



#### Introduction

- In 2010 intense ATLAS heavy ions programme:
  - ATLAS Dijet Asymmetry publication<sup>[1]</sup>
  - J/ $\psi$  suppression and Z observation in Pb-Pb collisions publication<sup>[2]</sup>
- $\bullet$  J/ $\psi$  suppression measurement overview:
  - Yield extraction
  - Efficiency assessment
  - J/ψ suppression results
  - Cross-check: first observation of Z bosons in heavy ions collisions

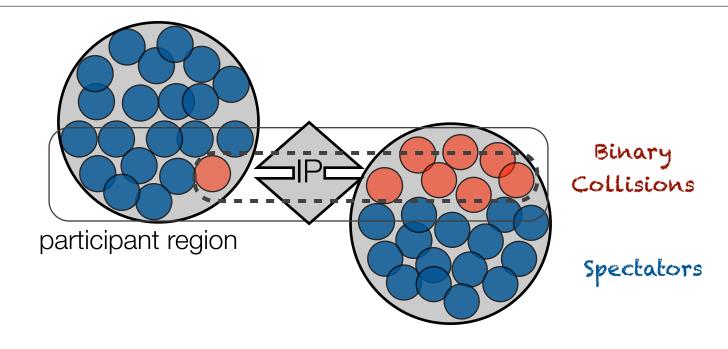


## Physics Motivation

- Why the quarkonia suppression is so interesting?
  - Suppression could be a consequence of quark-gluon plasma production
  - Suppressed quarkonium yield → direct experimental sensitivity to medium temperature [4]
- $\bullet$  Suppression of J/ $\psi$  events already observed in past experiments:
  - NA50 at CERN SPS in Pb-Pb at √s<sub>NN</sub> = 17.3 GeV 5
  - JSNN ~ T4 PHENIX at RHIC in Au-Au collisions at √s<sub>NN</sub> = 200 GeV <sup>6</sup>
- Is it useful to study it at LHC? ...yes!
  - Suppression mechanism not fully understood, additional effects might be there [7]
  - Proposal for  $J/\psi$  enhancement at high energies from charm quark recombination [8]
  - First Z measurement is possible: no suppression expected there



## Our Starting Point in Pb-Pb Collisions



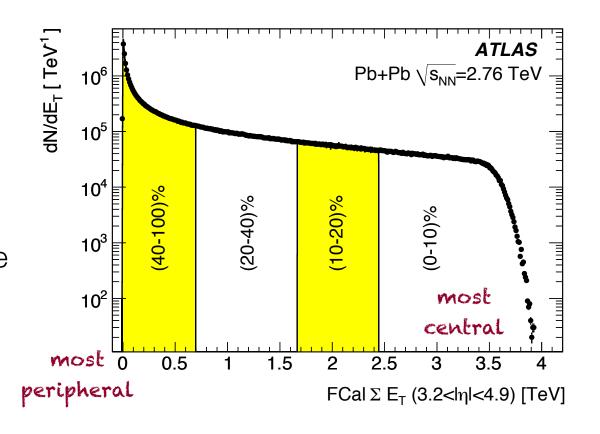
- In each ion collision we have N<sub>coll</sub> binary collisions between N<sub>part</sub> particles
  - -> Any yield measurement must be normalized on Ncoll
- N<sub>coll</sub> depends on the Impact Parameter (IP) between the two nucleons
  - → how can we measure IP in data?



## N<sub>coll</sub> Estimate: Centrality Definition

#### we cannot measure the IP directly! But..

- Multiplicity increasesmonotonically as IP decreases
- Using transverse energy
  deposited in the forward
  calorimeters (3.2 < |η| < 4.9) we</li>
  define centrality:
  - Central event: small IP
  - Peripheral event: big IP

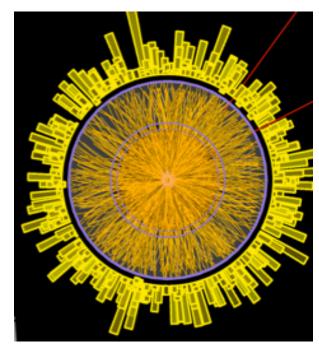


nothing to do with detector pseudo-rapidity!



#### Data And Monte Carlo Samples

- LHC provided Pb-Pb collisions at √s<sub>NN</sub> = 2.76
  TeV, ATLAS collected ~8 µb<sup>-1</sup> of integrated
  luminosity:
  - Analyzed ~ 6.7 µb<sup>-1</sup>
- Tracking in heavy ions environment → high occupancy, especially for central events
  - Dedicated tracking reconstruction: tight cuts on track quality
  - Only use muons with both inner detector track and muon spectrometer track (Combined Muons)
  - $p_T^{\mu} > 3 \text{ GeV}$

