

Electron Scattering

- Hofstadter's experiment for short-lived nuclei -

Toshimi Suda
Tohoku University, Sendai, JAPAN

for SCRIT collaboration
(Tohoku, RIKEN, Rikkyo and Nagaka)

electron scattering

1. point particle

2. electromagnetic interaction

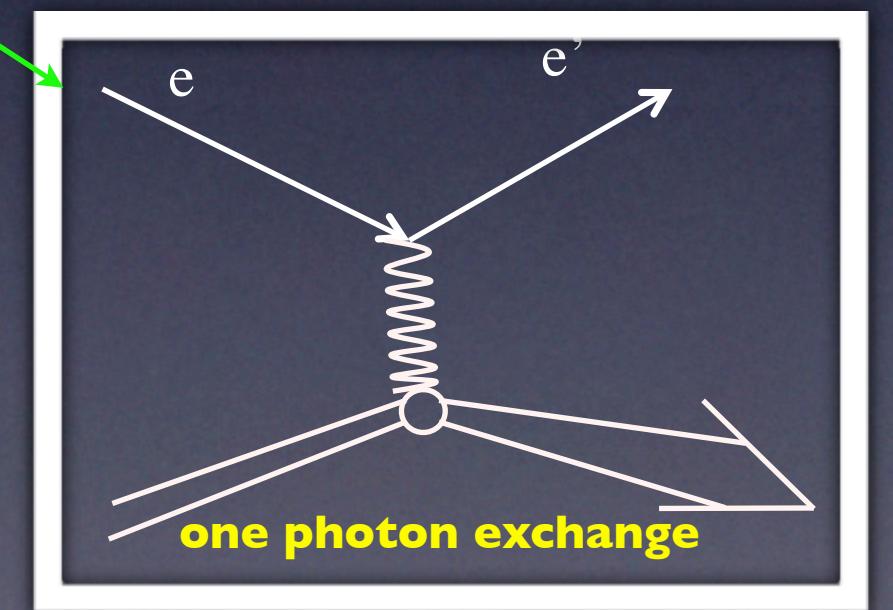
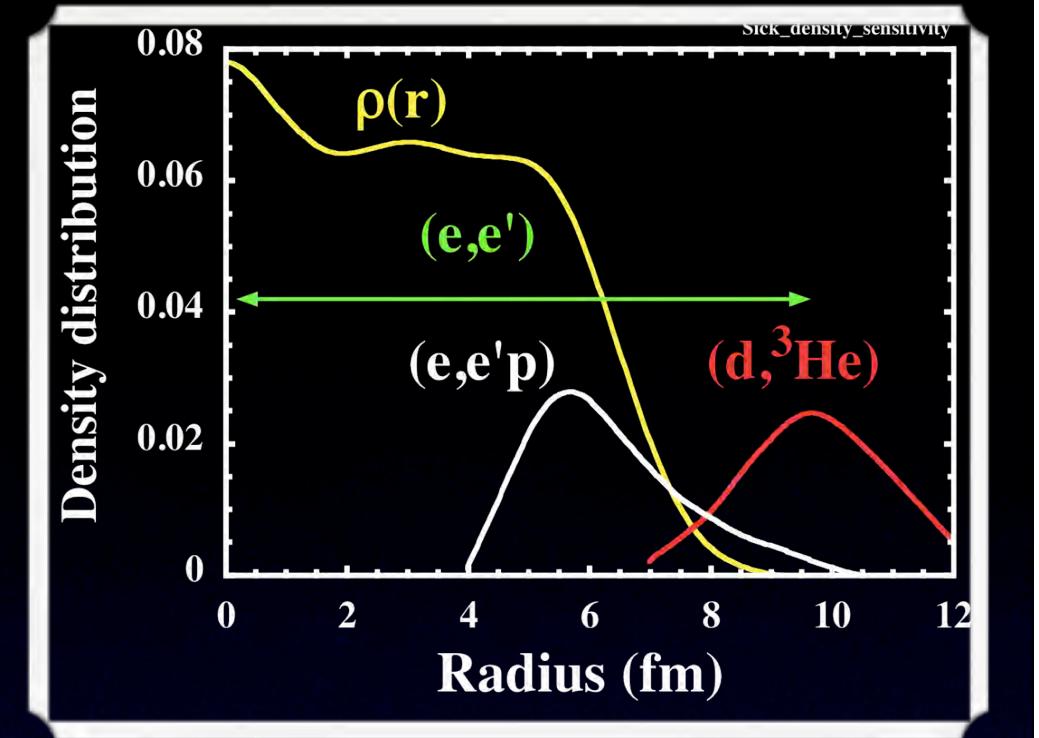
coupling => charge and current

exp. data => structure information

weak => probing the whole volume
perturbation theory

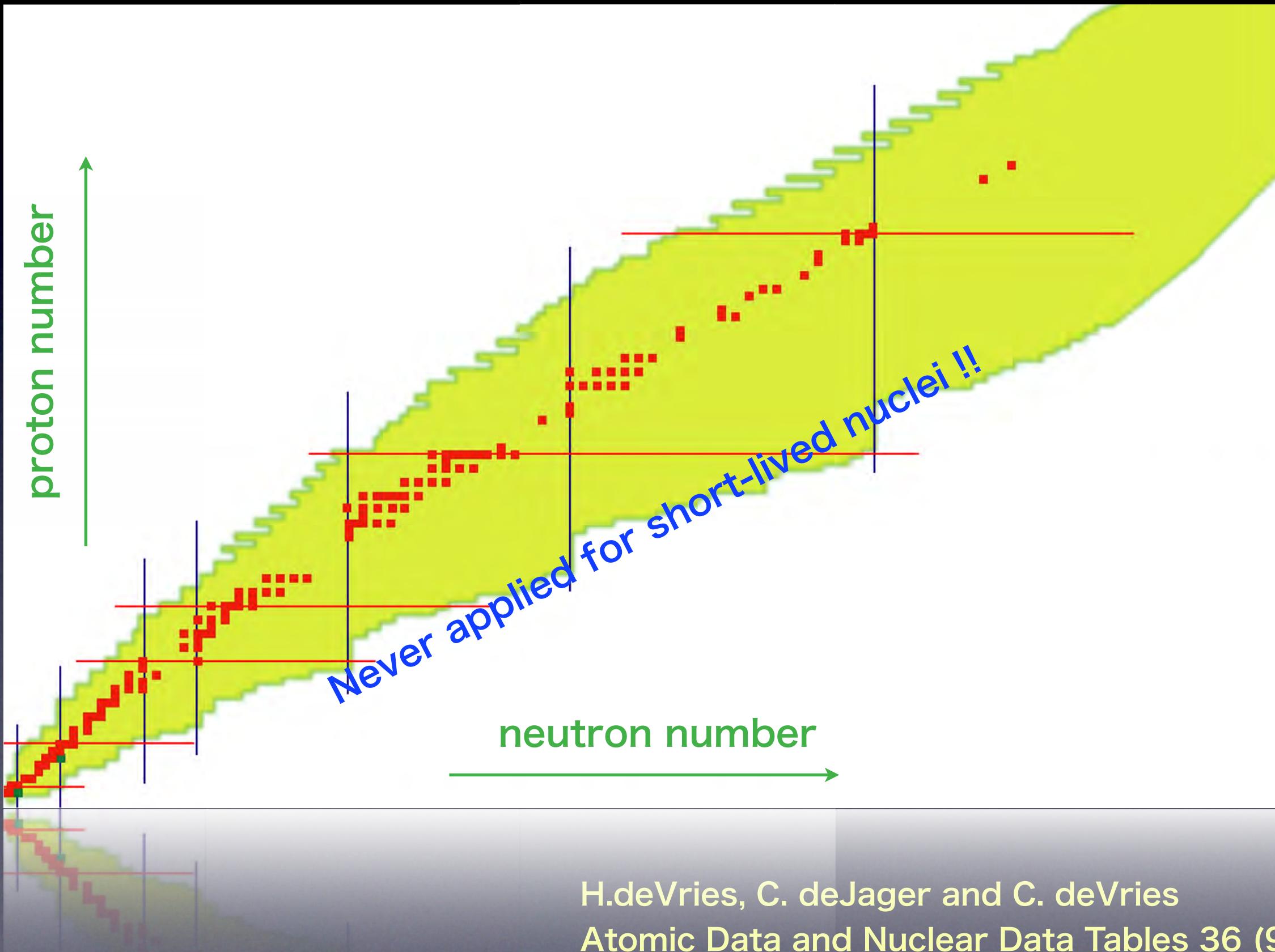
3. variable q for fixed ω

map out Fourier components
of a specific transition amplitude



the best tool for structure study

Nuclei studied by electron scattering



elastic scattering for spin-less nuclei

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{d\sigma_{Mott}}{d\Omega} |F_c(\vec{q})|^2 \quad \leftarrow \quad F_c(\vec{q}) = \int \rho_c(\vec{r}) e^{-i\vec{q}\cdot\vec{r}} d\vec{r}$$

