

$$B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$$

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Motivation

- $B \rightarrow \rho\rho$ decays \rightarrow CKM angle α

- Goal: Belle + Belle II measurement

- Previous measurements:

- **Belle:** $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0) = (1.02 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.15) \times 10^{-6}$

$$f_L = 0.21^{+0.18}_{-0.22} \pm 0.15$$

166 $\rho^0 \rho^0$ events

- **BaBar:** $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0) = (0.92 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-6}$

$$f_L = 0.75^{+0.11}_{-0.14} \pm 0.04$$

$$S_L^{00} = 0.3 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.2$$

$$C_L^{00} = 0.2 \pm 0.8 \pm 0.3$$

99 $\rho^0 \rho^0$ events

- **LHCb:** $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0) = (0.94 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-6}$

$$f_L = 0.745^{+0.0048}_{-0.058} \pm 0.034$$

600 $\rho^0 \rho^0$ events

Signal MC

- Signal MC generation:
 - Using the **mcproduzh** package for **run-independent** signal MC production
(Exp-dependent values of beam energies are used in EvtGen)
 - basf2 release-08-01-00

Decay Upsilon(4S) 1.0 B0sig anti-B0sig B0 anti-B0 VSS_BMIX dm; Enddecay	
	longitudinal ($f_L = 1$)
Decay B0sig 1.0 rho0 rho0 PHOTOS SVV_HELAMP 0 0 1 0 0 0; Enddecay CDecay anti-B0sig	
	transverse ($f_L = 0$)
Decay B0sig 1.0 rho0 rho0 PHOTOS SVV_HELAMP 1 0 0 0 1 0; Enddecay CDecay anti-B0sig	

1×10^6 signal MC events each for

- Longitudinal ($f_L = 1$)
- Transverse ($f_L = 0$)
- PDG ($f_L = 0.71$)

In Belle rare decay file:

0.86e-6 rho0 rho0 PHOTOS SVV_HELAMP 1 0 1 0 1 0;

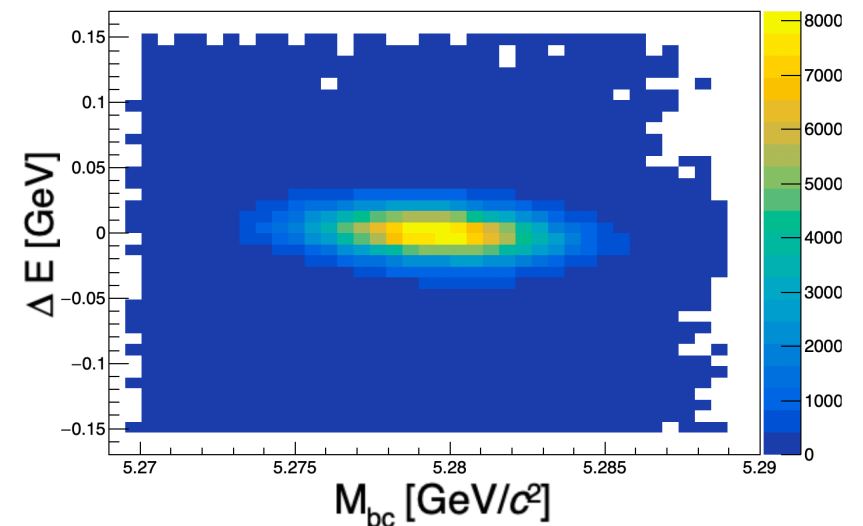
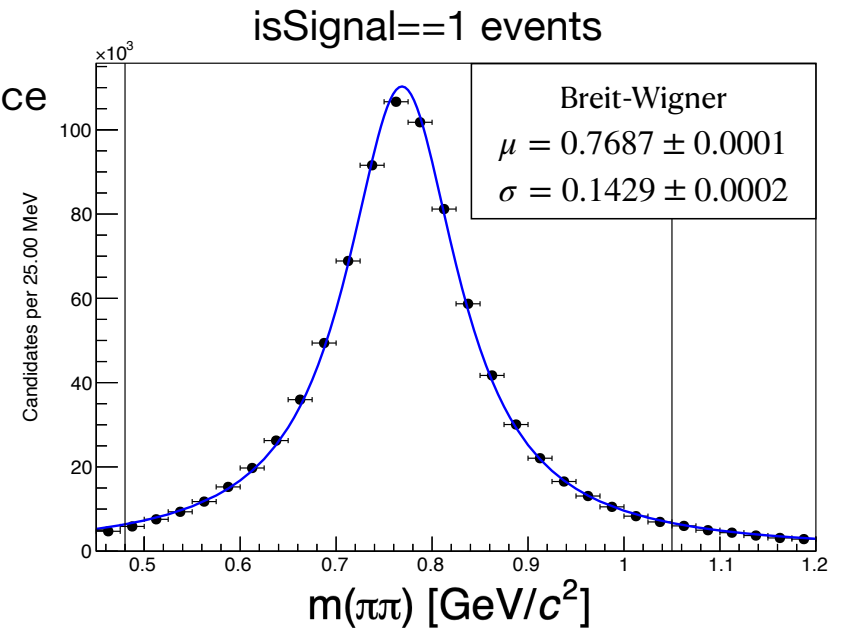
Control mode signal MC:

1.0 rho0 anti-D0 PHOTOS SVS;

1.0 K+ pi- PHOTOS PHSP;

Selections

- Tracks: $dr < 0.5$ cm, $|dz| < 2$ cm, $\text{thetaInCDCAcceptance} == 1$, $n\text{CDCHits} > 20$
- ρ^0 : $0.48 < m(\pi^+\pi^-) < 1.05$ GeV/c^2
 ρ^0 candidates are randomised to avoid momentum ordering
 $m(\pi^+\pi^-)$ cut determined by fitting signal MC
 $\Rightarrow 2\sigma$ mass window
- B^0 :
 - $M_{bc} > 5.27$ GeV/c^2 (reco: $M_{bc} > 5.24$ GeV/c^2)
 \Rightarrow CS training variable
 - $|\Delta E| < 0.1$ GeV (reco: $|\Delta E| < 0.3$ GeV)
 - $\text{chiProb} > 0$ && $\text{TagVpVal} > 0$ && $\text{TagVNDF} > 0.5$