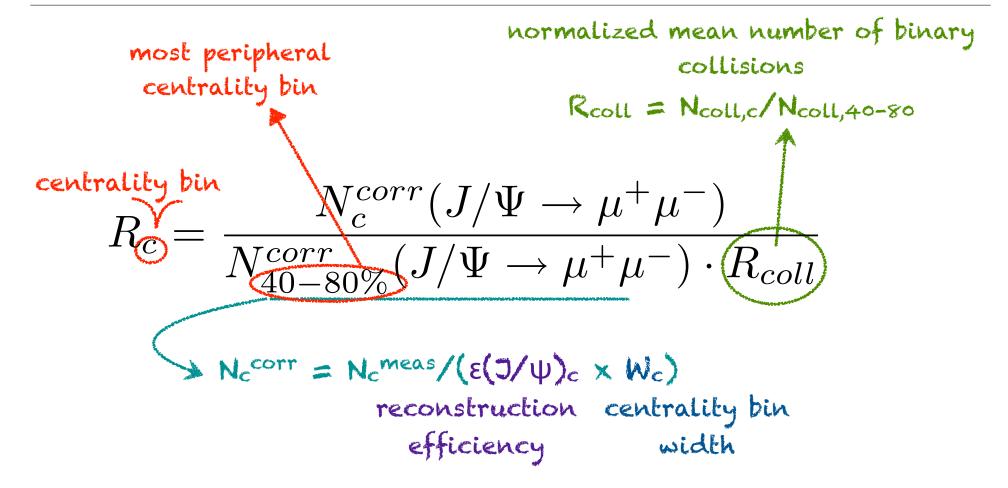


Event display for highly central event

~613 J/W Candidates



#### Aim of the Measurement



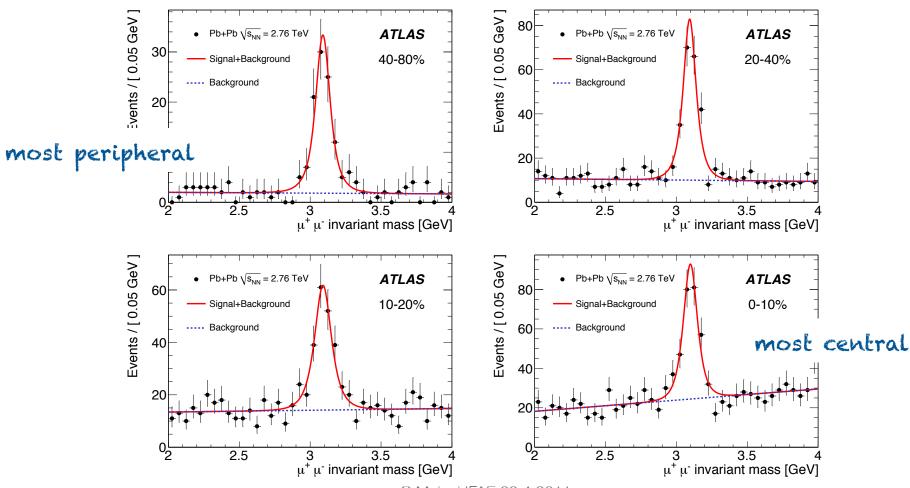
- No attempt to compare with p-p results
- Normalization on most peripheral bin



### First Ingredient: $J/\psi$ Yield Extraction

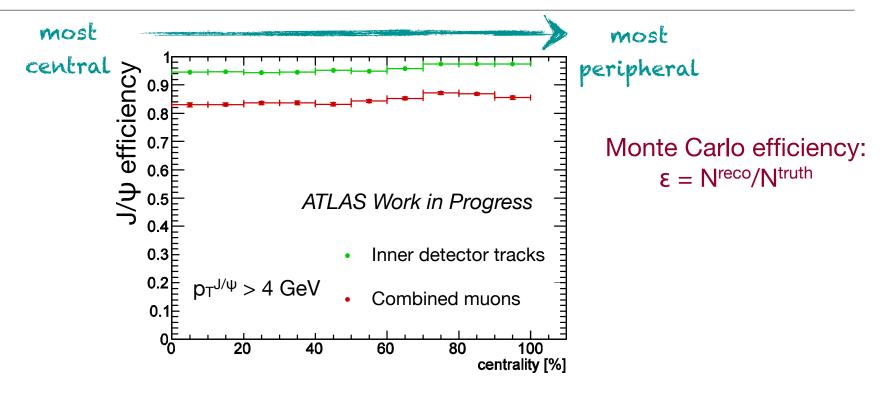
#### Two methods

- Sideband subtraction method
- Unbinned maximum likelihood fit with per-event error





### Monte Carlo Efficiency Dependence on Centrality



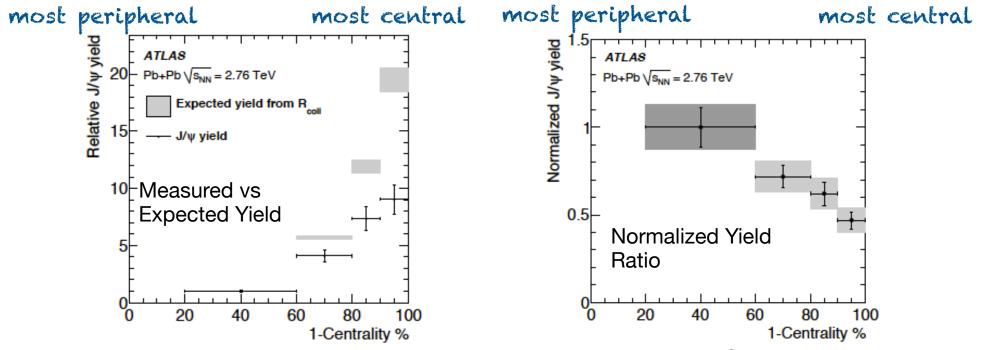
- Small centrality dependence for combined muons
  - ~3-4% drop from Inner Detector tracks reconstruction
  - As expected: no occupancy issue in muon chambers
- Efficiency used to correct raw yield
- Systematic associated to Data Monte Carlo discrepancies on track reconstruction performance