reaction * structure

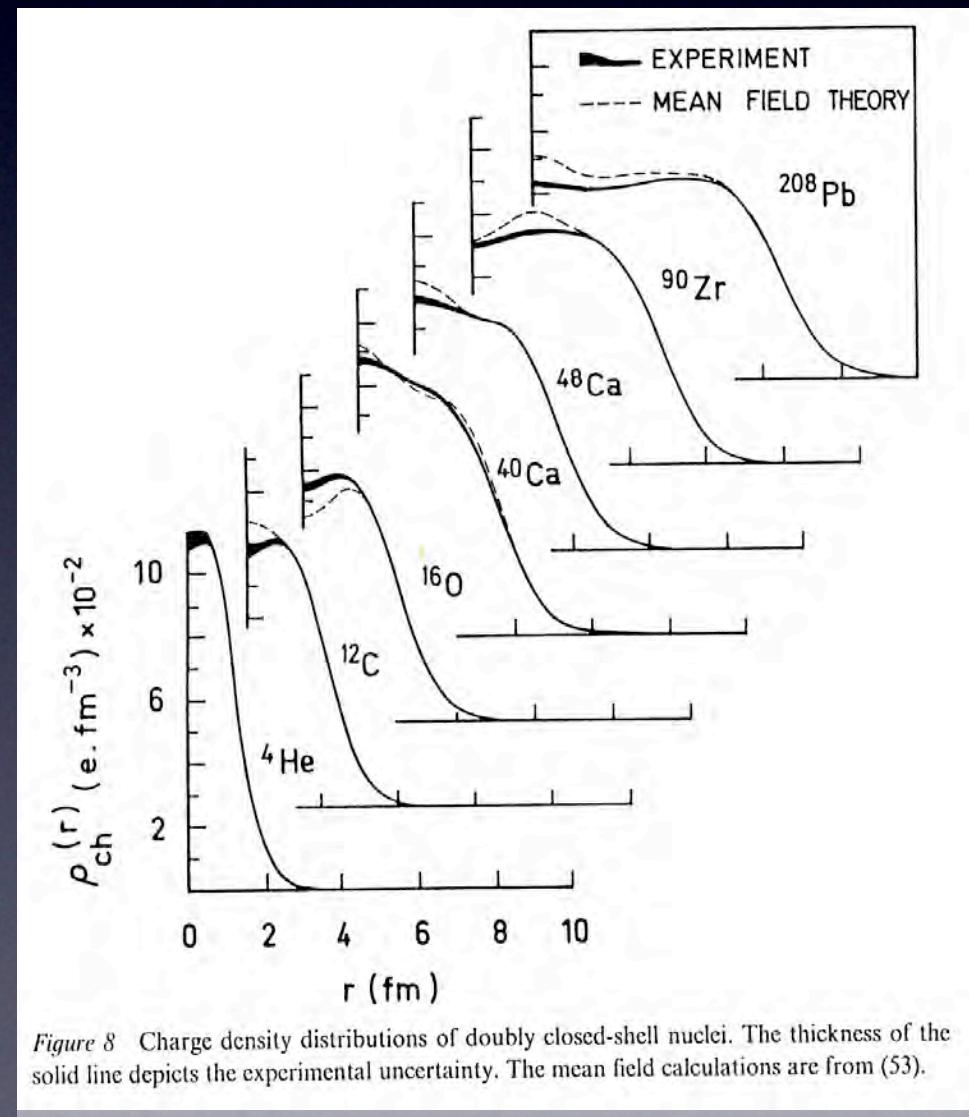


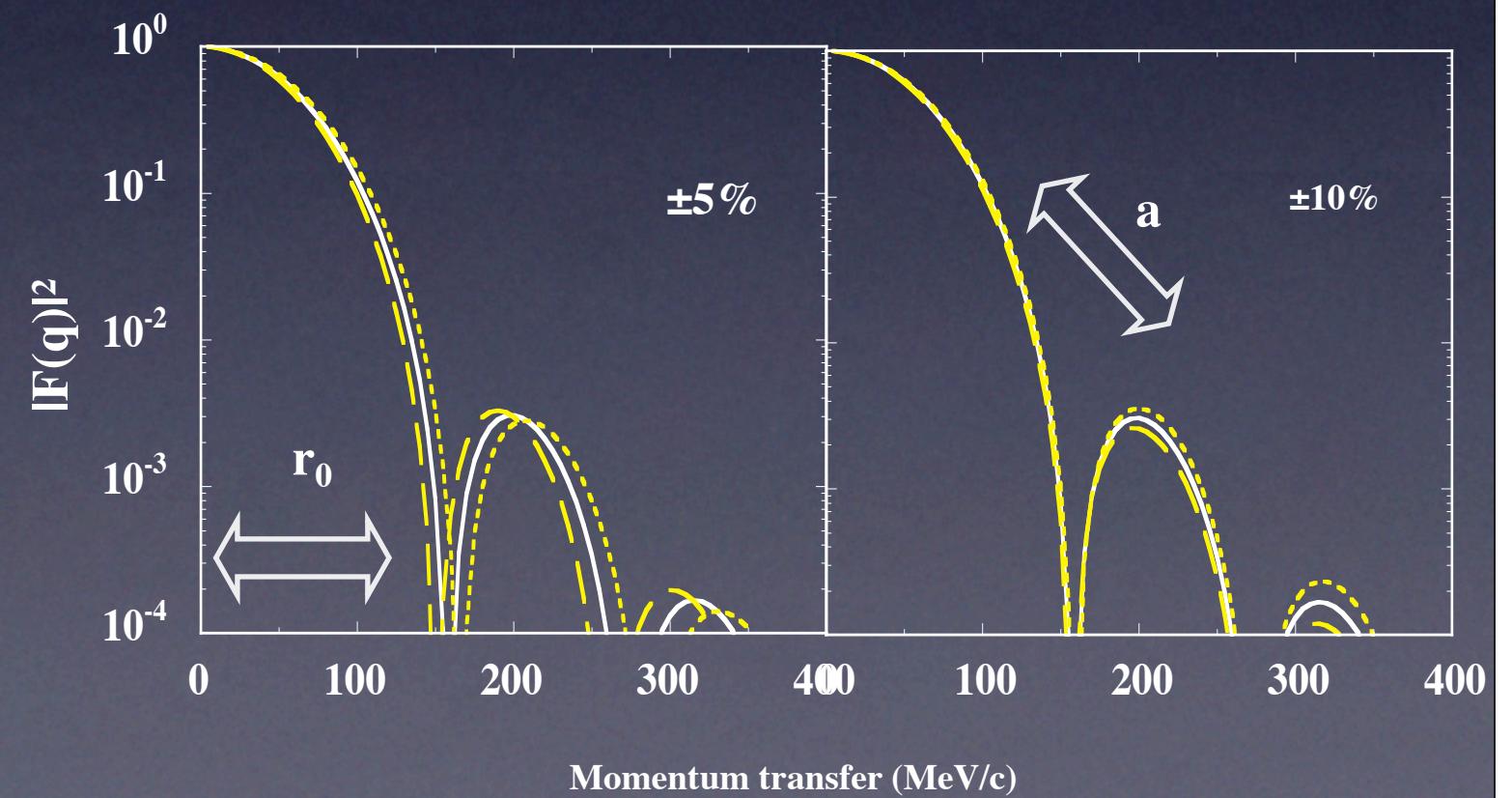
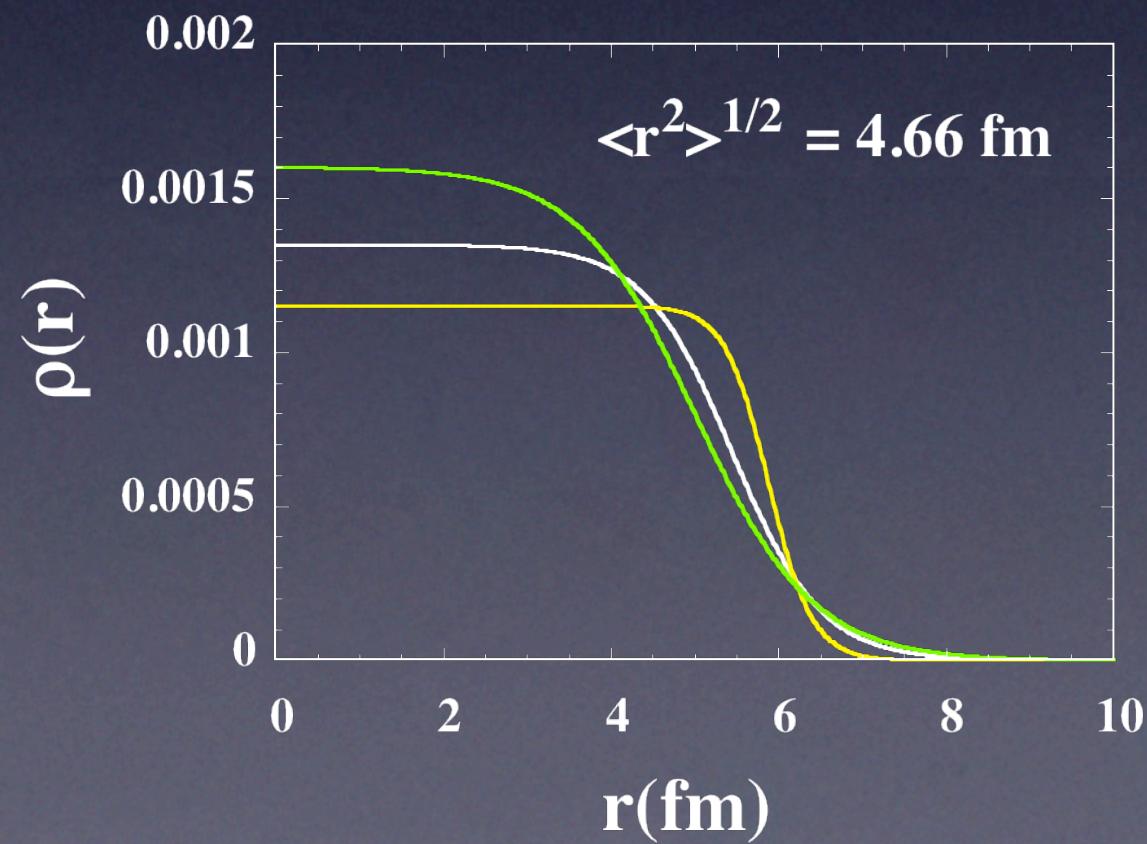
Figure 8 Charge density distributions of doubly closed-shell nuclei. The thickness of the solid line depicts the experimental uncertainty. The mean field calculations are from (53).

beyond $\langle r^2 \rangle^{1/2}$ → density distribution

$$\rho(r) = \sum |\psi_p(r)|^2$$

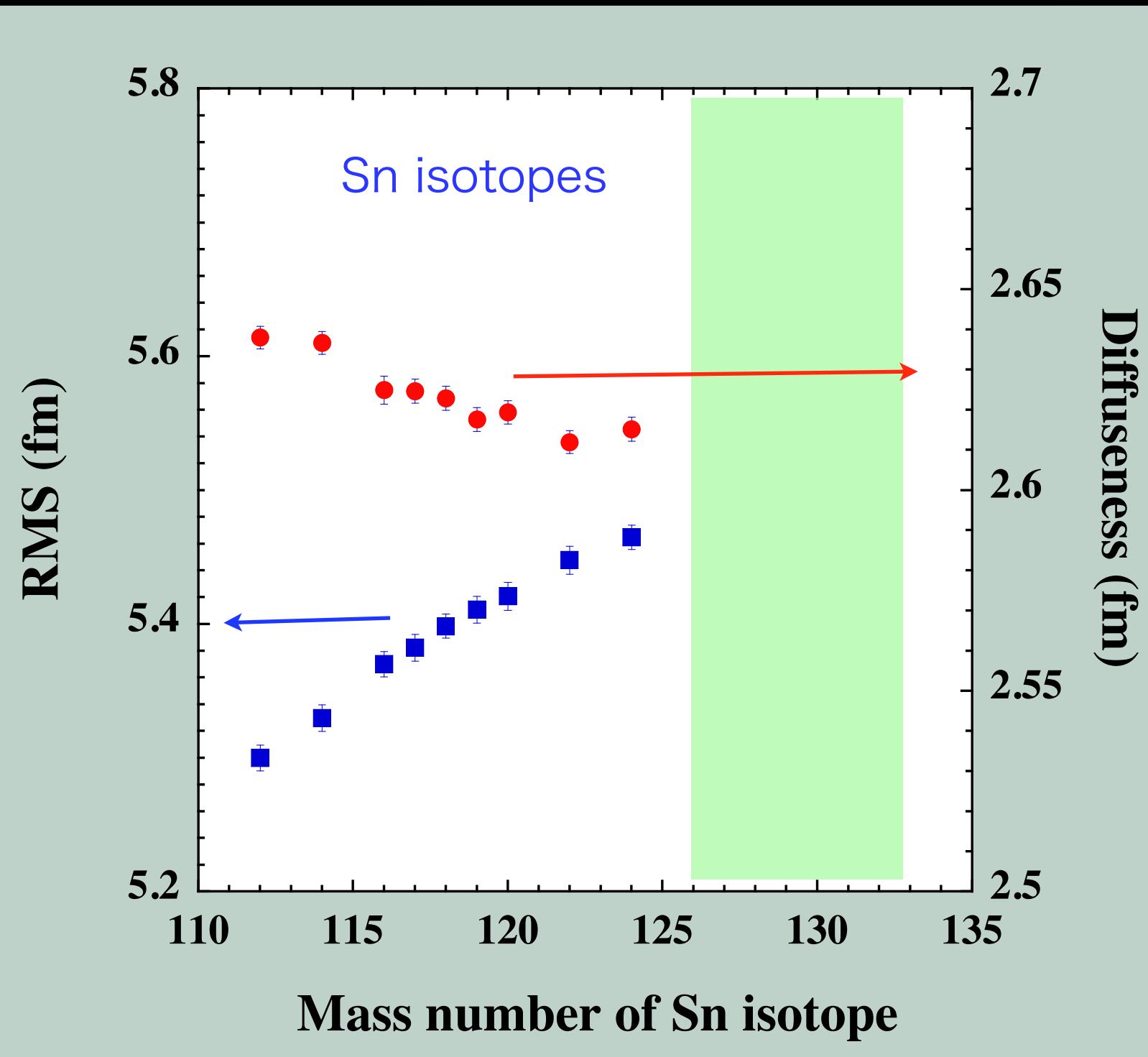
$$\langle r^2 \rangle = \int r^2 \rho(\vec{r}) d\vec{r}$$

$$\rho(r) = \frac{\rho_0}{1 + \exp(\frac{r-r_0}{a})}$$



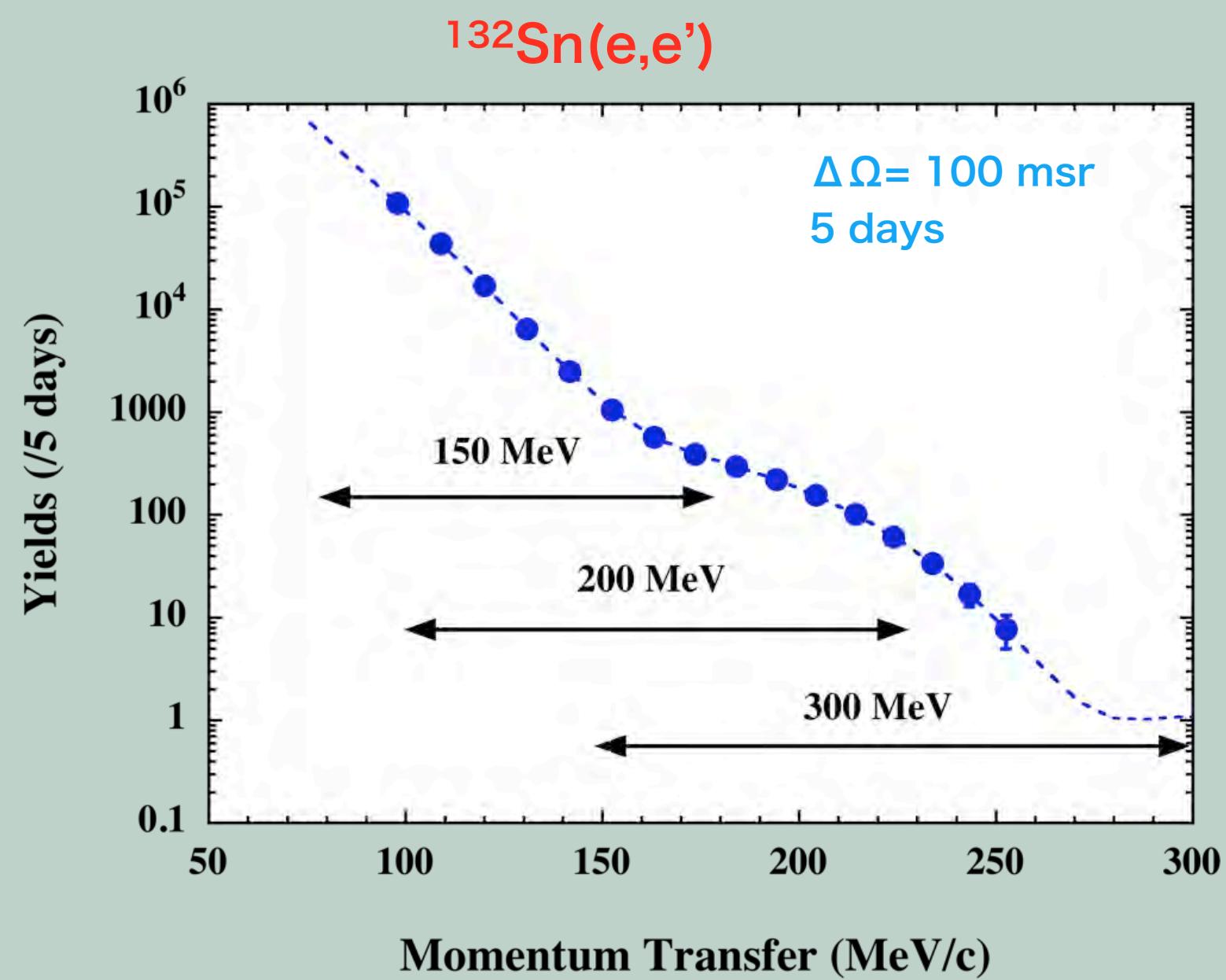
An example : Sn isotopes

^{132}Sn ($Z=50$, $N=82$) 40s



Luminosity → A key for e-RI scattering exp.

