

# A weakly constrained $W'$ at the early LHC

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*based on* **C.Grojean, ES, R.Torre, arXiv:1103.2761**

# Iso-singlet $W'$ : motivations

- $W' \leftrightarrow$  spin-1, color-singlet, unit electric charge state
- Require linear and renormalizable coupling to quarks:  
only 2 irreducible reprs.  $(SU(3)_c, SU(2)_L)_Y$

Del Aguila, De Blas,  
Perez-Victoria, 1005.3998

*iso-singlet*  $(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1})_1$

Left-right models; Little Higgs  
with custodial symmetry

no associated neutral  $Z'$

➡ can write effective theory  
for  $W'$  only

➡ **constraints are weaker**

$(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{3})_0$  *iso-triplet*

Some Little Higgs models;  
extra dimensions

$W'$  and  $Z'$  are (almost) degenerate in mass

➡ strong bounds from EWPT on  $Z'$   
also apply to  $W'$

➡ needs to be heavy, or weakly coupled


➡ **we study an iso-singlet  $W'$**

# Effective Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_V + \mathcal{L}_{V-SM}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_V = & D_\mu V_\nu^- D^\nu V^{+\mu} - D_\mu V_\nu^- D^\mu V^{+\nu} + \tilde{M}^2 V^{+\mu} V_\mu^- \\ & + \frac{g_4^2}{2} |H|^2 V^{+\mu} V_\mu^- - ig' c_B B^{\mu\nu} V_\mu^+ V_\nu^-, \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{V-SM} = V^{+\mu} \left( ig_H H^\dagger (D_\mu \tilde{H}) + \frac{g_q}{\sqrt{2}} (V_R)_{ij} \overline{u_R^i} \gamma_\mu d_R^j \right) + \text{h.c.}$$

- no RH neutrinos ( $\leftrightarrow$  heavier than  $W'$ ); mass eigenst. basis for fermions
- parameters:  $W'$  mass + couplings  $g_q, g_H \leftrightarrow \hat{\theta}, c_B$  ( $g_4$  irrelevant to us)  
+ RH quark mixing matrix  $V_R$ , which does **not** need to be unitary
- $g_H$  induces  $W$ - $W'$  mixing  introduce mass eigenstates

$$\begin{pmatrix} W^+ \\ W'^+ \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} c_{\hat{\theta}} & s_{\hat{\theta}} \\ -s_{\hat{\theta}} & c_{\hat{\theta}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \hat{W}^+ \\ V^+ \end{pmatrix}$$

**mixing angle**  $\hat{\theta} \approx \frac{\Delta^2}{m_{\hat{W}}^2 - M^2}$

$$\Delta^2 = \frac{g_H g v^2}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