Charm Vetos & PID

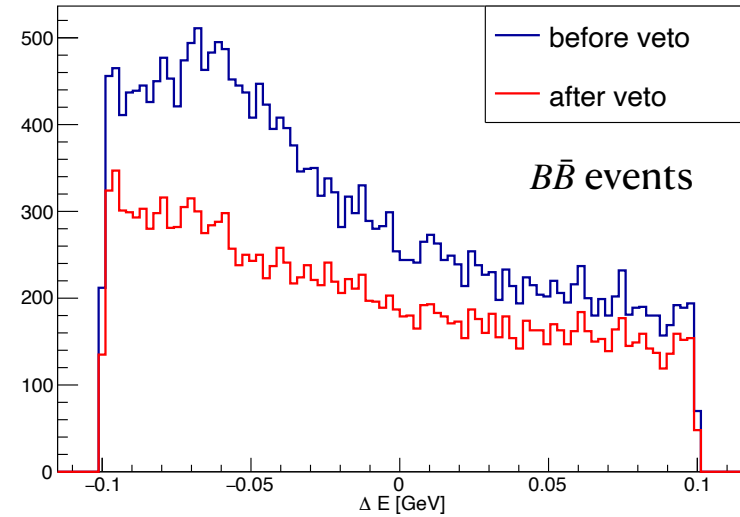
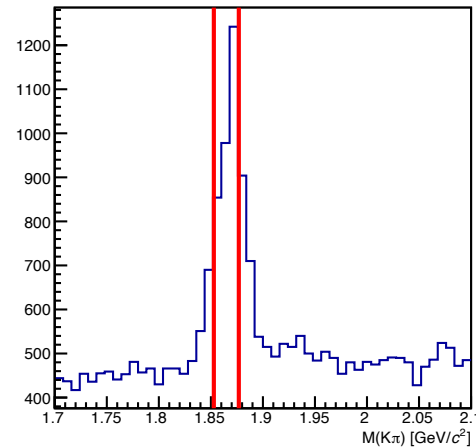
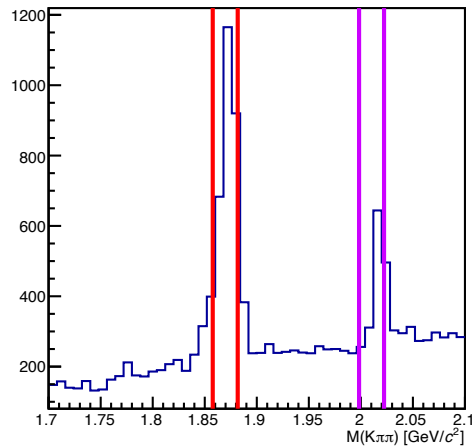
- $D^+ \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^+\pi^-$, $D^+ \rightarrow K^-\pi^+\pi^+$, $D^{*+} \rightarrow D^0\pi^+$

$$|m(\pi\pi\pi) - m(D)| < 0.012 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

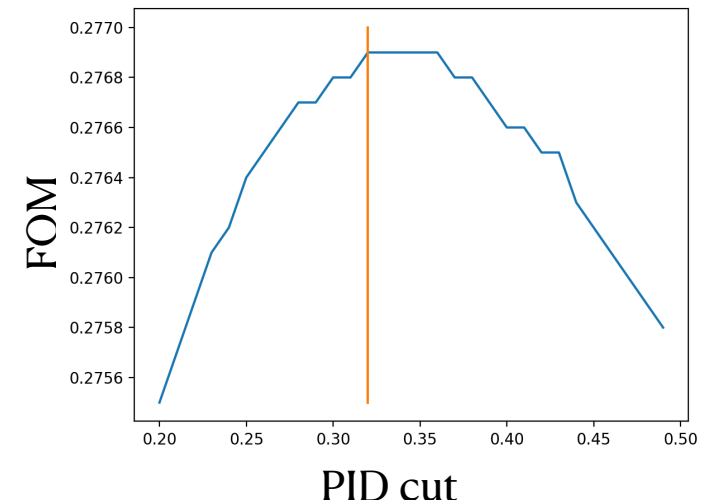
- $D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+$, $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$, $J/\psi \rightarrow e^+e^-$, $J/\psi \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

$$|m(\pi\pi) - m(D)| < 0.012 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$

$$|m(\pi\pi) - m(J/\psi)| < 0.036 \text{ GeV}/c^2$$



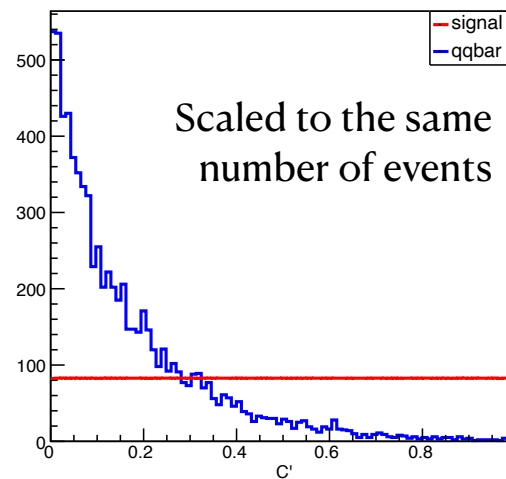
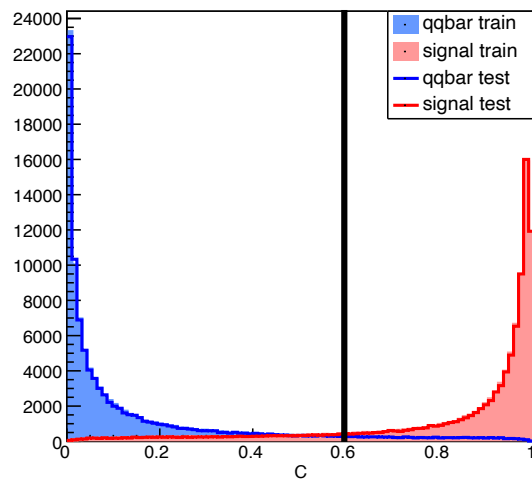
Apply 3σ window around D and J/ψ masses, performing mass swaps



PID cut maximising $FOM = S/\sqrt{S+B}$: πK binary PID > 0.32

Continuum Suppression

- Train output with FBDT using 1×10^5 events for signal and qqbar each
- Training variables:
Mbc, R2, thrustBm, thrustOm, cosTBTO, cosTBz, CMScosTheta, cosHelicityAngleMomentum, thrustAxisCosTheta, KSFVVariables, CleoConeCS