$$L = 10^{27} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$$



better than a few % accuracy of diff. radius and diffuseness

SCRIT as a novel way for e-RI scattering

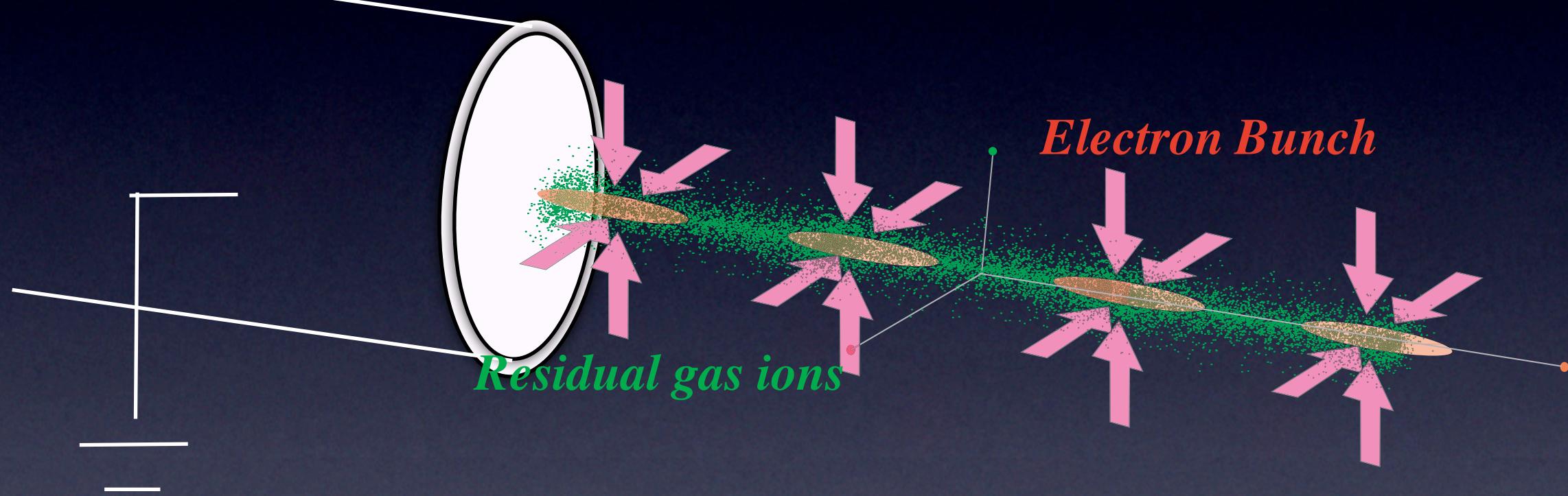
(Self-Confining RI Target)

NIM A532, 216 (2004)

M. Wakasugi, T. Suda and Y. Yano

problematic “Ion trapping” phenomena

observed at electron rings



ionized residual gases by electrons are
trapped by electron beam itself.

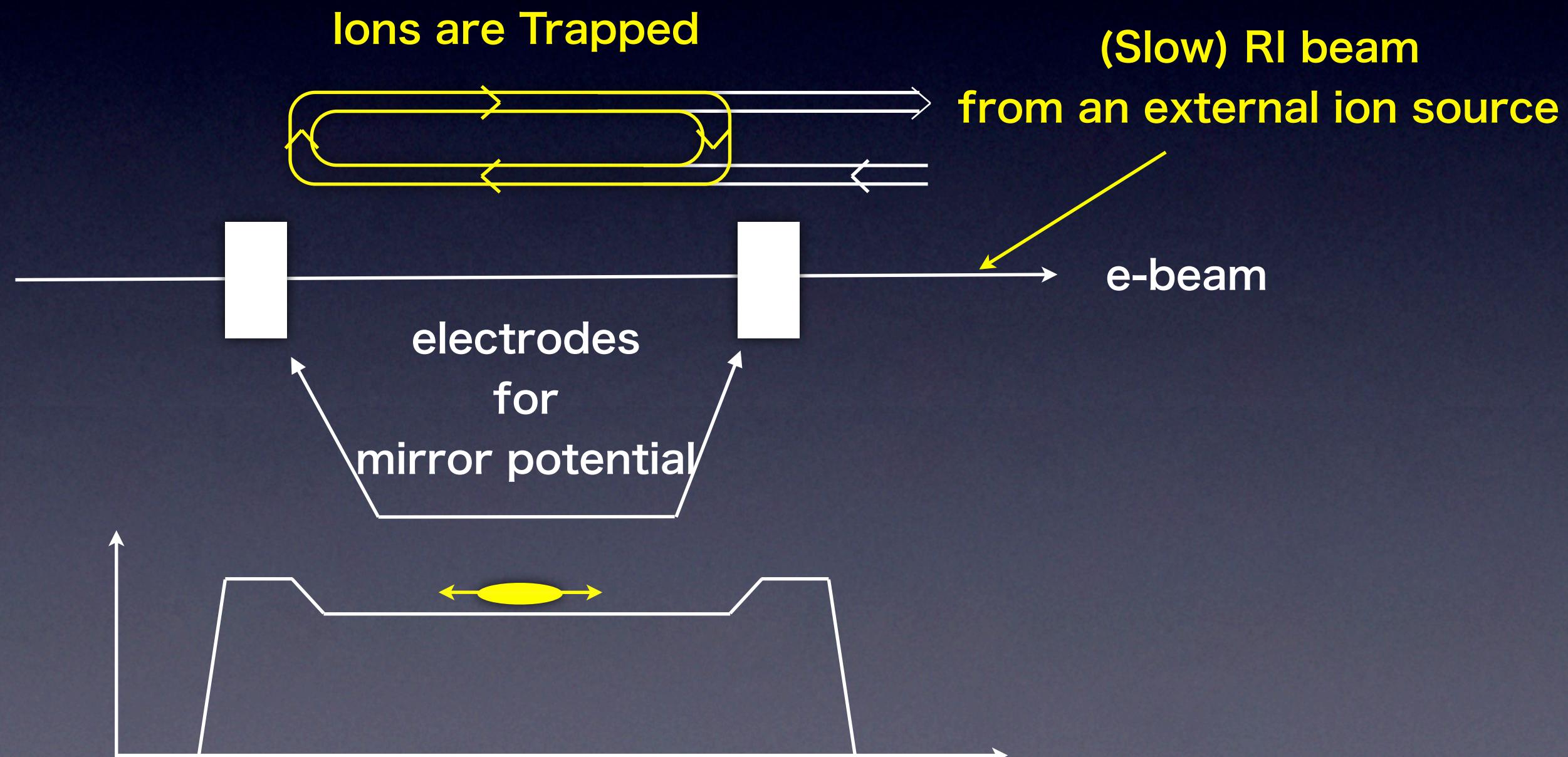
the trapped ions kick out electrons ---> shorter beam lifetime

electron scattering !!

SCRIT as an RI target for electron scattering

transverse : ion trapping

longitudinal : mirror potential

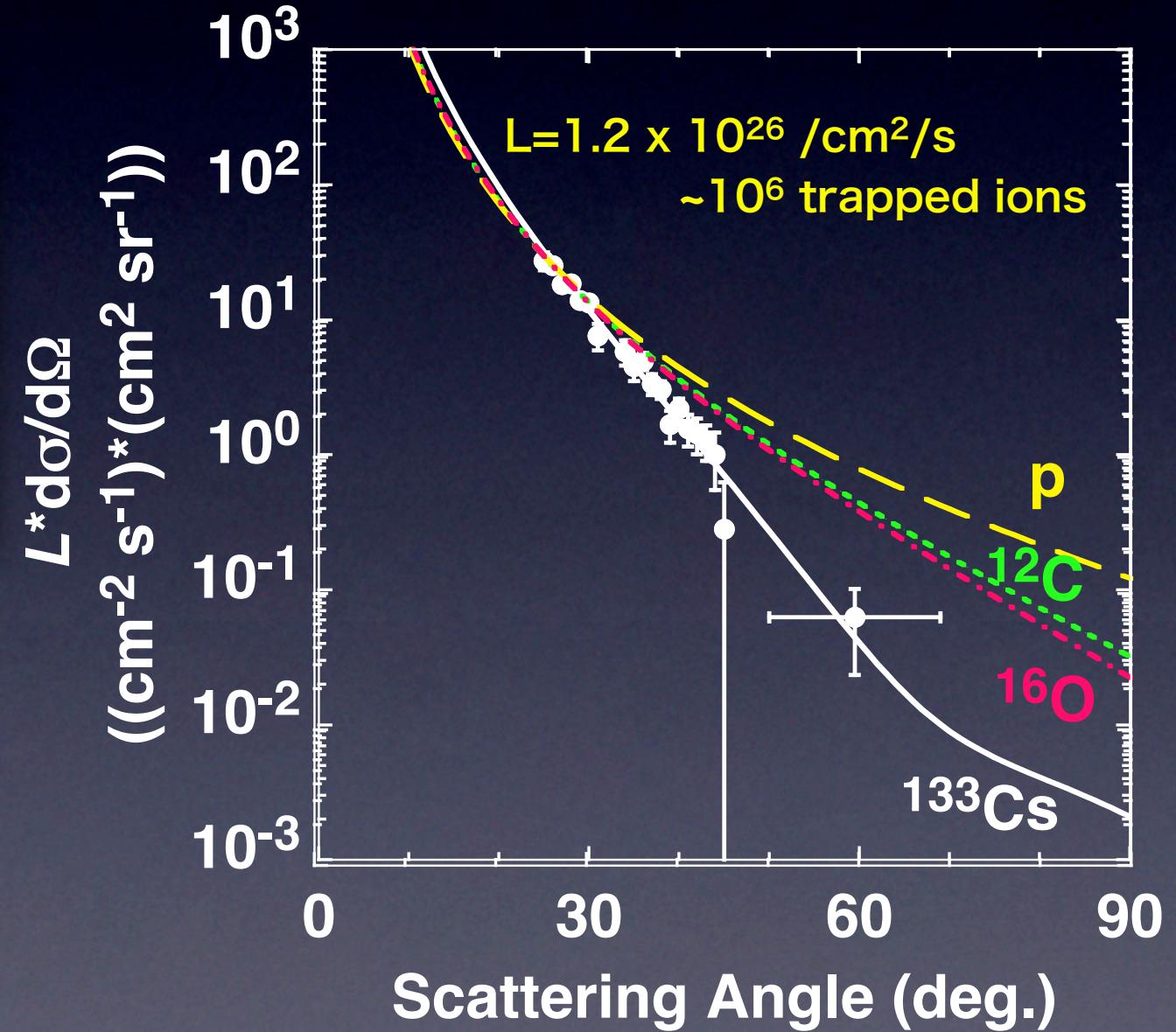
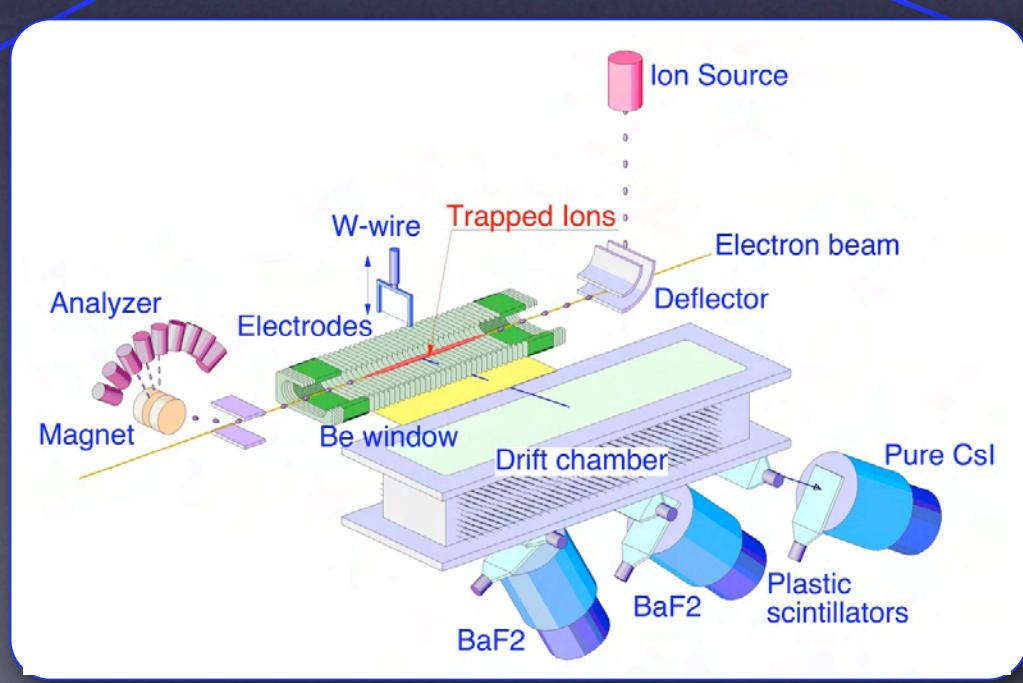
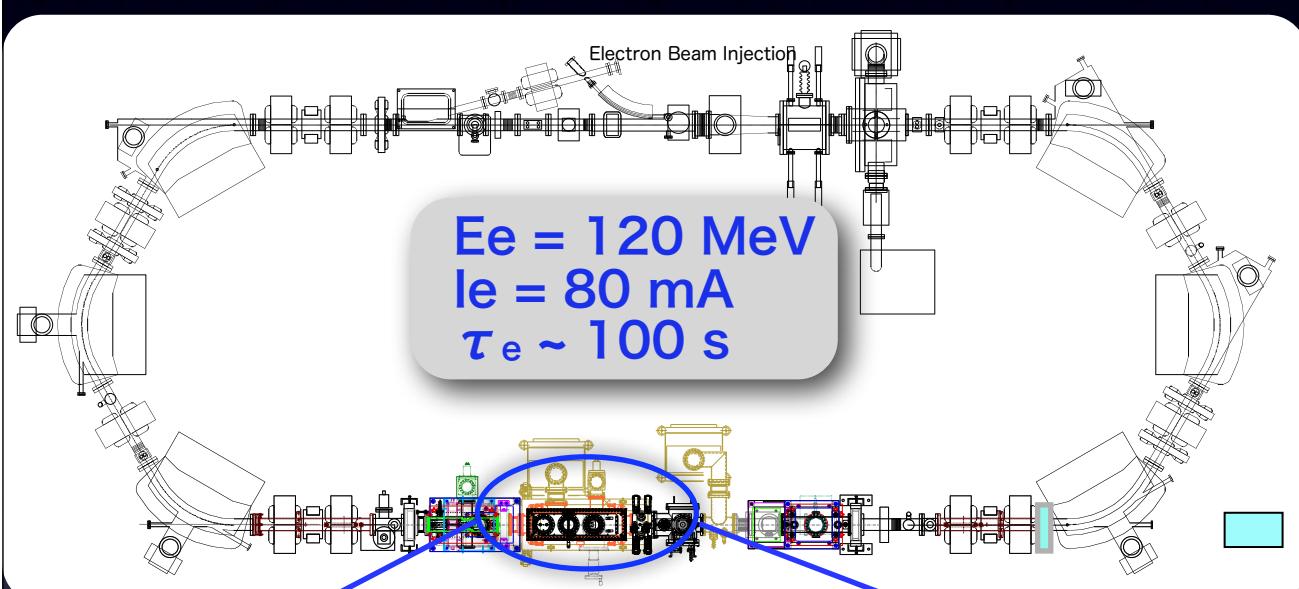


