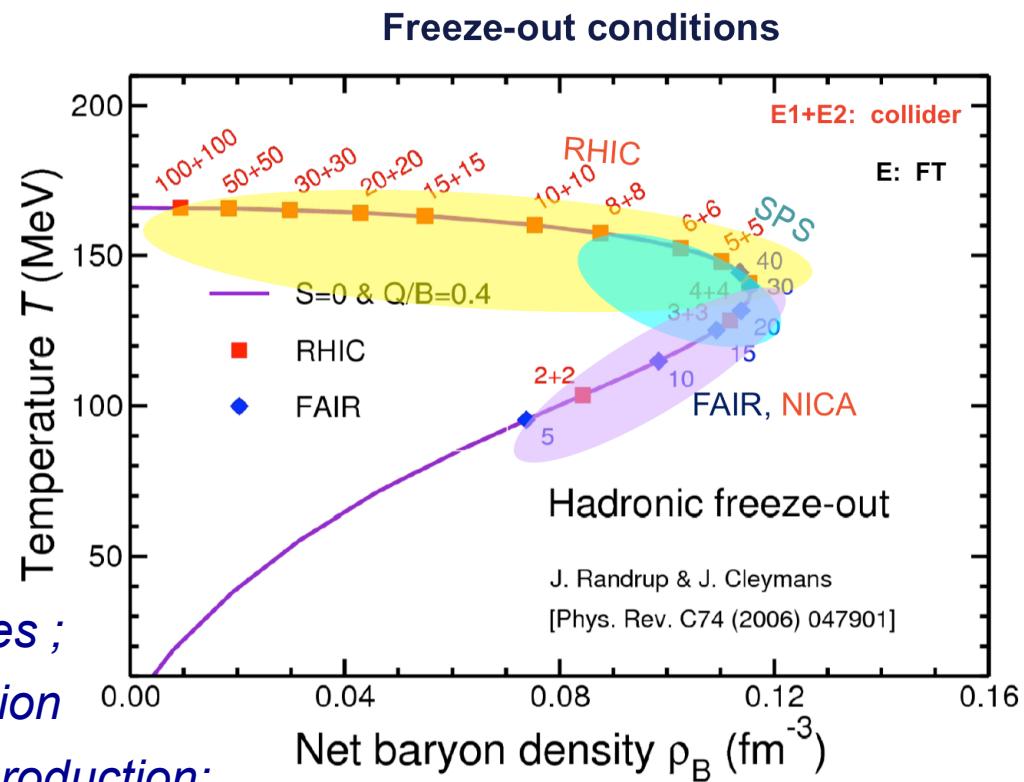
- Bulk properties, EOS - particle yields & spectra, ratios of vorticity, flow;
- In-Medium modification of H properties ;
- Deconfinement (chiral), phase transition at NICA ρ_B - enhanced strangeness production;
- QCD Critical Point - event-by-event fluctuations & correlations;
- Strangeness in nuclear matter - hypernuclei



QCD matter at NICA

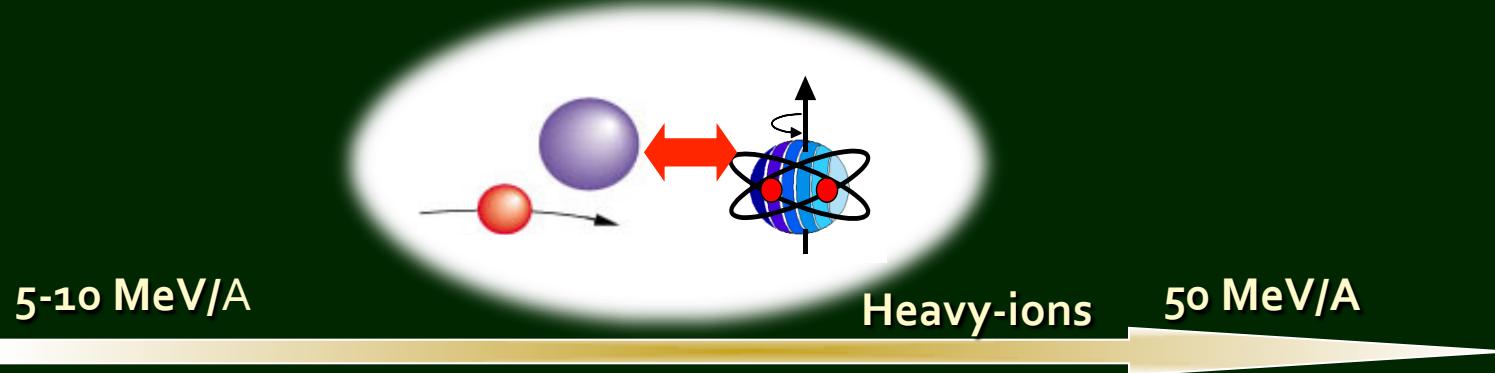


- Highest net baryon density
- Energy range covers onset of deconfinement
- Complementary to the RHIC/BES, FAIR and CERN experimental programs