Choose $C > 0.6$ for now

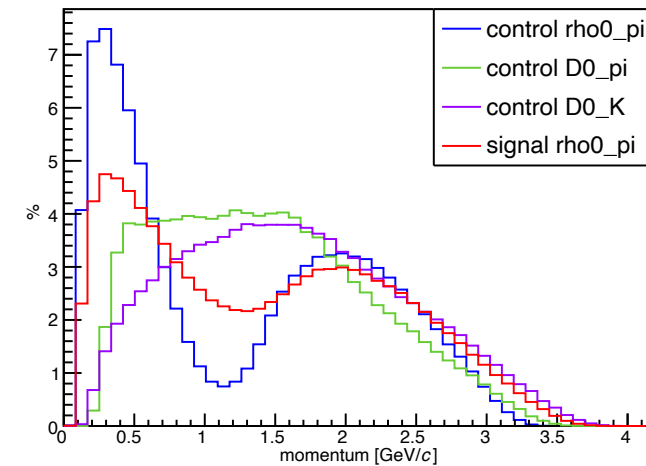
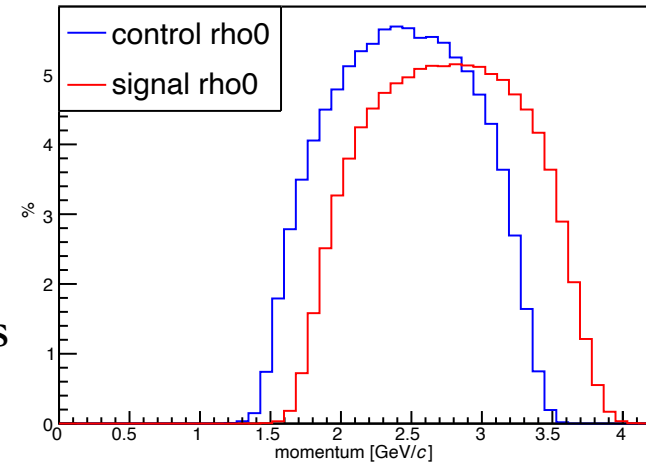
- **Best Candidate Selection**

Highest p-value of B^0 vertex fit

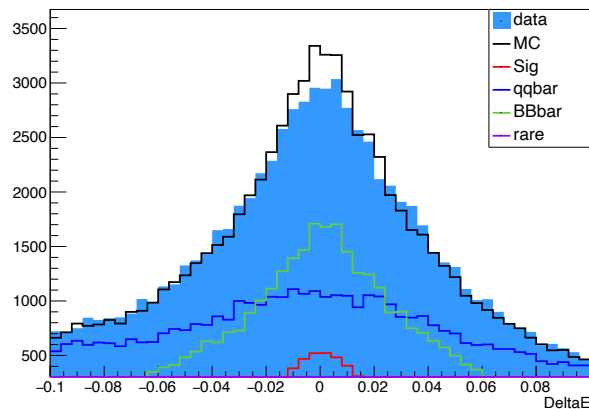
- Signal MC multiplicity before BCS: 1.20

Control Mode

- $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0(\rightarrow K^-\pi^+)\rho^0$: should have 10 times the event as $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$
- $\mathcal{B}(B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0\rho^0) = (3.21 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-4}$
- $\mathcal{B}(D^0 \rightarrow K^-\pi^+) = (3.947 \pm 0.030) \%$
- Same selections as $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0\rho^0$, without charm vetos, plus
 - $1.853 < m_{D^0} < 1.877 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
 - Kaon binary PID > 0.32 (same as for pions)
- Similar ρ^0, π^\pm momentum distributions to signal

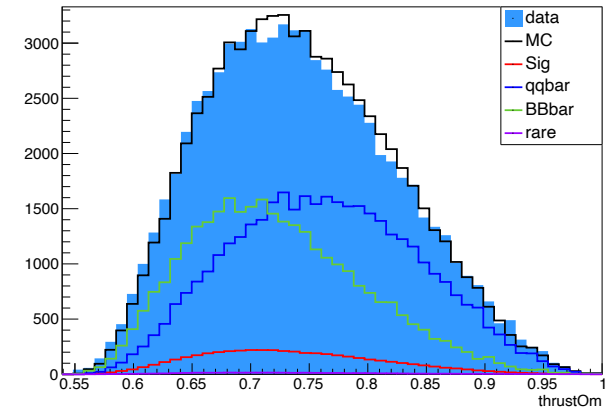
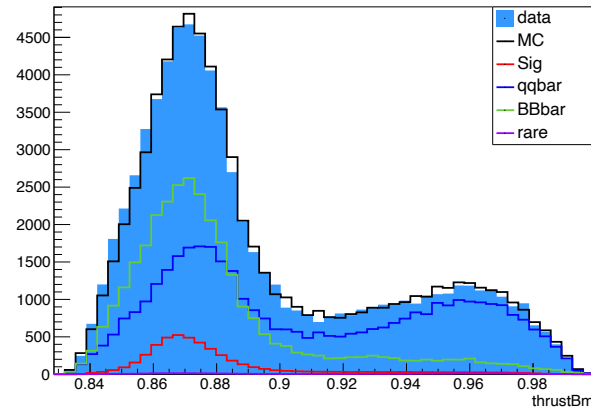
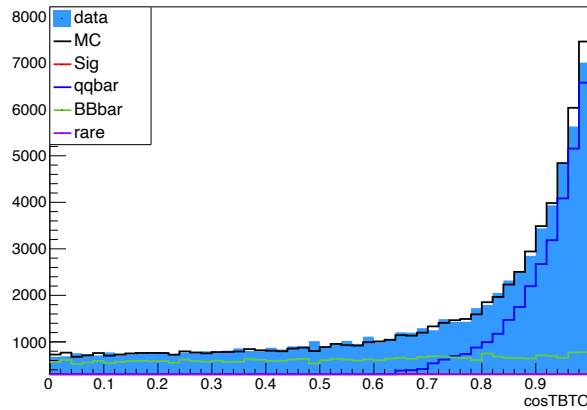
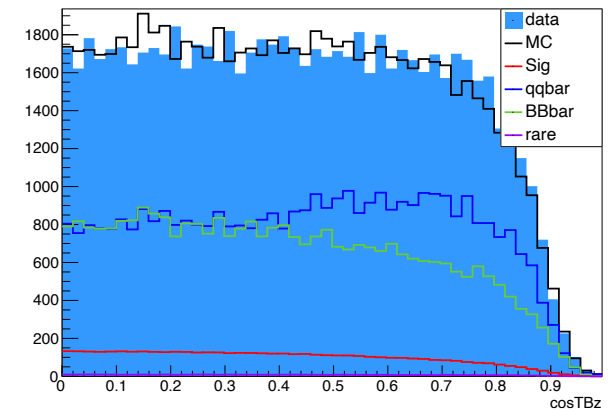
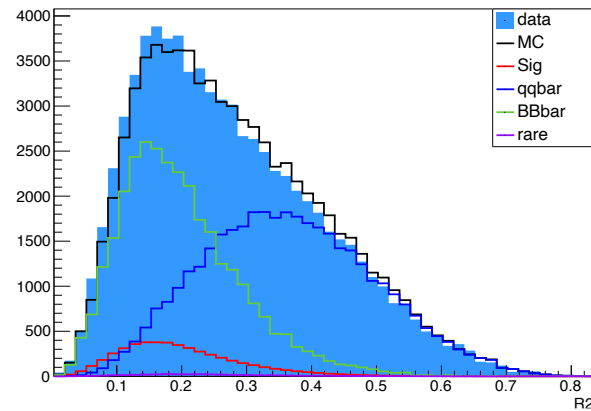
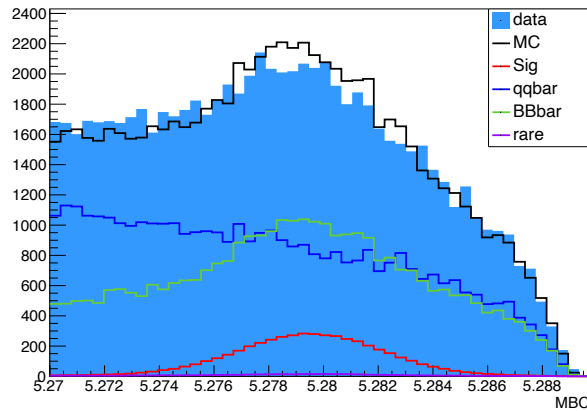