A proof-of-principle experiment of SCRIT (2004-2008)

a real electron scattering experiment using SCRIT
mimicking rarely-produced short-lived nuclei

$$N_{\text{ions}} \sim 10^6$$

$$t_{\text{trapping}} \sim 50 \text{ ms}$$



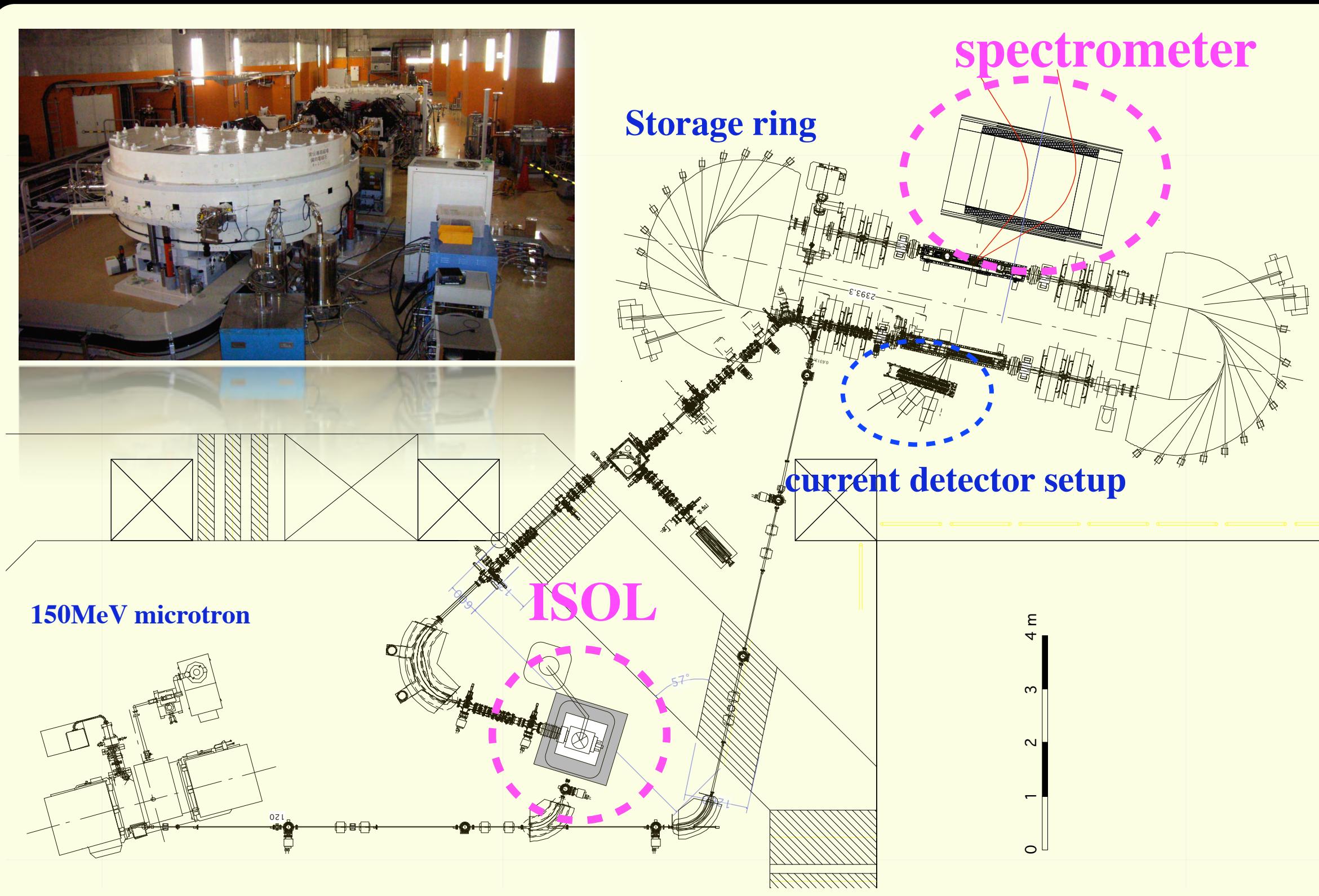
PRL 100 (2008) 164801
PRL 102 (2009) 102501

The SCRIT electron scattering facility

for rarely-produced short-lived exotic nuclei

under construction at RIKEN RI Beam Factory, JAPAN

Electron scattering facility at RIBF



Electron storage ring (+150 MeV microtron)

$E_e = 150 - 700 \text{ MeV}$

$I_e \geq 300 \text{ mA}$

$\tau_{\text{beam}} \sim \sim 2 \text{ h}@300\text{mA}$ as of today

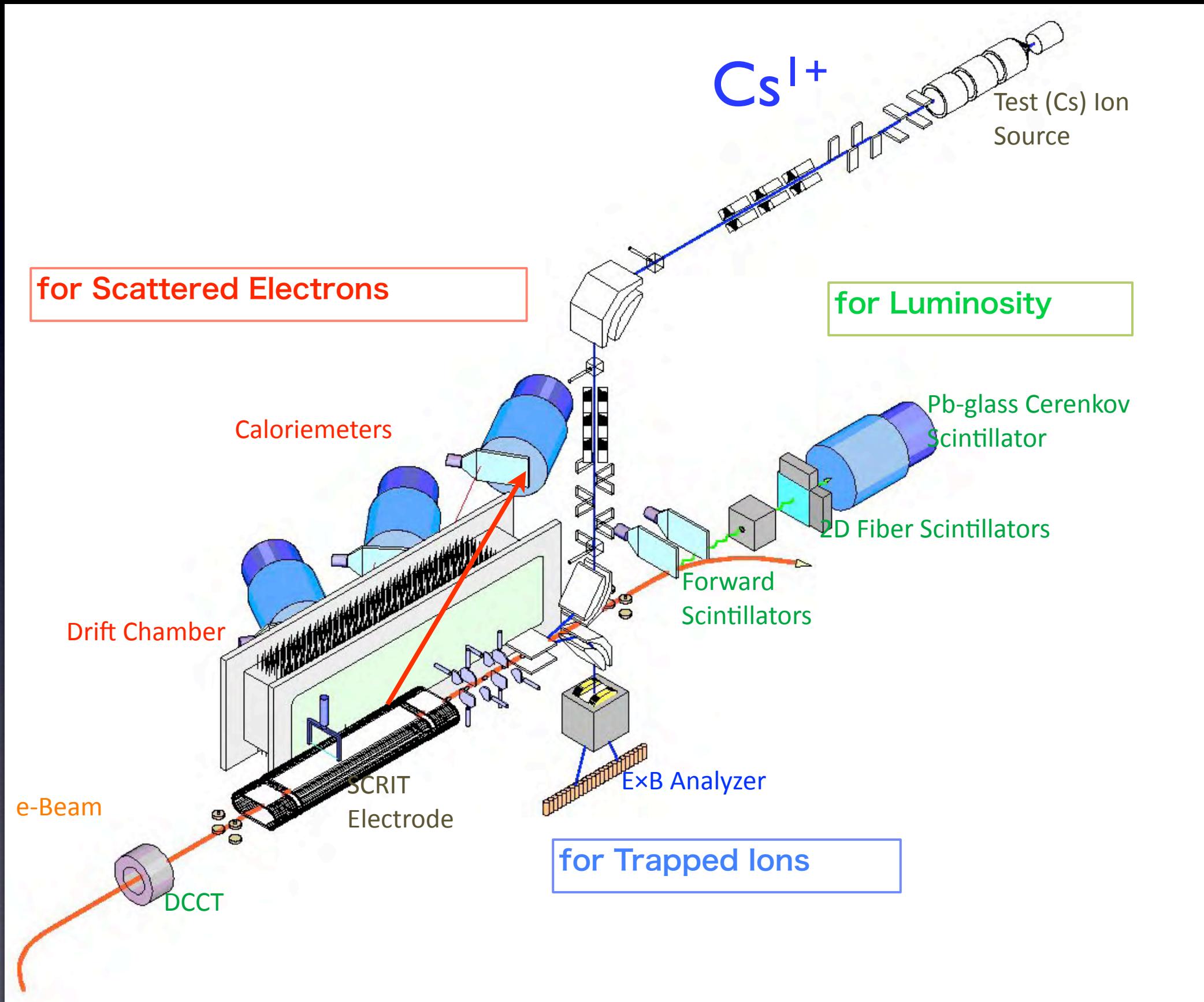


First SR light
(Feb.8, 2010)

