EMC FastSim update

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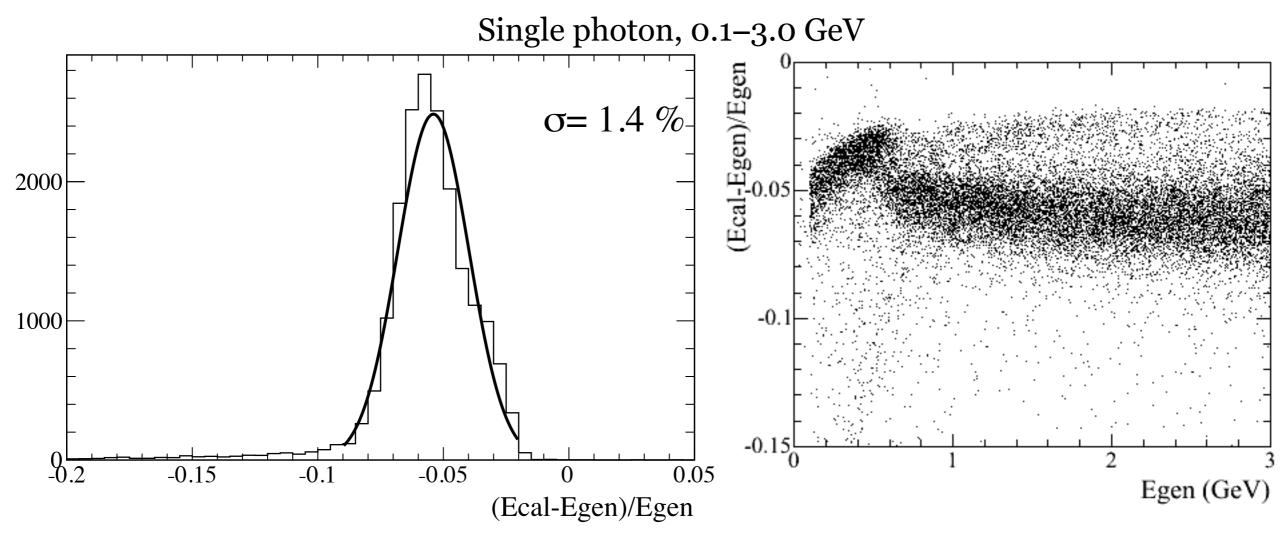
5th SuperB Collaboration Meeting Pisa, Italy 2012/09/19–22

"Intrinsic" energy resolution

- Before we apply energy smearing with a resolution function, there are already fluctuations in shower energy deposition.
 - Shower leaks at the back
 - Randomized shower starting point
 - Polar angle dependence in EMC radiation lengths
 - Gaps between crystals
 - Approximation in projecting crystal front surface geometry to a grid when calculating energy fraction in each one.
 - ◆ etc.
- This makes modeling resolution function more difficult. Smearing function is not the same as measured resolution.