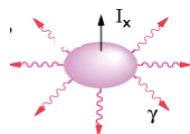
- Bulk properties, EOS - particle yields & spectra, ratios, femtoscopy, flow;
- In-Medium modification of H properties ;
- Deconfinement (chiral), phase transition at high ρ_B - enhanced strangeness production;
- QCD Critical Point - event-by-event fluctuations & correlations;
- Strangeness in nuclear matter - hypernuclei

L3 - Nuclear Structure and Reaction Mechanisms



Decays (in beam)

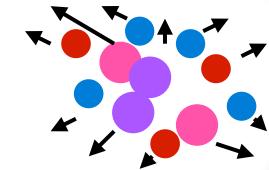
Shell structure
Collective modes-shape
vs N/Z
Symmetries



Reactions

peripheral
Nuclear
structure
Termodynamics
Viscosity-high spin

Multi-
framm



Equation
of state

GAMMA- PRISMA- EXOTIC- NUCLEX

DREAMS - LNS_STREAM - EXOCHIM

LNL

LNS

LNL and LNS

~30% of the researchers working on nuclear physics is involved in experiments @ LNL or LNS

LNL (~250 people including ~120 INFN employees, ~700 users)

Strength points : **SPES** is the acronym for “Selective Production of Exotic Species”, project devoted to basic research in nuclear physics and astrophysics as well as to interdisciplinary applications, ranging from the production of radionuclides of medical interest to the generation of neutrons for material studies, nuclear technologies and medicine

LNS (~ 200 people including ~120 INFN employees, ~500 users)

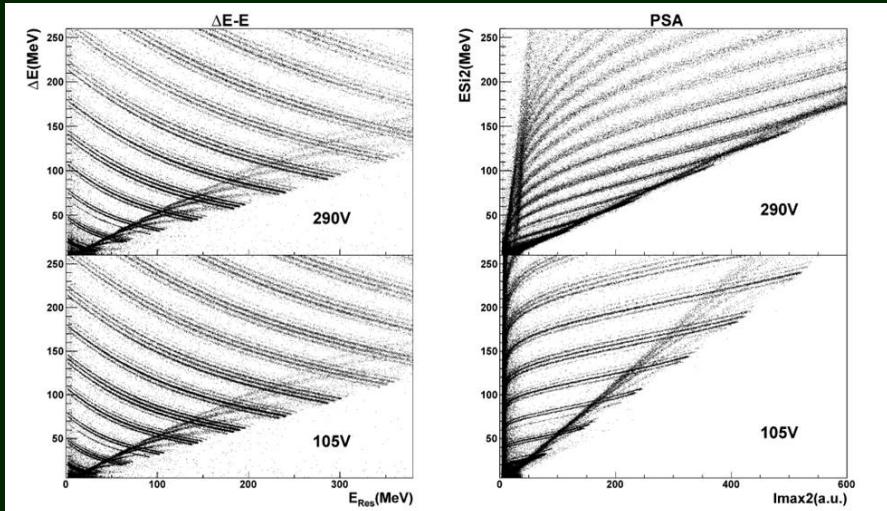
Superconducting Cyclotron: reaction mechanism at intermediate energies – EOS

TANDEM: nuclear astrophysics - nuclear structure - reaction mechanism

KM3Net: deep-sea research infrastructure devoted to search for neutrinos from distant astrophysical sources

Development Activities @ LNL, LNS

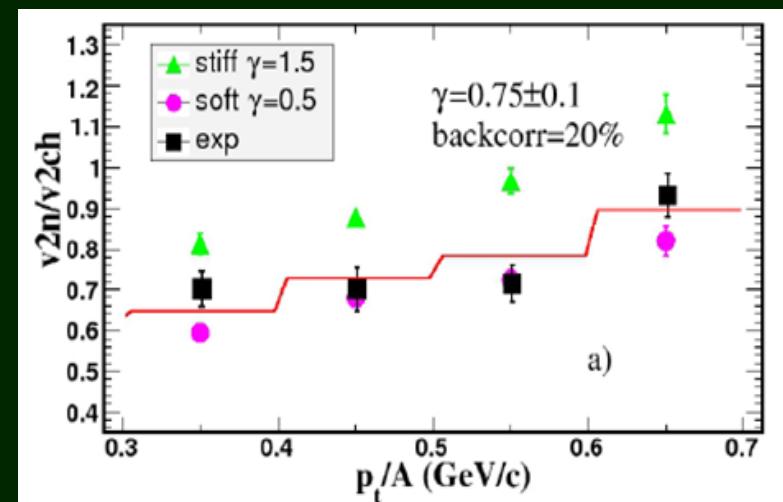
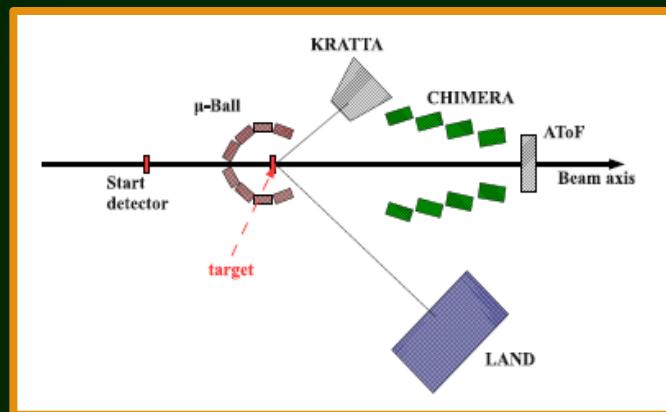
- R&D for charged particle arrays to be used with radioactive beams (activity FAZIA – PP-SPIRAL2 in FP7)
- Improvement in A and Z identification using DE-E and PSA on new FAZIA detectors