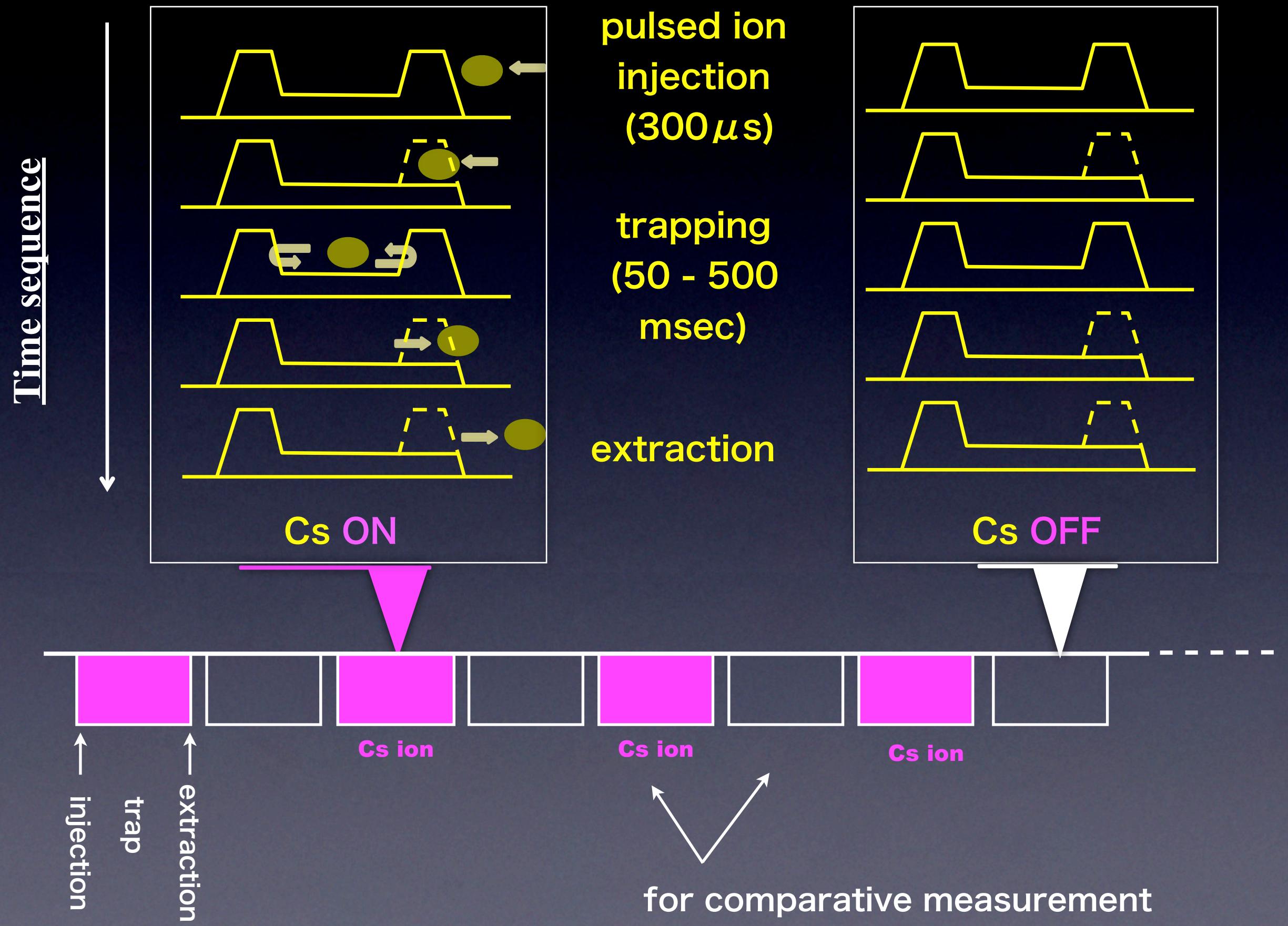


R&D using (stable) Cs ions

achievable luminosity and required number of ions



Study of trapping of externally injected (stable) ^{133}Cs ions

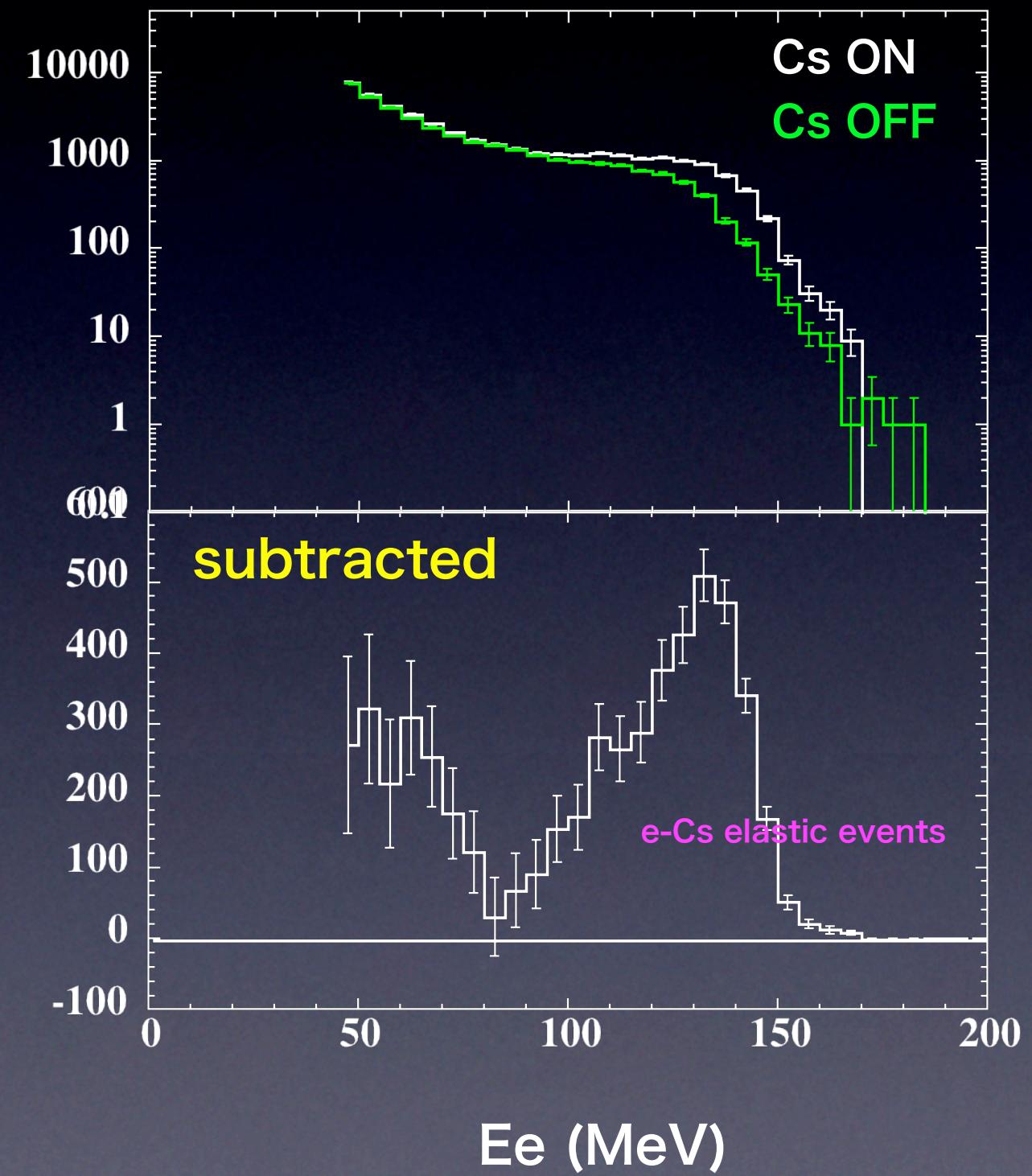
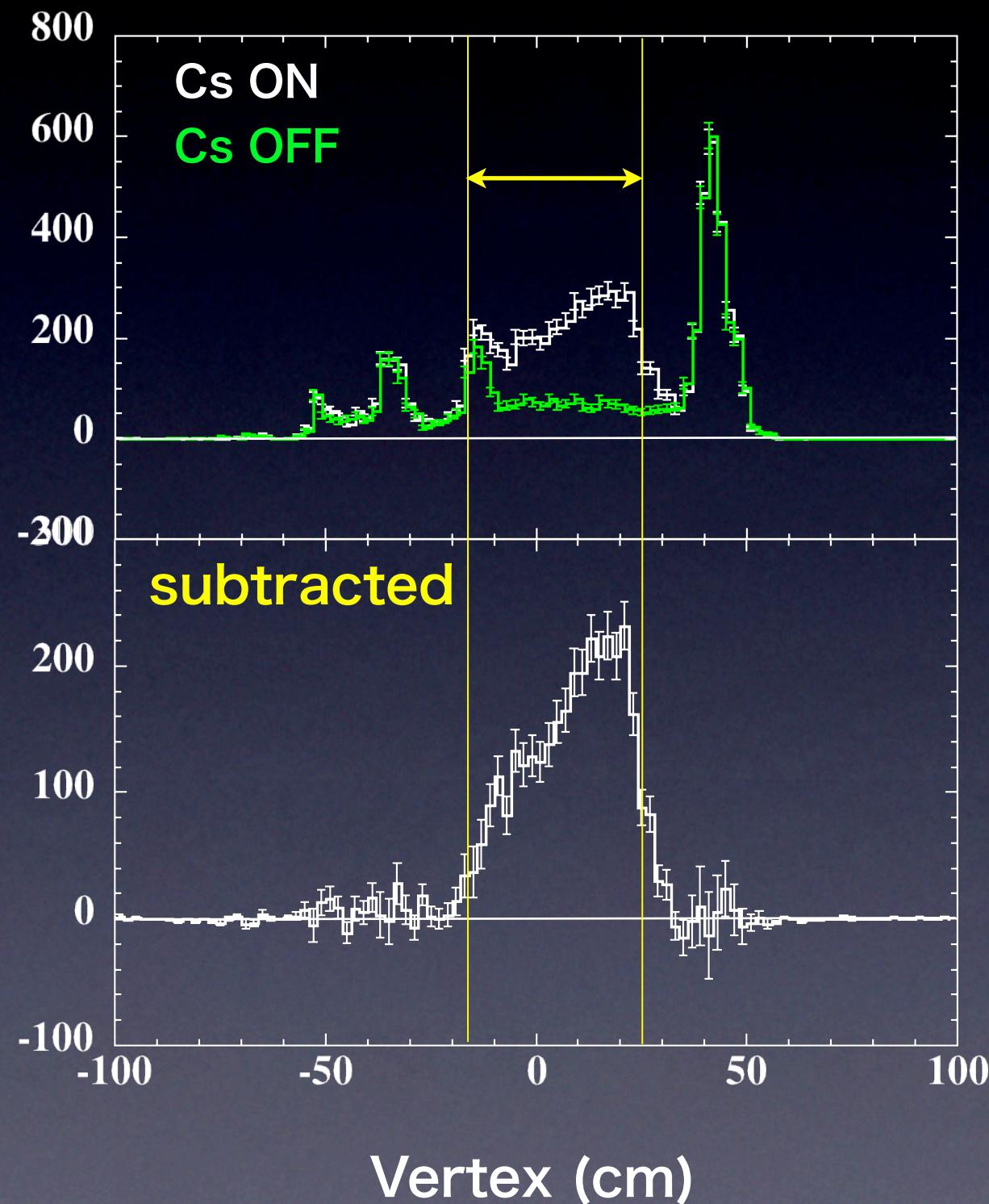