• ΔE :



Control Mode

CS training variables

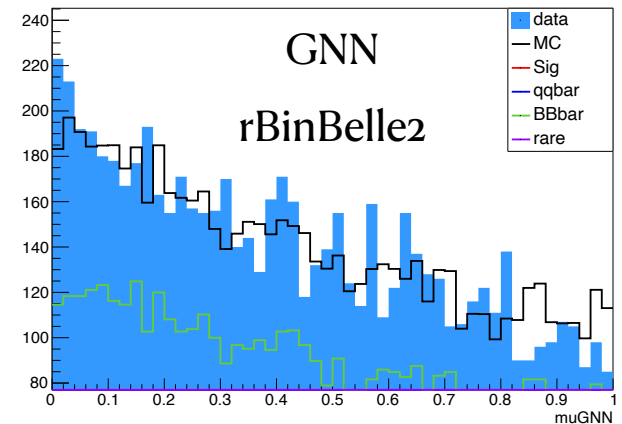
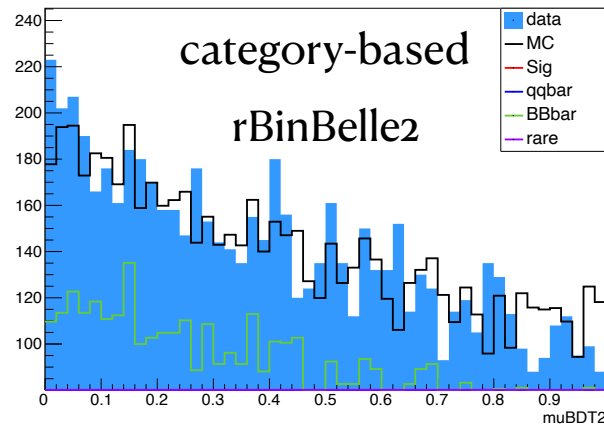
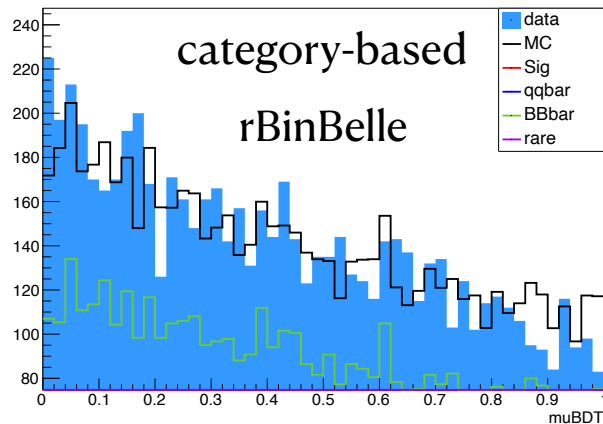
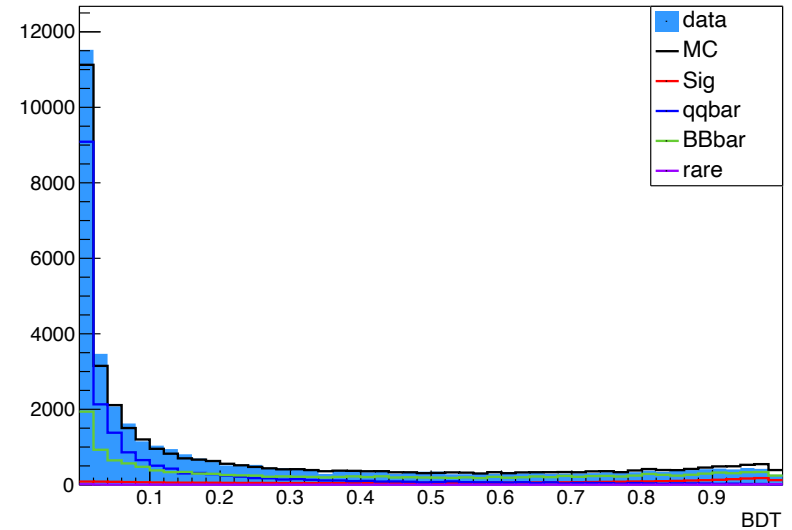


- No significant difference between simulation and data.