G. Pasquali et al. Eur. Phys J. A50 (2014) 86
G. Pastore et al. EPJ Web of Conf. 88 (2015) 01013

EXOCHIM

- * Study of EOS dependence on the Symmetry Energy term above saturation density ($\rho > \rho_0$)
- * Collaboration CHIMERA-GSI-Krakow-MSU-IN2p3 (ASY – EOS experiment @ GSI)
- * Study of the reactions Au+Au @ 400 AMeV, $^{76}\text{Zr}+^{76}\text{Zr}$ @ 400 AMeV, $^{96}\text{Ru} + ^{96}\text{Ru}$ @ 400 AMeV
- * Measurement of elliptic-flow ratio of neutrons to proton \rightarrow observable sensitive to symmetry energy term of EOS at supra-saturation densities

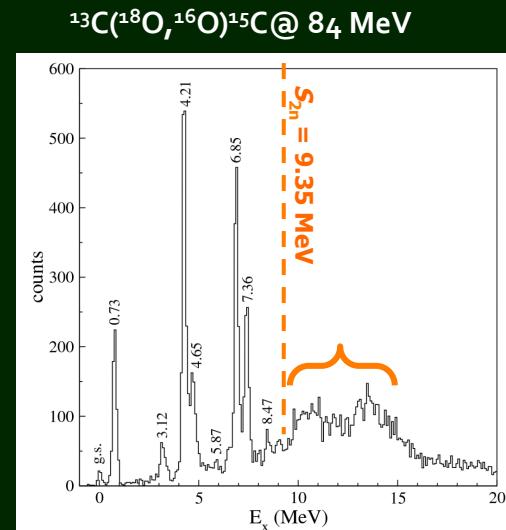


$$\gamma = 0.75 \pm 0.20 ; L = 73 \pm 13$$

DREAMS @ LNS

Discovery of the GPV using the reactions:

- $^{12}\text{C}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{16}\text{O})^{14}\text{C}$ @ 84 MeV
- $^{13}\text{C}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{16}\text{O})^{15}\text{C}$ @ 84 MeV
- $^{12}\text{C}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{16}\text{O})^{14}\text{C}$ @ 270 MeV



MAGNEX

- ✓ Right energy
- ✓ Right width
- ✓ Right cross section
- ✓ $L = 0$ transfer



GPV population

Particle-hole symmetry confirmation

F. Capuzzello et al. – Nature Comm. Vol.6, Art. Num. 6743 (2015)

NUMEN @ LNS

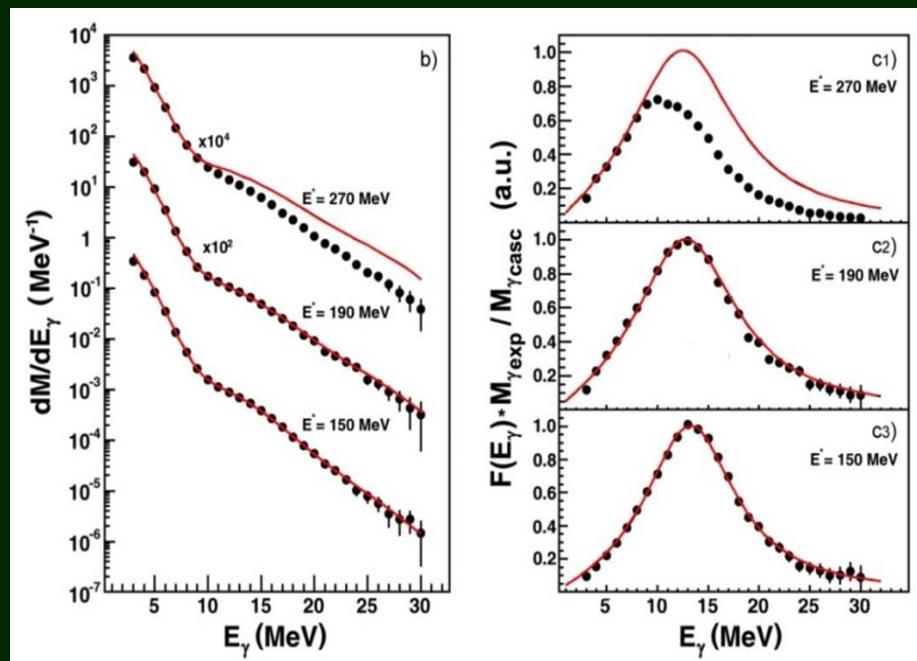
- Towards the determination of the Nuclear Matrix Elements of Neutrinoless Double Beta Decays by Heavy-Ion Double Charge Exchange Reactions
- First pioneering experimental results obtained for the $^{40}\text{Ca}(^{18}\text{O}, ^{18}\text{Ne})^{40}\text{Ar}$ reaction at 270 MeV are very encouraging (double charge exchange cross section 11 mb/sr at $\Theta_{\text{c.m.}} = 0^\circ$)

