



CERN and the Future of Particle Physics

The Energy Frontier

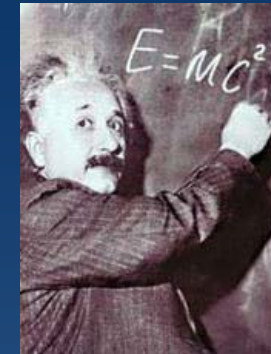
R-D Heuer
La Thuile
March 4, 2011



The Mission of CERN

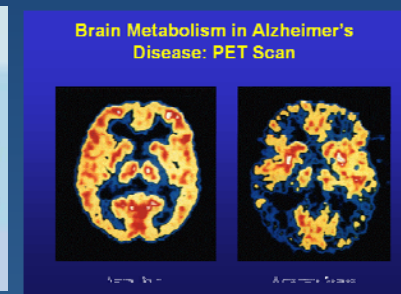
- **Push back** the frontiers of knowledge

E.g. the secrets of the Big Bang ...what was the matter like within the first moments of the Universe's existence?



- **Develop** new technologies for accelerators and detectors

Information technology - the Web and the GRID
Medicine - diagnosis and therapy



- **Train** scientists and engineers of tomorrow



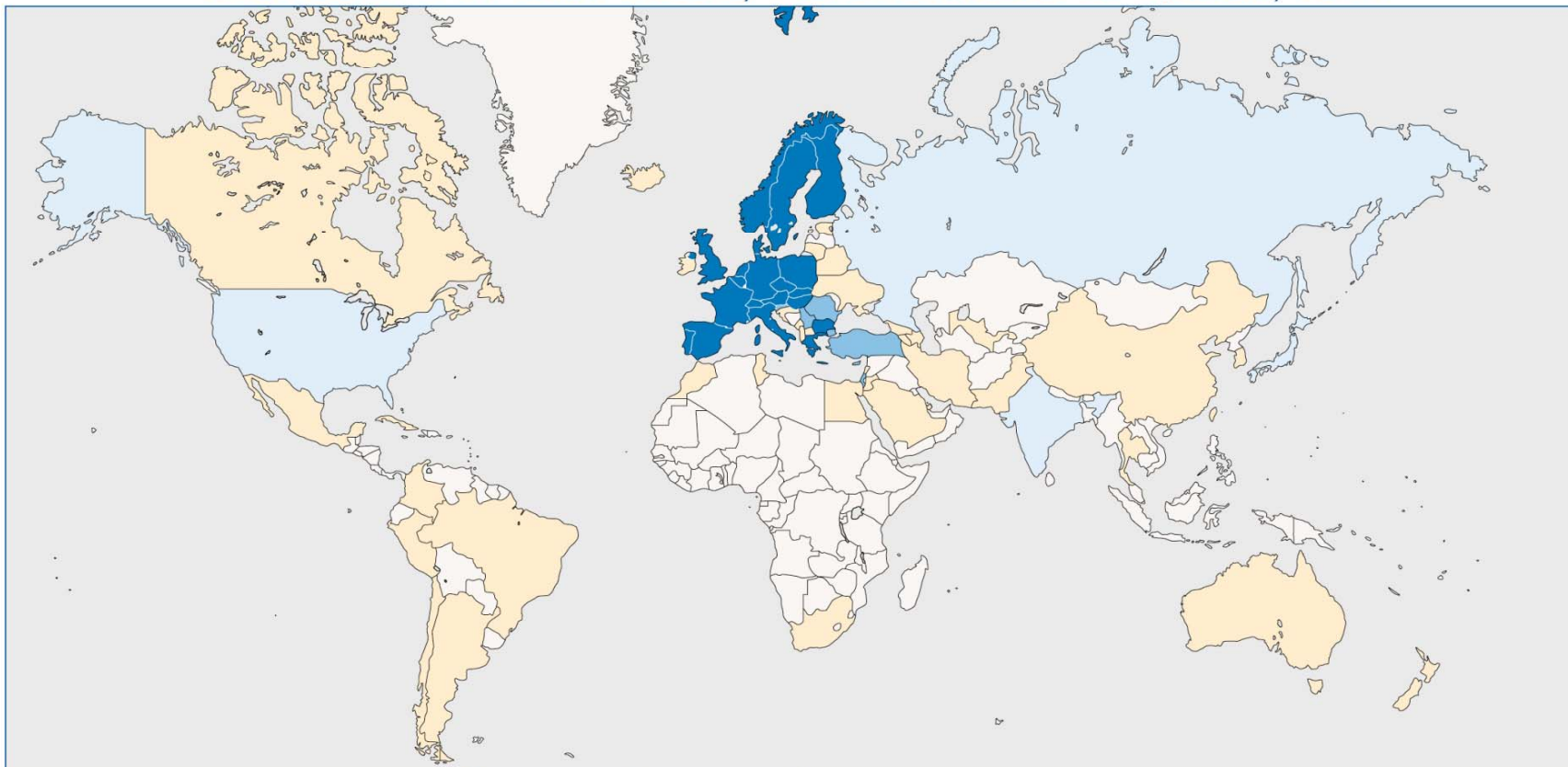
- **Unite** people from different countries and cultures



CERN in Numbers



Distribution of all CERN Users by Nation of Institute on 6 January 2011



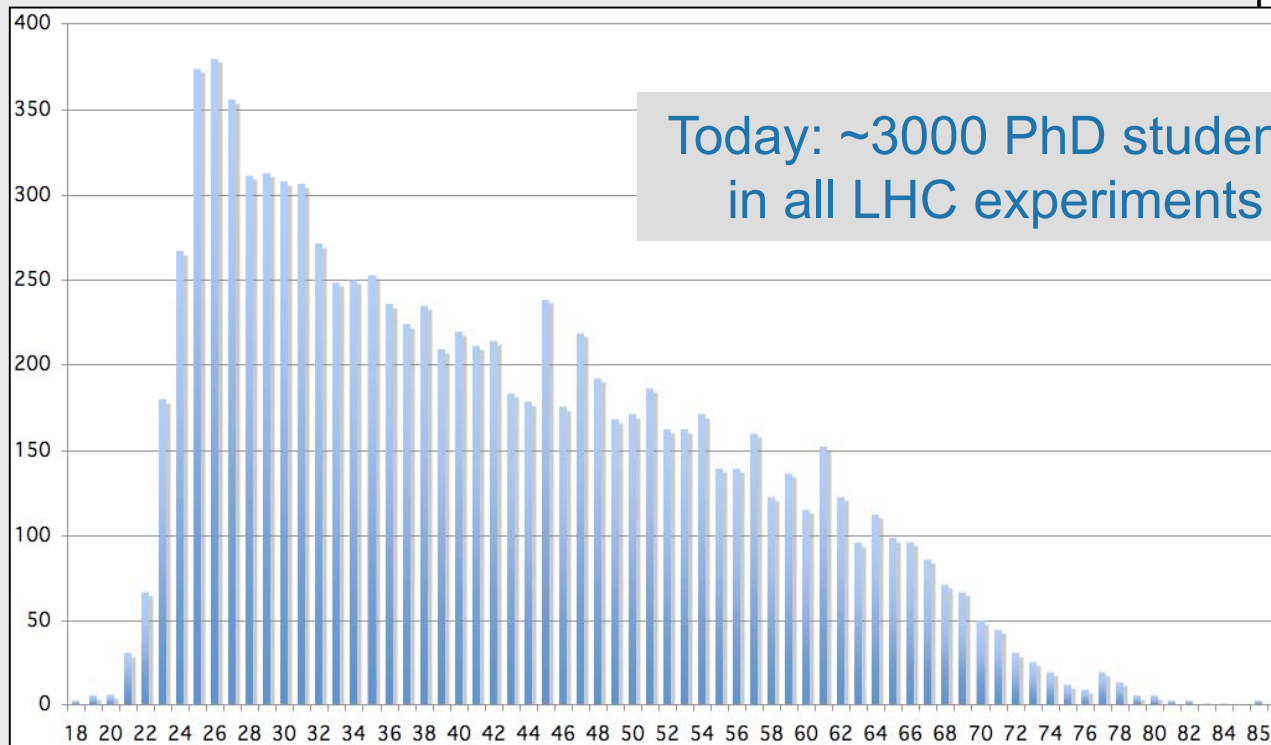
Member states			Prospective Members			Observer states			Other states						
6361			2935			828									
Austria	79		Candidate for Accession	India	91	Albania	2	China	84	Iceland	3	Morocco	5	South Africa	11
Belgium	130		Romania	Israel	60	Argentina	11	China (Taipei)	50	Iran	17	New Zealand	8	Thailand	1
Bulgaria	47		Membership applicants	Japan	204	Armenia	12	Colombia	9	Ireland	14	Pakistan	16	The F.Y.R.O.M	2
Czech Republic	187		Cyprus, Israel, Serbia, Slovenia, Turkey	Russian Federation	829	Australia	19	Croatia	16	Korea (Rep of)	74	Peru	2	Tunisia	1
Denmark	73			Turkey	67	Azerbaijan	1	Cuba	4	Lebanon	1	Qatar	1	Ukraine	18
Finland	84			USA	1684	Belarus	20	Cyprus	8	Lithuania	12	Romania	62	Uzbekistan	1
France	854					Brazil	79	Egypt	5	Malta	1	Saudi Arabia	2		
Germany	1221					Canada	150	Estonia	11	Mexico	32	Serbia	22		
Greece	109					Chile	3	Georgia	8	Montenegro	1	Slovenia	29		



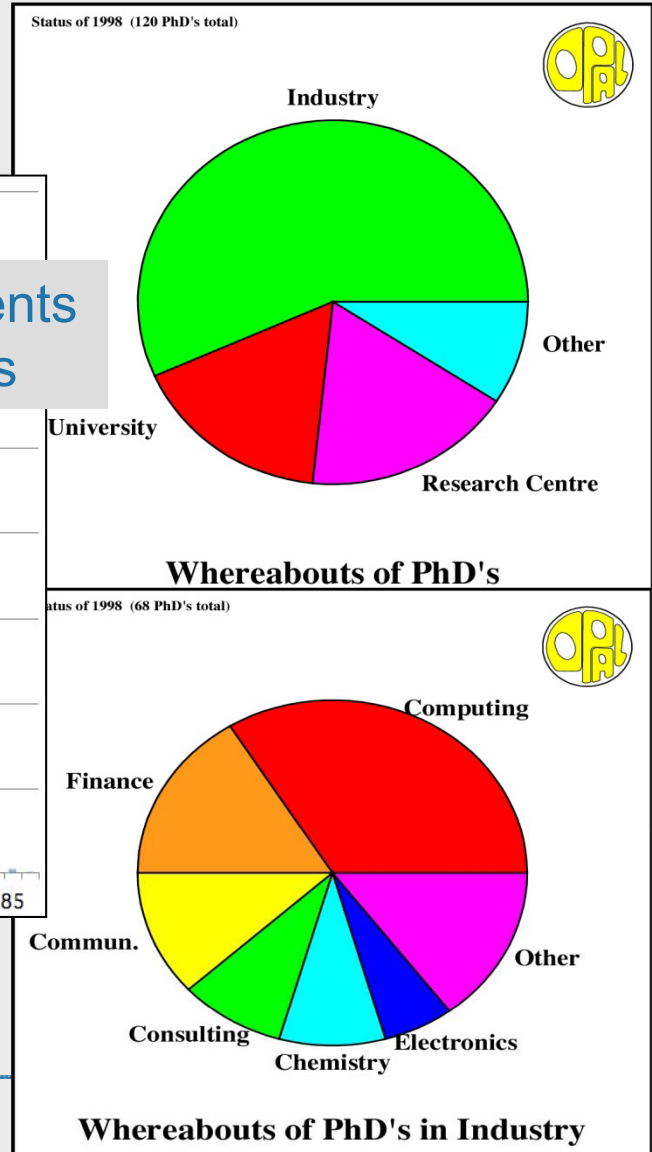
Age Distribution of Scientists

- and where they go afterwards

Survey in March 2009



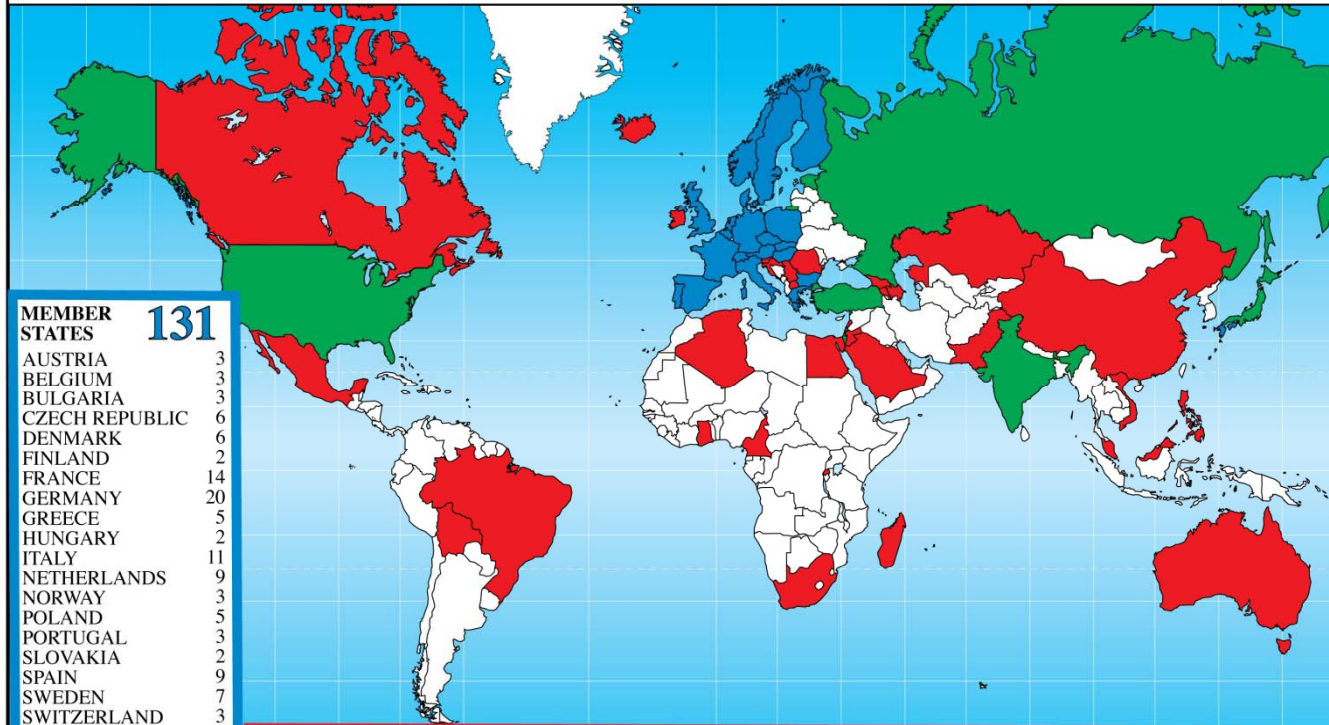
They do not all stay: where do they go?