## First Observation of $J/\psi$ Suppression at LHC!

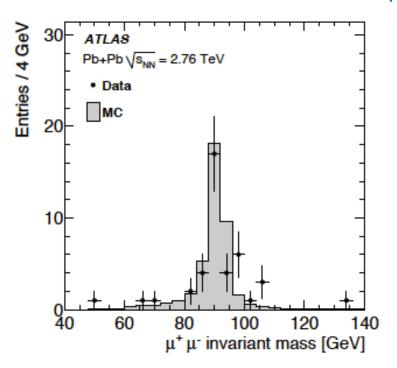


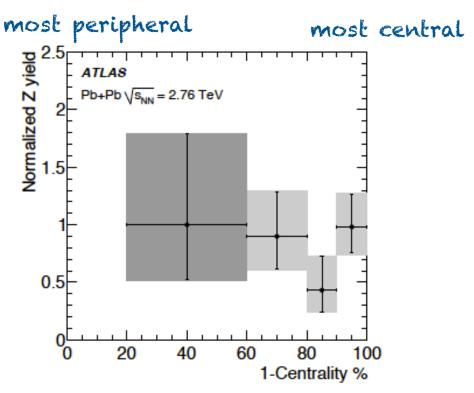
- Data points (right plot) not consistent with their average:  $P(\chi^2, NDoF = 3) = 0.11\%$ → Significant decrease of the ratio is observed as a function of centrality
- Qualitatively same effect as the one seen by NA50 and PHENIX at different temperatures
- Main systematics:  $J/\psi$  reconstruction efficiency ~2.3-6.8%, signal extraction ~5.2-6.8%. R<sub>coll</sub> estimate ~3.2-5.3%



#### First Observation of Z Boson in Pb-Pb Collisions at LHC!

# 38 Z Candidates found





- Z Boson reconstructed in heavy ions Pb-Pb collisions
- Normalized yield doesn't show a trend: not enough statistics but still useful as a cross-check
- $\bullet$  Systematic on the measurement conservatively the same as for J/ $\psi$



#### Conclusions and Plans

- Very good understanding of muon and tracking systems and reconstruction achieved at ATLAS in the first year of data taking allowed:
  - First observation of J/ $\psi$  suppression in Pb-Pb collisions at LHC  $^{\text{\tiny{[1]}}}$
  - ▶ First Z peak reconstruction in Pb-Pb collisions at LHC<sup>11</sup>
- Future Plans:
  - More Pb-Pb statistics will be available by the end of the year
  - Pun with p-p collisions at 2.76 TeV in 2011
  - Provide a differential measurement in  $p_T$  and y of the  $J/\psi$



## Bibliography

- [1] the ATLAS Collaboration, G. Aad et al., "Observation of a Centrality-Dependent Dijet Asymmetry in Lead-Lead Collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 2.76$  TeV with the ATLAS Detector at the LHC", arXiv:1011.6182v2, accepted for publication at Phys. Rev. Lett.
- [2] the ATLAS Collaboration, G. Aad *et al.*, "Measurement of the Centrality Dependence of J/ $\psi$  Yields and Observation of Z Production in Lead-Lead Collisions with the ATLAS Detector at the LHC", <u>arXiv:1012.5419v1</u>, accepted for publication at Phys. Lett. B
- [3] T. Matsui and H. Satz, Phys. Lett. B178 (1986) 416
- [4] A. Mocsy and P. Petreczky, Phys. Rev. Lett. 99 (2007) 211602
- [5] NA50 Collaboration, B. Alessandro et al., Eur. Phys. J. C39 (2005) 335-345
- [6] PHENIX Collaboration, A. Adare et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 98 (2007) 232301
- [7] NA3 Collaboration, J. Badier et al., Z. Phys. C 20 (1983) 101. NA38 Collaboration, M. C. Abreu et al., Phys. Lett. B444 (1998) 516. FNAL E866 Collaboration, M. J. Leitch et al., Phys.

Rev. Lett. 84 (2000) 3256. NA50 Collaboration, B. Alessandro et al., Eur. Phys. J. C 33 (2004)

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- Collaboration, I. Abt et al., Eur. Phys. J. C 60 (2009) 525. PHENIX Collaboration, A. Adare et al., arXiv:1010.1246 [nucl-ex], submitted to Phys. Rev. Lett.
- [8] R. L. Thews and M. L. Mangano, Phys. Rev. C73 (2006) 014904
- [9] R. Vogt, Phys. Rev. C64 (2001) 044901