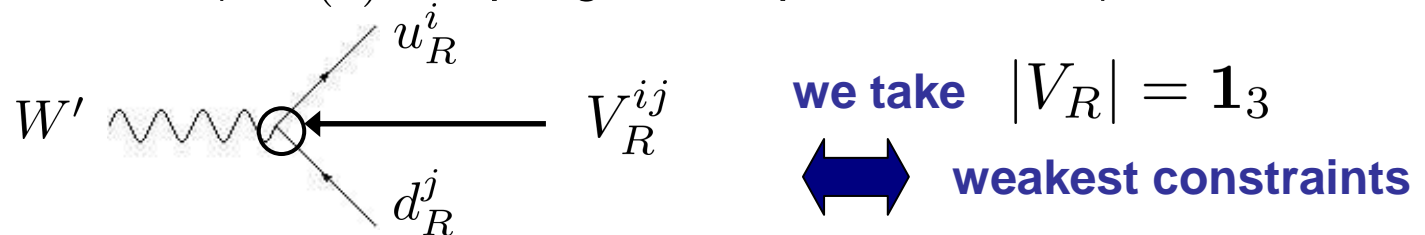
$$m_{\hat{W}}^2 = g^2 v^2 / 4$$

$$M^2 = \tilde{M}^2 + g_4^2 v^2 / 4$$

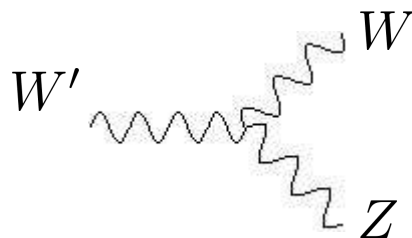
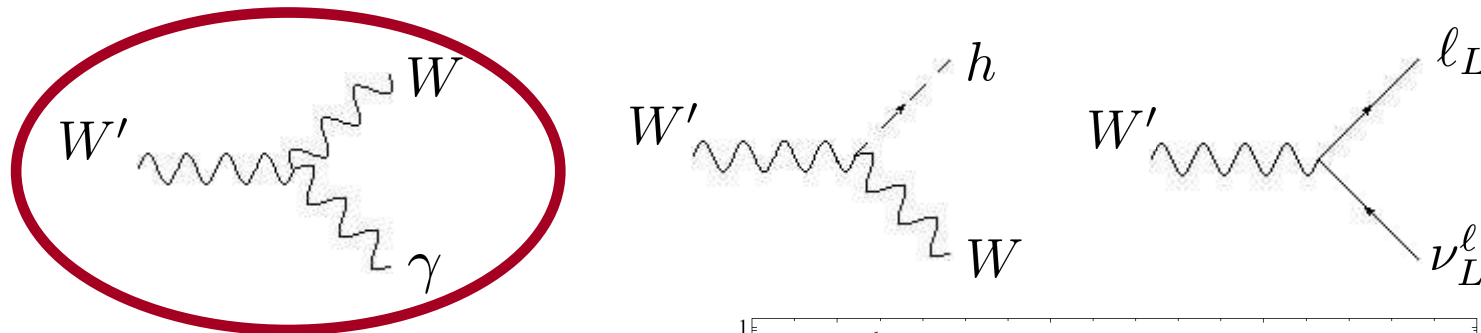
# Couplings of $W'$ to SM fields: summary

In mass eigenstate basis for both fermions and vectors,  $W'$  couples to:

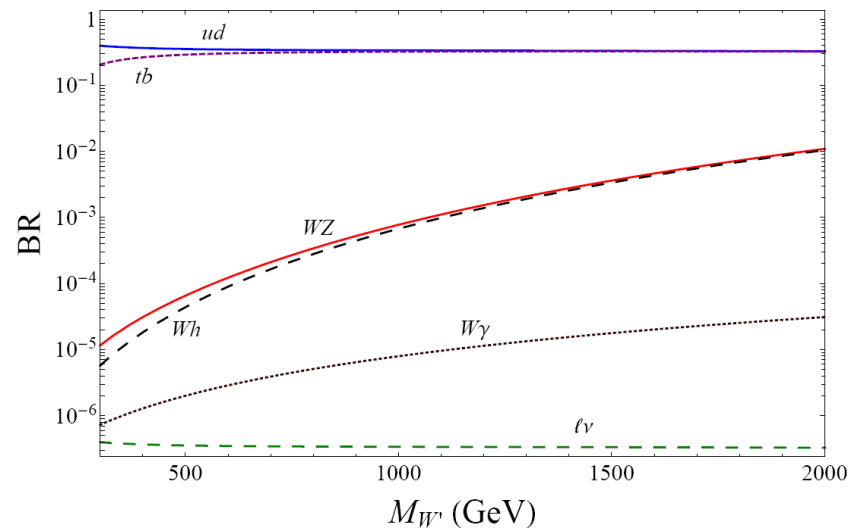
- RH quark currents (+  $O(\hat{\theta})$  coupling to LH quark currents):



- $W_\gamma$ ,  $WZ$ ,  $Wh$ , LH lepton currents, all proportional to  $\hat{\theta}$  :



$$g_q = g, \hat{\theta} = 10^{-3}, c_B = -3$$



## $W' \rightarrow W\gamma$ decay

$$\Gamma(W' \rightarrow W\gamma) = \frac{e^2}{96\pi} \underbrace{(c_B + 1)^2 \hat{\theta}^2}_{\text{controlled by } |c_B + 1| \hat{\theta}} \frac{M_{W'}^2}{M_W^2} M_{W'}$$

$W' \rightarrow W\gamma$  is controlled by  $|c_B + 1| \hat{\theta}$  !

**What are the bounds on these 2 parameters?**

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## What are the bounds on these 2 parameters?

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$c_B$  is not significantly constrained by current data.

From a theory point of view, **what to expect for  $c_B$  in extensions of the SM?**

**General result:** gyromagnetic ratio of any elementary particle of mass  $M$  (of any spin) coupled to photon must be  $g = 2$  at tree level, if perturbative unitarity holds up to energies  $E \gg M/e$ . **Ferrara, Porrati, Telegdi, PRD 46 (1992)**

So if  $W'$  is an elementary gauge boson, expect  $g \approx 2 \Rightarrow c_B \approx -1$

➡  $W' \rightarrow W\gamma$  extremely suppressed, and likely out of the LHC reach.

**But if  $W'$  is composite,  $c_B \neq -1$  can happen!** Only need to check that cutoff is sufficiently larger than  $W'$  mass: from  $BB \rightarrow VV$  scattering, find

$$\Lambda \geq 5M \quad \text{for} \quad c_B \leq 10.$$

So we can safely study the phenomenology of the  $W'$  for  $c_B \leq 10$ , without encountering unitarity violation problems.