Summer Students @ CERN

Distribution of Summer Students 2010



MEMBER STATES	131
AUSTRIA	3
BELGIUM	3
BULGARIA	3
CZECH REPUBLIC	6
DENMARK	6
FINLAND	2
FRANCE	14
GERMANY	20
GREECE	5
HUNGARY	2
ITALY	11
NETHERLANDS	9
NORWAY	3
POLAND	5
PORTUGAL	3
SLOVAKIA	2
SPAIN	9
SWEDEN	7
SWITZERLAND	3
UNITED KINGDOM	15

OBSERVER STATES	53
INDIA	8
ISRAEL	4
JAPAN	5
RUSSIA	9
TURKEY	10
USA	17

NON-MEMBER STATES

ALGERIA	2	CAMEROON	1	IRELAND	1	PHILIPPINES	1	THAILAND	2
ARMENIA	2	CANADA	5	JORDAN	1	ROMANIA	1	F.Y.R.O.M.	2
AUSTRALIA	2	CHINA	2	KAZAKHSTAN	1	RWANDA	1	VIETNAM	4
AZERBAIJAN	1	CROATIA	4	LEBANON	1	SAUDI ARABIA	2		
BOLIVIA	1	EGYPT	1	MADAGASCAR	2	SERBIA	1		
BOSNIA & HERZEGOVINA	2	ESTONIA	2	MALAYSIA	1	SINGAPORE	1		
BRAZIL	2	GHANA	1	MALTA	3	SLOVENIA	1		
		GIBRALTAR	1	MEXICO	2	SOUTH AFRICA	1		
		ICELAND	1	PAKISTAN	6	SOUTH KOREA	1		



Past few decades

“Discovery” of Standard Model

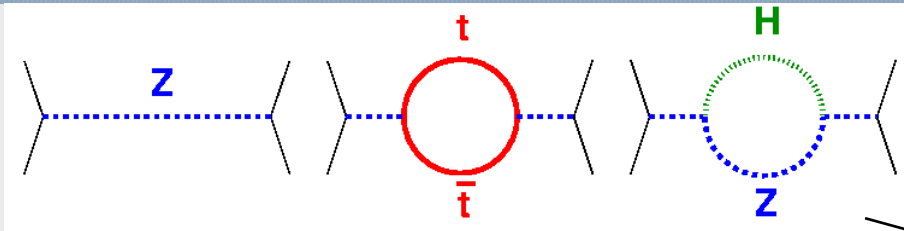
through synergy of

hadron - hadron colliders (e.g. Tevatron)

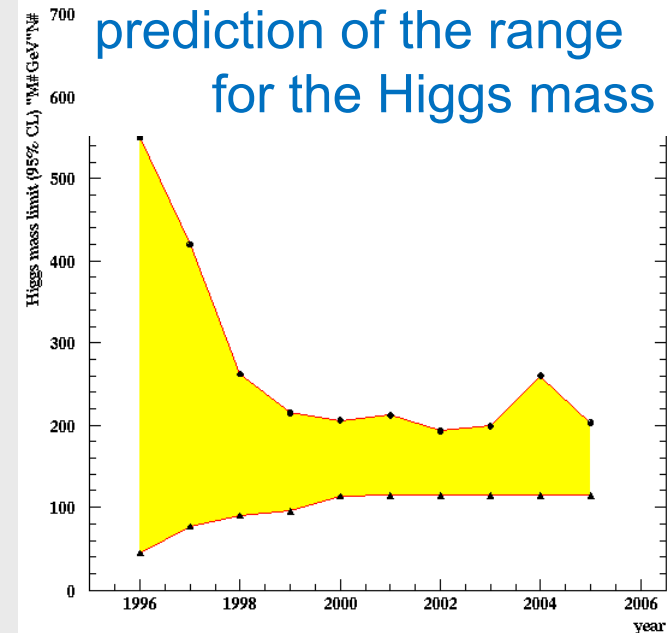
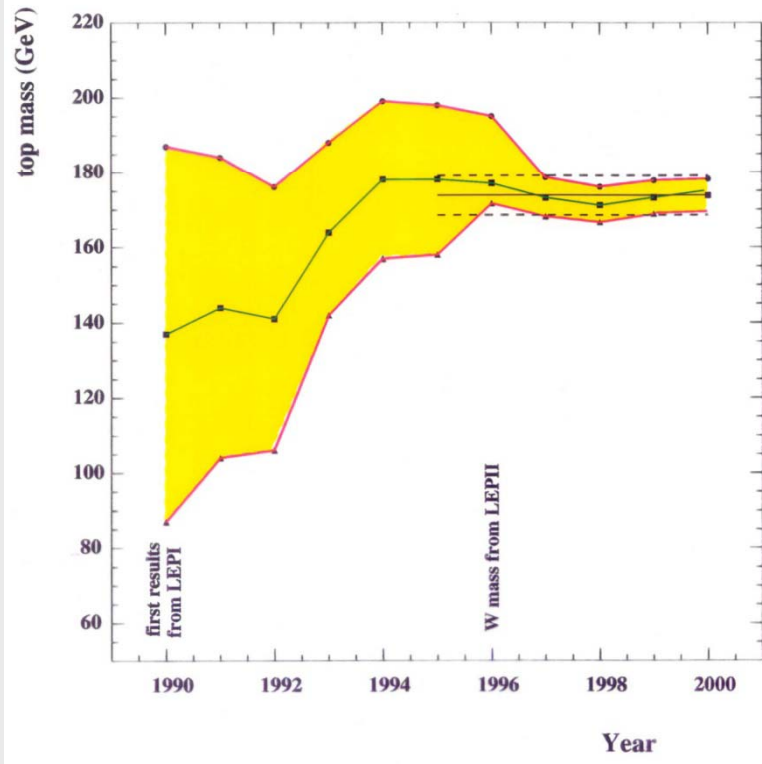
lepton - hadron colliders (HERA)

lepton - lepton colliders (e.g. LEP, SLC)

Test of the SM at the Level of Quantum Fluctuations



indirect determination of the top mass



possible due to

- precision measurements
- **known higher order electroweak corrections**

$$\propto \left(\frac{M_t}{M_W}\right)^2, \ln\left(\frac{M_h}{M_W}\right)$$



Key Questions of Particle Physics

origin of mass/matter or
origin of electroweak symmetry breaking

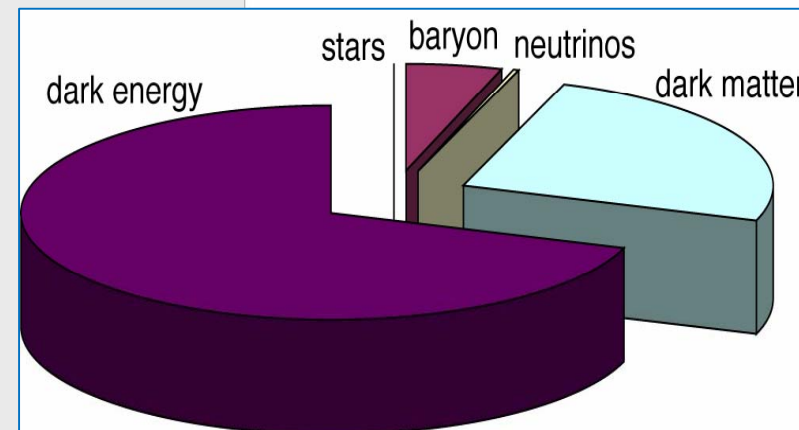
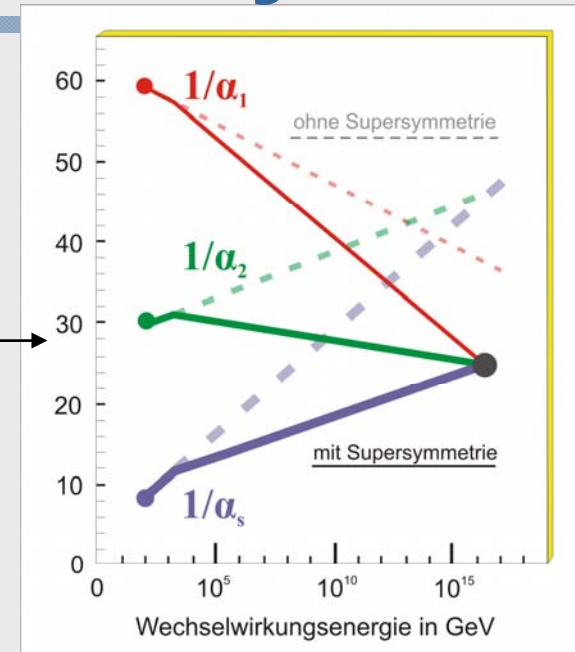
unification of forces

fundamental symmetry of forces and
matter

unification of quantum physics and
general relativity

number of space/time dimensions

what is dark matter
what is dark energy



Solutions?

Standard Model



Technicolor
 New (strong) interactions produce EWSB
 Extensions of the SM gauge group :
 Little Higgs / GUTs / ...



For all proposed solutions:
 new particles should appear
 at **TeV** scale or below

Selected NP
 since 1957
 Except P. Higgs

Successful for ever ???

Supersymmetry
 New particles at \approx TeV scale, light Higgs
 Unification of forces
 Higgs mass stabilized
 No new interactions

Extra Dimensions
 New dimensions introduced
 $m_{\text{Gravity}} \approx m_{\text{elw}} \Rightarrow$ Hierarchy problem solved
 New particles at \approx TeV scale

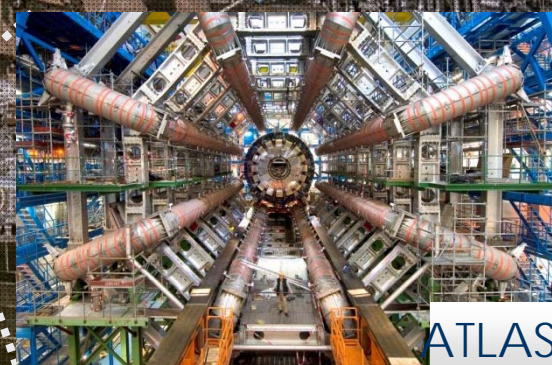


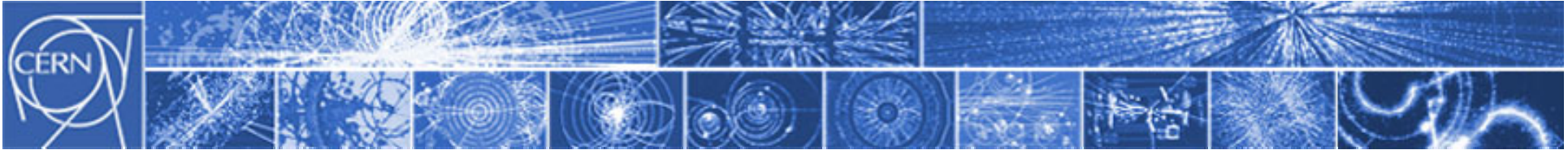
Enter a New Era in Fundamental Science

Start-up of the Large Hadron Collider (LHC), one of the largest and truly global scientific projects ever, is the most exciting turning point in particle physics.



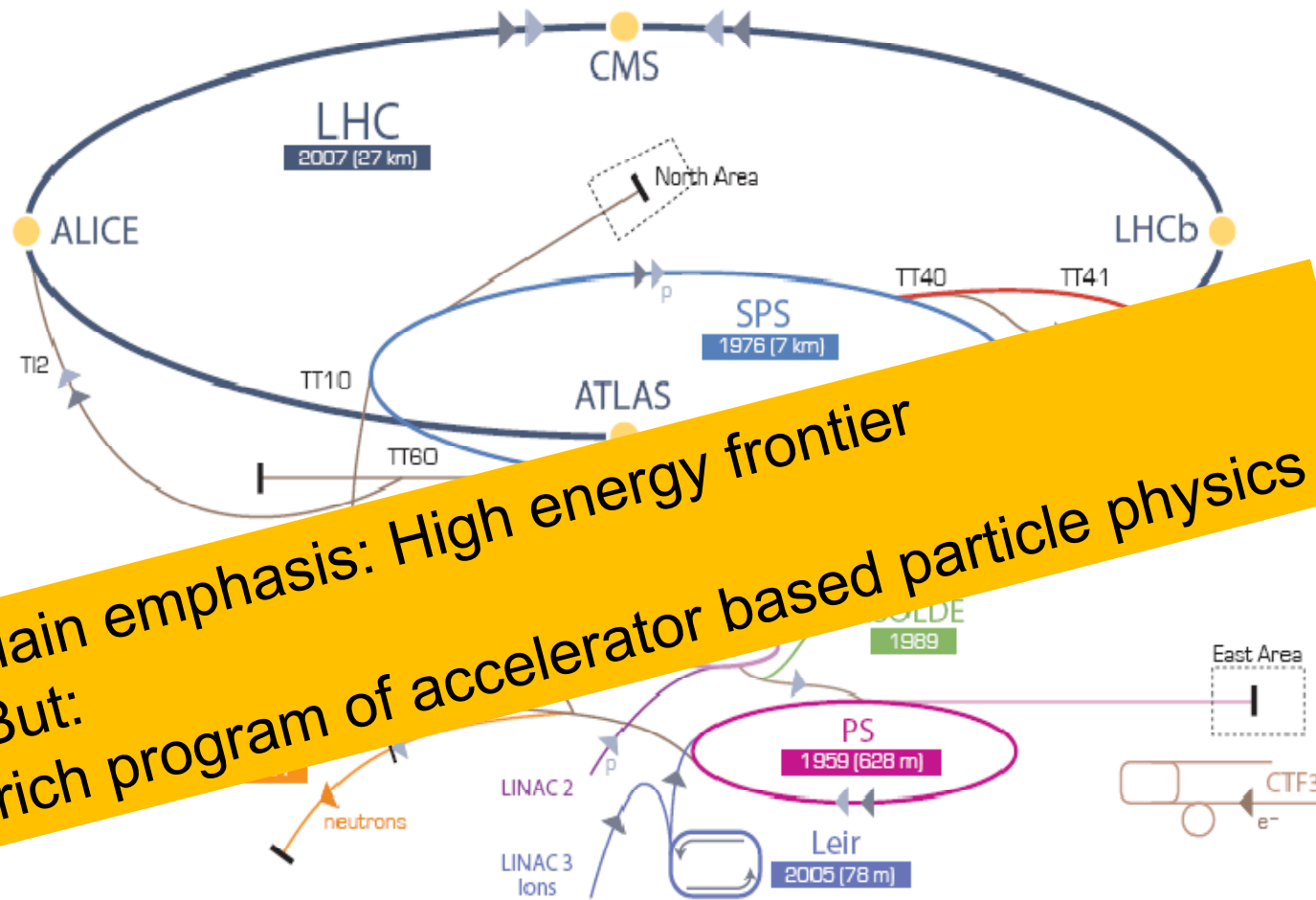
Exploration of a new energy frontier





CERN: Scientific Strategy

- Full exploitation of LHC physics potential
 - Reliable operation (including consolidation and LINAC 4)
 - Remove bottlenecks to benefit from nominal luminosity for both machine and detectors
 - Focused R&D and prototyping for High-Luminosity LHC
 - Re-establish standards for technical and general infrastructure
- Preparation for the long-term future (>2015)
 - Energy frontier
 - **CLIC/ILC** collaboration and R&D (for detectors and machine)
 - Generic R&D for **High-Energy LHC** (i.e. high field magnets)
 - R&D for high-power proton sources (HP-SPL) e.g for ν -physics
- World-class fixed-target physics program (incl. ν -projects)



Main emphasis: High energy frontier
 But:
 rich program of accelerator based particle physics

▶ p (proton) ▶ ion ▶ neutrons ▶ \bar{p} (antiproton) ↔ proton/antiproton conversion ▶ neutrinos ▶ electron

LHC Large Hadron Collider SPS Super Proton Synchrotron PS Proton Synchrotron

AD Antiproton Decelerator CTF3 Clic Test Facility CNGS Cern Neutrinos to Gran Sasso ISOLDE Isotope Separator OnLine DEvice