LNS-STREAM2 @ LNS

- Study of the evolution of the GDR properties vs. E^* ($150 < E^* < 270$ MeV) in nuclei of mass $A \sim 120 - 130$
- Evidence for a GDR quenching at $E^* = 270$ MeV
- Limiting excitation energy for the collective motion $E^* = 230$ MeV
- Evidence of a mass dependence of the limiting E^* for the collective motion (possible link with phase transition in nuclear matter which shows similar trend)

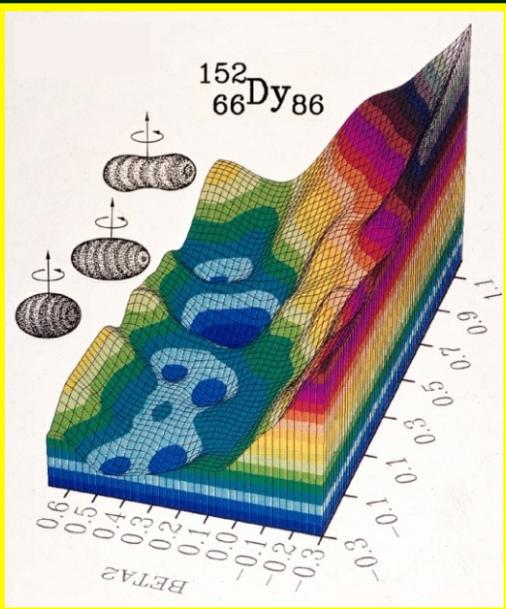
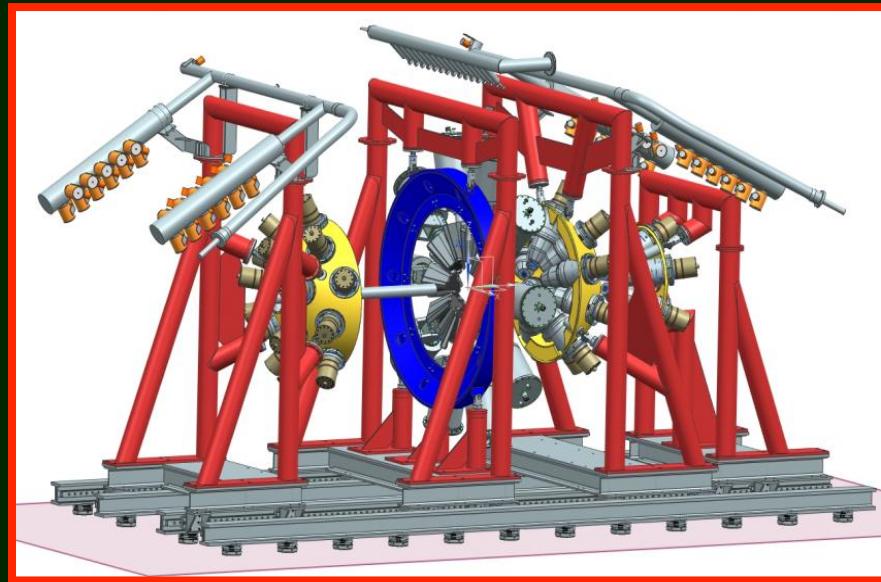