# Backup Slides







### Overall view of the LHC experiments.

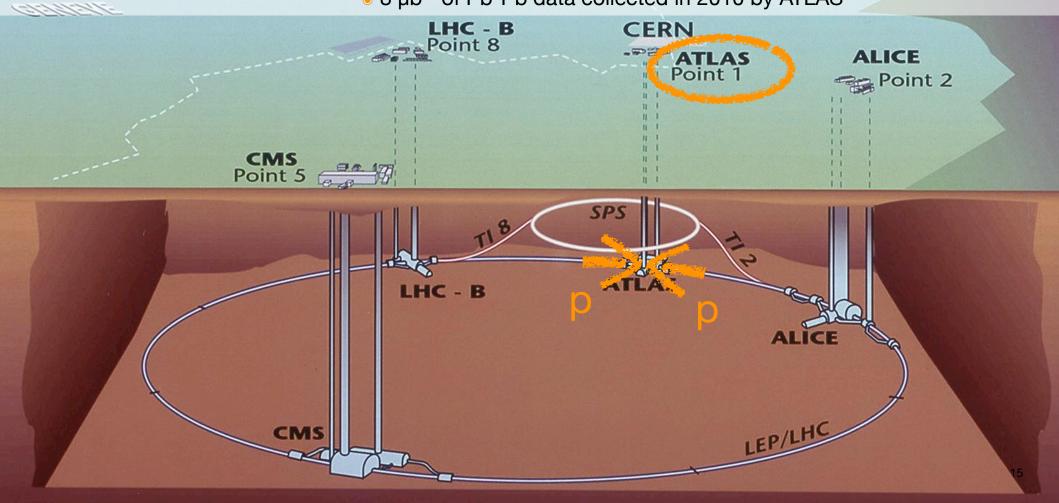
- proton-proton collider
- 27 Km of circumference
- Four experiments at the four interaction points

#### 2010 p-p collisions:

- Center-of-mass energy: √s = 7 TeV
- highest instantaneous luminosity reached: L = 2 10<sup>32</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>
- 41 pb<sup>-1</sup> of p-p data collected in 2010 by ATLAS

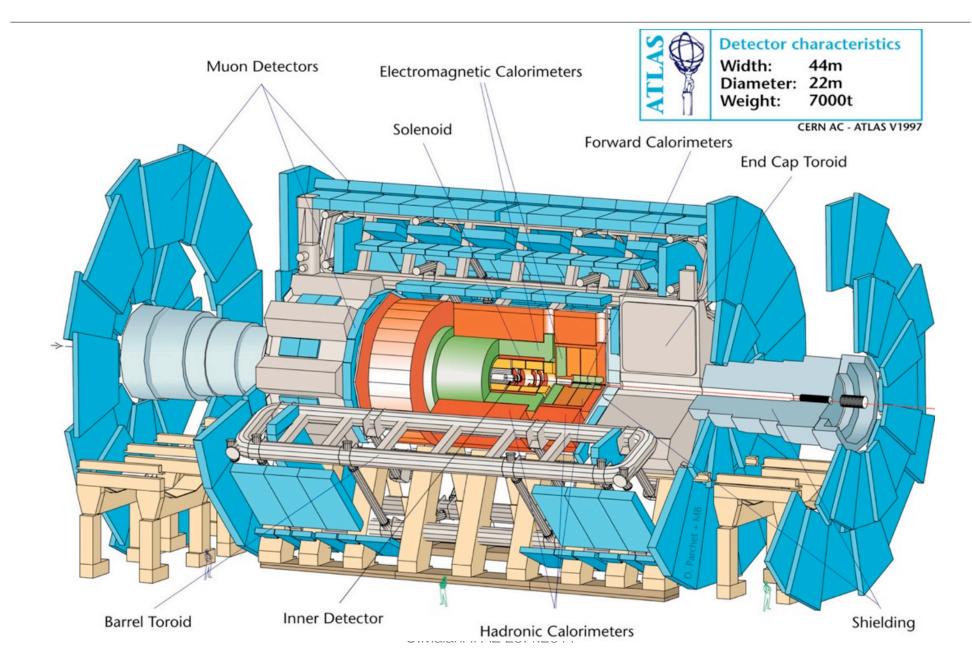
#### 2010 Pb-Pb collisions:

- Center-of-mass energy: √s = 2.76 TeV per nucleon
  - 8 μb<sup>-1</sup> of Pb-Pb data collected in 2010 by ATLAS





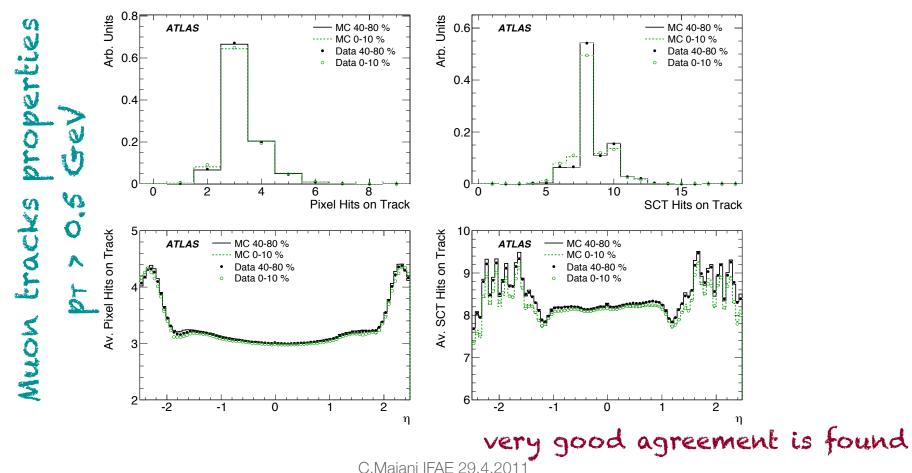
# The ATLAS Experiment at LHC





#### Is Monte Carlo Simulation Reliable?

- Comparing (muon) track activity in MC and data
- Comparing (muon) tracks basic properties in MC and data vs centrality
- Associating a systematic uncertainty