LEIR Low Energy Ion Ring LINAC LINear ACcelerator n-ToF Neutrons Time Of Flight

Fixed Target Physics

Antiproton Physics

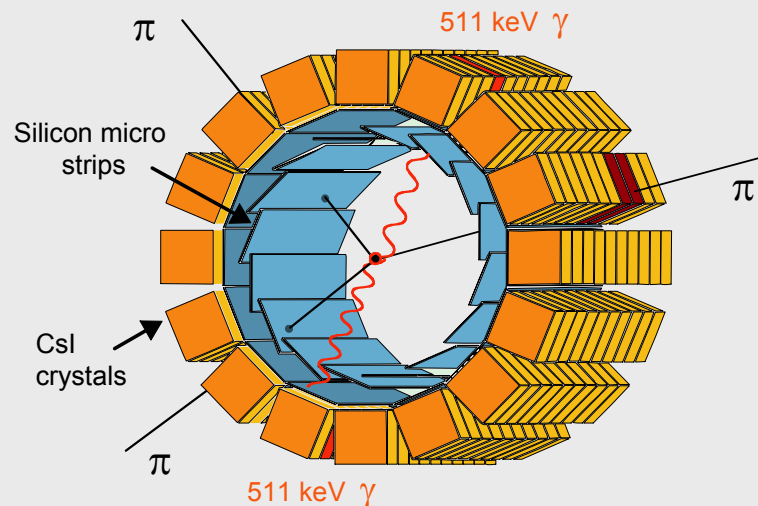
Cold antiprotons
("manufacturing anti-matter")

1. PS $p \rightarrow pp$ 10^{-6} /collision
2. AD deceleration + cooling
stochastic + electron
3. Extraction @ $\sim 0.1c$
4. Produce thousands of *anti-H*

Anti-H annihilations detected

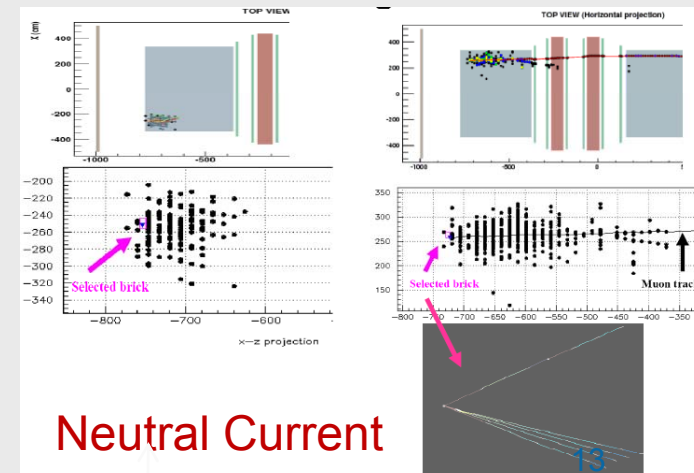
ATHENA (\rightarrow ALPHA)

anti-H (pe^+) + matter $\rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- + \gamma\gamma$



**ALPHA and ASACUSA:
First storage of Antihydrogen atoms**

Neutrino Physics



OPERA

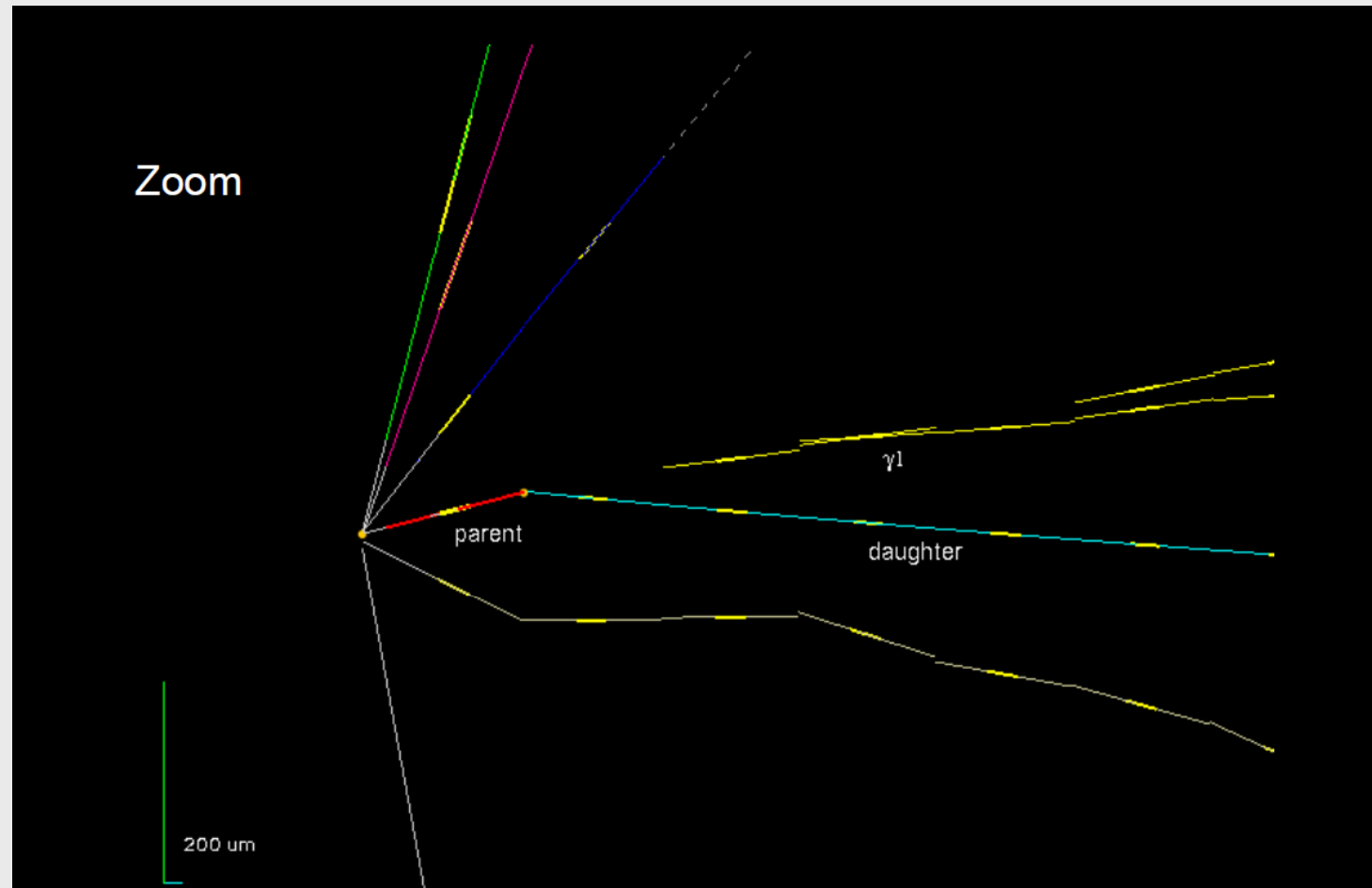
Neutral Current

Charge Current



CNGS - OPERA

First ν_τ Candidate

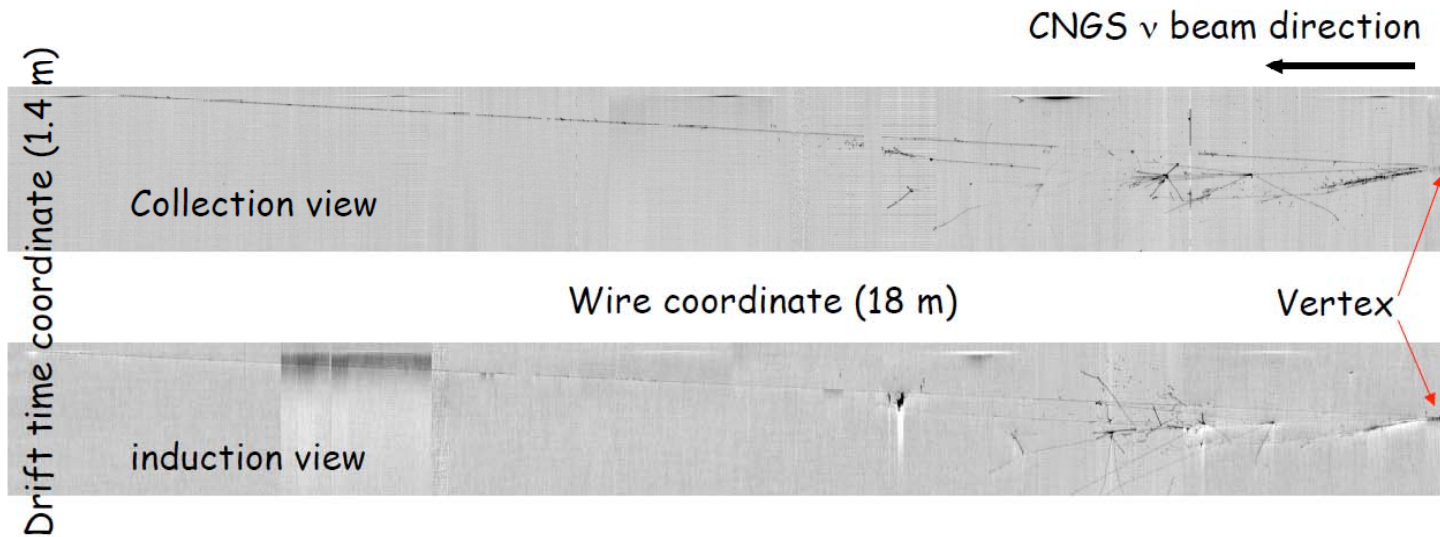


Muonless event 9234119599, taken on 22 August 2009, 19:27 (UTC)
(as seen by the electronic detectors)



CNGS - ICARUS

The first CNGS neutrino interaction in ICARUS T600



- Leading muon (crossing horizontally the whole cryostat)
- Two charged particle tracks undergoing hadronic interactions
- Two γ converting at 14 and 16 cm from vertex (π^0 ?)
- Vertex not fully visible in collection view, due to locally wrong wire biasing

ALPHA

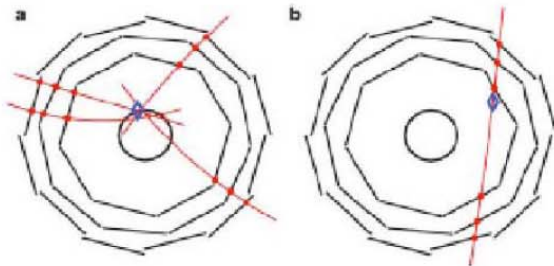
HBAR PRODUCTION RUNS

2010 breakthrough: 38 Hbar atoms trapped
 e^+ evaporative cooling, bias electric voltages to sweep pbar BG out

Distributions of released antihydrogen atoms and antiprotons

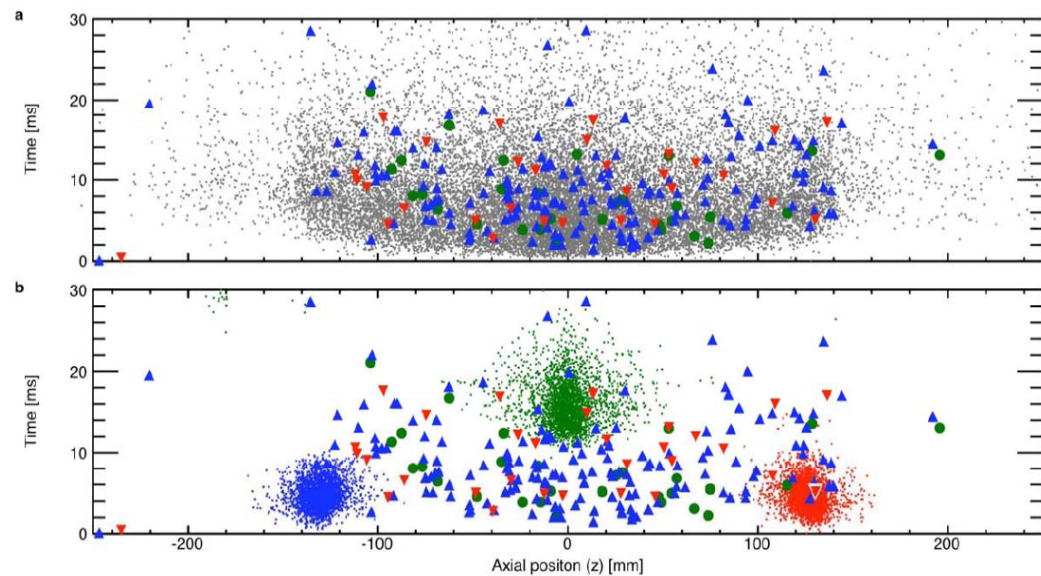
published in nature

GB Andresen *et al.* *Nature* **000**, 1-4 (2010)



C. Vallée RB 195

Late 2010 progress: Hbar trapping efficiency x 8
1 Hbar trapped / run, 252 Hbar in total, up to 1000 s lifetime

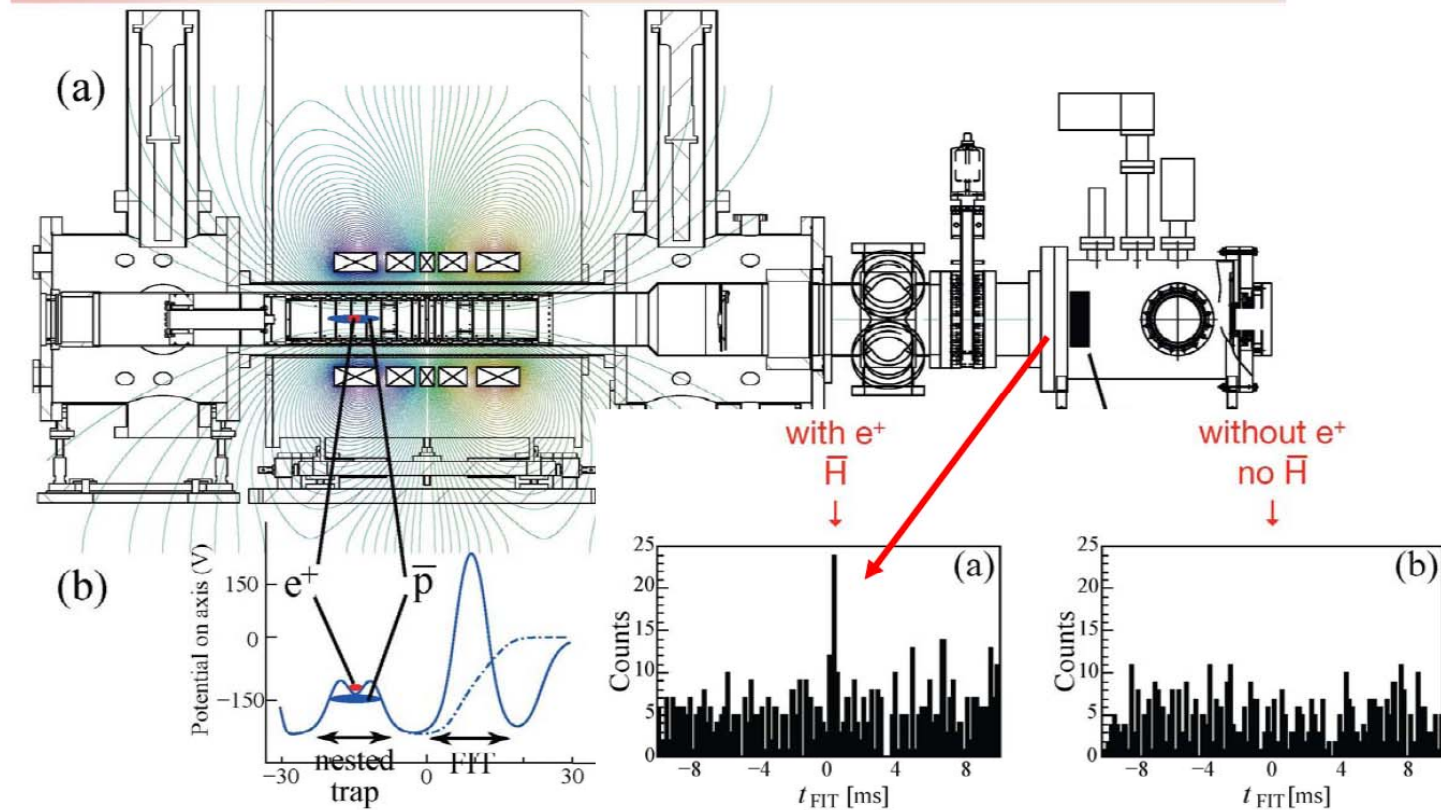


Report from SPSC 100

3

ASACUSA

ANTI-HYDROGEN TRAPPING



2010 breakthrough: \bar{H} formation demonstrated
~70 \bar{H} bar detected/run (~1% of produced)