# Bounds on $\hat{\theta}$

- $W$ - $W'$  mixing  $\rightarrow$  contribution to  $T$

$$\hat{T}_V = -\frac{\Delta^4}{M^2 m_{\hat{W}}^2}$$

Lower bound on  $m_h$  from LEP2

Del Aguila, De Blas,  
Perez-Victoria, 1005.3998

$$\left| \frac{g_H}{M} \right| < 0.11 \text{ TeV}^{-1}$$

or equivalently

$ \hat{\theta}  < 1 \times 10^{-3},$	$M_{W'} = 800 \text{ GeV}$
$ \hat{\theta}  < 5 \times 10^{-4},$	$M_{W'} = 2 \text{ TeV}$

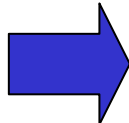
- $u \rightarrow d, s$  semileptonic transitions: e.g.,  $0^+ \rightarrow 0^+$   $\beta$  decays,  
 $\pi \rightarrow e\nu$ ,  $K \rightarrow \pi l\nu$ , etc. Find:   
Buras, Gemmler, Isidori, 1007.1993;  
Langacker, Sankar, PRD 40 (1989)

$$-1.6 \times 10^{-3} < g_q \hat{\theta} V_R^{ud} < 1.7 \times 10^{-3} \quad \text{small CP phases in } V_R$$

$$\sqrt{\sum_j |V_R^{uj}|^2} \times |g_q \hat{\theta}| < 10^{-2 \div -1} \quad \text{maximal CP phases}$$

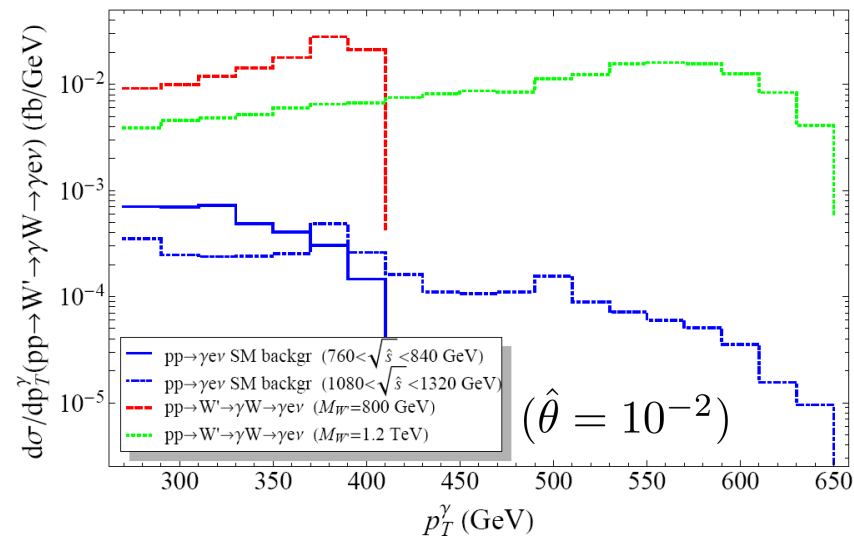
# $W' \rightarrow W\gamma$ : early LHC analysis

- Benchmark point:  $M_{W'} = 800$  GeV,  $g_q = 0.84g$  (max. coupling allowed by Tevatron dijet searches)
- Cuts:  $p_T^\gamma > 250$  GeV,  $p_T^e > 50$  GeV,  $\cancel{E}_T > 50$  GeV,  
 $|\eta_{e,\gamma}| < 2.5$ ,  $|M(W\gamma) - M_{W'}| < 0.05 M_{W'}$
- Background considered is irreducible  $W\gamma$ 
  - $W + j$  with jet misID as photon can be efficiently suppressed (however, also reduction of signal to  $\sim 80\%$ , not included here) **ATLAS, 0901.0512**
  - other instrumental backgrounds (such as  $ee\cancel{E}_T$  with  $e \rightarrow \gamma$ , QCD faking  $e + \cancel{E}_T$ ) are not included.