Control Mode

CS result

- CS output classifier
- Transformed classifier in bins of
 - (1) rBinBelle, category-based flavour tagger
[0 0.1 0.25 0.5 0.625 0.75 0.875 1]
 - (2) rBinBelle2, category-based and GNN flavour tagger
[0 0.1 0.25 0.45 0.6 0.725 0.875 1]

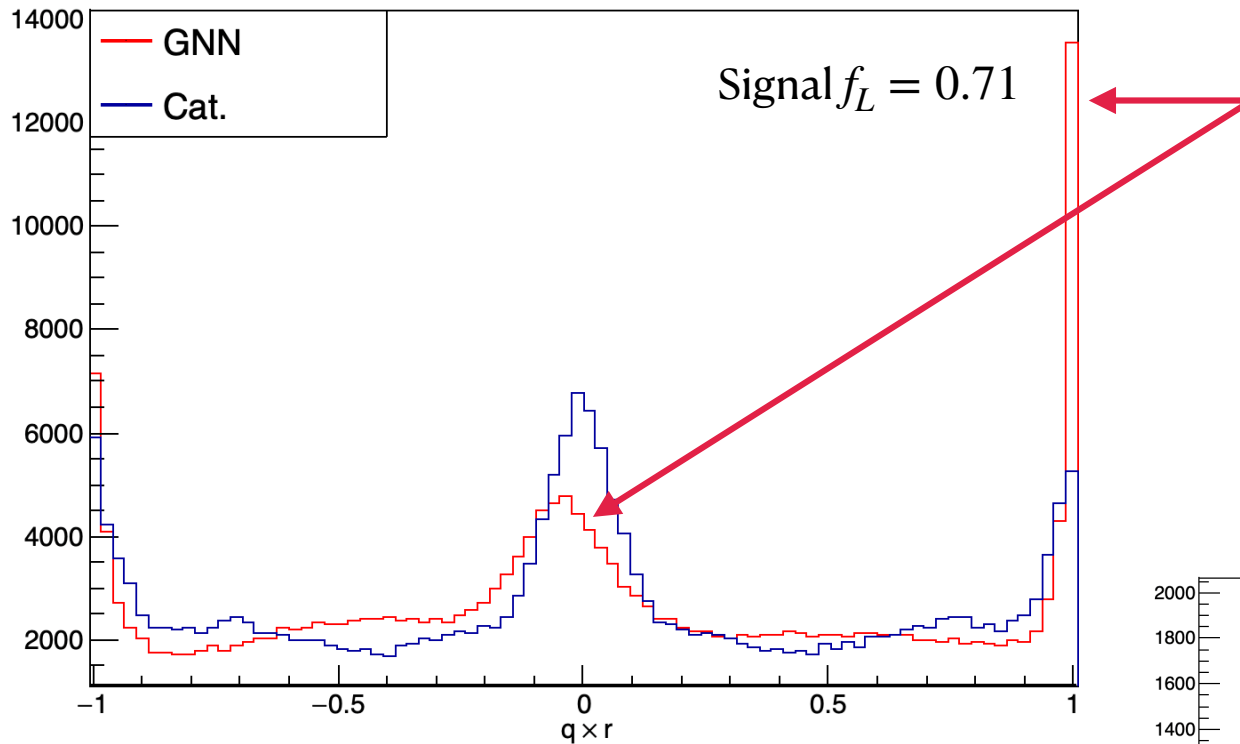


Efficiencies

	Signal (1M events)			qqbar (692/fb)	BBbar (692/fb)	rare (711/fb × 50)
	fL = 0.71	fL = 1	fL = 0			
Reconstruction	44.92%	40.59%	56.89%	2.03%	0.18%	3.09%
m(pipi)	86.98%	86.80%	87.48%	32.94%	17.82%	24.13%
Mbc & ΔE	97.50%	97.44%	97.56%	9.90%	10.91%	22.29%
Vetos	84.15%	82.35%	87.39%	85.39%	68.24%	84.49%
PID	89.02%	91.07%	85.78%	39.74%	29.59%	36.55%
CS	85.76%	86.21%	84.19%	7.67%	44.81%	64.78%
Best candidate	87.13%	81.86%	95.21%	97.83%	96.68%	92.85%
Total	21.32%	18.17%	29.17%	1.69E-05	3.06E-06	0.03%
Expected yield for 711/fb	154	—	—	44090	2575	1747

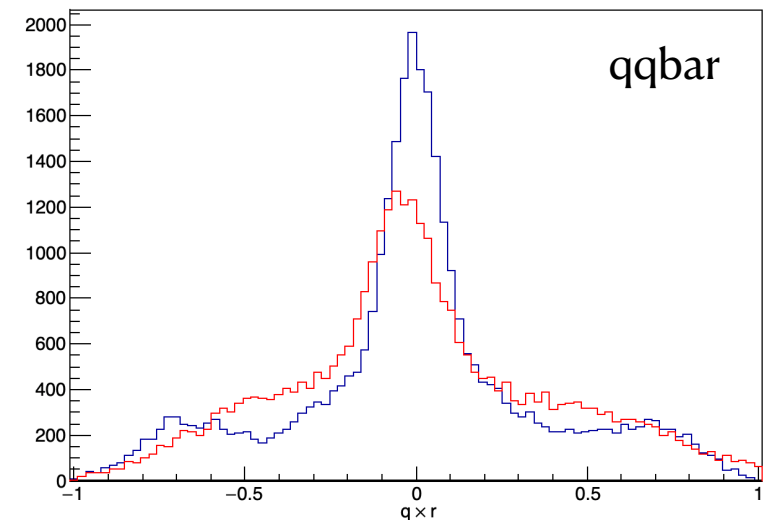
Flavour Tagger

- Category-based v.s. GNN



- GNN flavour tagger result is asymmetric
- The numbers of tagged B^0 and \bar{B}^0 do not differ by much
- Similar result with $f_L = 1$ and $f_L = 0$ signal MC and rare
- Similar shift in central position for qqbar and BBbar