C. Vallée RB 195

Report from SPSC 100

7

The CLOUD Experiment

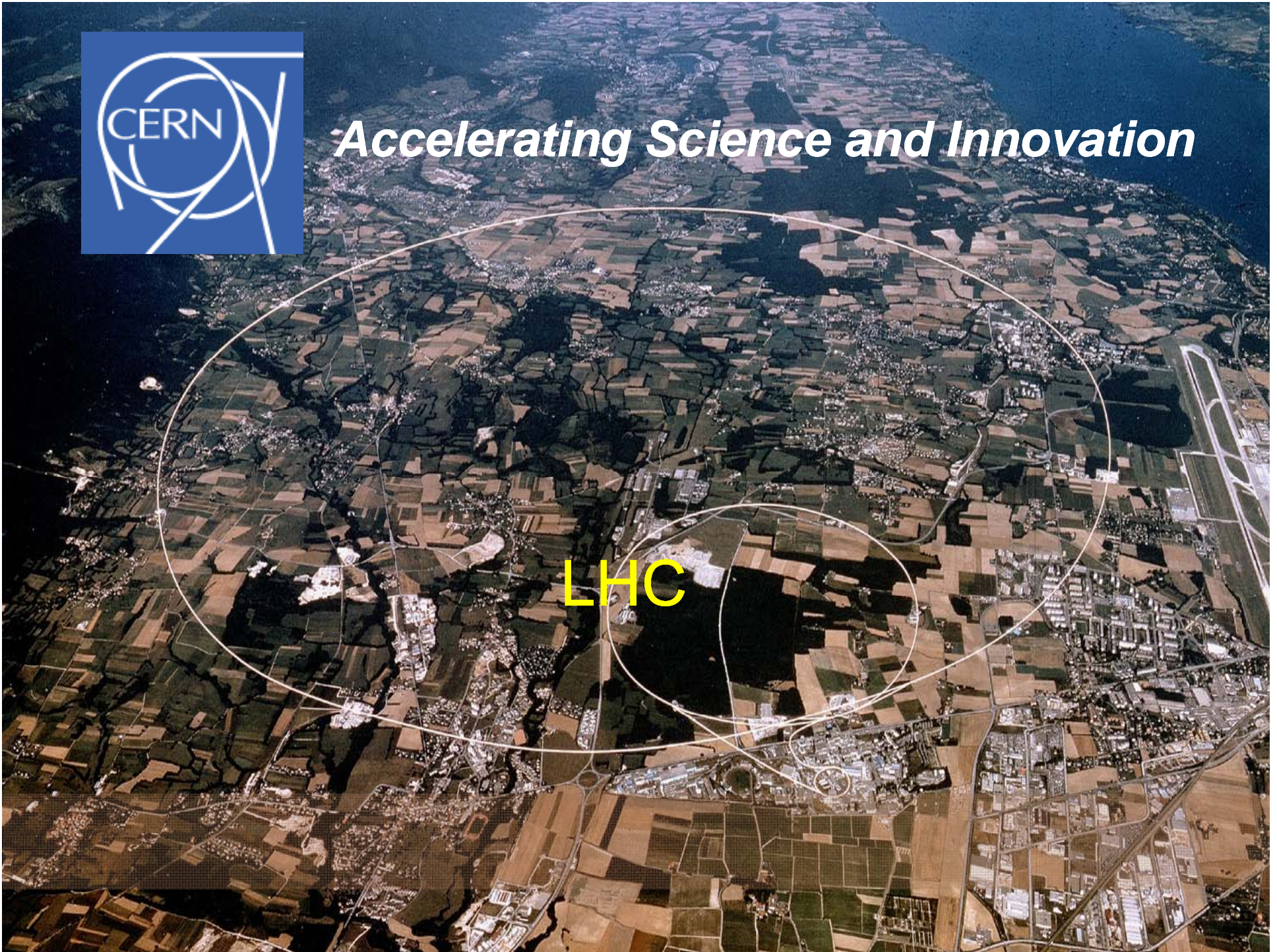
- Experiment using cloud chamber to study possible link between cosmic-rays and cloud formation.
 - Studies suggest that cosmic-rays may have an influence on the amount of cloud cover through the formation of new aerosols (tiny particles suspended in the air that seed cloud droplets).
- Understanding the underlying microphysics in controlled laboratory conditions is a key to unraveling the connection between cosmic-rays, clouds and climate.
- First time high-energy physics accelerator used to study atmospheric and climate science.





Accelerating Science and Innovation

LHC



First Collisions at LHC on 23 November 2009 at $E_{CM} = 900 \text{ GeV}$



Chronology of a fantastic escalation of events:

2009

- 20 November: first beams circulating in the LHC
- 23 November: first collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 900 \text{ GeV}$
- 8, 14, 16 December: few hours of collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 2.36 \text{ TeV}$ (the world record !)
- 16 December- 26 February: technical stop

2010

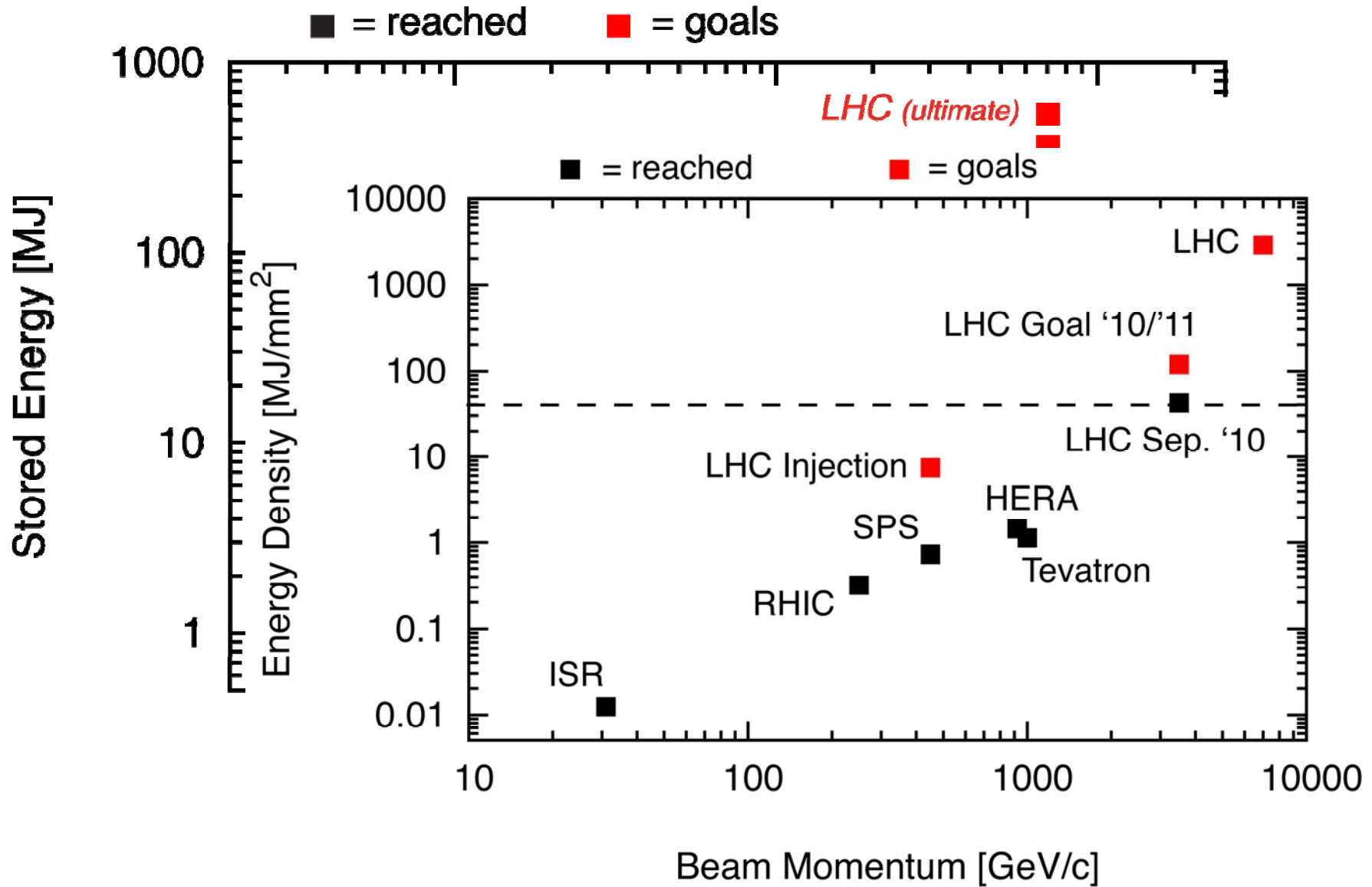
- 27 February : machine operation started again
- 19 March : first (single) beams ramped up to 3.5 TeV
- 30 March : first collisions at 3.5+3.5 TeV

- immediate data taking by all experiments with high efficiency
- end July: first results presented at the international High Energy Conference
- since then, more than tenfold statistics increase

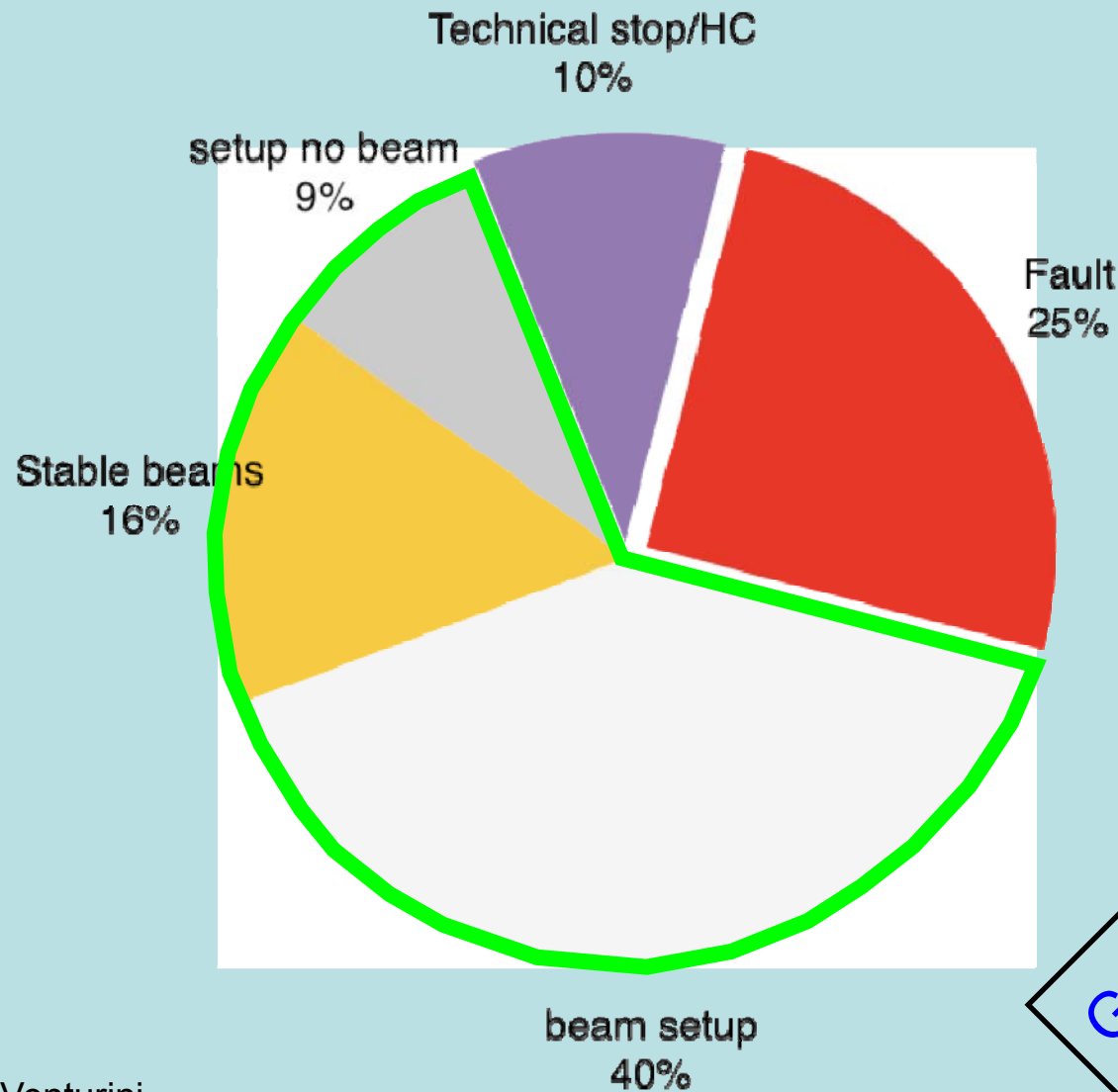
LHC
0:21 CET

... after more than a year of repairs and improvements

Stored Energy in the LHC



Overall LHC efficiency in 2010



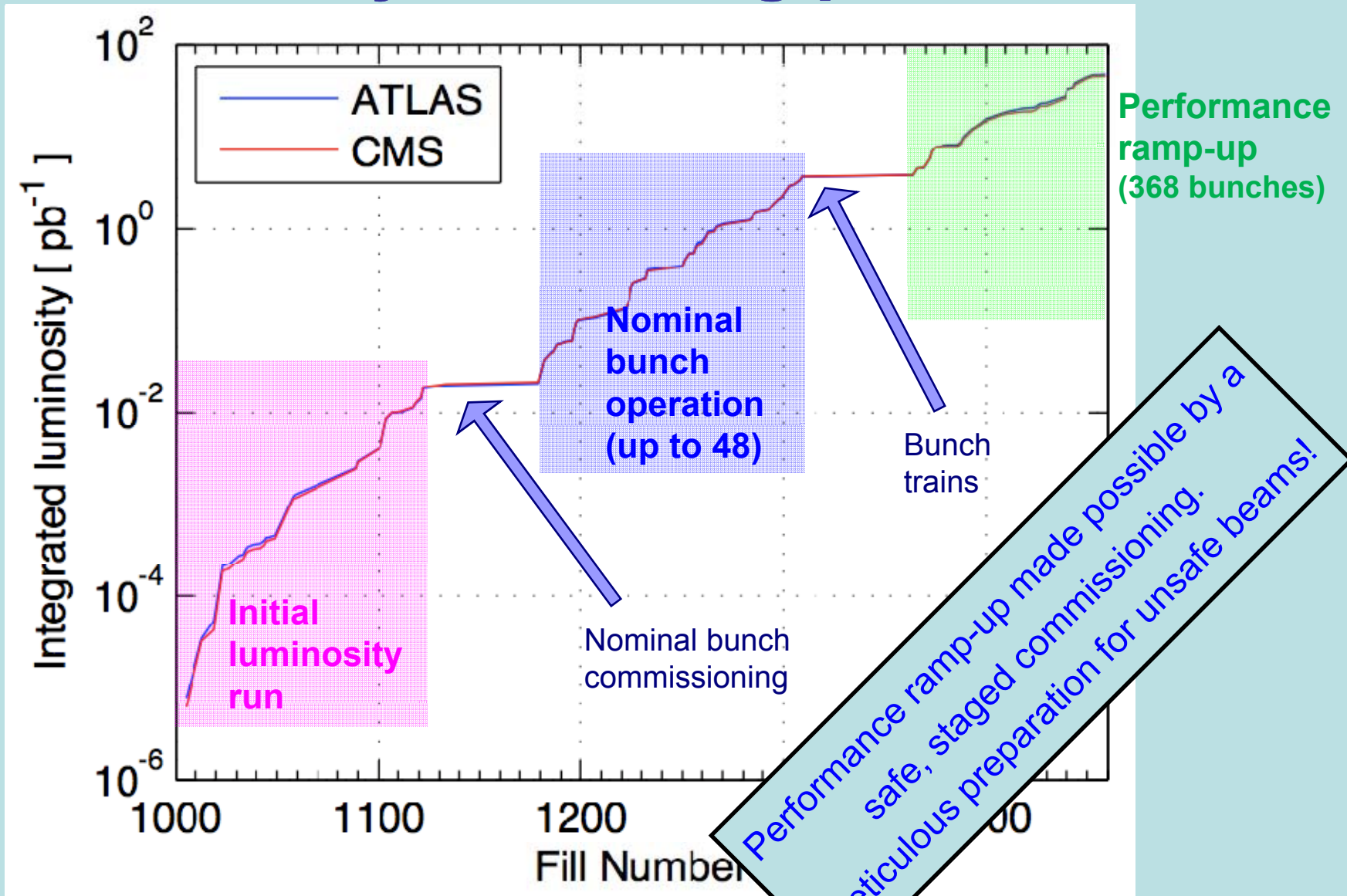
65%
availability!