photon  $p_T$  

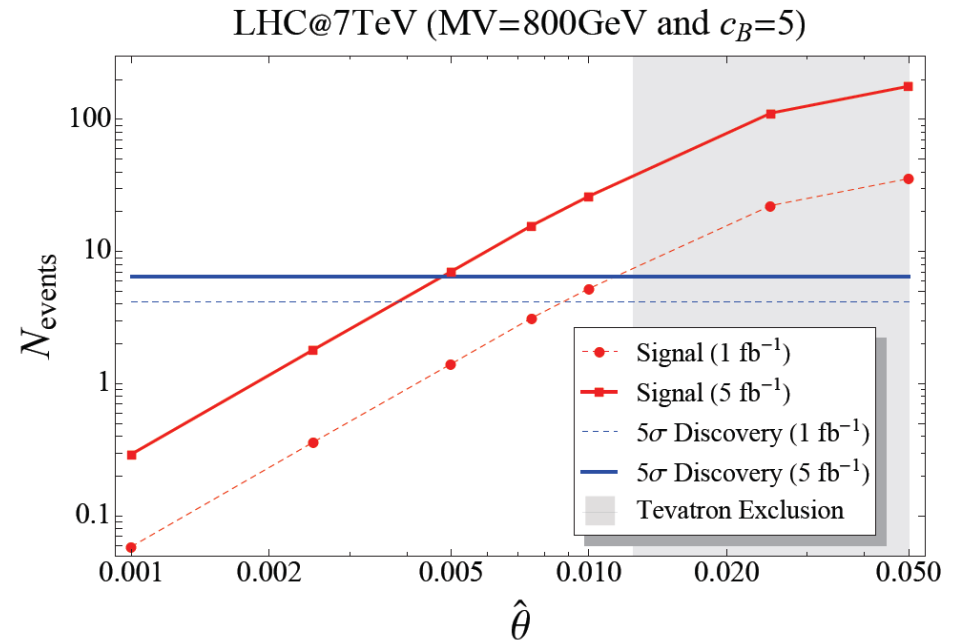
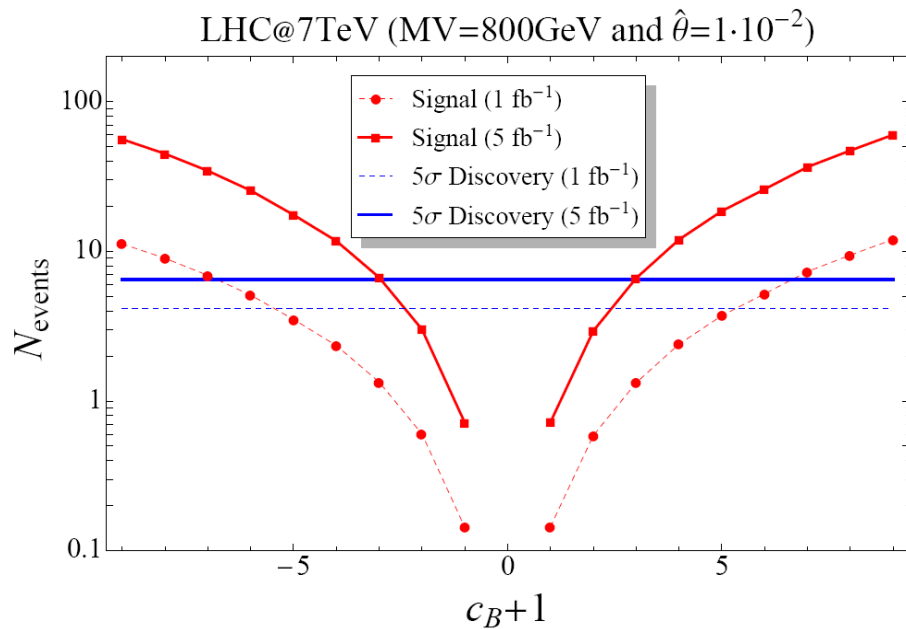
**red** = signal

**solid blue** = background

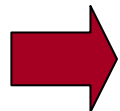




# $W' \rightarrow W\gamma$ : discovery prospects



- Shaded region is excluded by D0  $WZ$  search [D0, 1011.6278](#)
- Discovery possible for  $|c_B + 1| > 2 \div 3$  and  $\text{few} \times 10^{-3} < \hat{\theta} < 10^{-2}$  **with 5  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  at 7 TeV.**
- Such values of the mixing angle are disfavored by  $T$ , but allowed by semi-leptonic transitions if CP phases in  $V_R$  are not small.
- **Observation of  $W' \rightarrow W\gamma$  would be a hint of the compositeness of the  $W'$**



**important to search for it at the 7 TeV – LHC !**

**Backup**

# Bounds on $c_B$ from TGC

Assuming C and P conservation ( $V_0 = \gamma, Z$ )

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}^{WWV_0} = ig_{WWV_0} \left[ g_1^{V_0} V_0^\mu (W_{\mu\nu}^- W^{+\nu} - W_{\mu\nu}^+ W^{-\nu}) + k_{V_0} W_\mu^+ W_\nu^- V_0^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\lambda_{V_0}}{m_W^2} V_0^{\mu\nu} W_\nu^{+\rho} W_{\rho\mu}^- \right]$$

$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$  gauge invariance  3 independent parameters:

$$g_1^Z - 1 = -\sin^2 \hat{\theta} (1 + \tan^2 \theta_w)$$

$$k_\gamma - 1 = -\sin^2 \hat{\theta} (1 + c_B)$$

$$\lambda_\gamma = 0$$

Combine LEP2 measurement of TGC and bounds on  $\hat{\theta}$  discussed previously



constrain  $c_B$

However,  $\hat{\theta}$  must be very small, so in practice  $c_B$  is **only constrained very weakly**. For example:

$$|\hat{\theta}| \sim 10^{-1} \quad \img alt="blue arrow pointing right" data-bbox="458 814 514 870"/> \quad -11 < c_B < 20$$

(very large compared to bounds!)