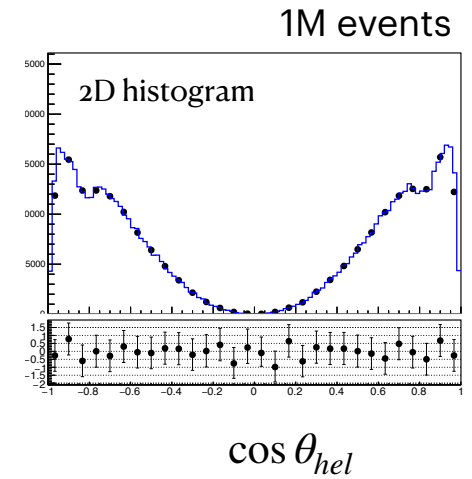
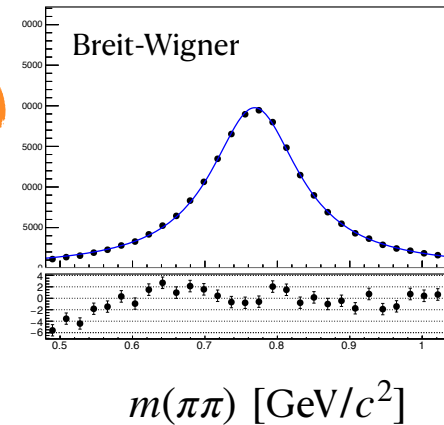
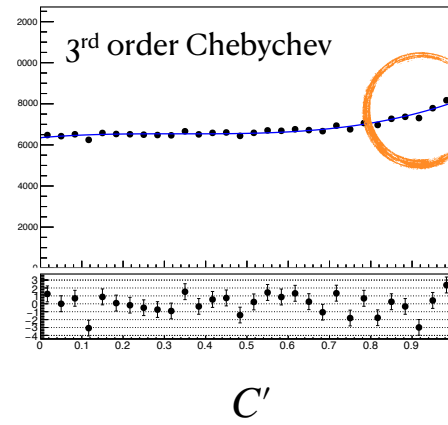
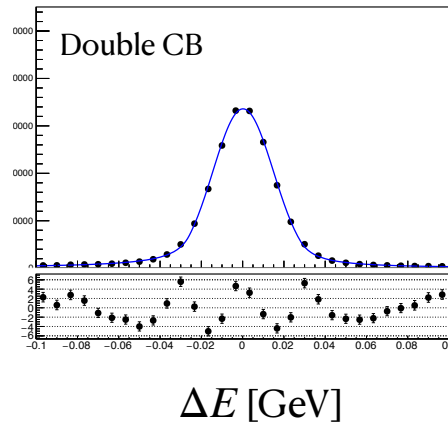
- ➔ Will use category-based flavour tagger for now
- ➔ CS output transformed in Belle II r-bins



Fit Models

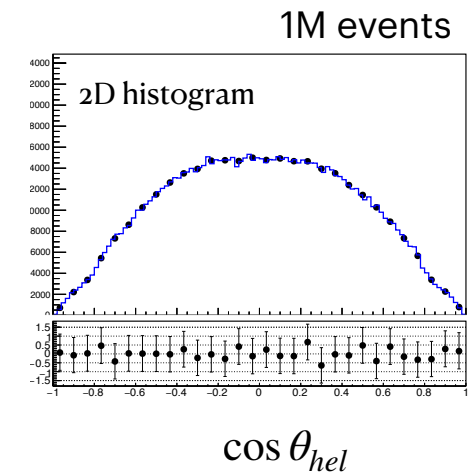
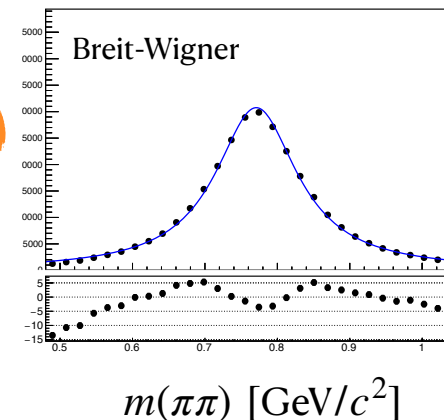
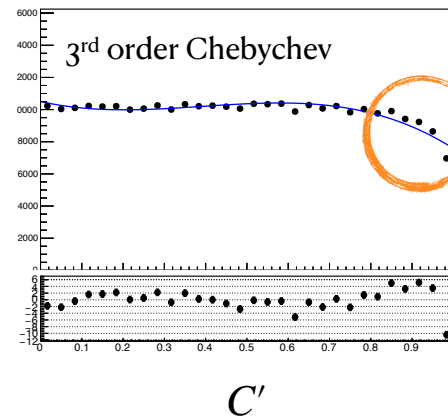
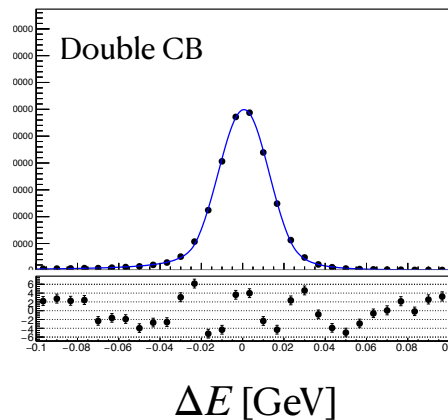
Signal

- Longitudinal



Deviation from flat distribution since transformation is based on $f_L = 0.76$ signal