Great achievement for the first year of operation!

W. Venturini

Luminosity: 3 running periods

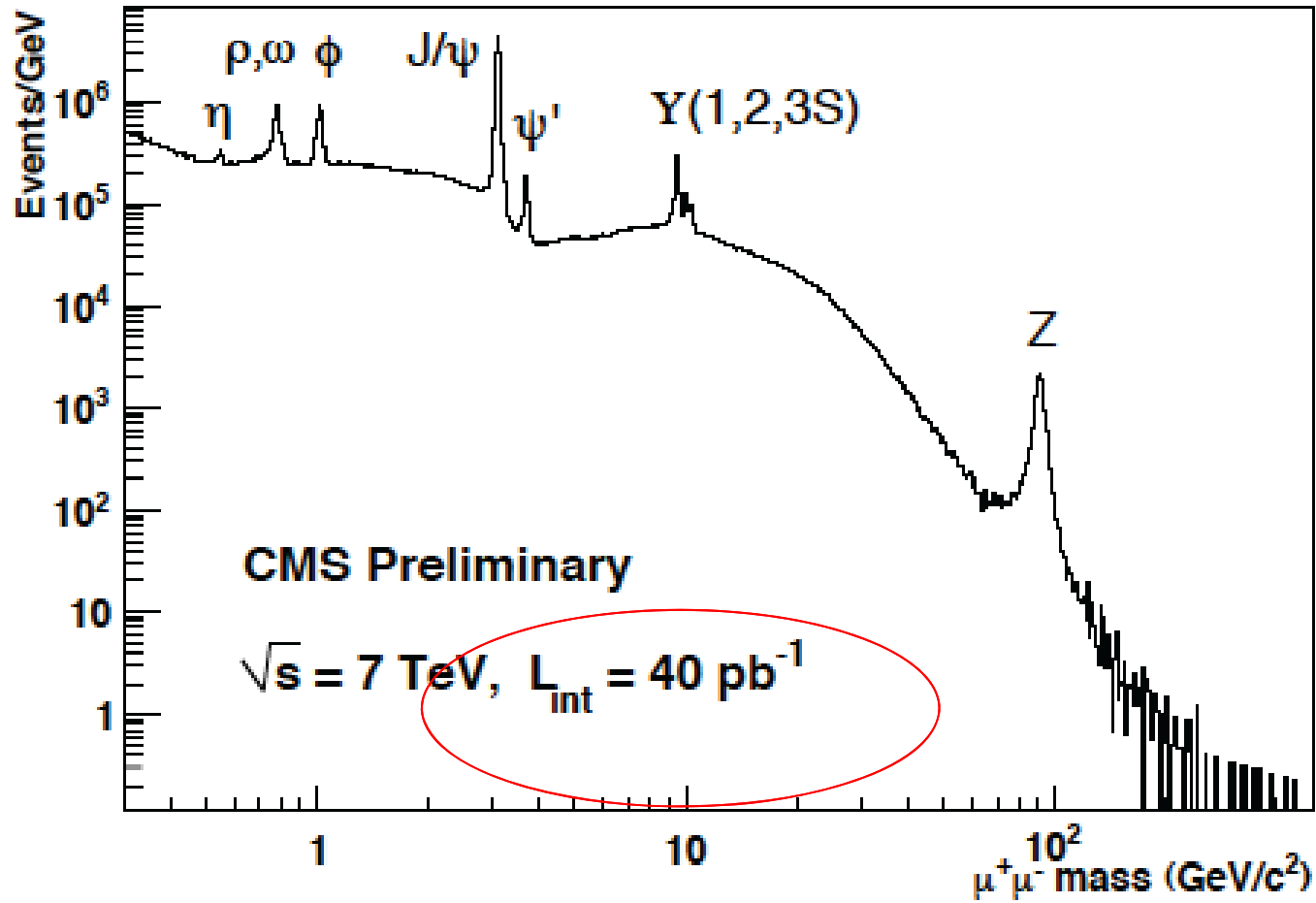
2010





Re-discovered the Standard Model at 7TeV

Sep. 14, 2010, J. Incandela /UCSB



CERN Scientific Policy Committee

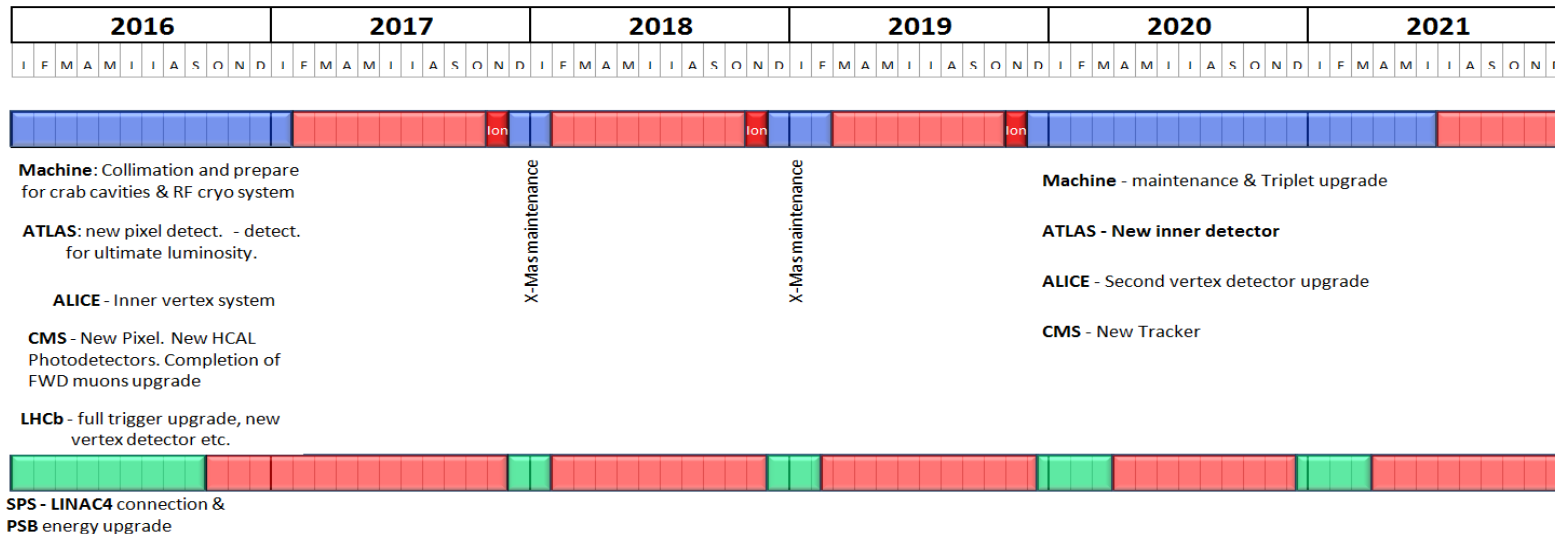
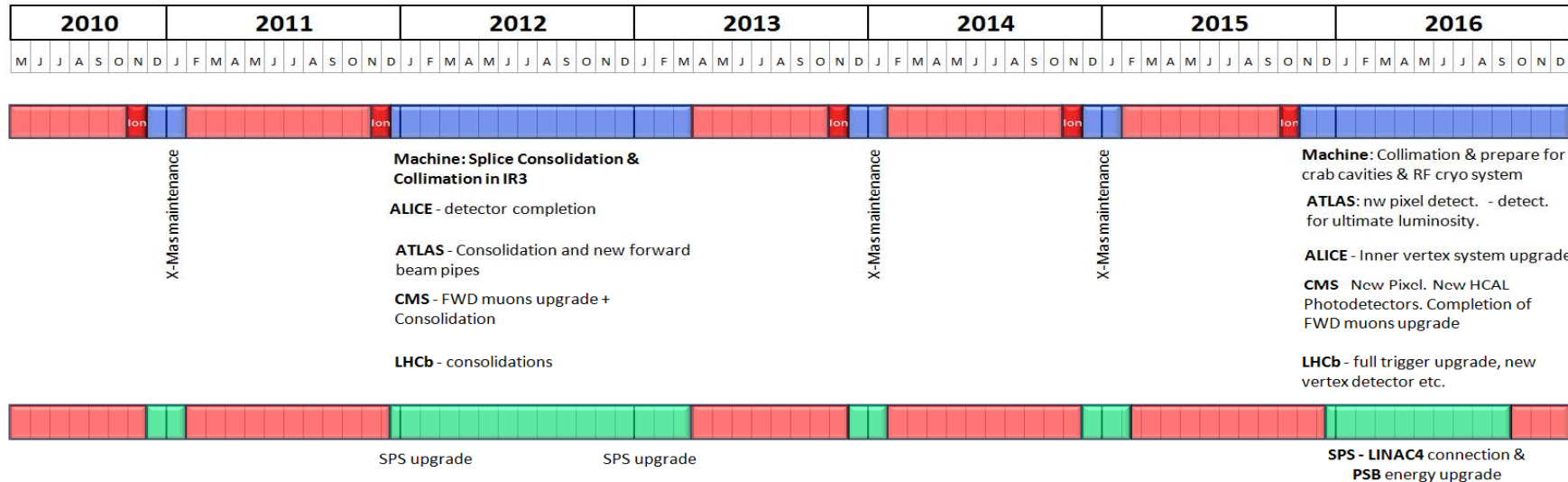
LHC Strategy

Full exploitation of the LHC physics potential
→ maximize integrated luminosity useful for physics

- LHC operation until around 2030, aim at $\int L dt \approx 3000/\text{fb}$
- Between 2010 and ~2020: ~design luminosity ($\sim 10^{34}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$)
connection of LINAC4 around 2016/17
detector modifications to optimize data collection
- High Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC) from ~2020 to ~2030
luminosity around $5 \times 10^{34}/\text{cm}^2/\text{s}$, luminosity leveling
new Inner Triplet around 2020/21 (combine both phases)
detector upgrades around 2020/21 → R&D NOW

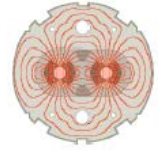


The 10 year technical Plan **before Chamomix**





LHC potential performance range



☑ **Energy: 3.5 TeV to 4 TeV**

To be discussed at the Chamonix workshop in Jan. 2011.

Goal: 1 fb⁻¹

☑ **Bunch intensity**

Baseline 1.2×10^{11} protons, higher possible from injectors.

☑ **Number of bunches**

450 to 930 bunches (75 ns spacing): potential **factor 2**.

☑ **Colliding beam sizes**

Maintain excellent beams from injectors: **50% smaller** than nominal

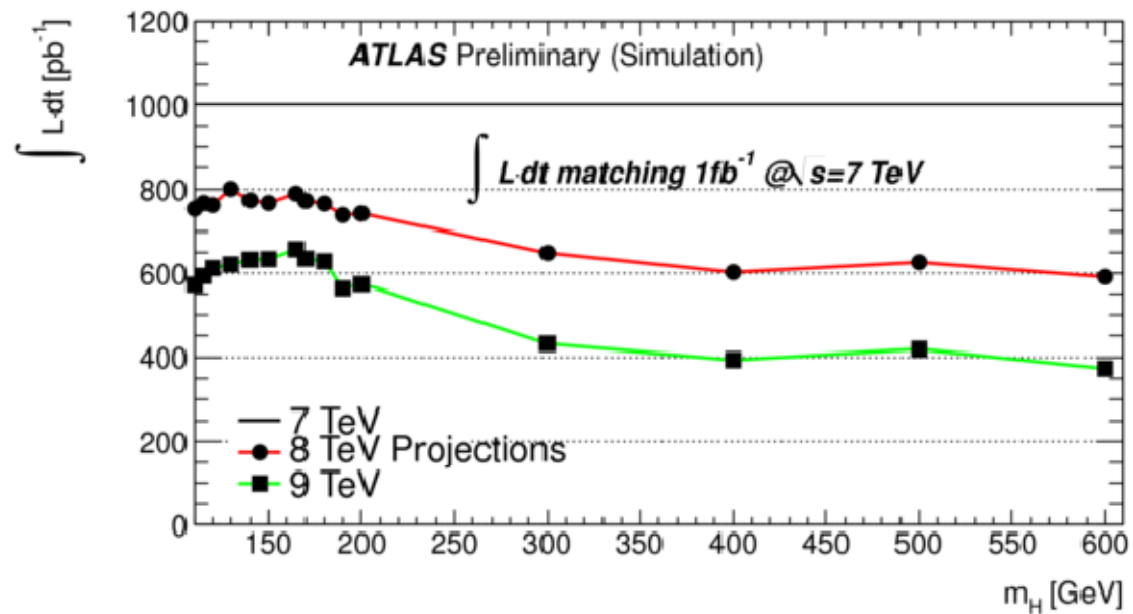
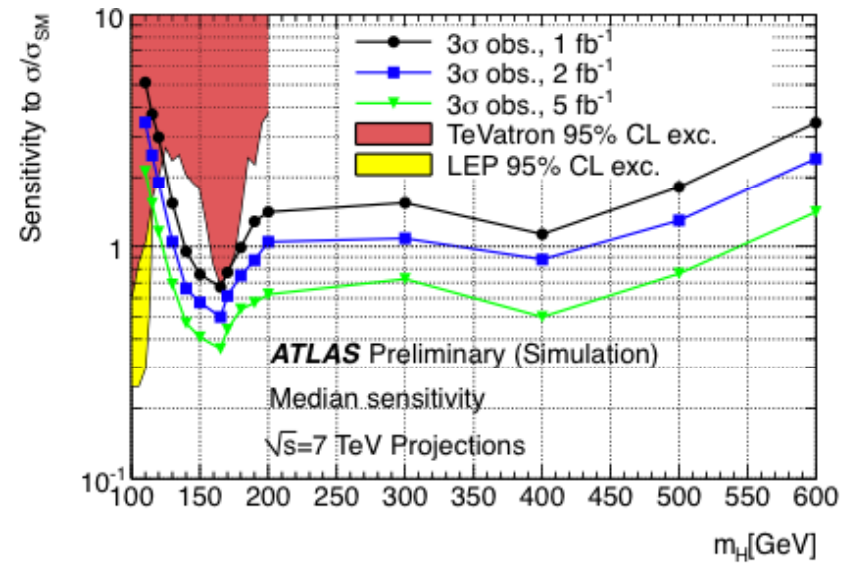
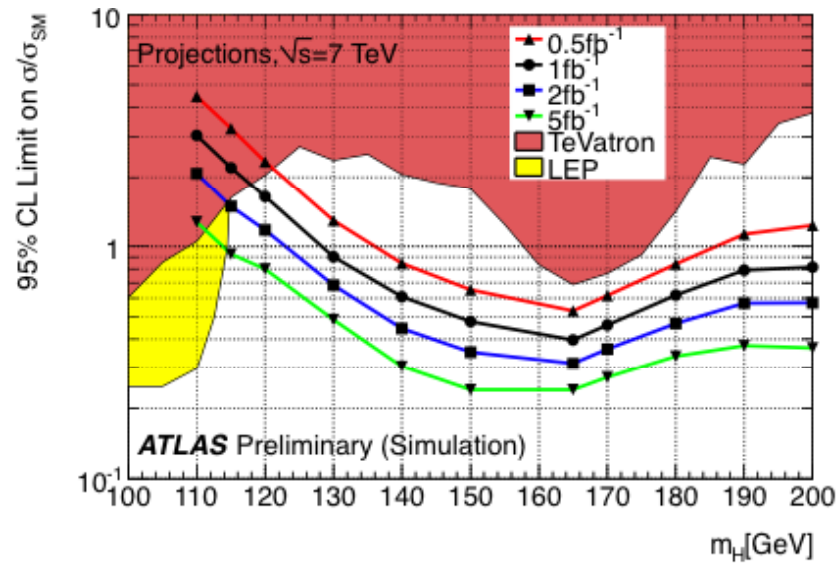
Possible to “squeeze” beams further: another **50% gain!**

☑ **Peak luminosities in the range of 6 to 16 x 10³² cm⁻²s⁻¹ could be possible.**

At least 3 times more than what we have seen in 2010!