# Gyromagnetic ratio of the $W'$

$$\mathcal{L}^{W'W'\gamma} = ie \left[ A^\mu (W'_{\mu\nu}{}^- W'^{+\nu} - W'_{\mu\nu}{}^+ W'^{-\nu}) + k'_\gamma W'_\mu{}^+ W'_\nu{}^- F^{\mu\nu} \right]$$

$$k'_\gamma = 1 - \cos^2 \hat{\theta} (1 + c_B)$$

Magnetic dipole moment of the  $W'$ :  $\mu_{W'} = \frac{e}{2M_{W'}} (1 + k'_\gamma)$

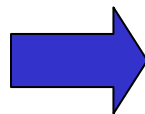
$g_{W'}$

**gyromagnetic ratio**

So find

$$g_{W'} = 2 - \cos^2 \hat{\theta} (1 + c_B)$$

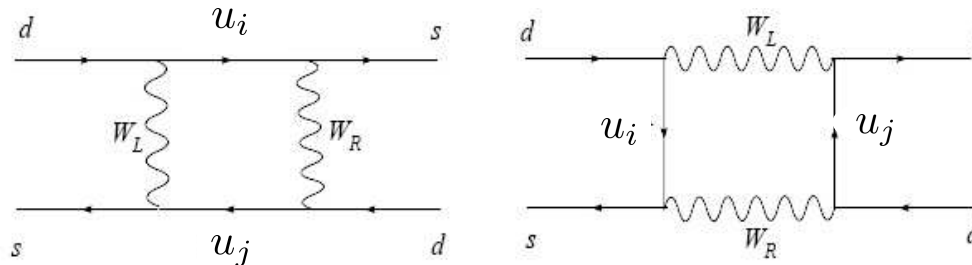
If the  $W'$  is a fundamental gauge boson then  $g_{W'} = 2$  at tree level



$$c_B = -1$$

# Indirect bounds on $g_q$

Main constraints come from  $\Delta F = 2$  processes, in particular  $K_L$ - $K_S$  mixing:



amplitude  $\propto m_i m_j$  ➔ strongest limits are on  $c$  and  $t$  exchange, i.e. on the combinations

$$|V_R^{cs,ts}| |V_R^{cd,td}|$$

4 special forms are very weakly constrained:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

We choose  $|V_R| = \mathbf{1}_3$ , for which the bound is Langacker, Sankar, PRD 40 (1989)

$$M_{W'} > (g_q/g) 300 \text{ GeV}$$

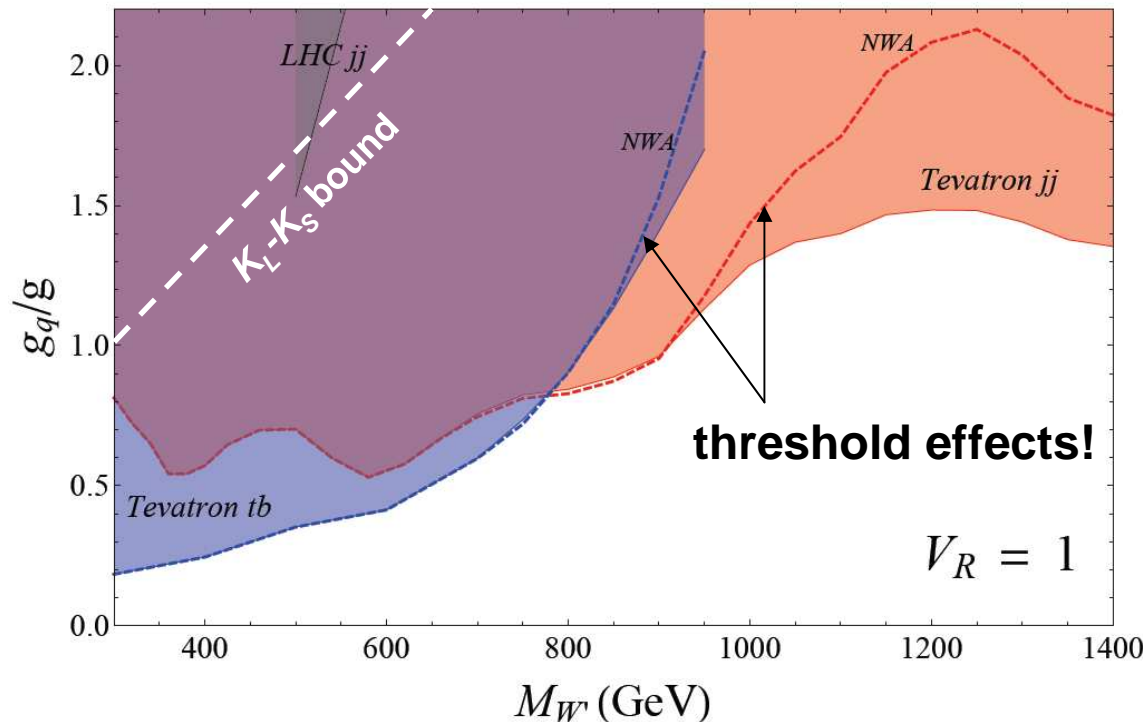
(90% CL, and avoiding extreme fine tuning).