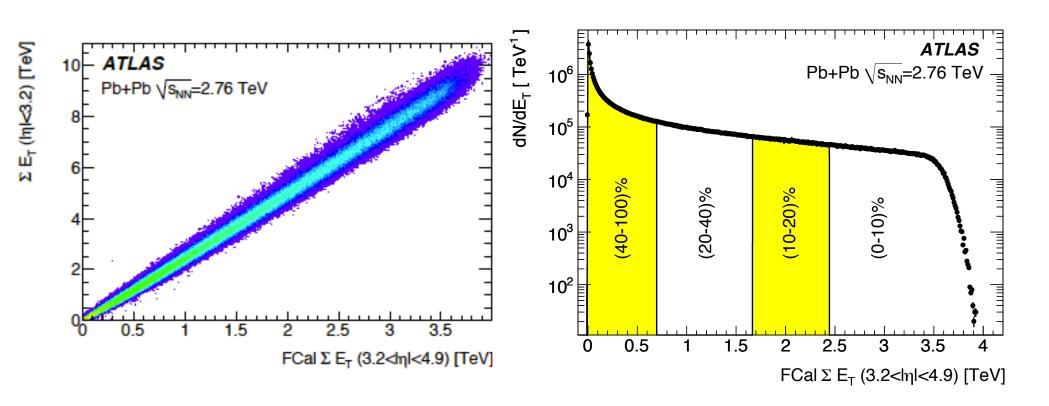








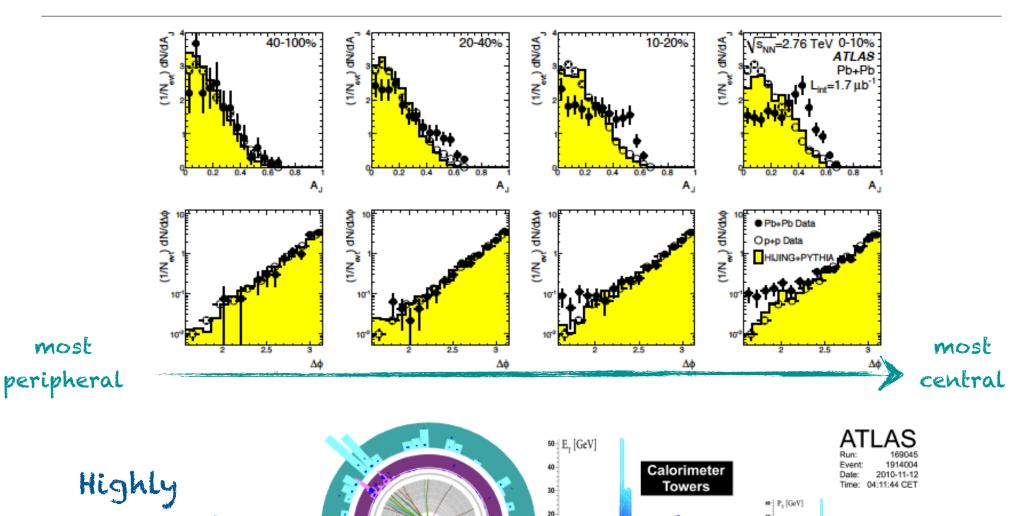
## Centrality Definition



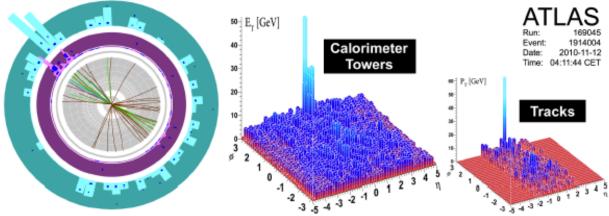
Central vs Forward Calorimeter



## Centrality Dependent Dijet Asymmetry



Highly asymmetric event

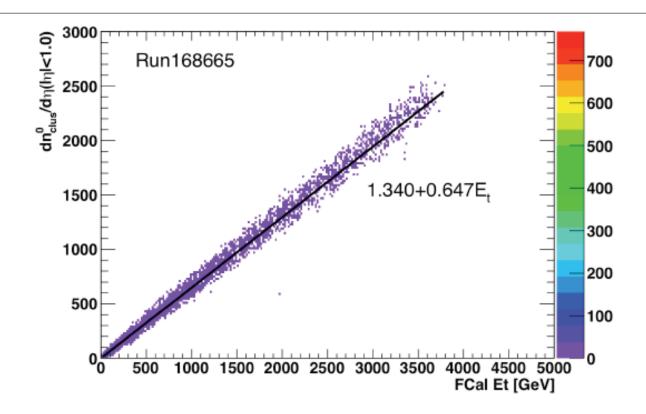








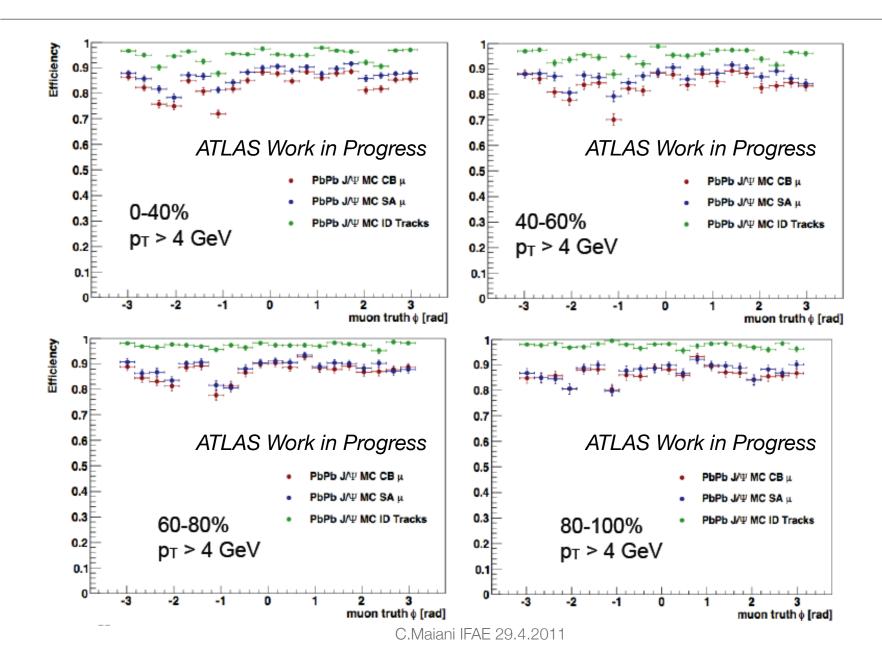
## Centrality In Tracking Efficiency Studies