MEDEA

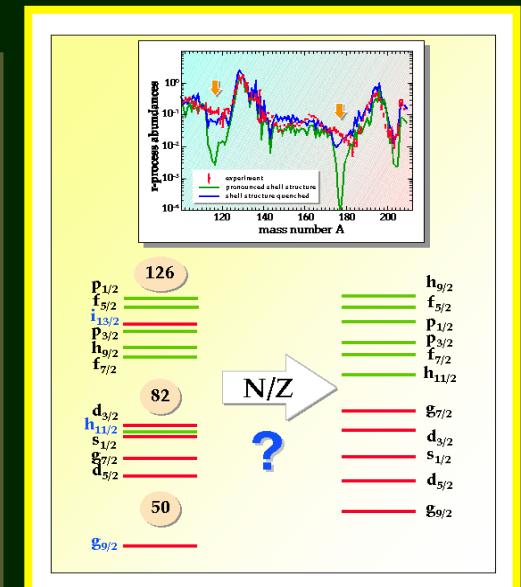


Nuclear Structure research @ LNL

GALILEO
 γ -ray
spettroscopy

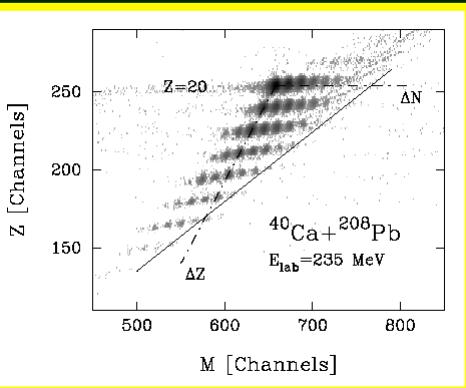


- High spin states
- Collectivity and shell model
- Isospin symmetries
- Isospin mixing in N=Z nuclei
- Spectroscopy at the dripline
- Shell stability and evolution in neutron rich nuclei
- Symmetries at the critical point
- Rotational damping

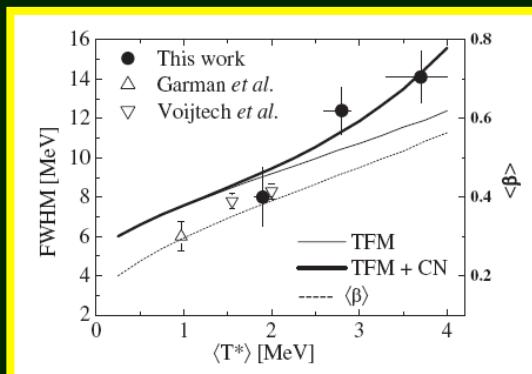
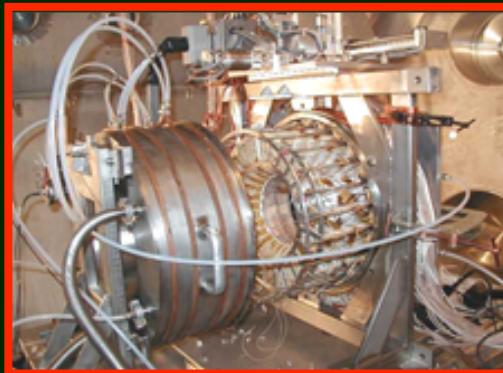


Reaction dynamics research @ LNS

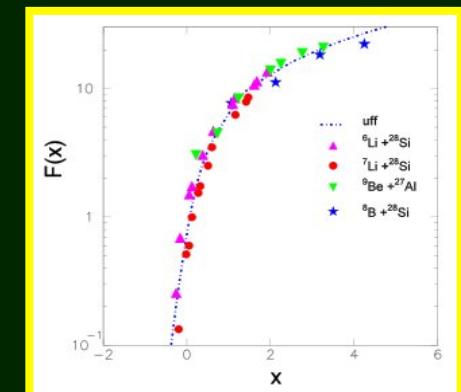
PRISMA and PISOLO



GARFIELD



EXOTIC



- Multinucleon transfer
- Nuclear superfluidity (pair transfer)
- Elastic and inelastic scattering
- Near and sub-barrier fusion

- Multifragmentation at low excitation energies
- Nuclear level density
- Collective modes
- Cluster structure