scattered electrons from trapped Cs ions

$E_e = 150 \text{ MeV}$

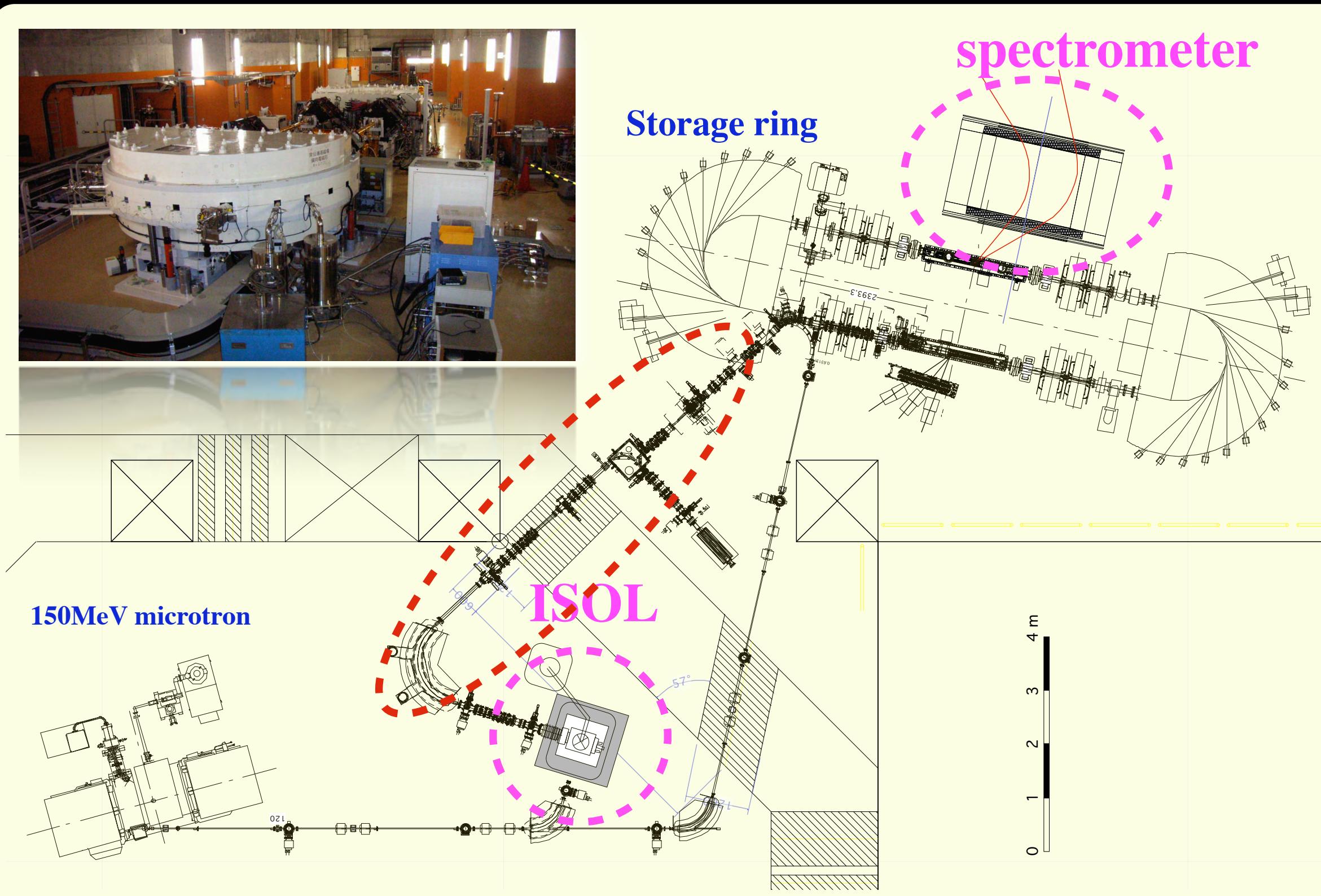
Cs trap region : 40 cm

2011. Oct.



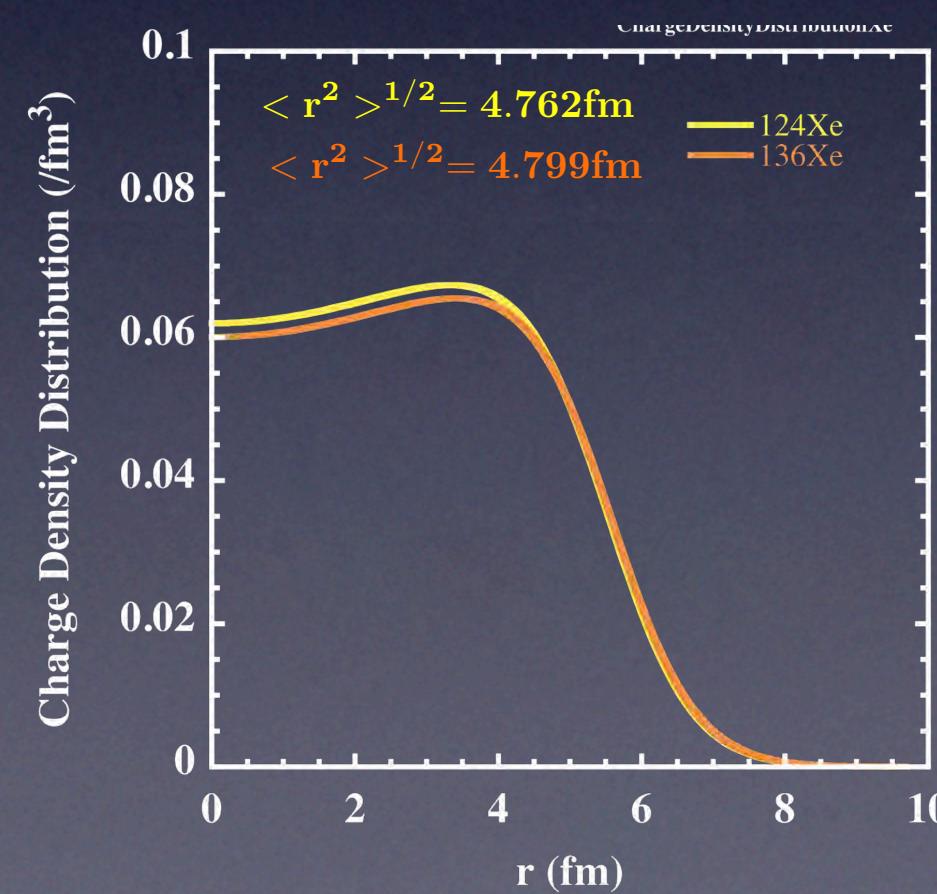
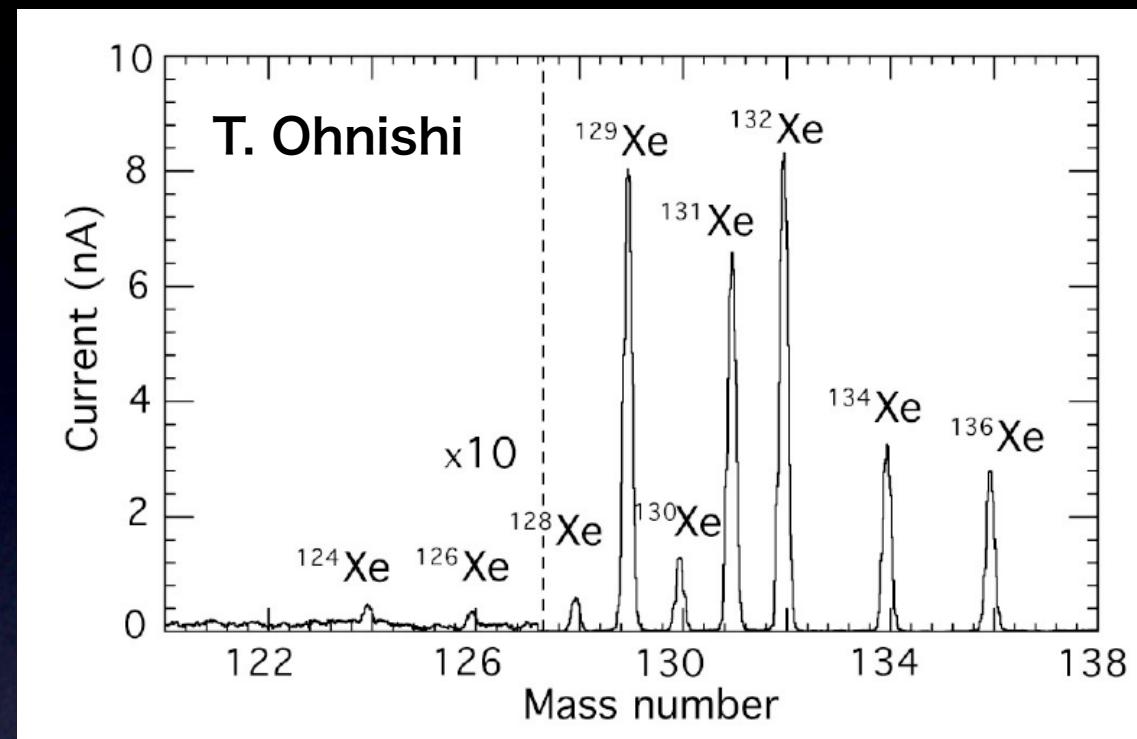
$L \sim 10^{27} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ with $N_{\text{Cs}} \sim 10^7$

Electron scattering facility at RIBF

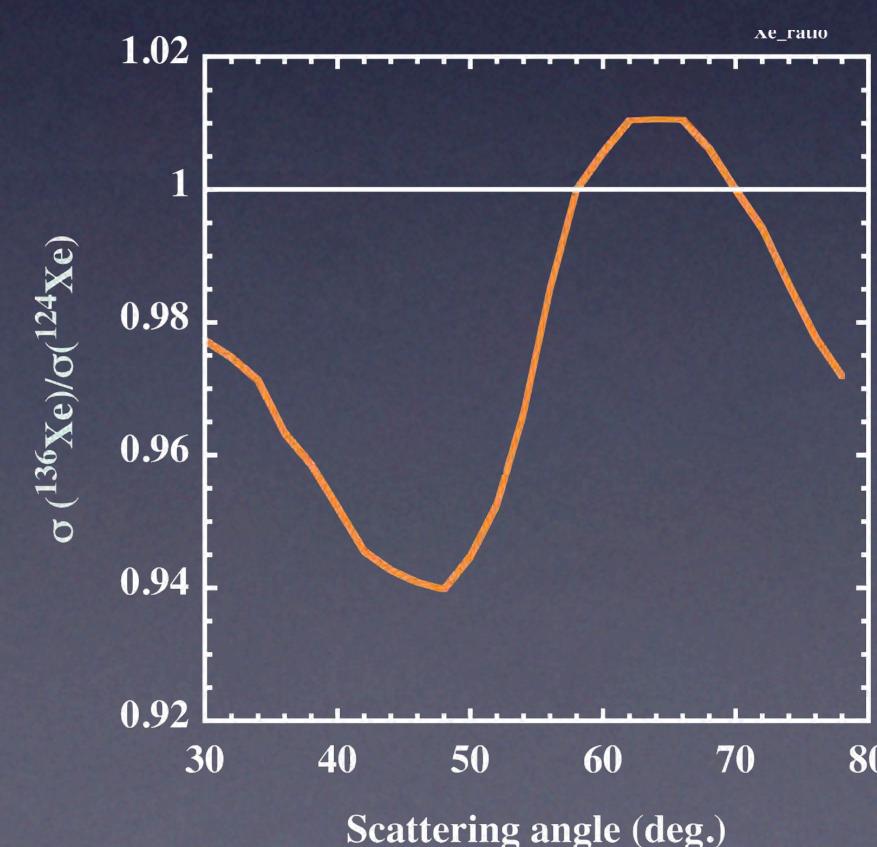
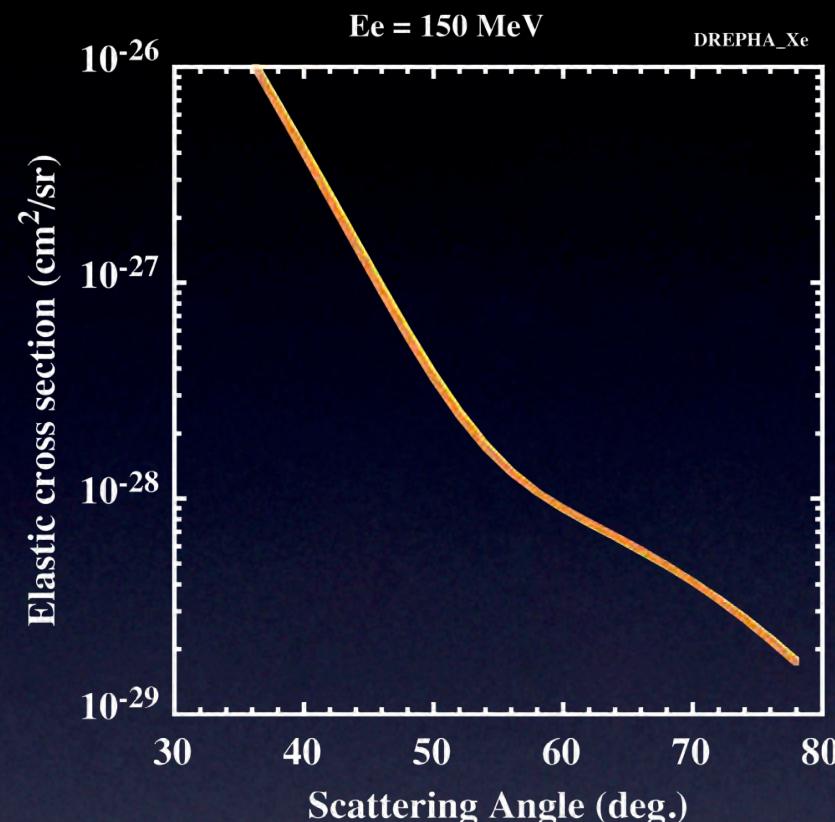


Next R&D including the new ion beam line (2012. April ~)

Xe isotopes (^{124}Xe - ^{136}Xe)

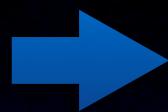


DWBA cross section for Xe isotopes

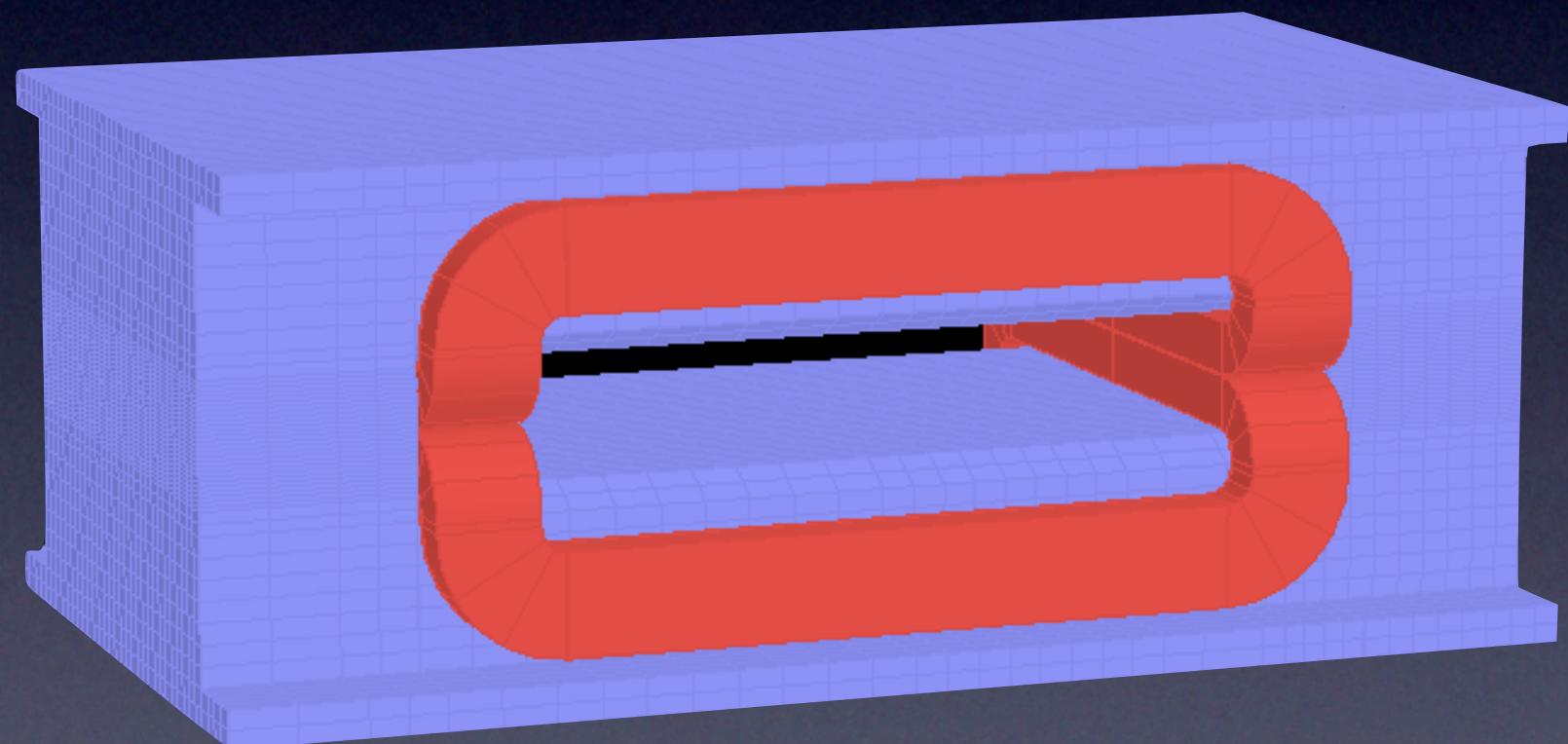


electron spectrometer

identification of elastic scattering
Low luminosity
long target region (40cm)
accurate angular distribution



high resolution
large acceptance
long-target acceptance
wide θ coverage



- weight ~ 50 tons
- $B_{max} = 0.8$ T
- $\Delta p/p \leq 10^{-3}$ ($\Delta E < 300$ keV @ 300 MeV)
- $\Delta\theta = 30^\circ$ ($45 \pm 15^\circ$)
- $\Delta\Omega \sim 90$ msr
- 1700 (w) x 300 (h) x 1400 (l)
- field leakage at e-beam : a few G
- tracking by sets of drift chambers

under construction
commissioning from 2012.Dec.