This form also automatically satisfies constraints from  $B_{d,s}^0 - \bar{B}_{d,s}^0$  mixing.

# Bounds on $g_q$ from Tevatron

Relevant channels: -  $jj$  CDF, 1.13 fb<sup>-1</sup> [CDF, 0812.4036](#)

-  $tb$  CDF, 1.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> / D0, 2.3 fb<sup>-1</sup> [CDF, 0902.3276](#)  
[D0, 1101.0806](#)



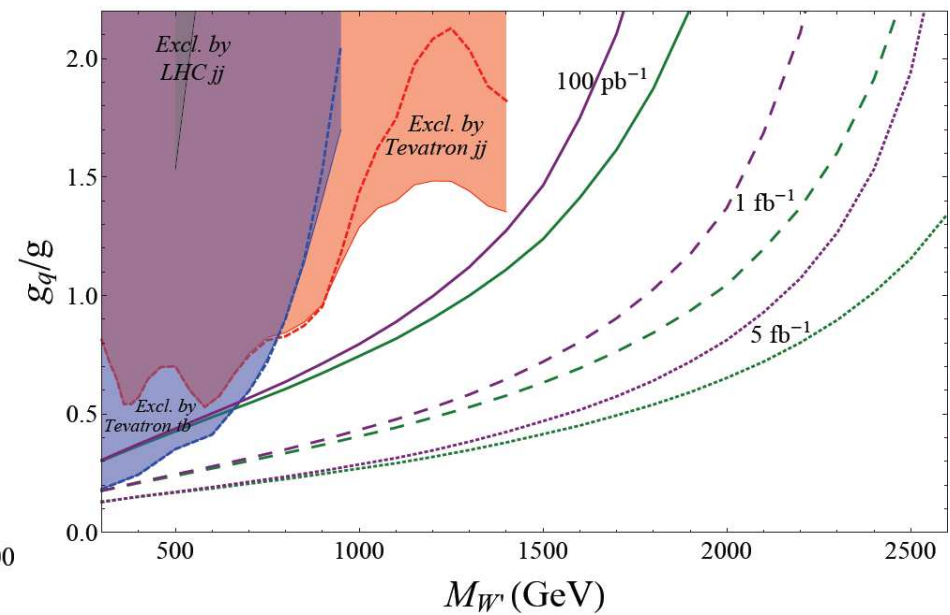
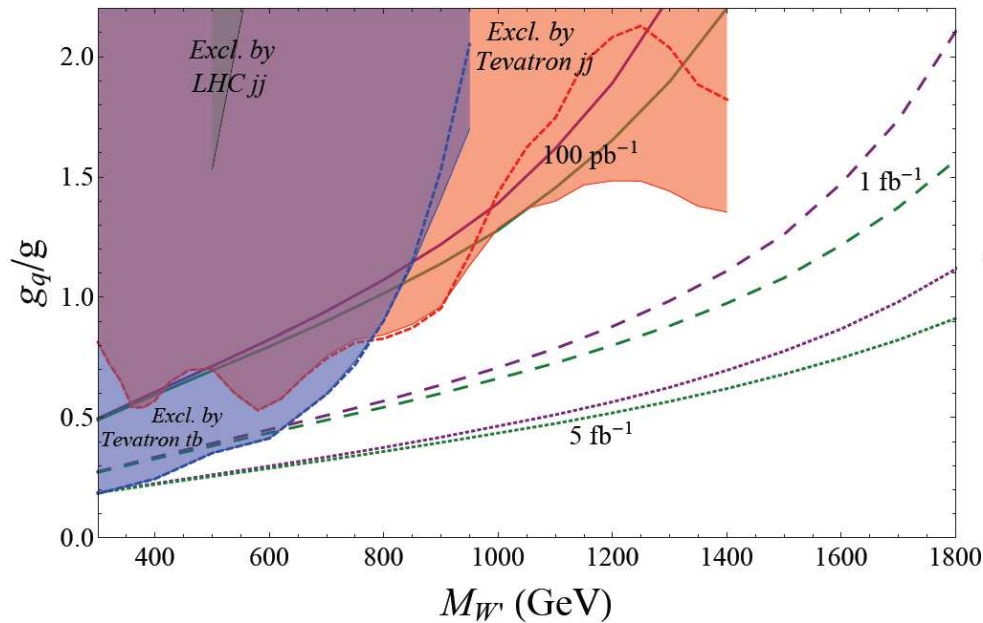
assume  $\hat{\theta} = 0$   
 (if mixing non-negligible,  
 bounds get only slightly  
 relaxed)


- For  $M_{W'} > 800$  GeV, observe deviations from NWA: **threshold effect**, off-shell part of cross section is relevant when  $M_{W'}^2/s$  is large.
- $\Gamma_{W'}$  has to be smaller than dijet mass resolution ( $\sim 10\%$  of mass at CDF)  
➡ consider couplings  $g_q \leq 2g$ . For larger values, resonance width would be additional parameter.