- Reactions with secondary beams
- Quasi-elastic scattering
- Break-up processes

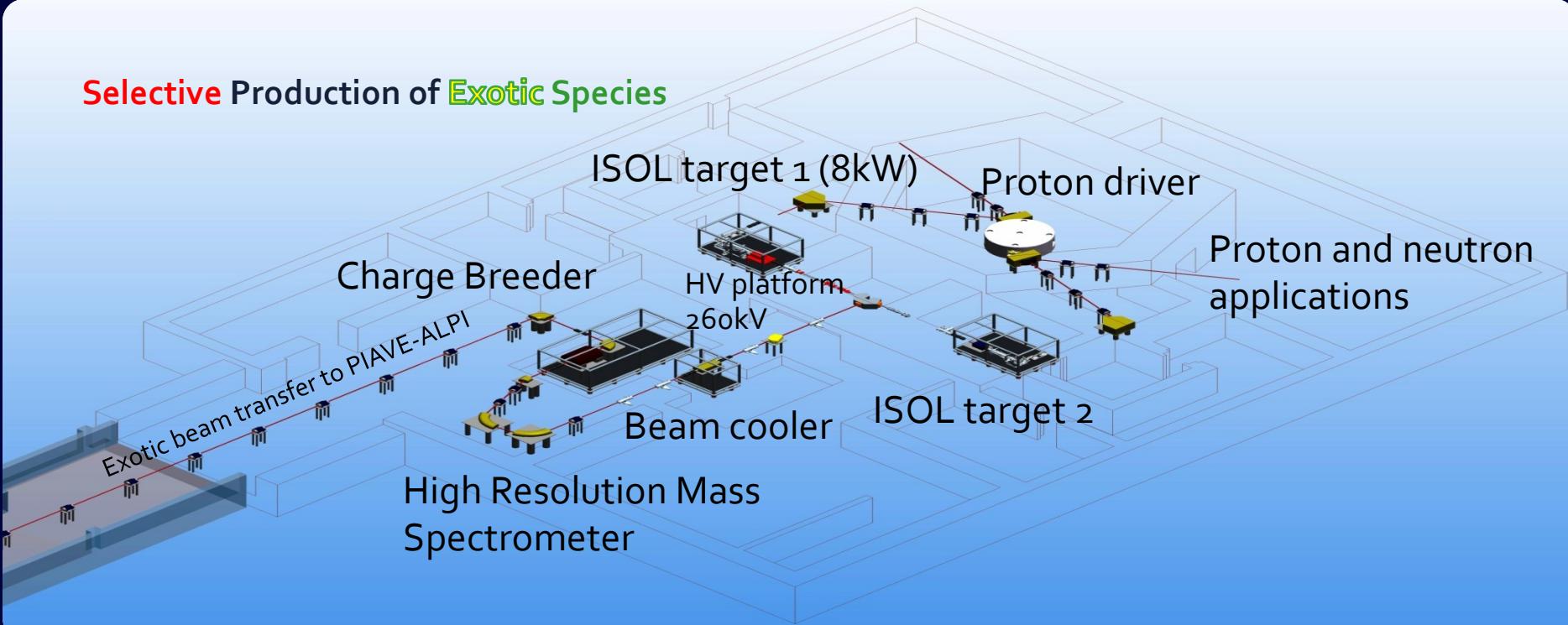
SPES ISOL facility @LNL

A second generation ISOL facility for **neutron-rich** ion beams
and an interdisciplinary research center



Proton induced fission on UCx
 10^{13} fission/s - 8 kW on direct target

Selective Production of Exotic Species



ISOL Roadmap in EUROPE

TODAY

SPIRAL -

10^{12} fission/s,
2 MeV/n (A=130)

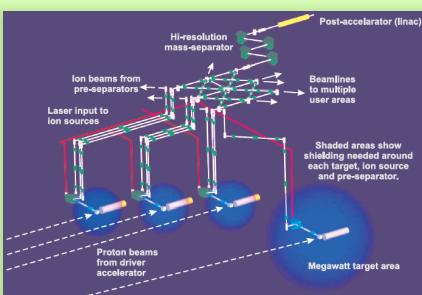


LNS - EXCYT

laboratoire commun CEA/DSM/CNRS/IN2P3

2014-2025

10^{13-14} fission/s
10 MeV/n (A=130)



EURISOL

FROM 2025

$> 10^{15}$ fission/s
100 MeV/n (A=130)

3x 100 kW direct target
1x 5 MW 2-step target

INFN at JINR → PAINUC

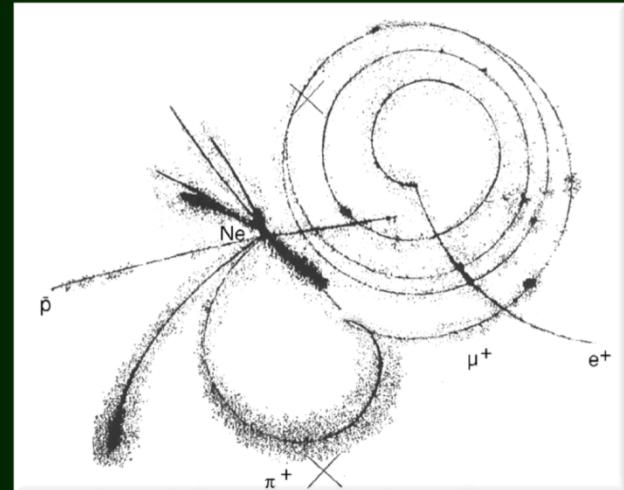
Low energy ($< \Delta(1232)$) charged pions as a probe of the nuclear matter not describable by QCD

- Studies of light nuclei at the hadronic gas transition energy
- Measurements of the $\pi\text{-}\mu\text{-}e$ decay for the determination of the upper limit of the ν_μ and anti- ν_μ mass