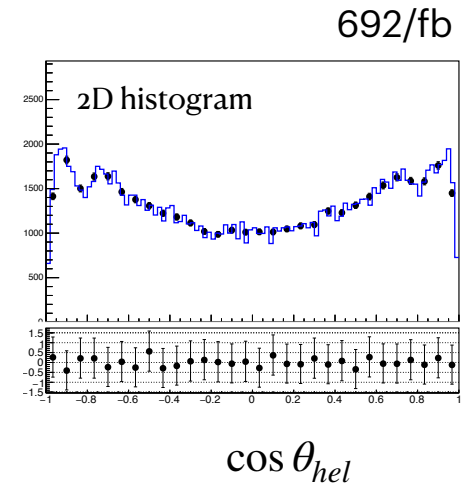
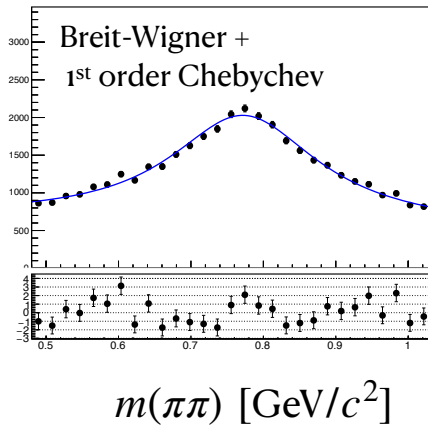
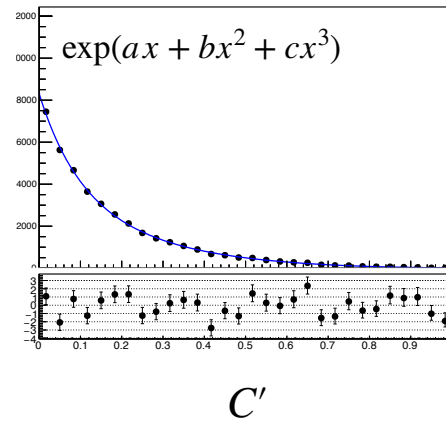
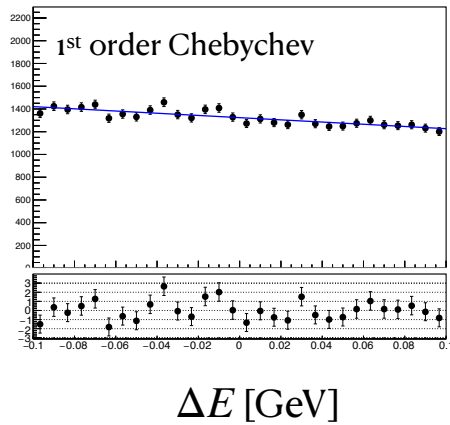
- Transverse



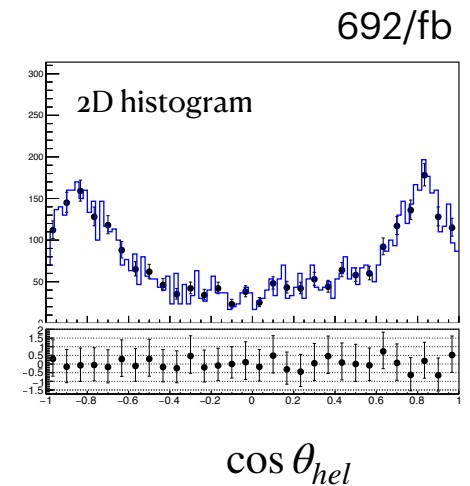
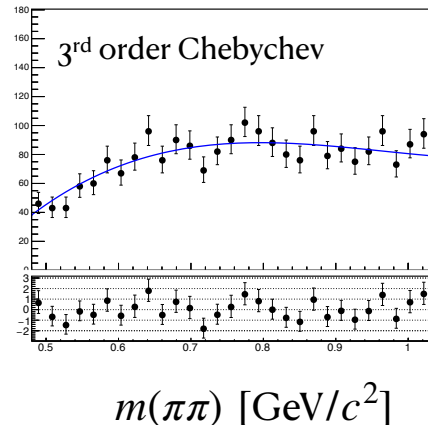
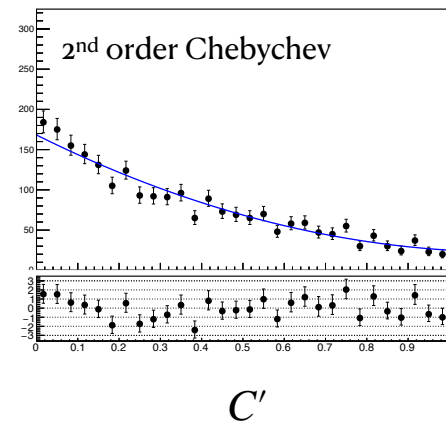
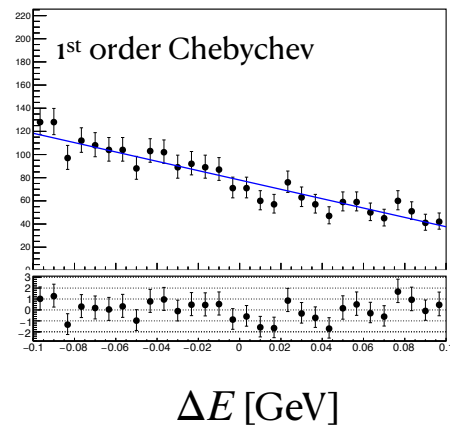
Fit Models