☑ **Integrated luminosity between 1 and 3 fb⁻¹ would appear feasible.**

Higgs sensitivities





Higgs

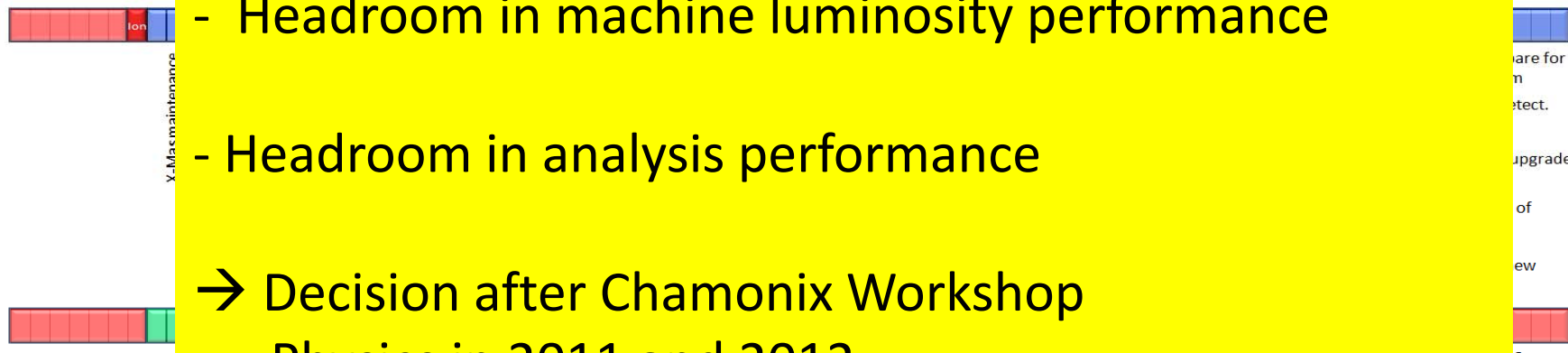
2011/2012

- Accelerator Chain performed very well in 2010
- Detectors performed very well in 2010
- Headroom in accelerator performance
- Headroom in analysis performance
- Excellent prospects for Higgs-Boson Discovery or Exclusion in 2011/2012

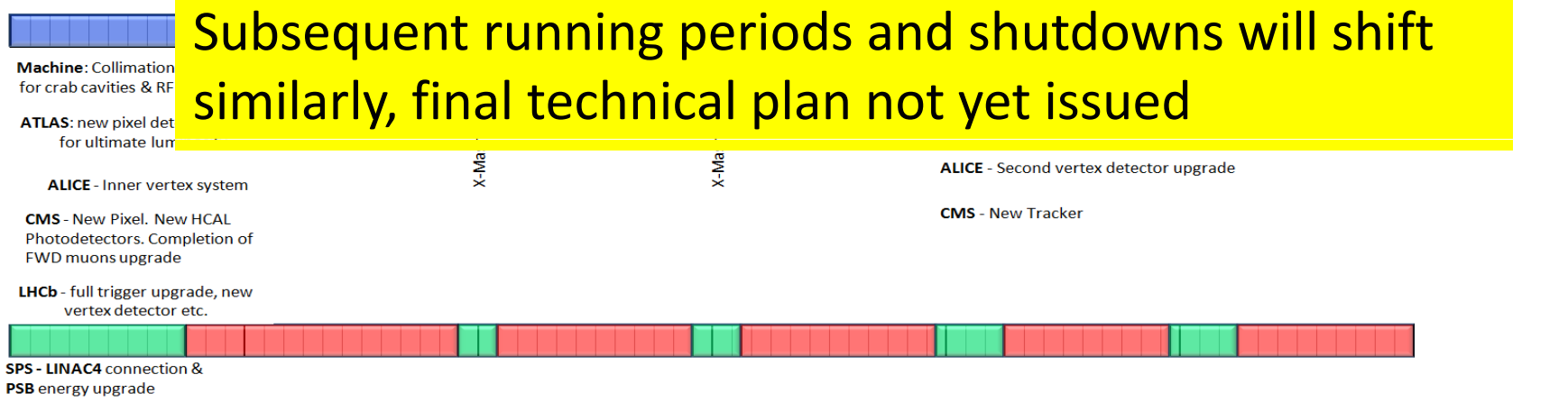
Exciting Prospects: LHC running in 2011 and 2012
at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV (2011)

The 10 year technical Plan

2010					2011					2012					2013					2014					2015					2016																																																	
M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D



2016											
I	F	M	A	M	I	I	A	S	O	N	D





beyond LHC ?

2010-2013: Decisive Years

- Experimental data will take the floor to drive the field to the next steps:
- LHC results
- Θ_{13} (T2K, DChooz, etc..)
- ν masses (Cuore, Gerda, Nemo...)
- Dark Matter searches
-

Key Messages

- Need to clear the cloud of TeV-scale physics to obtain clear views
- LHC and HL-LHC with prospects towards 2030
- **Synergy of colliders**
- **LHC results decisive**



Next decades (?)

Road beyond Standard Model

through synergy of

hadron - hadron colliders (HL-LHC, HE-LHC?)

lepton - hadron colliders (LHeC??)

lepton - lepton colliders (LC?)

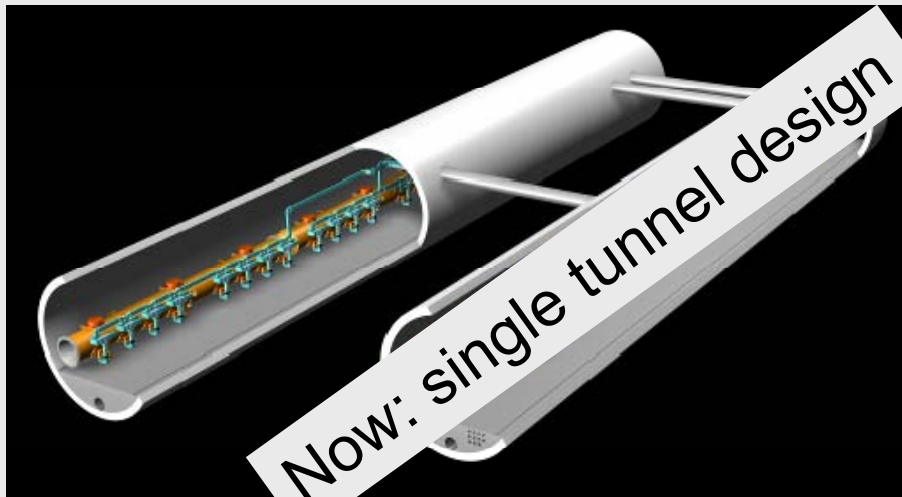
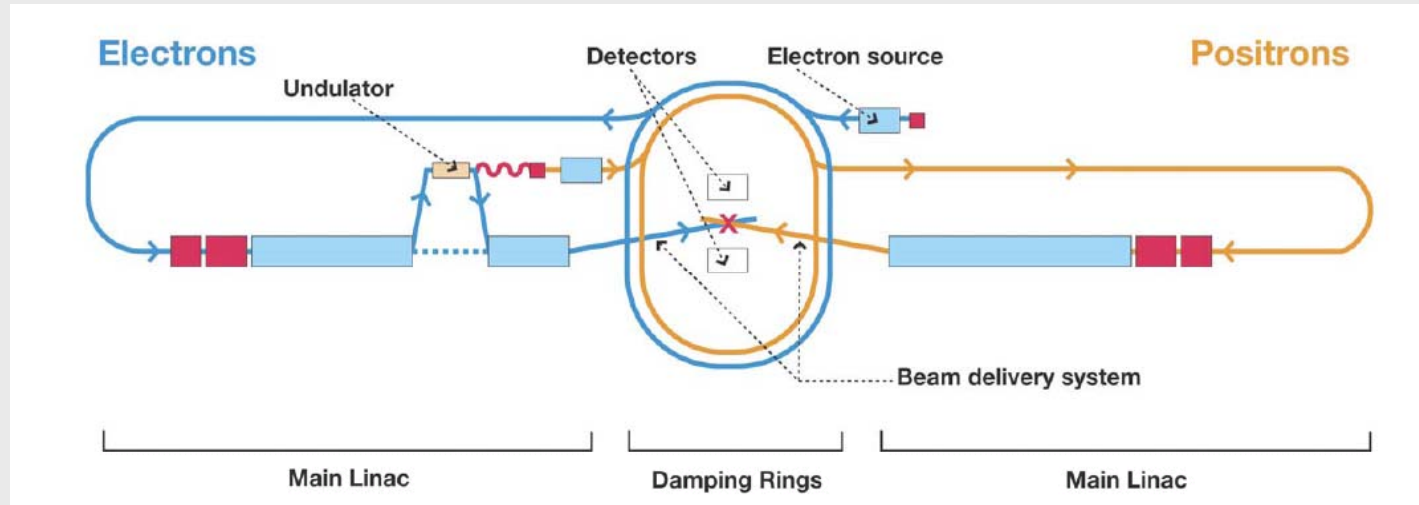
Linear e^+e^- -Colliders

- The machine which will complement and extend the LHC best, and is closest to be realized, is a Linear e^+e^- Collider with a collision energy of at least 500 GeV.

PROJECTS:

- ⇒ TeV Colliders (CMS energy up to 1 TeV) → Technology ~ready
ILC with superconducting cavities
- ⇒ Multi-TeV Collider (CMS energies in multi-TeV range) → R&D
CLIC → Two Beam Acceleration