- For the tracking the relevant quantity is the occupancy vs centrality
- For tracking efficiency studies only we use an occupancy based definition of centrality: number of pixel clusters in the barrel
- $\bullet$  We see here that this definition is equivalent to the standard one defined from the  $\Sigma E_T^{FCAL}$

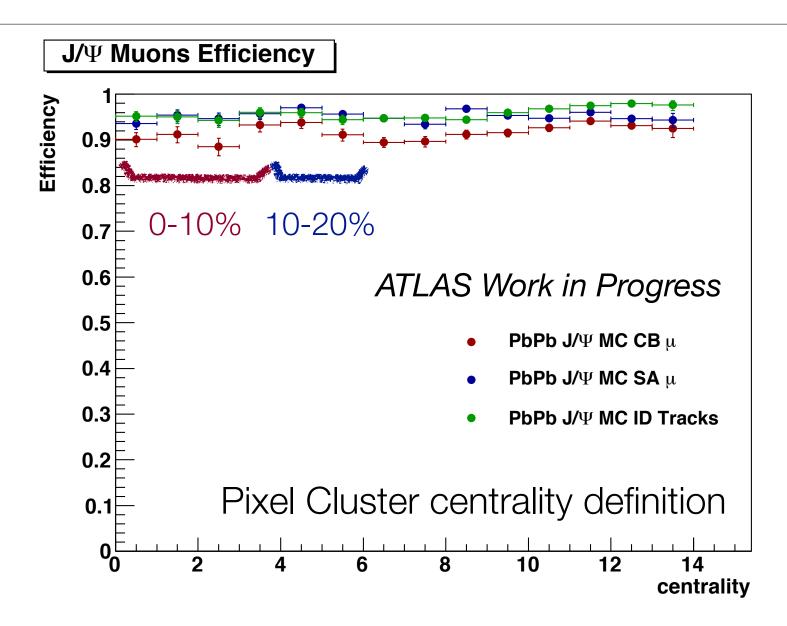


## Efficiencies in Centrality Bins





#### Efficiencies With Finer Centrality Binning

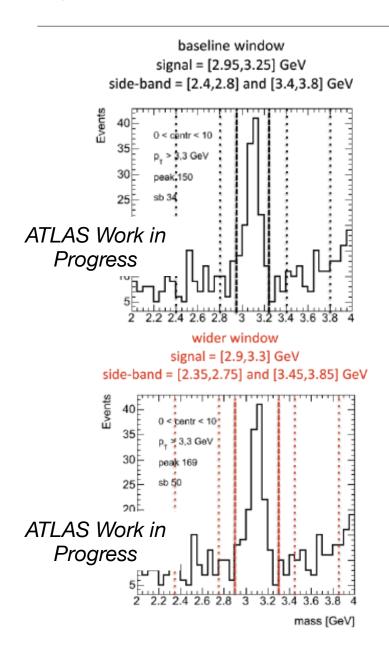


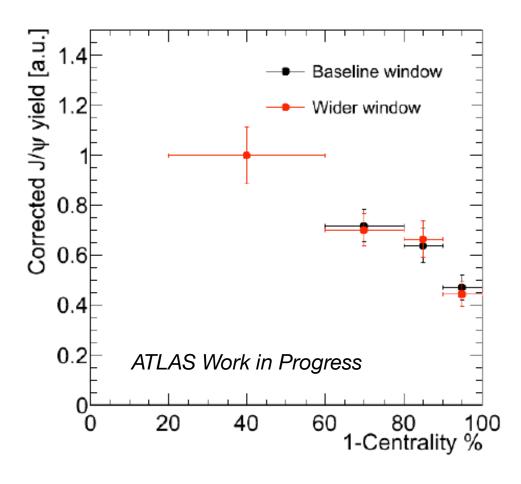






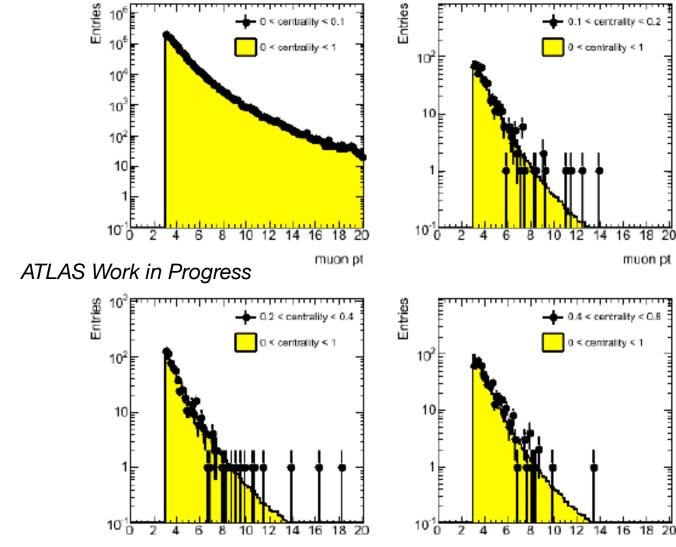
### Systematic Check on Sideband Subtraction