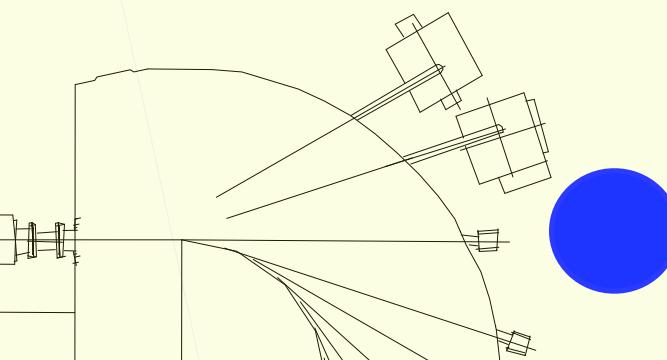
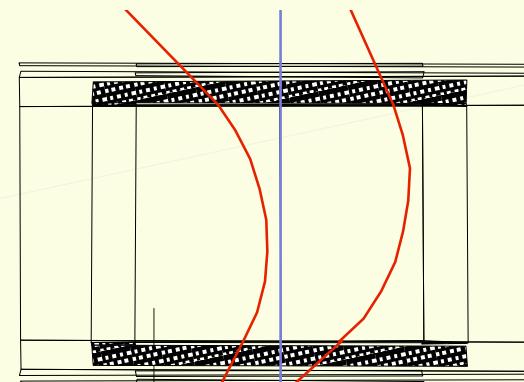
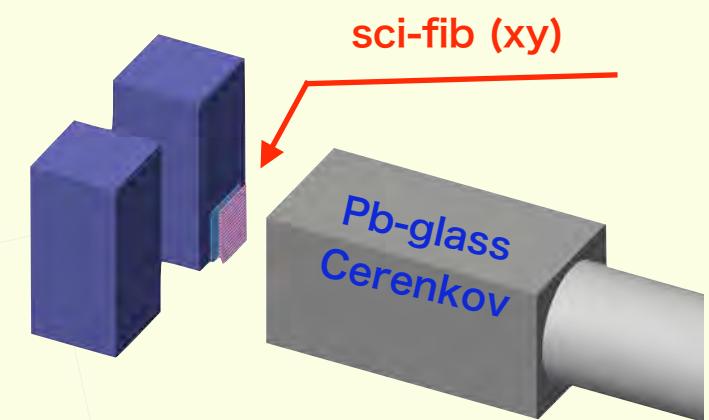
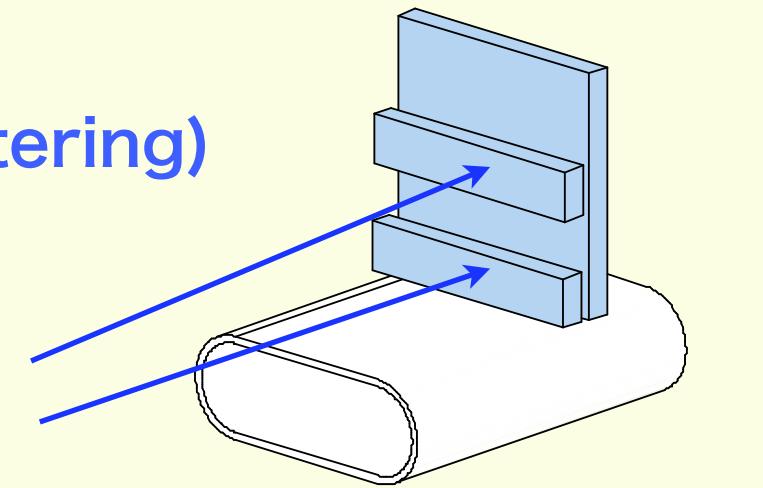
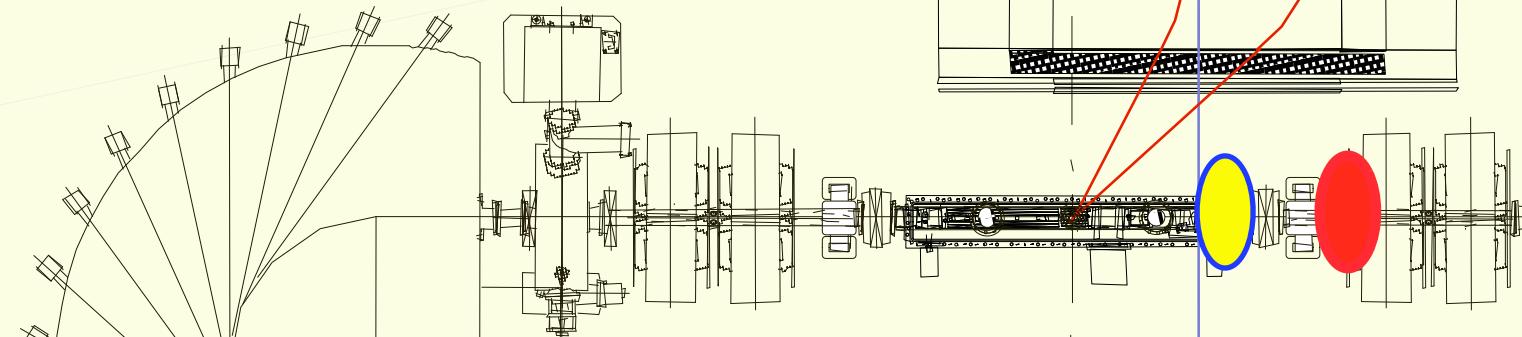
Luminosity monitoring

- Bremsstrahlung

- beam loss monitor (ultra forward scattering)

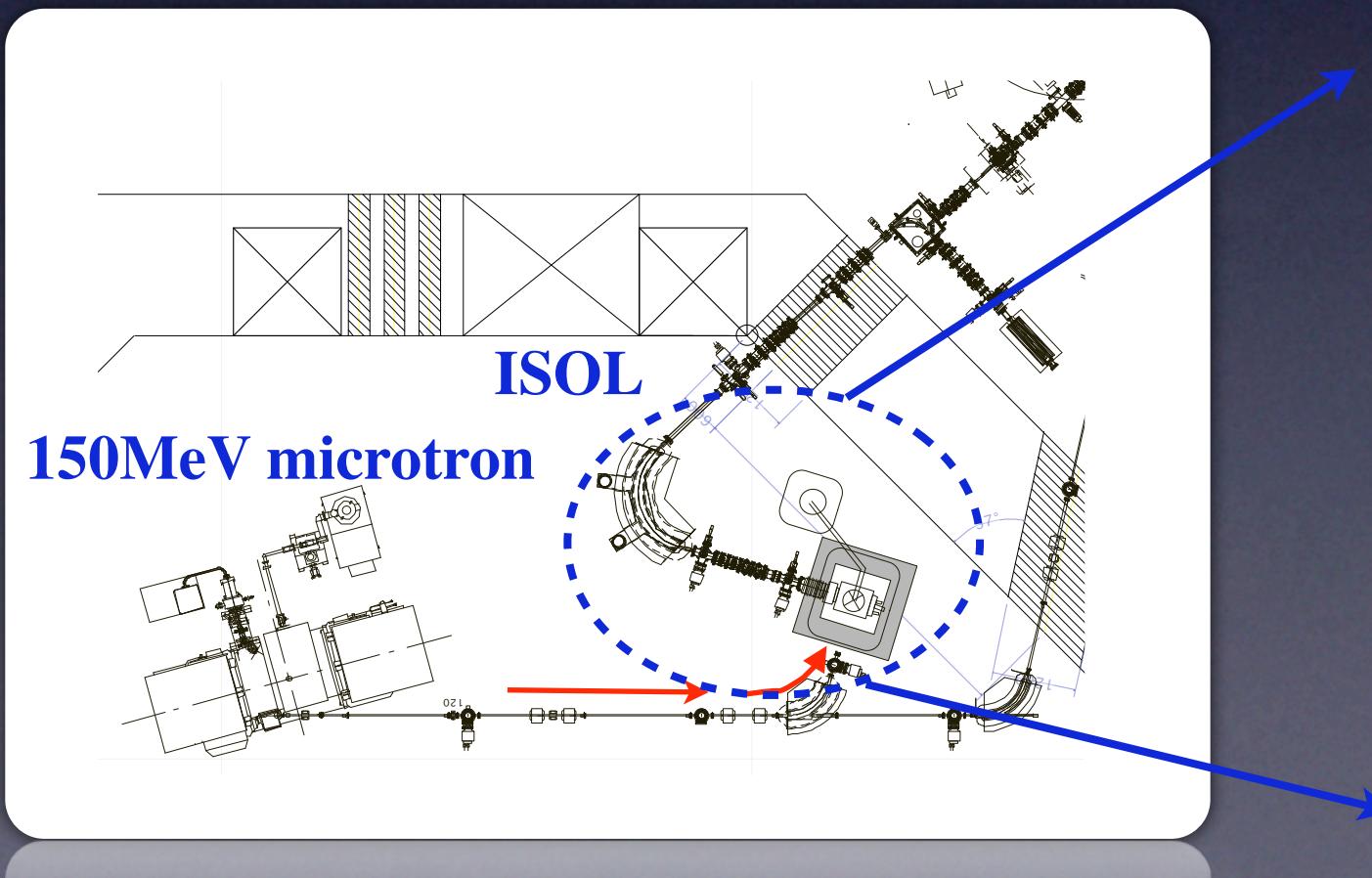
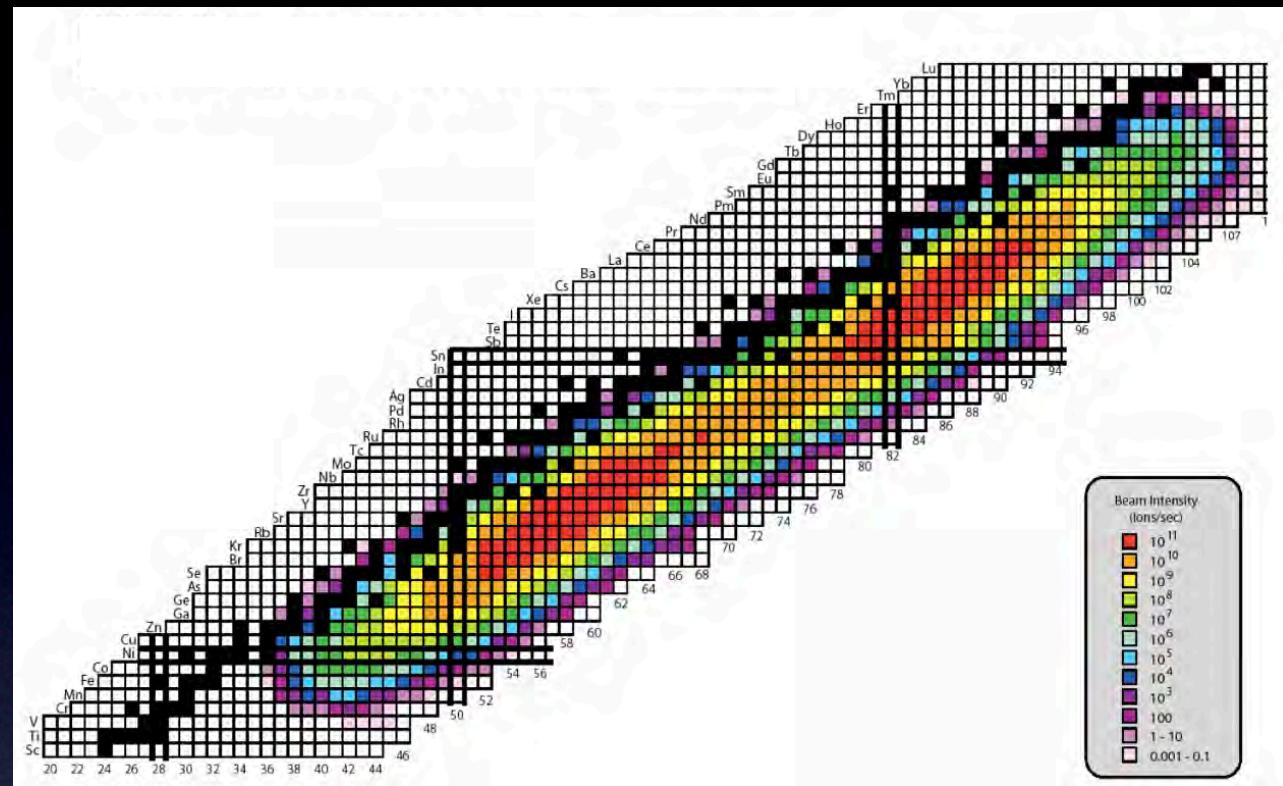
- Moeller scattering