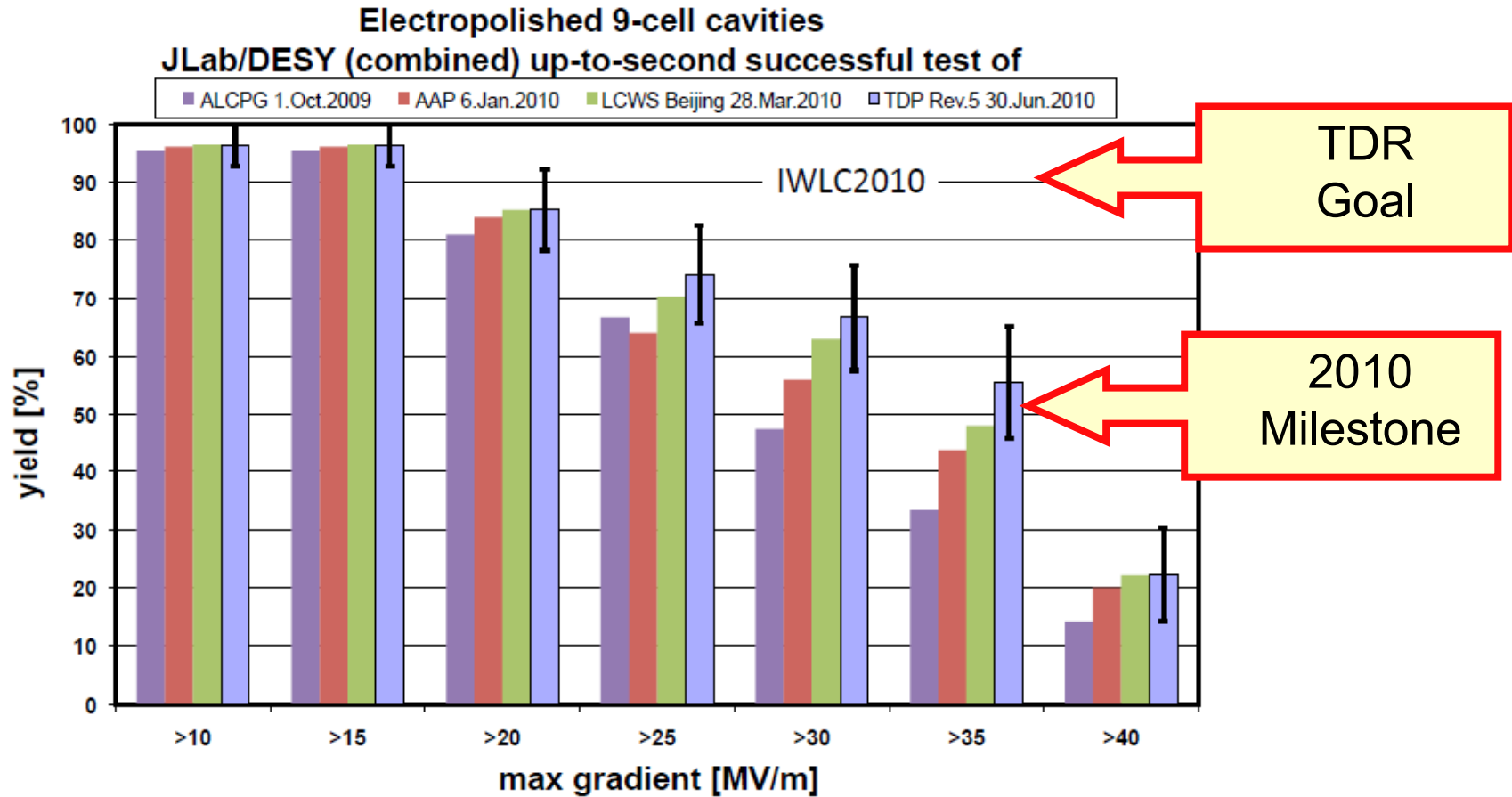
The International Linear Collider



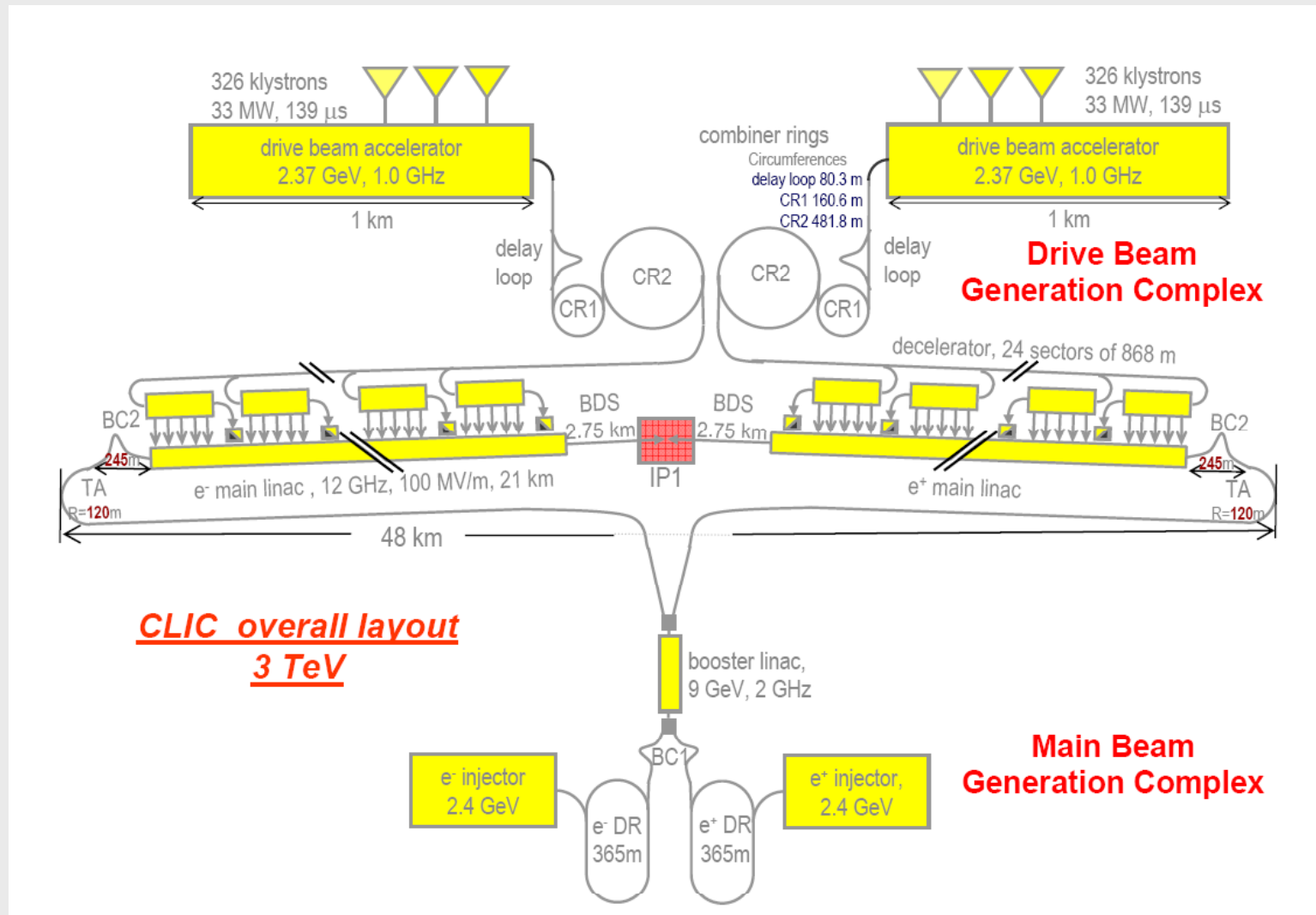
Energy	250 GeV x 250 GeV
# of RF Units	560
# of Cryomodules	1680
# of 9-cell Cavities	14560
Accelerating Gradient	31.5 MeV/m
Peak luminosity	$2 \cdot 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
Rep. Rate	5 Hz
IP	σ_x 350 – 620 nm; σ_y 3.5 – 9.0 nm
Total Power	~230 MW
2 Detectors Push-pull	



Cavity Gradient Milestone Achieved

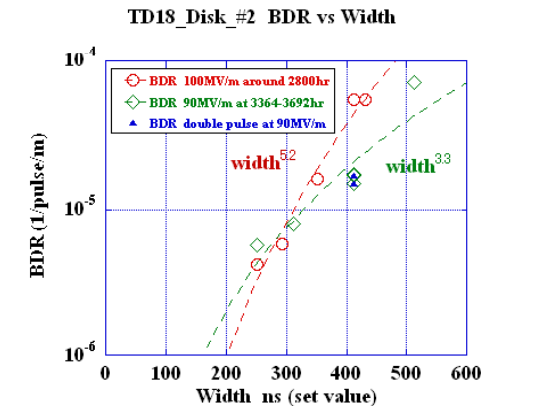
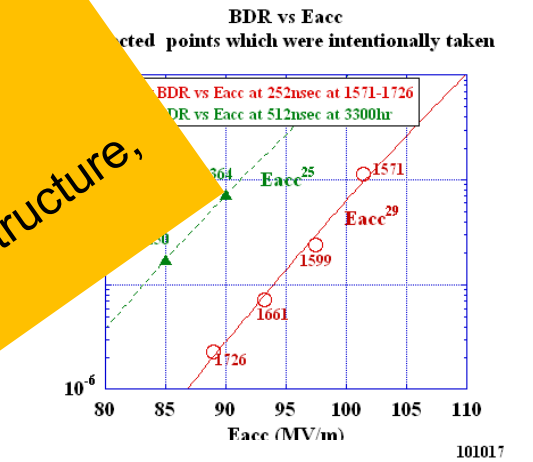
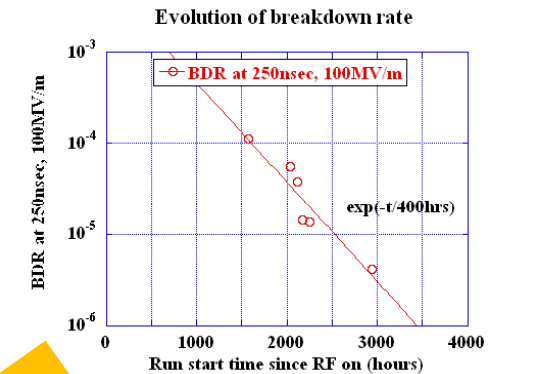
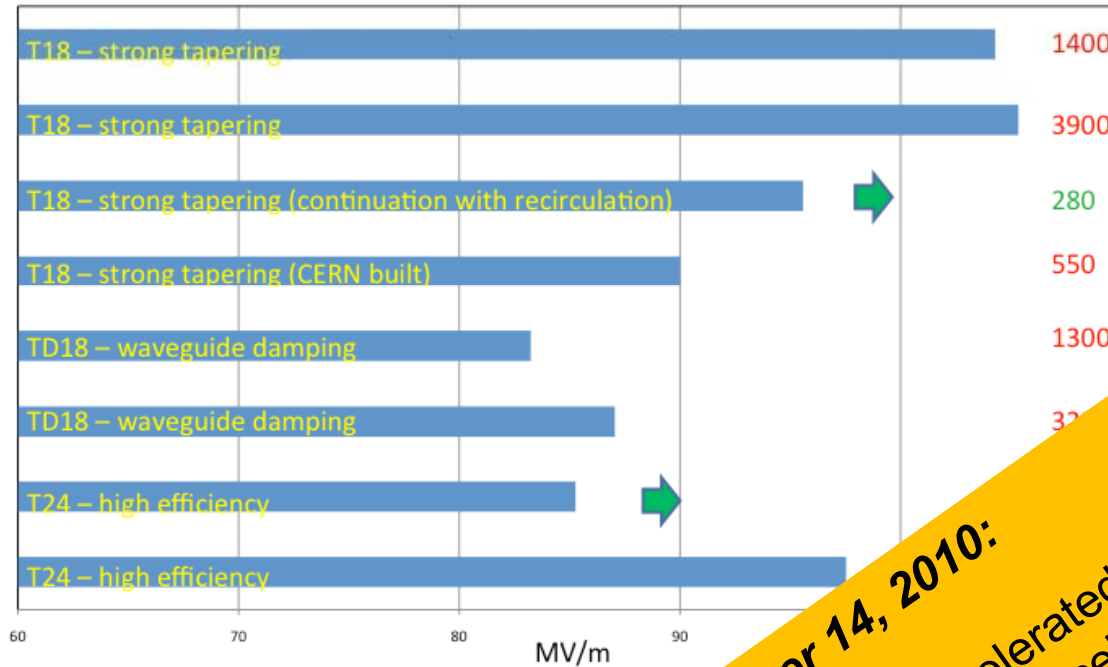


CLIC Overall Lay-out

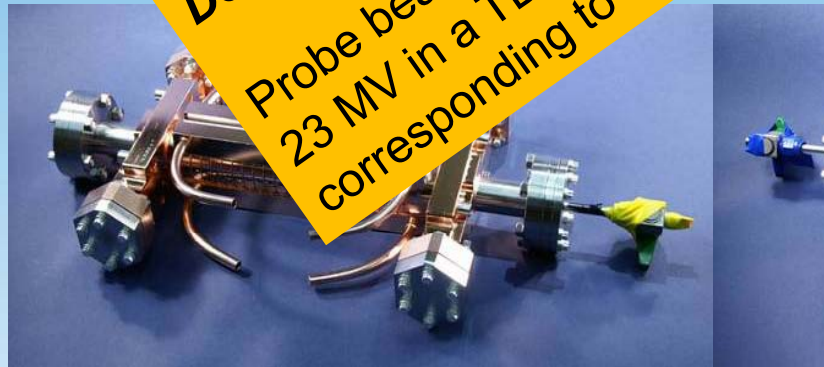




Gradient at CLIC $4 \cdot 10^{-7}$ BDR and 180 ns pulse length



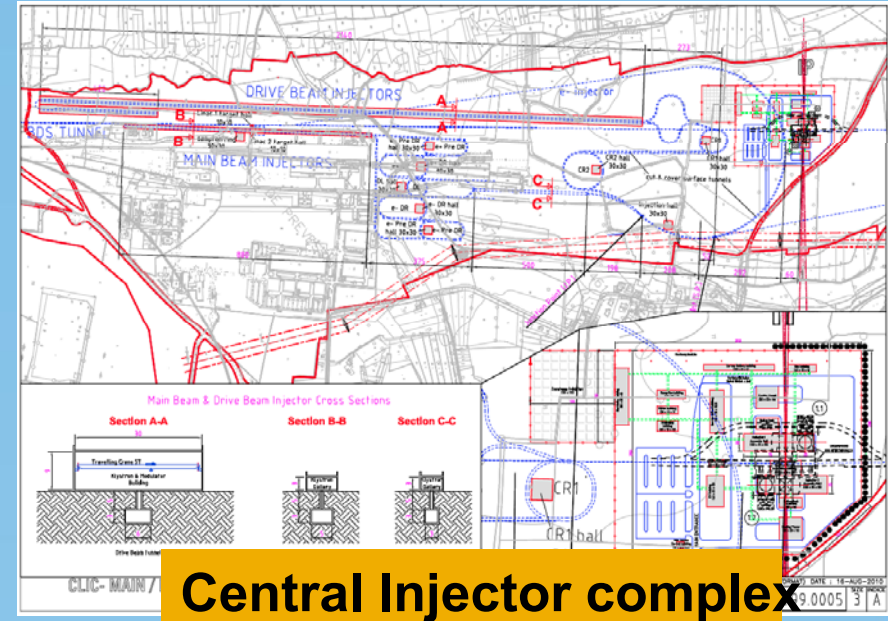
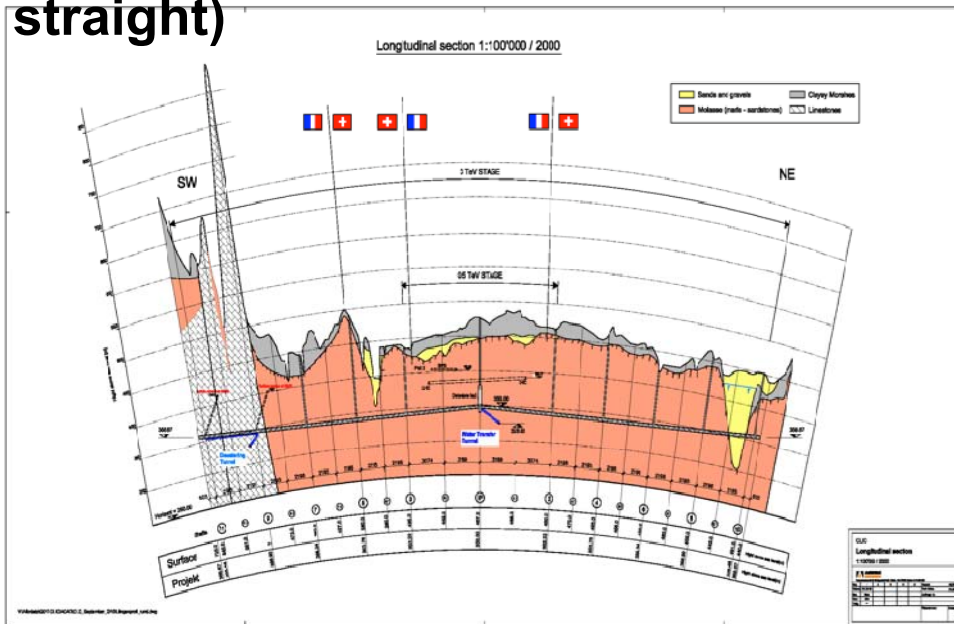
December 14, 2010:
 Probe beam accelerated by
 23 MV in a TD24 accelerating structure,
 corresponding to 106 MV/m.