"Intrinsic" energy resolution

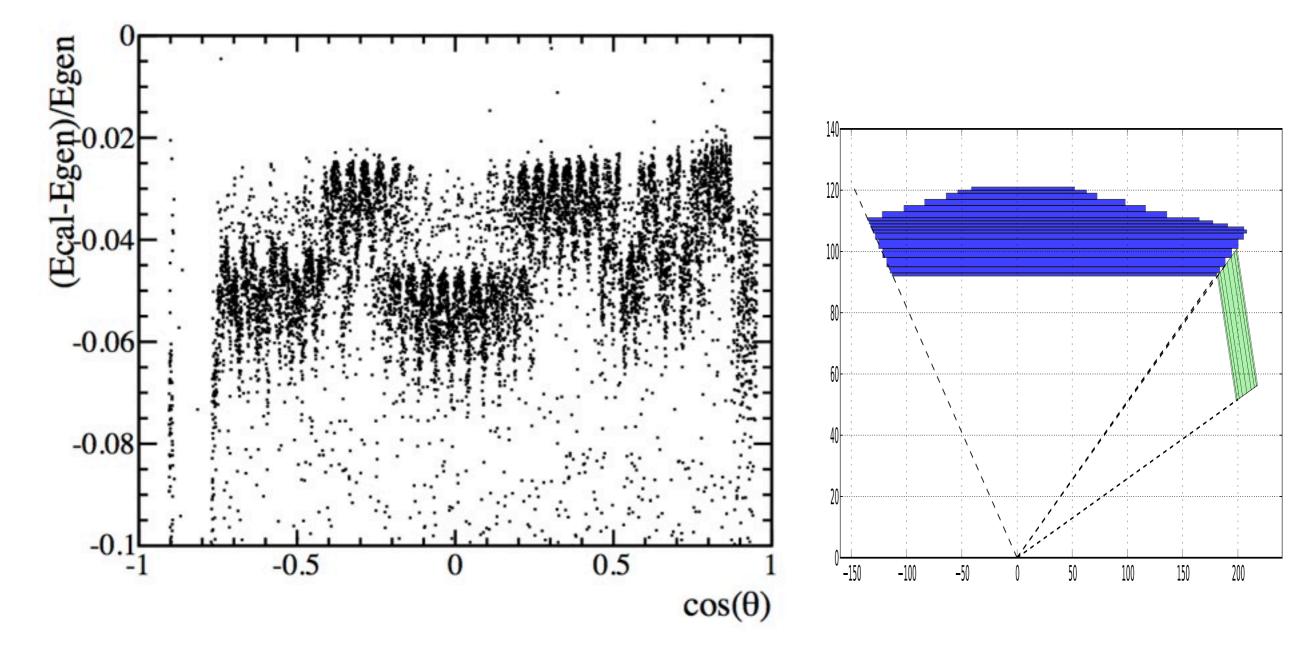
• V0.3.2 out-of-the-box



- Significant fraction of real energy resolution.
- Strange transition of mean values around 600 MeV.
 - ✦ also makes energy calibration difficult.

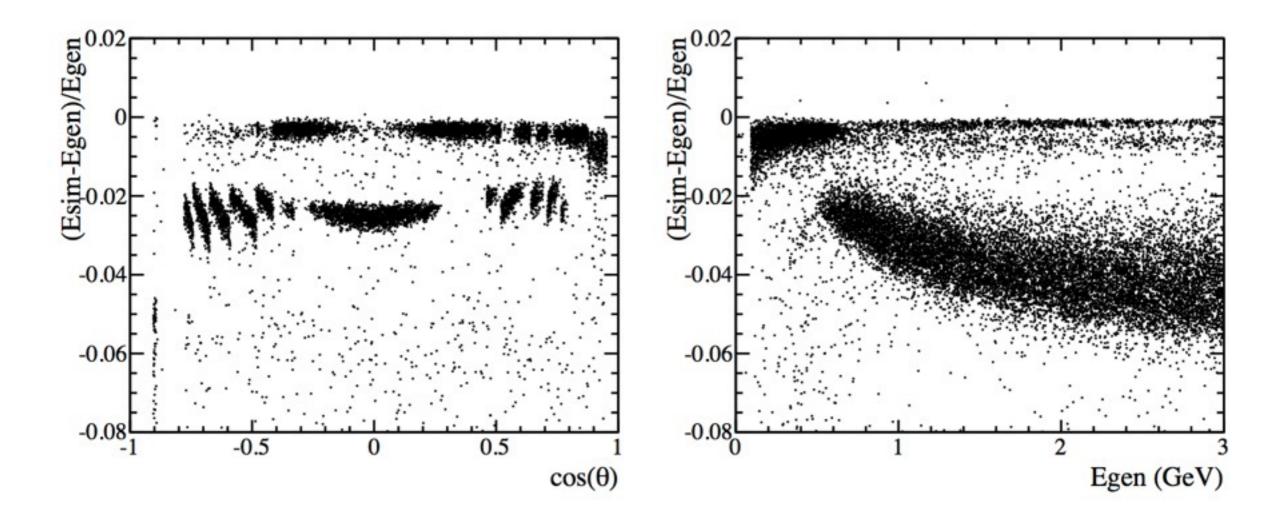
Polar angle dependence

• In the transition region, the resolution shows double peaks, very sensitive to total radiation length.



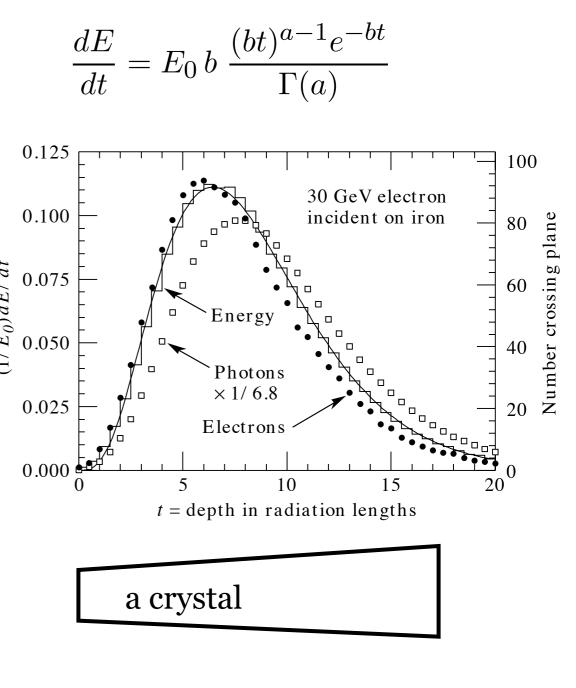
Remove reconstruction effects

- (most of them anyway)
- Collect all energy deposition by SimTrack for a given cluster.