$$\theta_e = 3.3\text{--}4.7^\circ \text{ (E}_e = 150\text{--}300\text{MeV)}$$

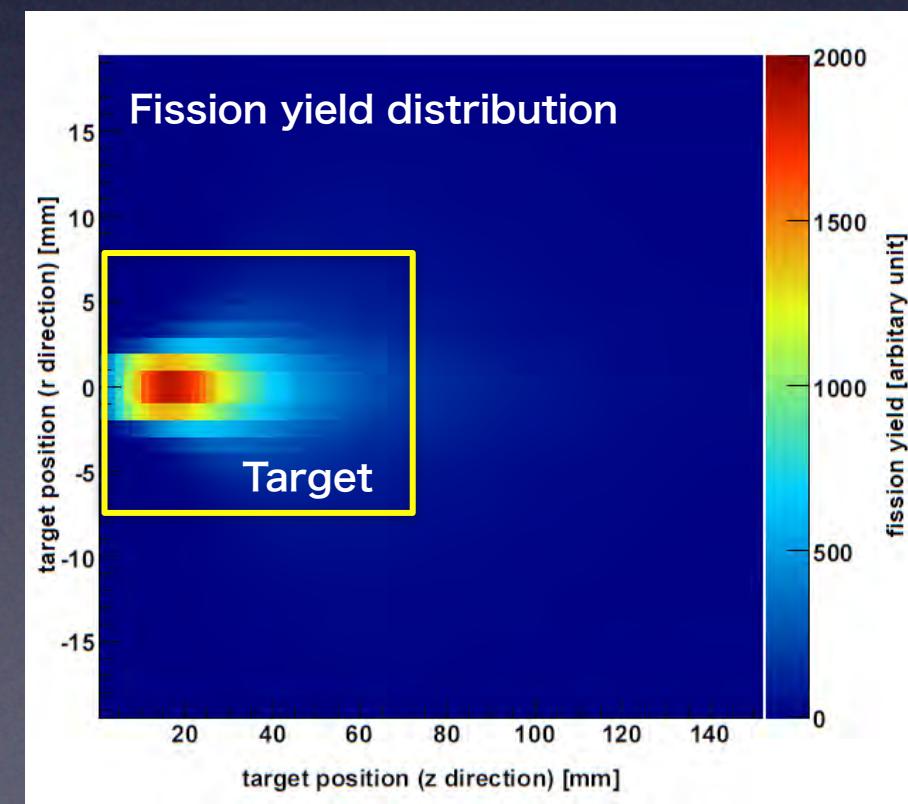
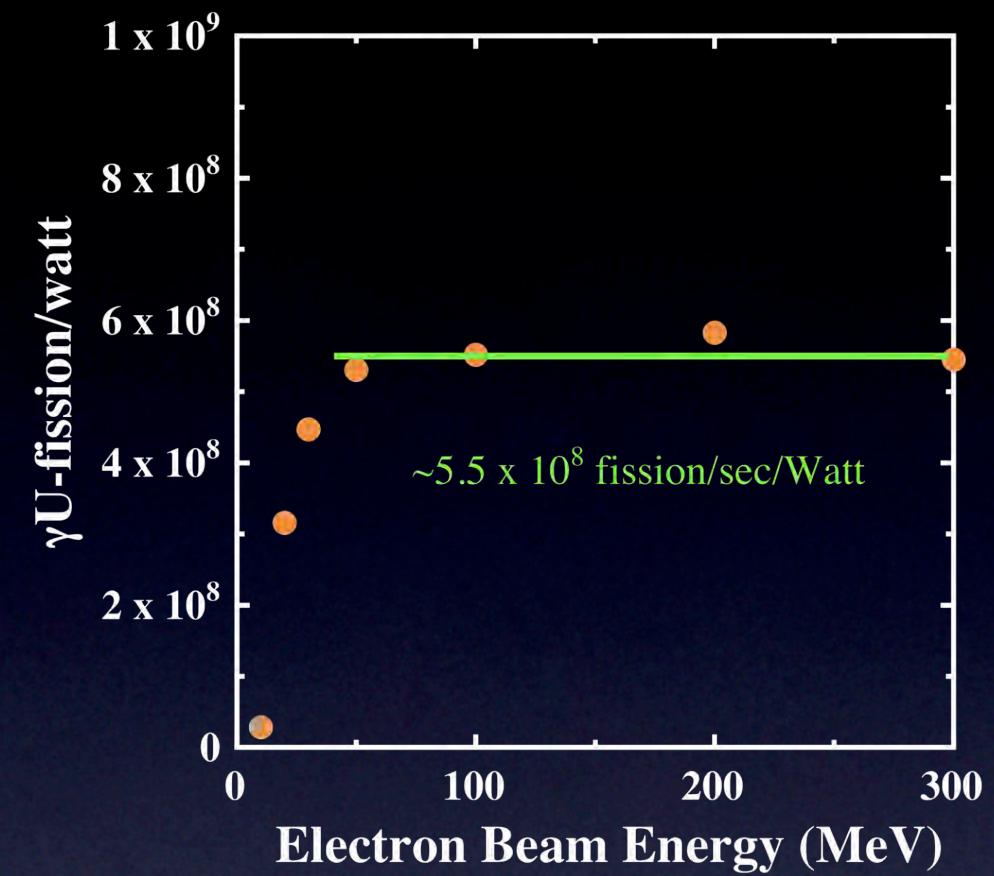
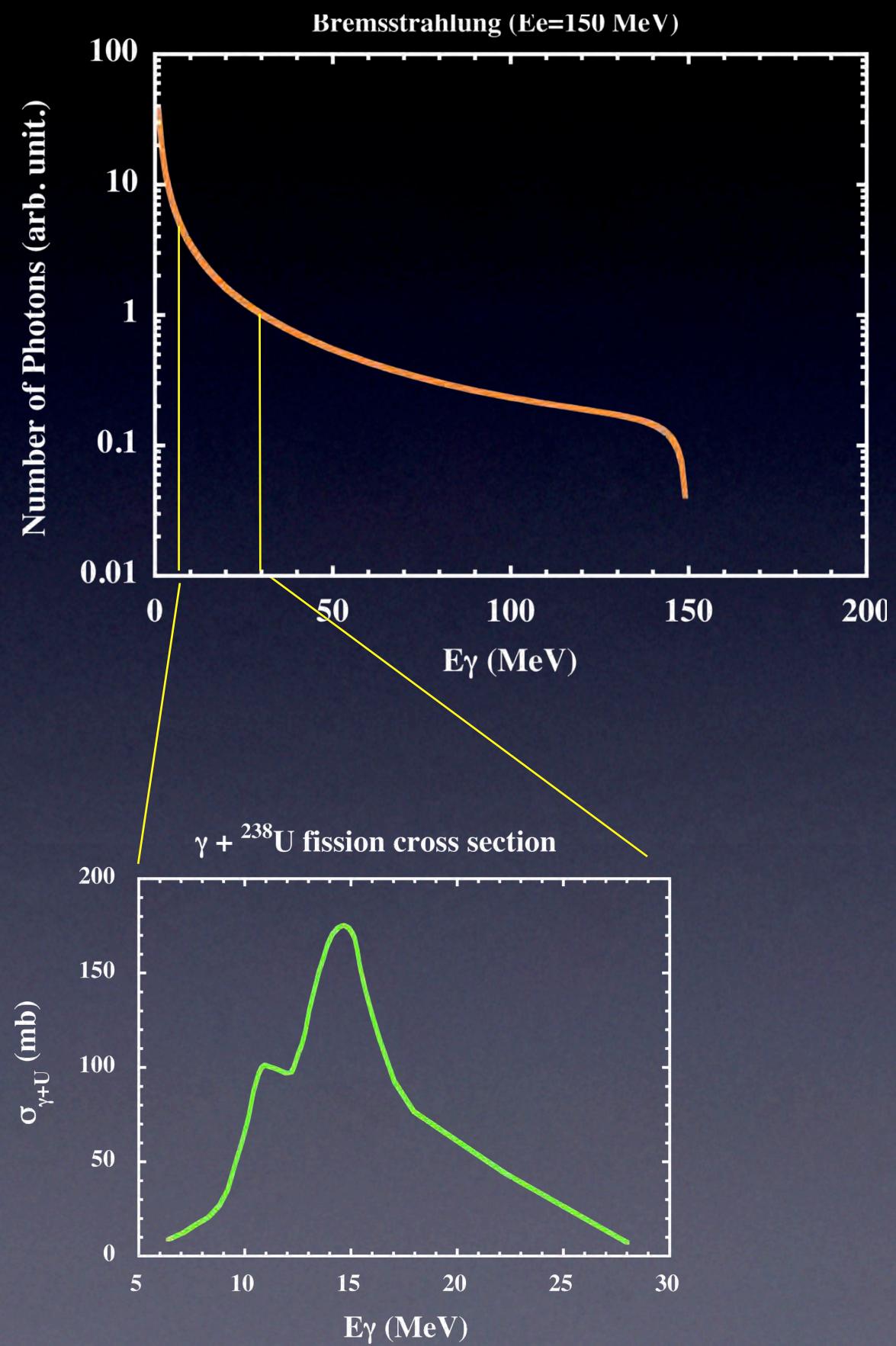


ISOL

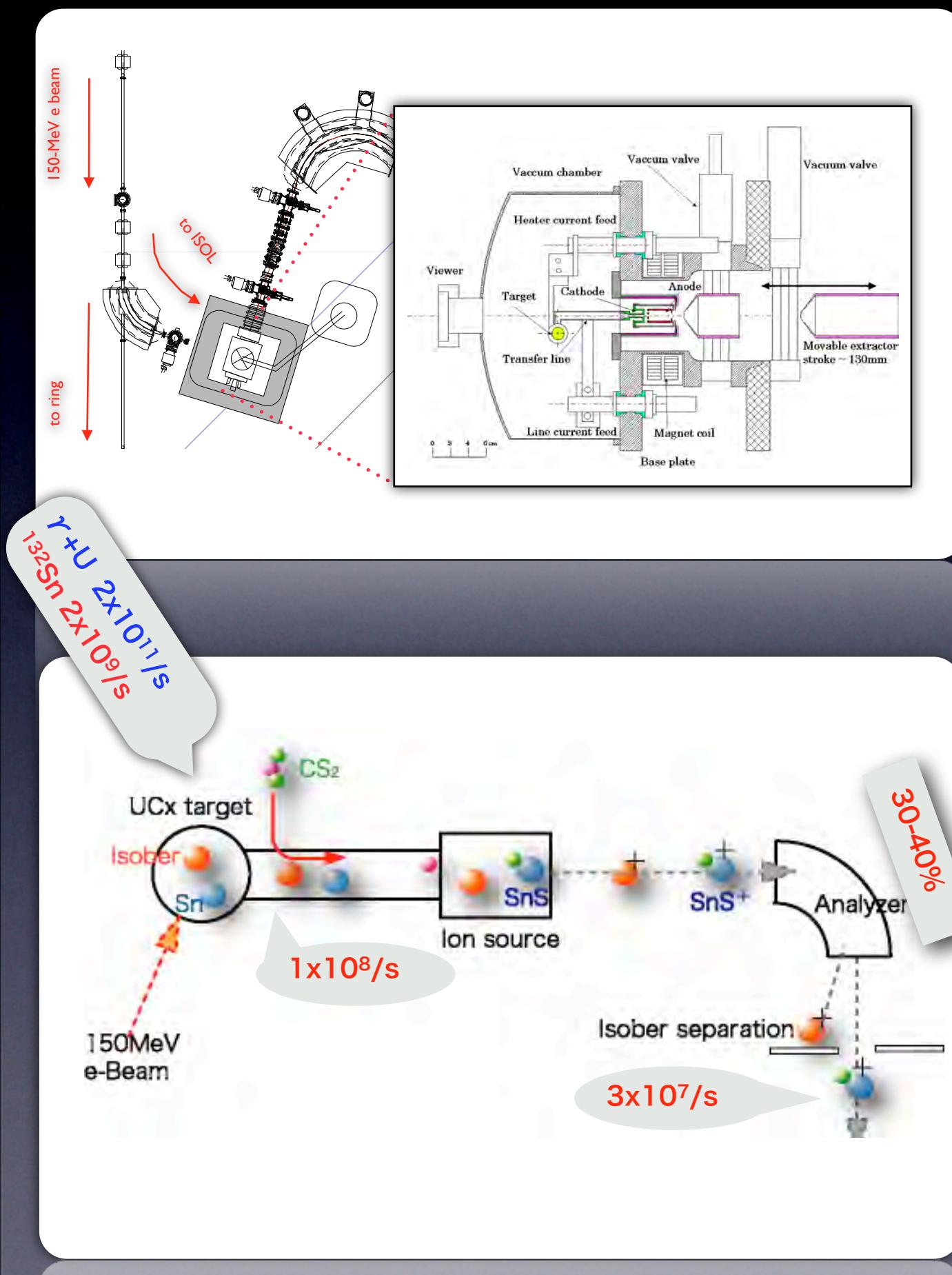
RI production
by electro-(photo-) fission
of ^{238}U



γ U fission reaction



an ISOL system for SCRIT based on γ U fission reaction



design based on construction/operation experience of JAERI-ISOL (S. Ichikawa)

- electron beam : 150 MeV/1.6 kW
- UC_x : ϕ 15 mm, L 70mm (^{238}U ~24g)
- Yield : 2×10^{11} fission/s $\Rightarrow \sim 2 \times 10^9$ $^{132}\text{Sn}/\text{s}$
- 1×10^8 $^{132}\text{Sn}/\text{s}$ is extracted

extraction efficiency : 6.5 % (JAERI)

- Element separation
molecular-ion SnS^+ (ORNL ...)
- Isobar separation
purity better than 99 % is expected

Summary & Outlook

- a novel way, SCRIT, for electron scattering for short-lived nuclei
 - electron scattering facility is under construction at RIKEN RIBF
 - $\sim 10^{27} \text{ /cm}^2/\text{s}$ achieved with 10^{6-7} trapped Cs ions
 - ISOL ($e(r) + U$) is under construction
 - SLOWRI / BigRIPS in future
 - first e-RI scattering experiment in 2013