T18 and TD18 built and tested at SLAC and KEK

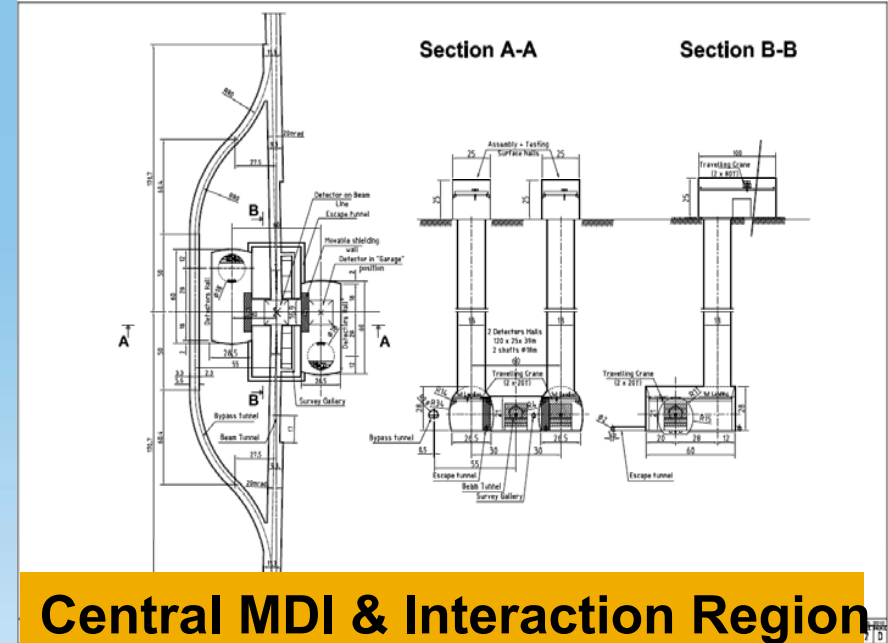
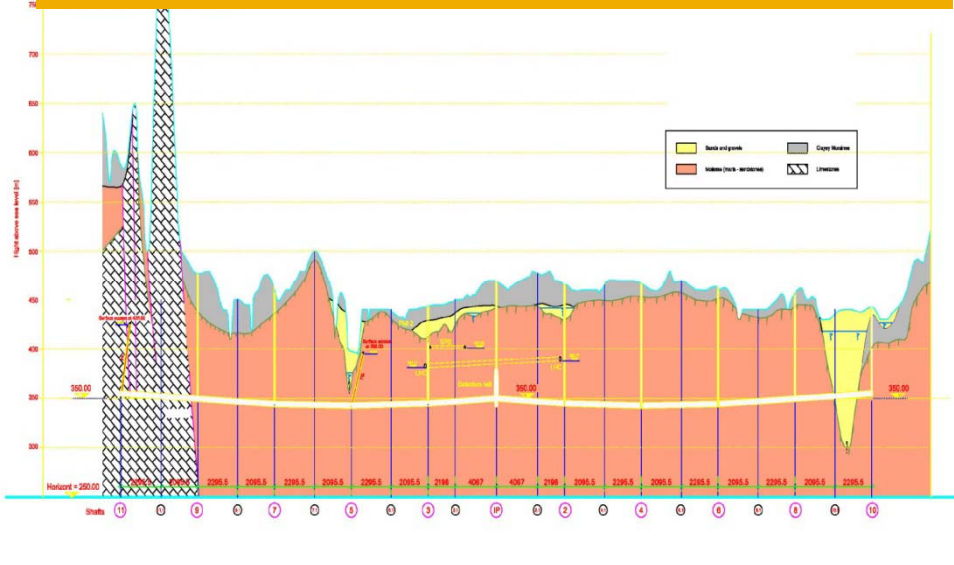
- real prototypes with improved design are T24 and TD24
- measurements in plot on the right for TD18 at KEK

Tunnel implementations (laser straight)



Central Injector complex

Tunnel implementations (ILC version)



Central MDI & Interaction Region



Validated ILC concept

ILD: International Large Detector

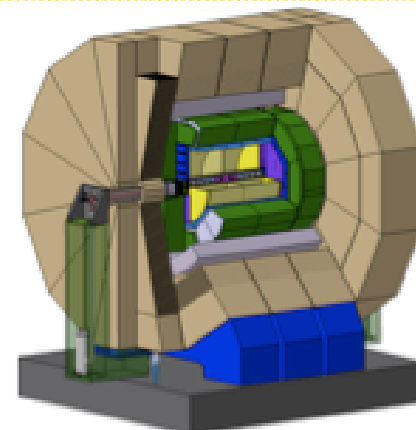
“Large” : tracker radius 1.8m

B-field : 3.5 T

Tracker : TPC + Silicon

Calorimetry : **high granularity particle flow**

ECAL + HCAL inside large solenoid



SiD: Silicon Detector

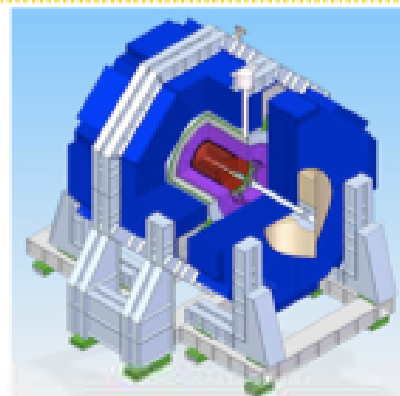
“Small” : tracker radius 1.2m

B-field : 5 T

Tracker : Silicon

Calorimetry : **high granularity particle flow**

ECAL + HCAL inside large solenoid

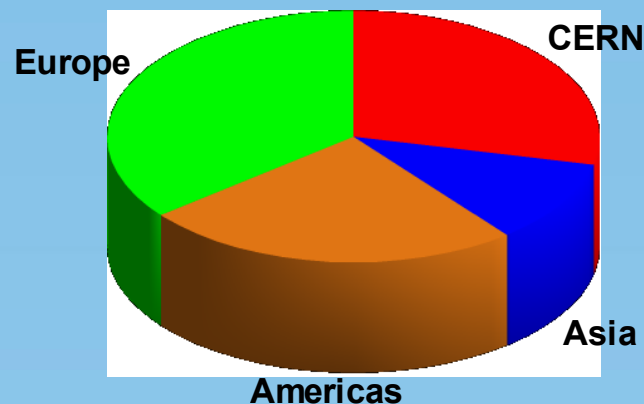


CLIC detector concepts will be based on SiD and ILD.
Modified to meet CLIC requirements



Linear Collider Detector project @ CERN

LCD: addressing physics and detectors at CLIC and ILC

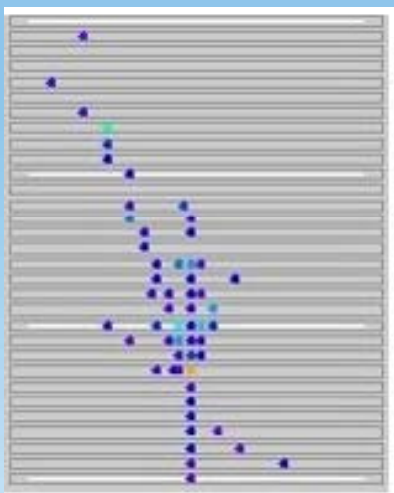


Affiliation of CLIC CDR editors

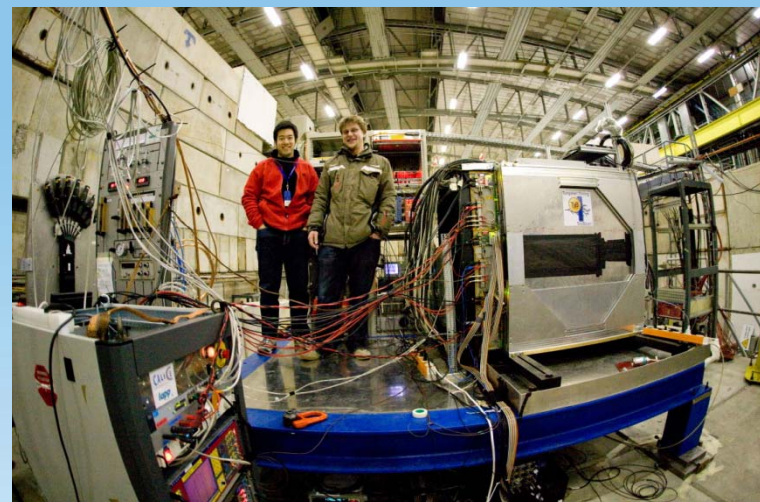
Current focus:

Preparation of conceptual design report for CLIC detectors => developed into a truly international effort in 2010

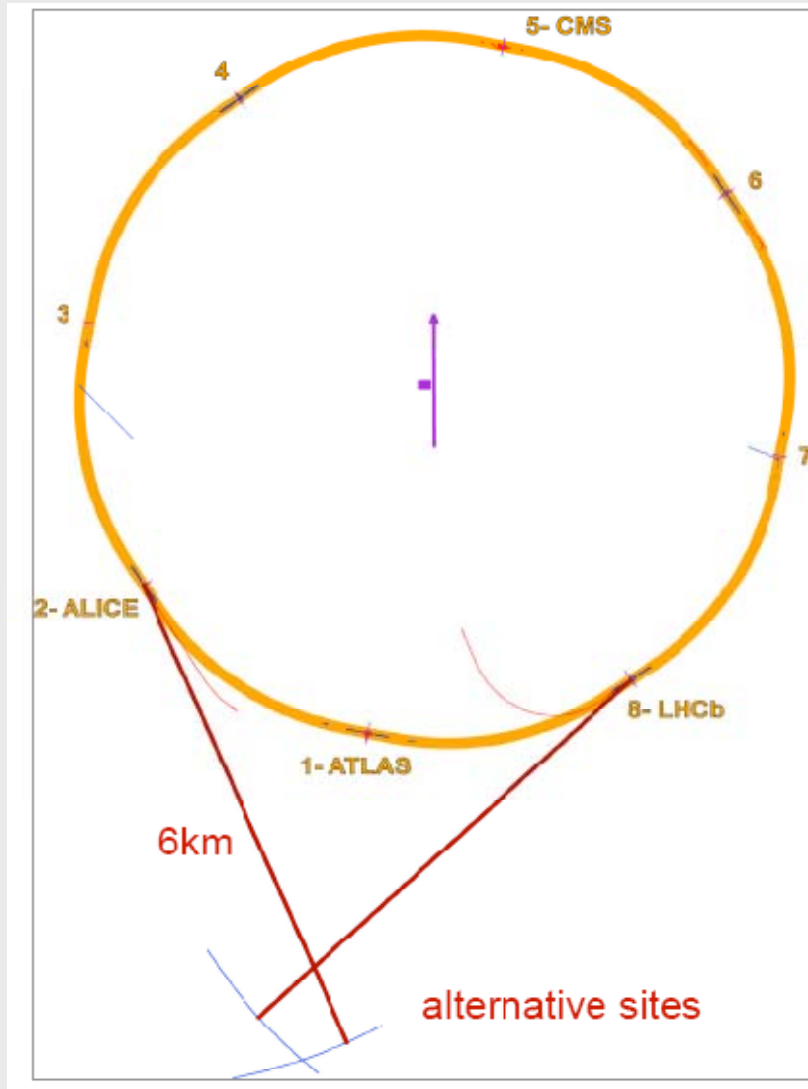
Experimental issues for a CLIC experiment now well understood, and detector geometries for the CLIC benchmark studies were fixed



Beam test with a tungsten-based HCAL for linear collider, CALICE collaboration



Large Hadron **e**lectron **C**ollider: possible layouts



40 - 140 GeV
on
1 - 7 TeV

ring-ring solution:
 $L \leq 10^{33}$

linac-ring solution:
 L few 10^{31} (?)

Would be the successor
of HERA at higher cms

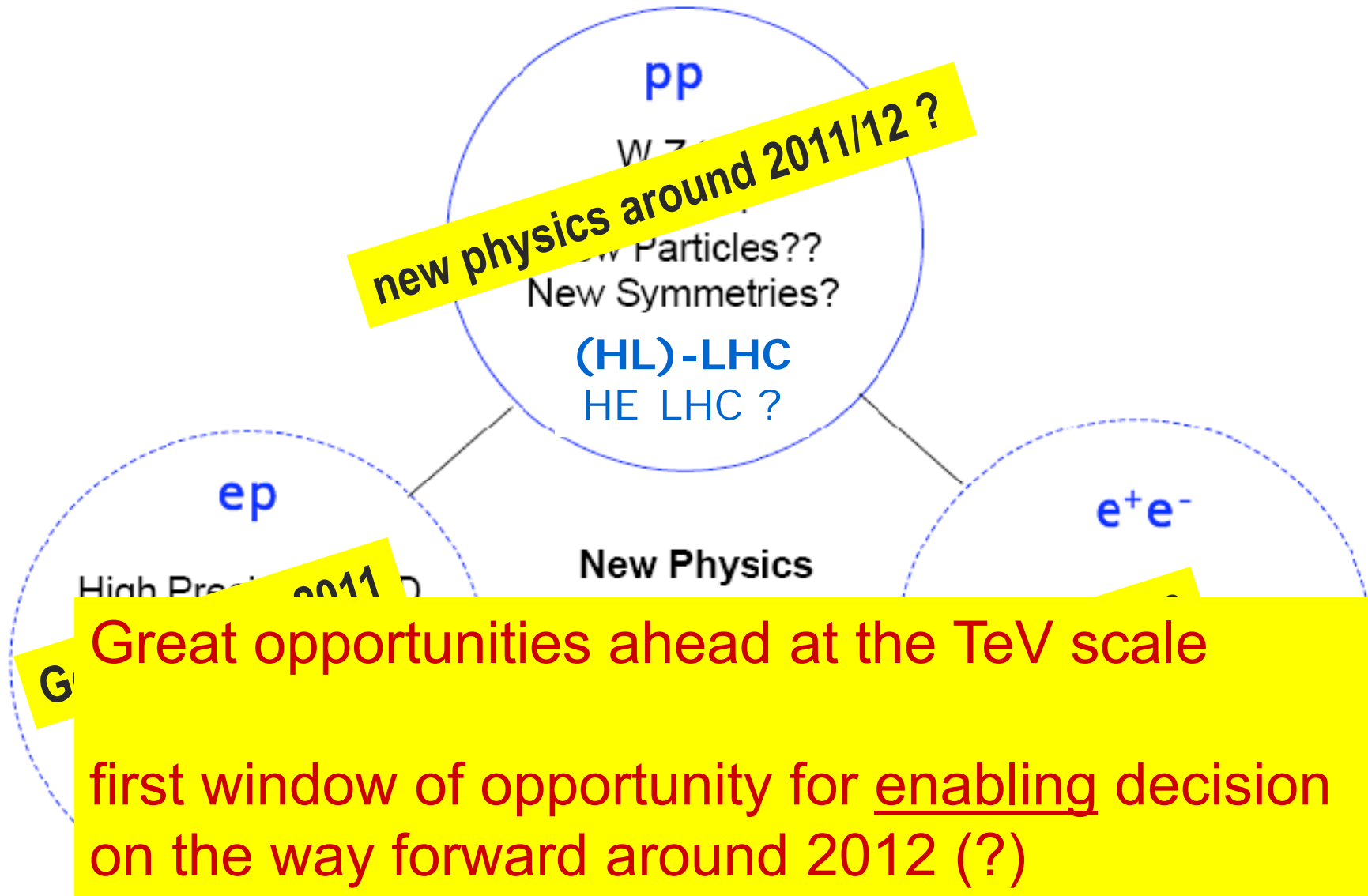
Key Messages

- Need to clear the cloud of TeV-scale physics to obtain clear views
- LHC and HL-LHC with prospects towards 2030
- **Synergy of colliders**
- **LHC results decisive**

- ILC could be constructed now
- CLIC more R&D needed
- Converge towards one LC project

- Detector R&D mandatory for all projects

The TeV Scale (far) beyond 2010



Results from LHC will guide the way

Expect

- period for decision enabling on next steps earliest 2012 (at least) concerning energy frontier
- (similar situation concerning neutrino sector Θ_{13})

We are **NOW** in a new exciting era of accelerator planning-design-construction-running and need

- intensified efforts on R&D and technical design work to enable these decisions
- global collaboration and stability on long time scales (don't forget: first workshop on LHC was 1984)

→ more coordination and more collaboration required



Opening the door...

- Council opened the door to greater integration in particle physics when it recently unanimously adopted the recommendations to examine the role of CERN in the light of increasing globalization in particle physics.
 - *Particle physics is becoming increasingly integrated at the global level.*
 - *Council's decision contributes to creating the conditions that will enable CERN to play a full role in any future facility wherever in the world it might be.*
- The key points agreed by Council include:
 - *All states shall be eligible for Membership, irrespective of their geographical location;*
 - *A new Associate Membership status is to be introduced to allow non-Member States to establish or intensify their institutional links with CERN;*
 - *Participation of CERN in global projects wherever sited.*
- **Romania** is in accession to Membership
- Applications for Membership from **Cyprus, Israel, Serbia, Slovenia and Turkey** have already been received by the CERN Council.



We need to define the most appropriate organizational form for global projects **NOW** and need to be open and inventive (scientists, funding agencies, politicians. . .)

Mandatory to have accelerator laboratories in all regions as partners in accelerator development / construction / commissioning / exploitation

Planning and execution of HEP projects today need global partnership for *global, regional and national* projects in other words: for the whole **program**

Use the exciting times ahead to establish such a partnership



**Particle Physics can and should play its role as
spearhead in innovations as in the past
now and in future**