Explanation

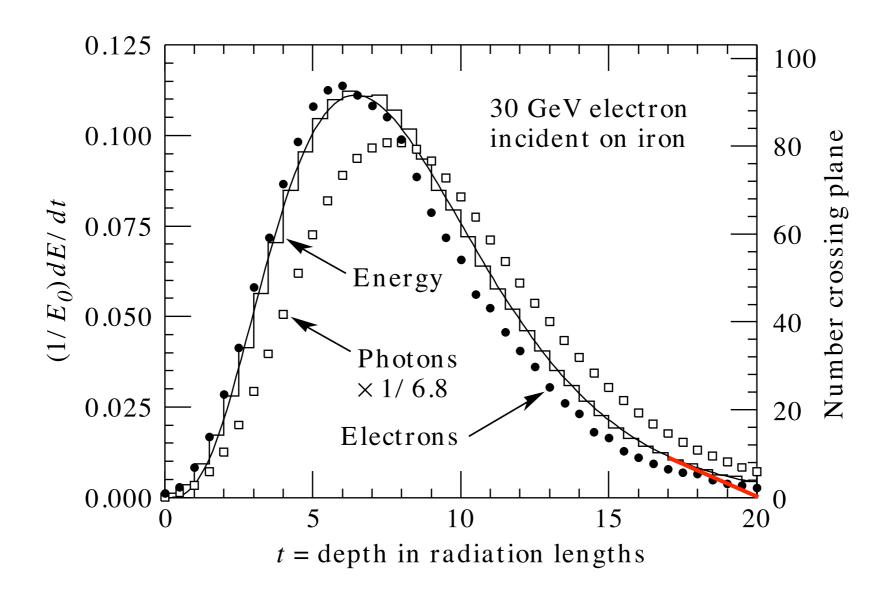
- We use a gamma distribution to model shower. Energy in a layer is a slice of the integral.
- When remaining energy falls below a critical energy E_c, all remaining energy is deposited.
- For a low energy photon, when it reaches the last layer, the remaining energy is small (< E_c) so ~100% energy is deposited.
- For a high energy photon, at the last layer, the energy is still high, so only a slice of the tail is deposited; a few % loss.
- In between energy (~600 MeV), both happen, sensitive to radiation length.