# Early LHC reach: dijet

5 $\sigma$  discovery

95% CL exclusion

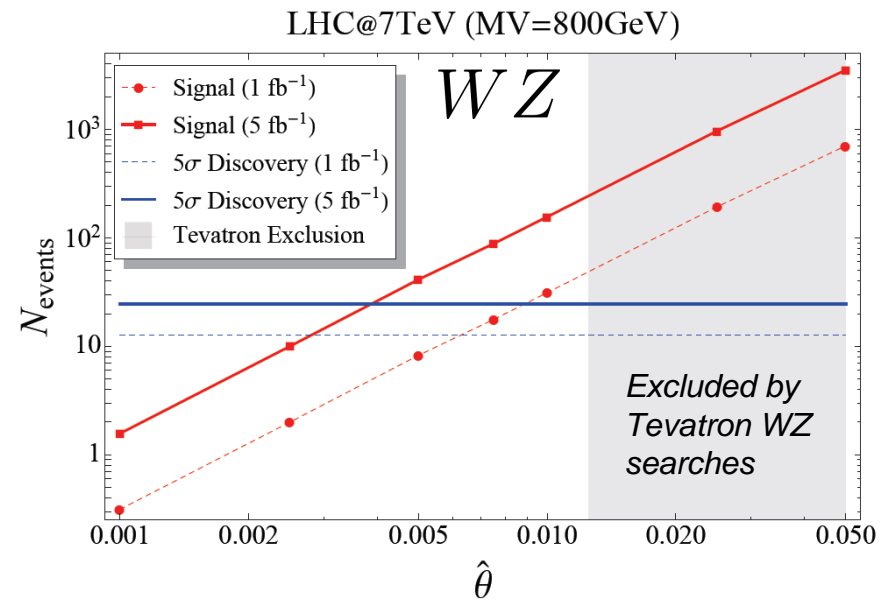
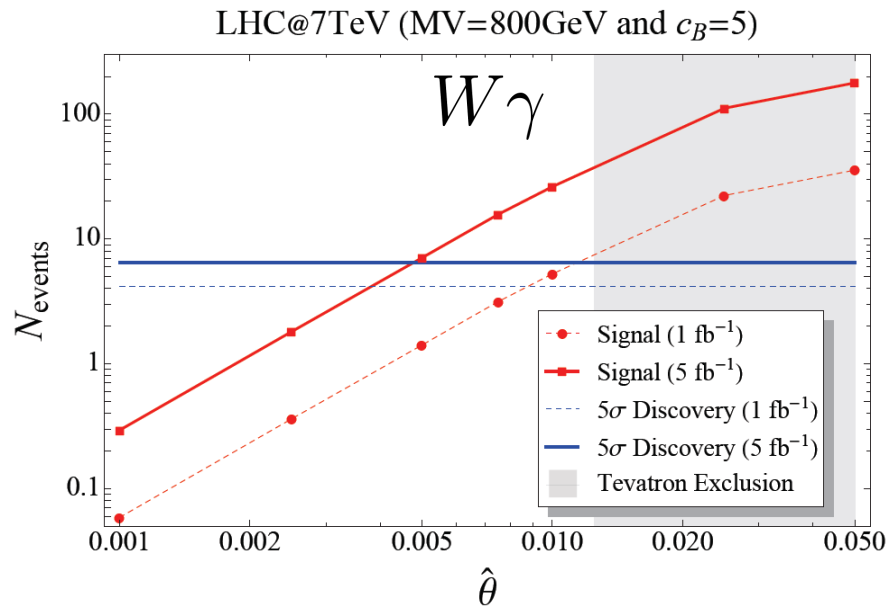


- Simple cuts:  $|\eta| < 2.5$ ,  $|\Delta\eta| < 1.3$ ; compare integrals of signal and background over  $m_{jj} > (1 - \epsilon/2)M_{W'}$  [ $\epsilon = 8\%(M_{W'} = 500 \text{ GeV}) \div 5\%(M_{W'} = 2.5 \text{ TeV})$  is dijet mass resolution]  get discovery and exclusion limits CMS, 1010.0203
- Discovery needs at least few hundreds  $\text{pb}^{-1}$ ; sensible first to  $M_{W'} > 900 \text{ GeV}$ .
- Exclusion: with  $1 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ , LHC does better than Tevatron for all masses  $M_{W'} > 300 \text{ GeV}$ .