2005 starting of data taking / burning of the experiment

2008 restart of activities

2011 data taking during nights and weekends

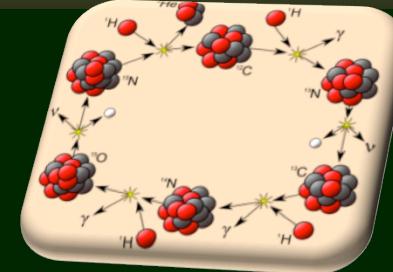


Self-shunted streamer chamber spectrometer with CCD

Experimental activity terminated
Still some data analysis ongoing
with hadro-therapy activity

L4 - Nuclear Astrophysics and Interdisciplinary Research

- ★ Reactions @ stellar energy
 - Nucleosynthesis
 - LUNA@LNGS, ASFIN@LNS and ERNA
- ★ n-capture for astrophysics and reactor applications
 - N_TOF @CERN
- ★ Annihilation of anti-protons in nuclei in the 5keV – 5 MeV region of cosmological interest
 - ASACUSA @CERN
- ★ Pauli principle violation in atomic transitions
 - VIP @LNGS
- ★ Gravity effects on antimatter
 - AEGIS @CERN

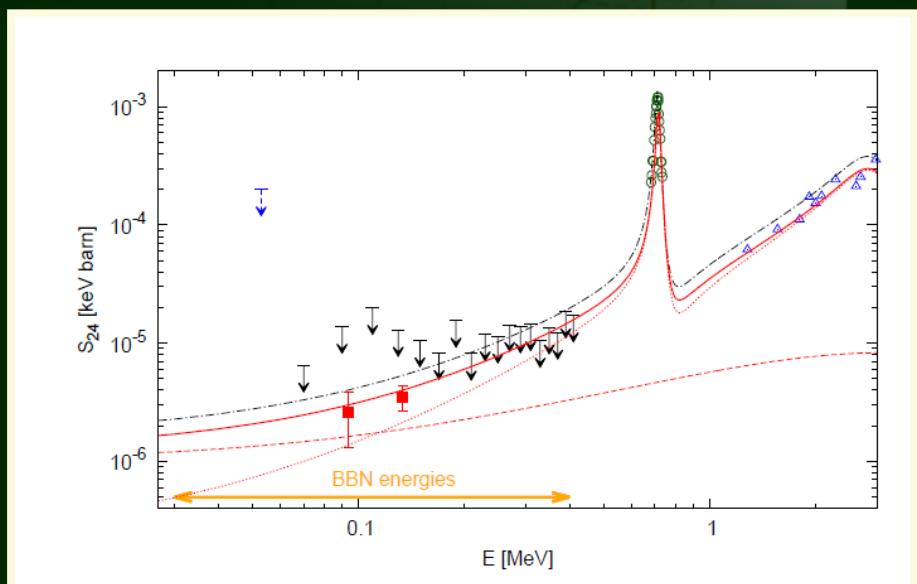
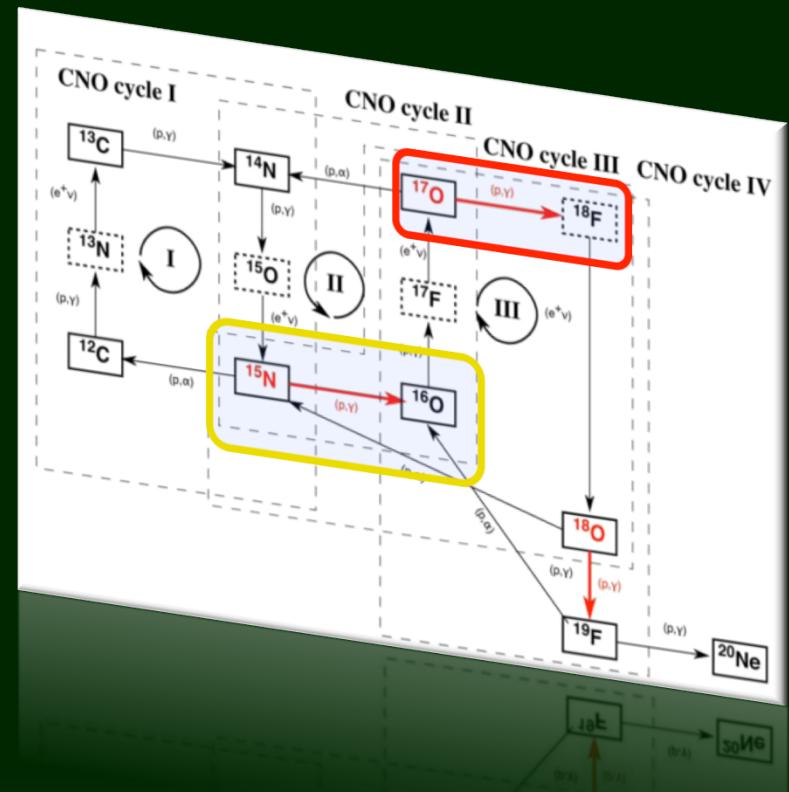