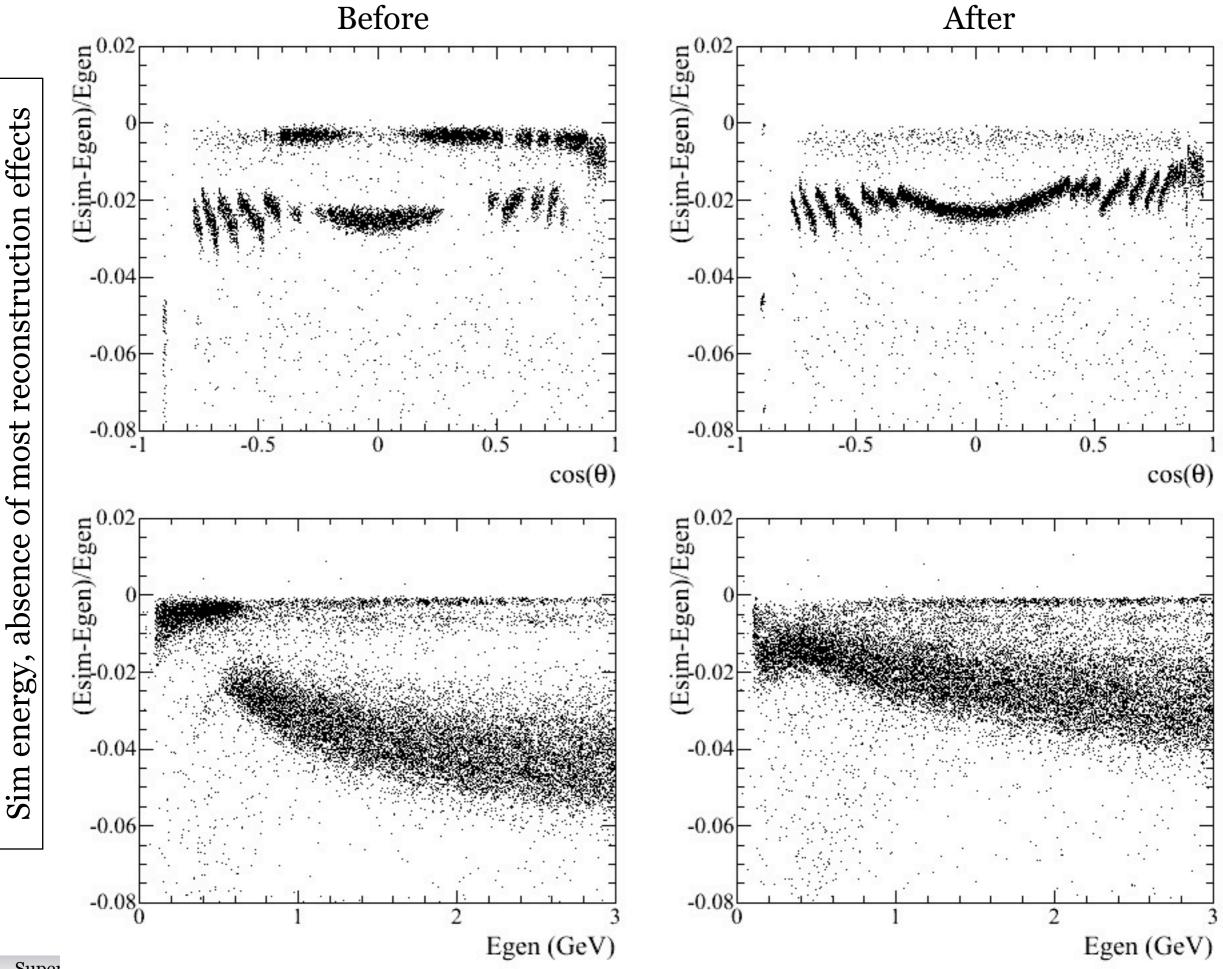


Ec = 0.8/(1.2+mat->zeff())