*We do not discuss the  $tb$  final state here; see e.g. Gopalakrishna et al., 1008.3508*

# $W' \rightarrow WZ$ at early LHC

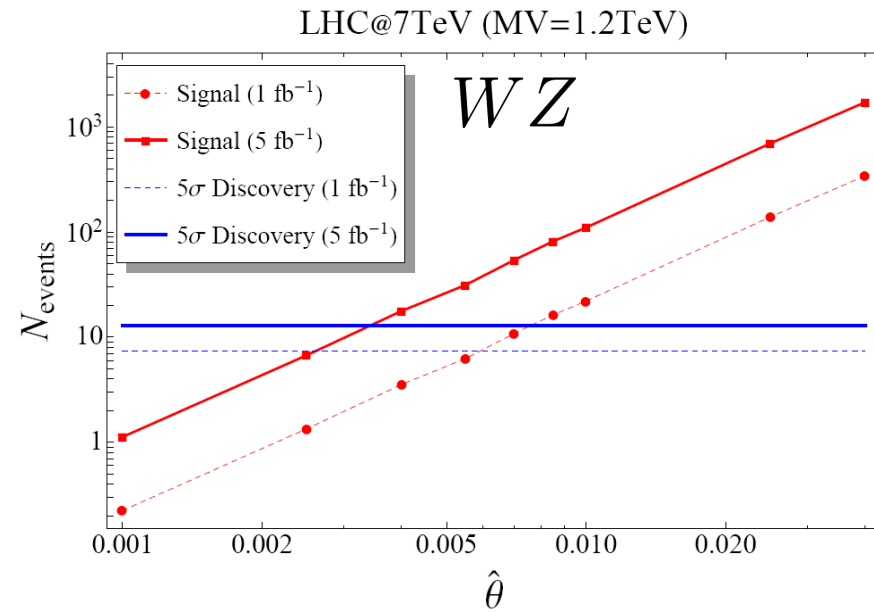
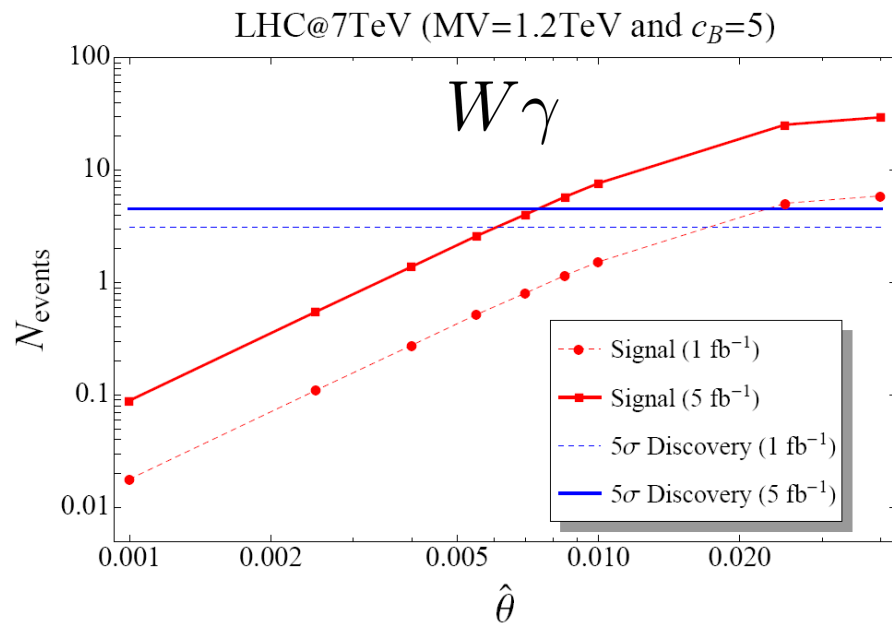
- Select leptonic  $W$  and hadronic  $Z$   $\Rightarrow e + \text{MET} + jj$  final state, better than purely leptonic one for limited luminosity [Alves et al., 0907.2915](#)
- BR into  $WZ$  depends only on  $\hat{\theta}$   $\Rightarrow$  measuring rate of  $WZ$  would give an estimate of the mixing angle.
- As for  $W\gamma$ , discovery at early LHC is possible for values of  $\hat{\theta}$  disfavored by EWPT ( $T$  parameter), but allowed by  $u \rightarrow d, s$  semileptonic processes, if CP phases in  $V_R$  are not small.





# Comparison of $W\gamma$ and $WZ$

$$M_{W'} = 1.2 \text{ TeV}$$



$$(g_q = 1.48g)$$