qqbar & BBbar

- qqbar

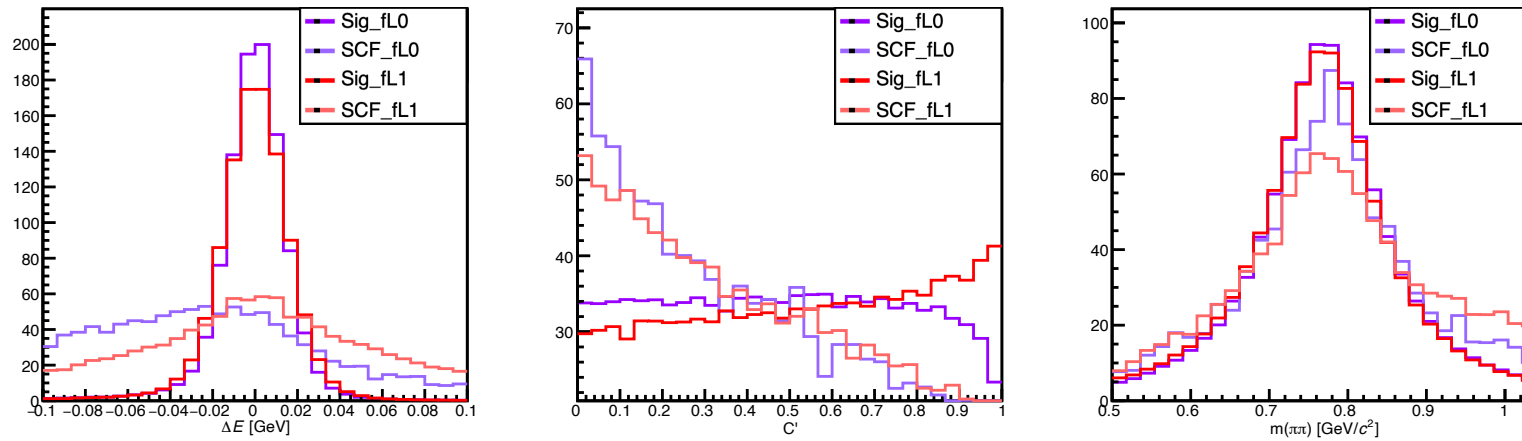


- BBbar

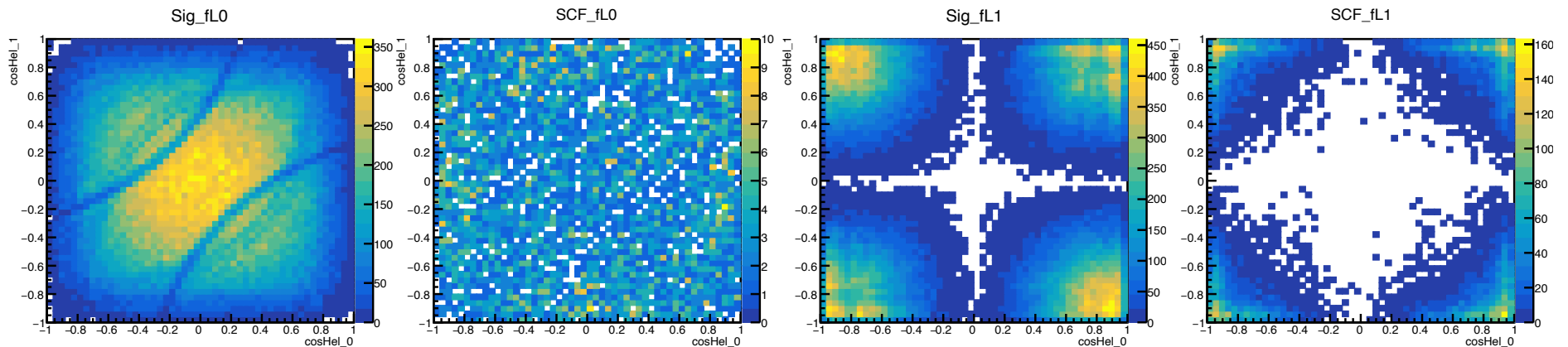


Fit Models

Self-cross-feed



Scaled to the same number of events



* SCF included in signal component in fit,
ratio fixed to signal MC

- 10.66% in $f_L = 1$ signal MC
- 1.98 % in $f_L = 0$ signal MC

Rare background

(711/fb)*50

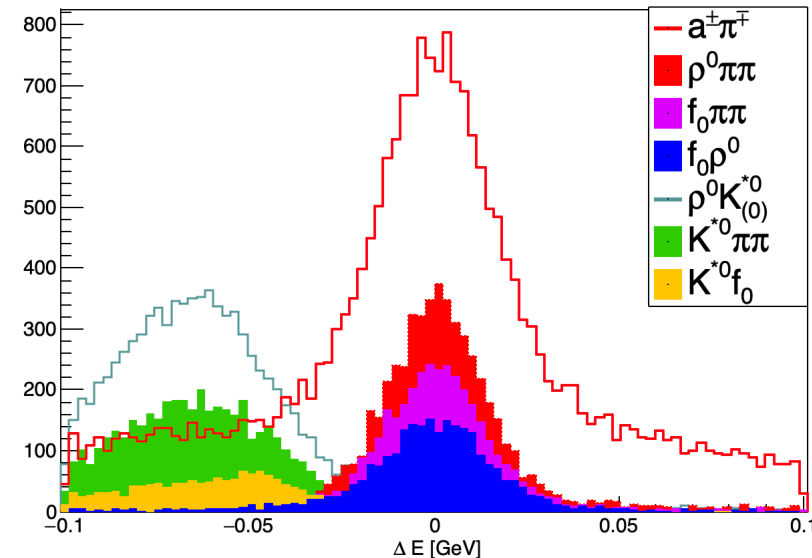
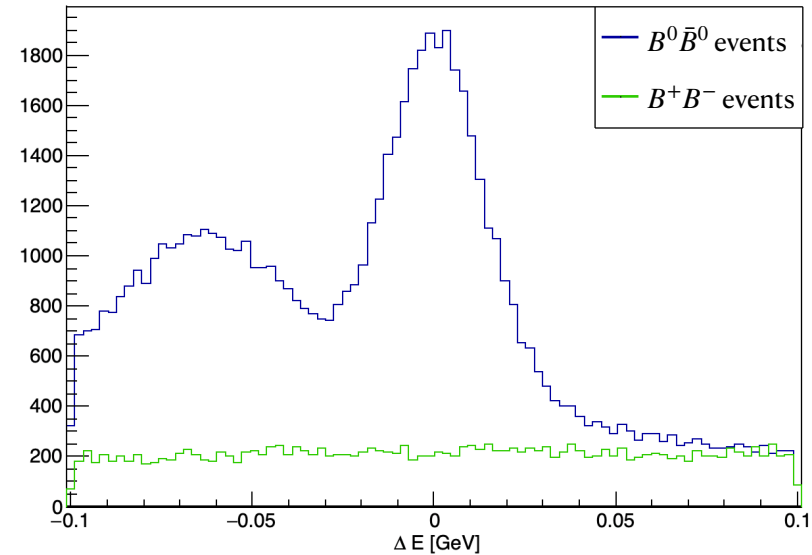
- Peaking at $\Delta E \approx 0$ (same final state)

- $B^0 \rightarrow a_1^\pm \pi^\mp$
- $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$
- $B^0 \rightarrow f_0 \rho^0$
- $B^0 \rightarrow f_0 \pi^+ \pi^-$

- Peaking at $\Delta E < 0$

- $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 K^{*0}, B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 K_0^{*0}$
- $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \pi^+ \pi^-$
- $B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} f_0$

Model the peaking background separately and include the rest into $B\bar{B}$ background.



Summary

- $B^0 \rightarrow \rho^0 \rho^0$ analysis for Belle
- Final state selection and continuum suppression could be further optimised
- GFlat flavour tagger for Belle?
- Signal modelling of C' does not look very good
- Study rare B decay backgrounds