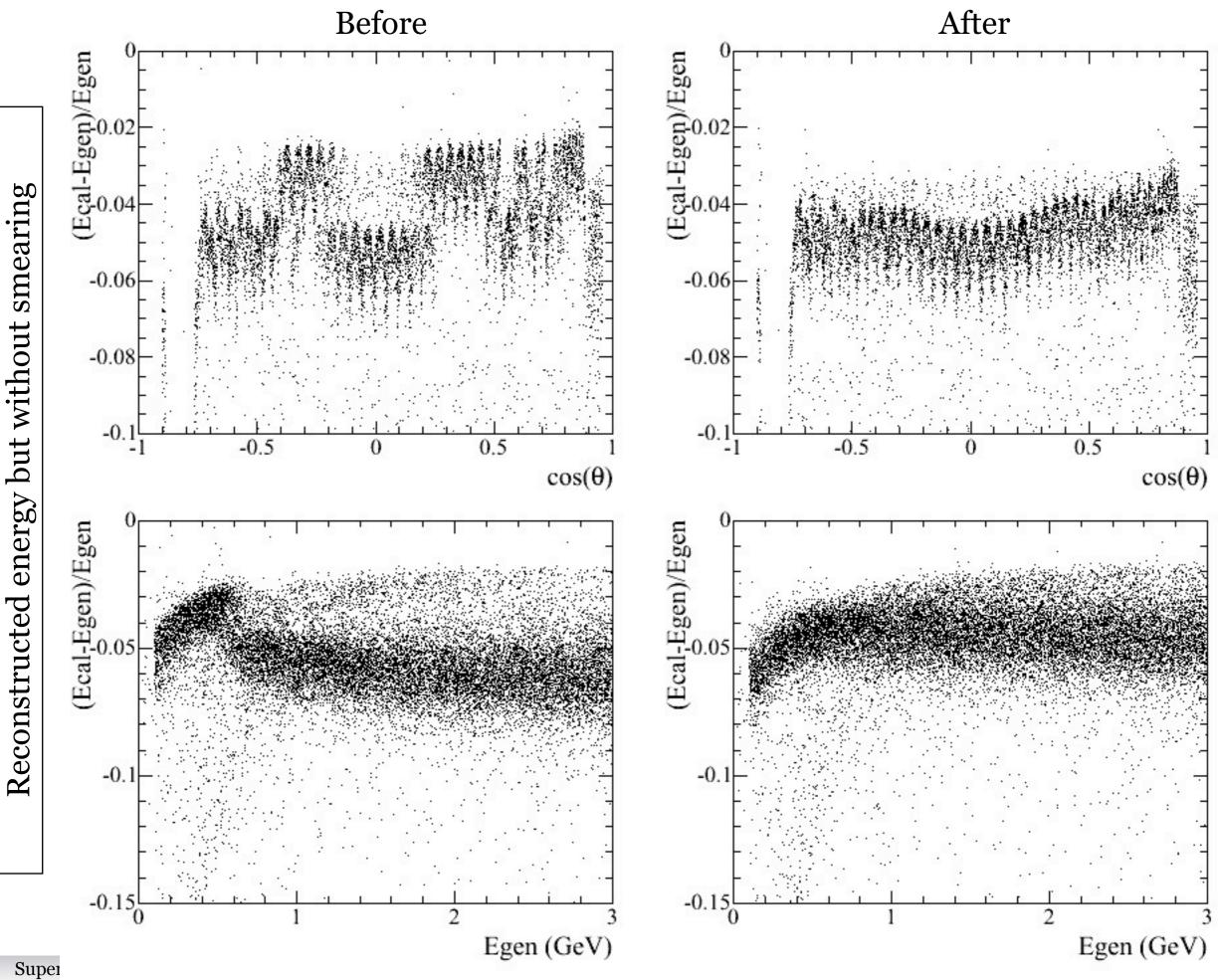
Fix

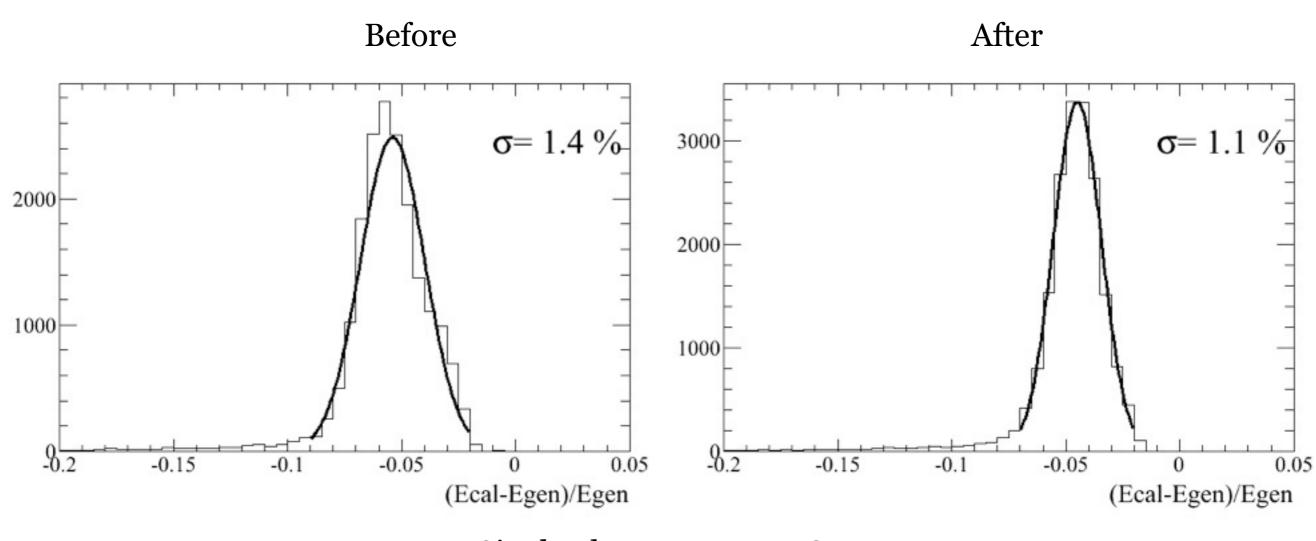
• Modify the function after 17 X_o, so that it linearly goes to zero at 20 X_o. Don't dump the remaining energy if it is less than E_c.





Super





Single photon, 0.1–3.0 GeV

Summary

- Fixed an ugly feature in EM shower longitudinal profile.
- The "intrinsic" energy resolution is improved.
 - cannot be completely eliminated due to the complex nature of FastSim.
- ~1% is still significant especially for high energy photons, but it should be easier to model or correct the resolution if we want to better reproduce the resolution function we put in.