## Single Muons p<sub>T</sub> Spectra vs Centrality



muon pt

data in 0-10% centrality bin compared with data in the other three centrality bins



Very good agreement, small variation of the muon p<sub>T</sub> spectrum vs centrality

muon pt

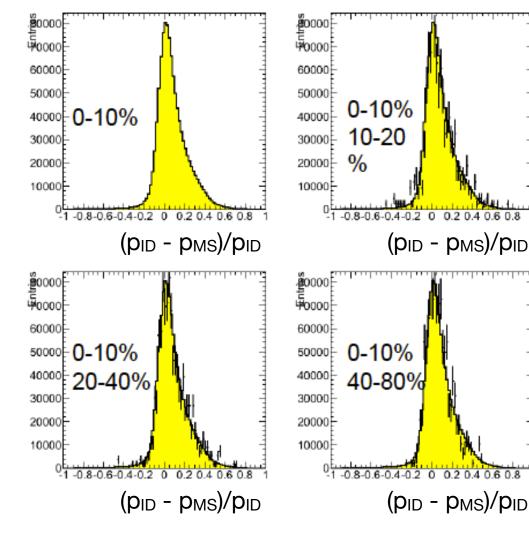






#### Check ID Track - Muon Spectrometer Track Comb. vs Centrality

#### ATLAS Work in Progress



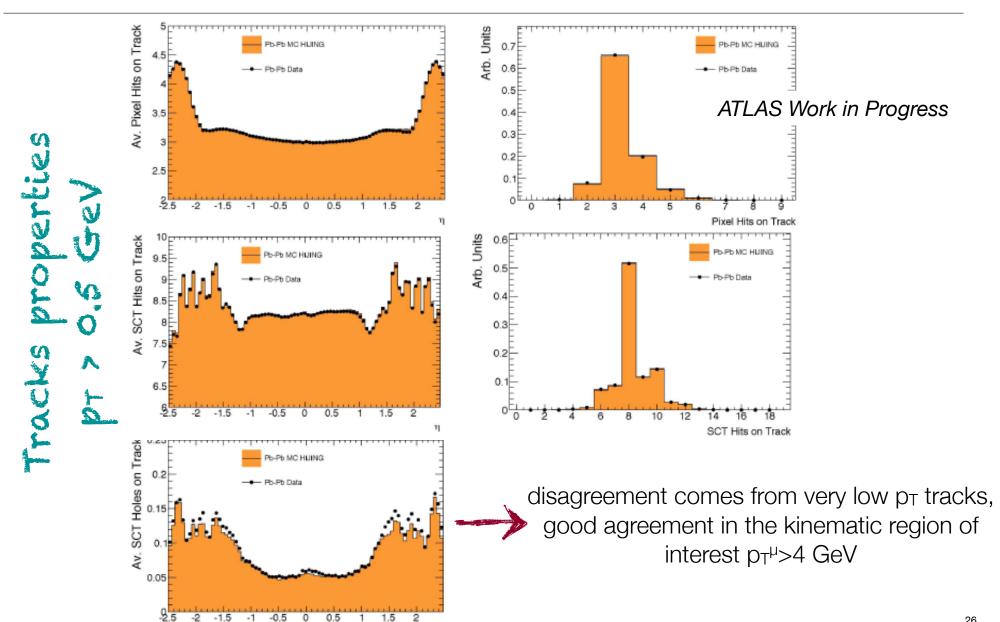
Data in 0-10% centrality bin compared with data in the other three bins