LUNA and LUNA3 @LNGS

$^{15}\text{N}(\text{p},\gamma)^{16}\text{O}$ and $^{15}\text{N}(\text{p},\alpha)^{12}\text{C}$: “bridge” reactions between CNO I e II.
Consequences for O and next CNO cycles.
Important in the novae explosion and in
“Asymptotic Giant Branch” stars

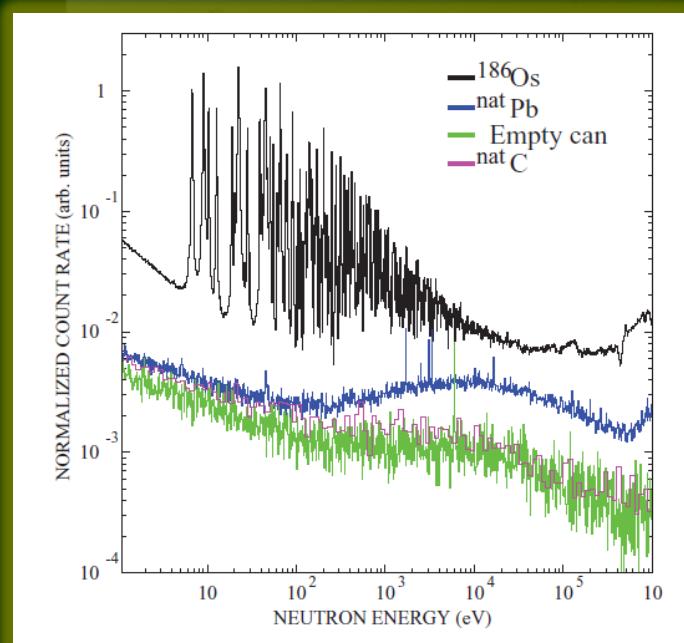
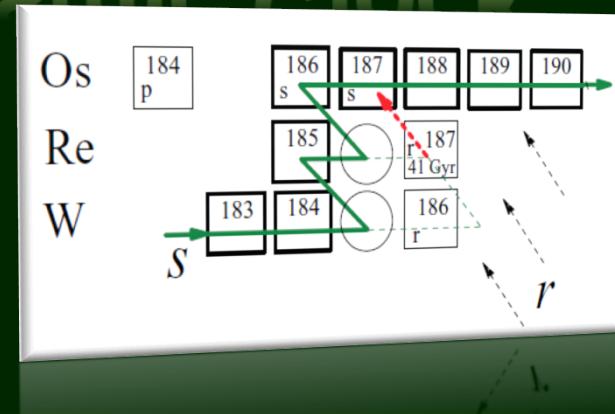
The new LUNA data on the $^2\text{H}(\alpha,\gamma)^6\text{Li}$ reaction at Big Bang energies confirm validity of standard BBN theory for ^6Li abundance prediction

To explain the excess of ^6Li found in metal poor stars non-standard physics solutions are requested!



n_TOF@CERN a Cosmic Clock

- * The precise determination of the neutron capture cross sections of ^{186}Os and ^{187}Os is important to define the s-process abundance of ^{187}Os at the formation of the solar system.
- * This quantity can be used to evaluate the radiogenic component of the abundance of ^{187}Os due to the decay of the unstable ^{187}Re ($t_{1/2} = 41.2 \text{ Gyr}$) and from this to infer the time duration of the nucleosynthesis in our galaxy (Re/Os cosmochronometer).



WHERE INFN GOES: physics prospects

much depends on the next 5 years ...

- ✿ **LHC14** (high energy: ATLAS, CMS; flavor: LHCb; quark-hadron phase transition: ALICE)
- ✿ **JLAB – 12 GeV** physics program
- ✿ **Nuclear Astroparticle physics**: SPES, LUNA –MV etc.
- ✿ **Flavor**: NA62; upgraded MEG, Mu-e; BELLEII; EDMs; g-2
- ✿ **DM** 1-ton exps. $\rightarrow 10^{-10} - 10^{-11}$ pb
- ✿ **Neutrinoless double β** $\rightarrow \nu$ mass degenerate region; enter IH region
- ✿ **Gravitational waves** \rightarrow (EGO consortium) discovery
- ✿ **CMB**: final PLANCK; B-modes of the polariz.+ black-body spectrum : EU exps. QUBIC, LSPE, OJOTE + many others on ground and balloons in US, Japan

Conclusions

The INFN Nuclear Physics activities:

- Quarks and Hadron Dynamics
- Phase Transitions in Nuclear Matter
- Nuclear Astrophysics and Interdisciplinary Research
- Nuclear Structure and Reaction Mechanisms

are all very productive, at the frontier of the physics knowledge and on the path for new physics

Prolific International Collaborations

A lot of efforts (+enthusiasm) for driving Future Projects to the success