Very good agreement, small variation of the matching efficiency expected



#### Is Monte Carlo Simulation Reliable?

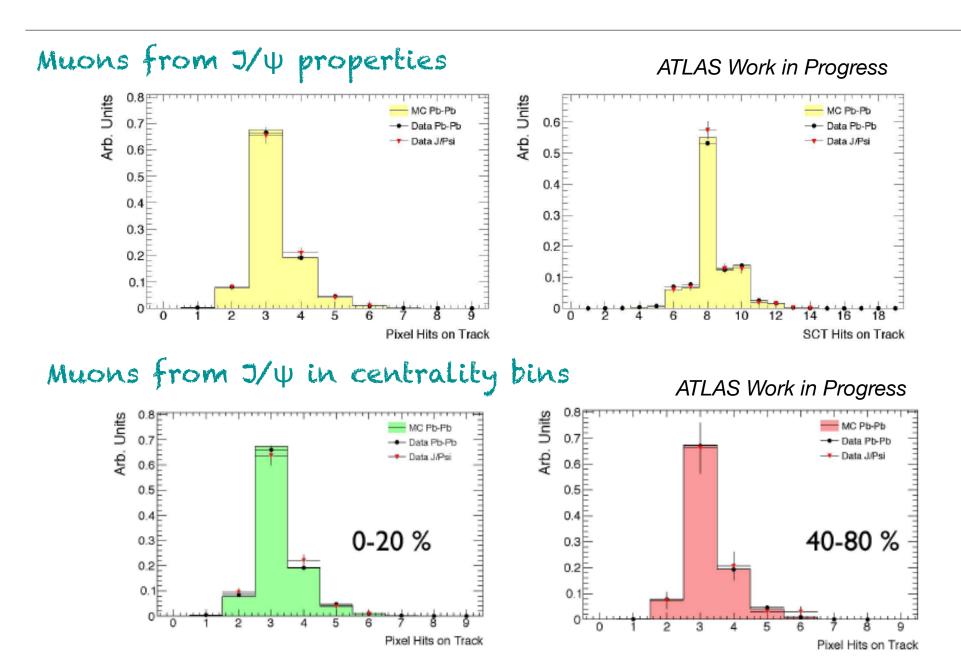


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#### Is Monte Carlo Simulation Reliable?





### $J/\psi$ in Heavy Ions: Systematic Studies

## J/ψ reconstruction efficiency: ~2.3-6.8%

- Data-Monte Carlo comparison of distributions of hits used to derive systematic uncertainties on track reconstruction
- Monte Carlo statistical uncertainty
- Cross-checks: comparing match between inner detector track and muon spectrometer track, loosening track quality selection

#### Signal extraction: ~5.2-6.8%

- Mass resolution dependence on centrality
  - Invariant mass fit with free scale factor
- Background modeling
  - Invariant mass fit with 1st and 2nd order chebychev polynomial

#### Rcoll estimate: ~3.2-5.3%

- Variation of the Galuber MC input parameters
- Systematic on trigger and event selection efficiency

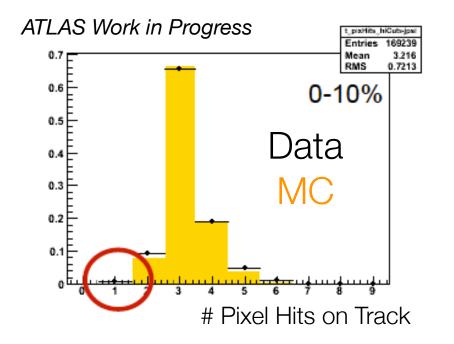


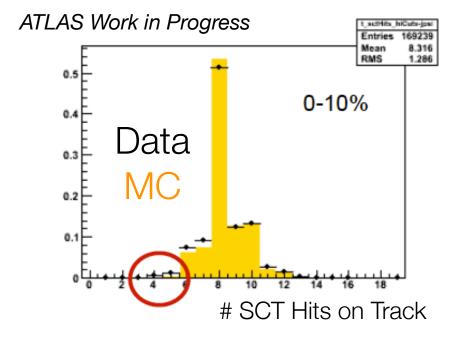
### Tracking Reconstruction Systematic

#### We require:

- 9 silicon hits (reconstruction)
- ▶ nPixel >= 1 Pixel hit
- ▶ nSCT >= 6 SCT hits

data-MC discrepancies used to estimate systematics







# Final Numbers and Systematics

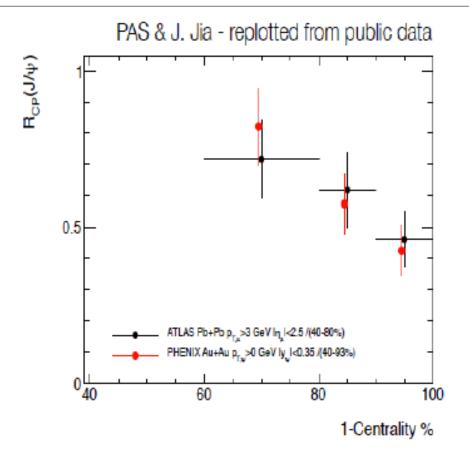
Centrality	$N^{\mathrm{meas}}(J/\psi)$	$\epsilon(J/\psi)_c/$	Systematic Uncertainty		
		$\epsilon(J/\psi)_{40-80}$	Reco. eff.	Sig. extr.	Total
0-10%	$190 \pm 20$	$0.93 \pm 0.01$	6.8 %	5.2 %	8.6 %
10-20%	$152 \pm 16$	$0.91 \pm 0.02$	5.3~%	6.5~%	8.4 %
20-40%	$180 \pm 16$	$0.97 \pm 0.01$	3.3 %	6.8 %	7.5~%
40-80%	$91 \pm 10$	1	2.3~%	5.6~%	6.1~%

Centrality	N(Z)	$\epsilon(Z)_c/\epsilon(Z)_{40-80}$
0-10%	19	$0.99 \pm 0.01$
10-20%	5	$0.97 \pm 0.01$
20 - 40%	10	$0.98 \pm 0.01$
40-80%	4	1

Centrality	$R_{\text{coll}}$	Uncertainty
0-10%	19.5	5.3 %
10-20%	11.9	4.7~%
20 - 40%	5.7	3.2~%
40-80%	1.0	_



## Comparison with RHIC Data



Attempt to replot PHENIX data vs Centrality [P.Steinberg, J.Jia] suggest suppression is energyindependent

- Different p<sub>T</sub> ranges:
  - PHENIX: > 0 GeV
  - ATLAS: >~ 6.5 GeV
- Different rapidity ranges:
  - PHENIX:  $|y_{J/\psi}| < 0.35$
  - ATLAS:  $|\eta_{\mu}| < 2.5$
- Different b fractions:
  - PHENIX: few percents
  - ▶ ATLAS: ~25%

